UNIFIED FACILITIES CRITERIA (UFC)

PROGRAMMING COST ESTIMATES FOR MILITARY CONSTRUCTION



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U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS (Preparing Activity), USACE NAVAL FACILITIES ENGINEERING COMMAND, NAVFAC AIR FORCE CIVIL ENGINEER SUPPORT AGENCY, AFCESA

Record of Changes (changes are indicated by \1\ ... /1/)

Change No.	Date	Location
<u>1</u>	March 2017	Revise Tables 1 and 6; Figure 1 and 2, Appendix C, revised examples and made minor text updates

This UFC supersedes UFC 3-700-01A, dated 01 March 2005. This UFC was also previously numbered UFC 3-700-01.

FOREWORD

The Unified Facilities Criteria (UFC) system is prescribed by MIL-STD 3007 and provides planning, design, construction, sustainment, restoration, and modernization criteria, and applies to the Military Departments, the Defense Agencies, and the DoD Field Activities in accordance with <u>USD(AT&L)</u> <u>Memorandum</u> dated 29 May 2002. UFC will be used for all DoD projects and work for other customers where appropriate. All construction outside of the United States is also governed by Status of Forces Agreements (SOFA), Host Nation Funded Construction Agreements (HNFA), and in some instances, Bilateral Infrastructure Agreements (BIA.) Therefore, the acquisition team must ensure compliance with the more stringent of the UFC, the SOFA, the HNFA, and the BIA, as applicable.

UFC are living documents and will be periodically reviewed, updated, and made available to users as part of the Services' responsibility for providing technical criteria for military construction. Headquarters, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (HQUSACE), Naval Facilities Engineering Command (NAVFAC), and Air Force Civil Engineer Support Agency (AFCESA) are responsible for administration of the UFC system. Defense agencies should contact the preparing service for document interpretation and improvements. Technical content of UFC is the responsibility of the cognizant DoD working group. Recommended changes with supporting rationale should be sent to the respective service proponent office by the following electronic form: <u>Criteria Change Request (CCR)</u>. The form is also accessible from the Internet sites listed below.

UFC are effective upon issuance and are distributed only in electronic media from the following sources:

Whole Building Design Guide web site <u>http://dod.wbdg.org/</u>.

Hard copies of UFC printed from electronic media should be checked against the current electronic version prior to use to ensure that they are current.

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UNIFIED FACILITIES CRITERIA (UFC) REVISION SUMMARY SHEET

Document: UFC 3-730-01 Superseding: UFC 3-700-01A, dated 1 Mar 05

Description of Changes:

This document is a complete update to UFC 3-700-01A, establishing criteria and standards for development and preparation of programming cost estimates for constructing military facilities using published guidance unit costs.

Reasons for Changes:

This UFC will provide guidance on the correct way for DOD personnel to prepare programming cost estimates.

Impact:

There are negligible cost impacts.

Non-Unification Issues: Due to differences in Services management structure and operational processes, not all criteria within this UFC are unified.

Format, Presentation of Government Estimate, and Productivity Adjustment Factors -The preliminary and intermediate steps in the preparation of the programming construction estimates vary among the Services, however, the final estimate product is essentially the same.

- 1) The design execution processes by which the Services produce cost estimates are also different. The Army manages this process by means of using design codes, which are issued by HQDA (DAIM-FD). There are twelve distinct design codes. The USACE in turn issues these codes to their divisions and districts through the directive network (DIRNET) system within the Programming Administration and Execution System (PAX) processor (AR-420-1). The Navy manages this process by means of the MILCON Team Planning Programming Process. There are no design code directives as with the Army. The Navy process is an ongoing reiterative process from the initial planning by Installation/PWD to the Program Final DD Form 1391 to NAVFACHQ.
- 2) The Military Services utilizes the DoD Facilities Pricing Guide (UFC 3-701-01, for preparation of the DD Form 1391 MILCON project estimates. However, the Army also produces a supplemental document (PAX Newsletter 3.2.2, Unit Costs for The Army Facilities - Military Construction Program) to provide

additional unit cost guidance for non-standard facilities, which are not covered by UFC 3-701-01. The Navy does not produce a supplemental unit cost guidance document for non-standard facilities, but can refer to the latest version of the Army PAX Newsletter 3.2.2.

Other Project Costs such as Supervision, Inspection, and Overhead (SIOH) - The Services set different SIOH percentage rates. SIOH is a cost allotment for the agencies field construction management of the construction projects.

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PROGRAMMING COST ESTIMATES FOR MILITARY CONSTRUCTION

1 INTRODUCTION

1-1 Purpose

This UFC establishes criteria and standards for development and preparation of programming cost estimates for constructing military facilities using published guidance unit costs or using a parametric estimating program. Published guidance unit costs that may be used are the latest versions of <u>UFC 3-701-01</u> DoD Facilities Pricing Guide or the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers PAX Newsletter 3.2.2. The Tri-Services approved PACES parametric estimating program may also be used for development and preparation of programming cost estimates for constructing military facilities.

1-2 Scope

This UFC addresses programming cost estimates for new construction and alteration projects, includes cost data (based on historic data and experience) and factors for adjusting facility costs to reflect project conditions.

2 REFERENCE

\1\The following document forms a part of this UFC to the extent referenced on the Whole Building Design Guide <u>http://www.wbdg.org/ffc/dod/unified-facilities-criteria-ufc</u>:

UFC 3-701-01 DoD Facilities Pricing Guide, updated and issued annually.

UFC 4-010-01 DoD Minimum Antiterrorism Standards for Buildings/1/

3 OVERVIEW

Programming cost estimates must be prepared as accurately as possible to reflect the budgetary cost of providing facilities. In order to do this, basic data must be accurate and it must be consistently applied. A basic cost model that reflects all applicable factors derived from accurate data forms the basis for determining the facility budgetary cost at a specific location and under specific conditions.

4 ESTIMATING NEW FACILITIES (LESS FAMILY HOUSING)

4-1 Estimates Using Published Guidance Unit Costs

4-1.1 Facility Unit Costs

Estimates may use facility unit costs published in either <u>UFC 3-701-01</u> or the Army PAX newsletter. These publications contain a listing of expected facility unit costs, updated annually, for locations having a geographical location adjustment factor of 1.00. Unit prices for the Army PAX newsletter reflect costs forecast on the basis of an assumed midpoint of construction date. Unit prices for <u>UFC 3-701-01</u> reflect historical costs only, normalized to the "as of" reference date in the table. The prices for buildings in both documents are based on criteria existing at the time of preparation, and include the cost of installed building equipment, heating, air conditioning, fire protection systems, and the

minimum antiterrorism design features (reference <u>UFC 4-010-01</u>) meeting Table B-1 standoff minimum distance requirements, etc. as authorized by existing regulations. The unit costs for buildings exclude all supporting facilities outside the 5-foot line such as water, gas, electrical, and telephone service; sanitary and storm sewers; special foundations (piles, piers, rock excavation); fencing; site improvements (clearing, grading, seeding, and planting of trees and shrubs); and demolition.

4-1.2 Basic Adjustments to Facility Unit Costs

Except for facilities subject to congressional statutory limitation, programming for repetitive type facilities will be adjusted by all applicable factors. Programming estimates will make proper allowances for all factors that may be reasonably expected to influence project cost through the expected construction period. However, deviations, which are significantly above or below the factored unit cost, must be explained in detail. Appropriate cost factors will be used for facilities subject to statutory limitations (i.e. family housing). If the adjusted estimated construction cost is over the statutory limit, a waiver including complete substantiating data must be requested in accordance with cognizant agency policy.

4-1.2.1 Size Adjustment

Project Size Adjustment Factors provides adjustment factors to be used when the reference standard gross square footage differs from a similar type building's reference size shown in <u>UFC 3-701-01</u>, Table 2, Facility Unit Costs for Military Construction. Table 1, SIZE ADJUSTMENT FACTORS in this document provides adjustment factors to be used when the reference standard gross square footage differs from that listed in <u>UFC 3-701-01</u>, Table 2, Facility Unit Costs for Military Construction.

				_			_	_	
SIZE RATIO	ADJUST FACTOR	SIZE RATIO	ADJUST FACTOR		SIZE RATIO	ADJUST FACTOR		SIZE RATIO	ADJUST FACTOR
0.0000	0.0000	0.5000	1.0840		1.0000	1.0000		1.4500	0.9650
0.0500	1.2750	0.5500	1.0720		1.0500	\1\0.9950/		1.5000	0.9620
0.1000	1.2690	0.6000	1.0600		1 1000	0.9900		1.5500	0.9600
0.1500	1.2320	0.6500	1.0500		1 1500	0.9860		1.6000	0.9570
0.2000	1.2020	0.7000	1.0410		1.1000	0.9820		1.6500	0.9550
0.2500	1.1750	0.7500	1.0330		1.2000	0.0020		1.7000	0.9530
0.3000	1.1520	0.8000	1.0250		1.2000	0.9740		1.7500	0.9510
0.3500	1.1320	0.8500	1.0180		1.3500	0.9710		1.8000	0.9490
0.4000	1.1140	0.9000	1.0110		1 4000	0.9680		1.8500	0.9470
0.4500	1.0980	0.9500	1.0050		1.1000	0.0000		1.9000	0.9450

Table 1 SIZE ADJUSTMENT FACTORS

SIZE RATIO	ADJUST FACTOR	SIZE RATIO	ADJUST FACTOR	SIZE RATIO	ADJUST FACTOR	SIZE RATIO	A F/	DJUST ACTOR
1.9500	0.9430	2.2500	0.9350	2.5500	0.9280	2.8500		0.9230
2.0000	0.9420	2.3000	0.9330	2.6000	0.9270	2.9000		0.9220
2.0500	0.9400	2.3500	0.9320	2.6500	0.9260	2.9500		0.9210
2.1000	0.9390	2.4000	0.9310	2.7000	0.9250	3.0000		0.9210
2.1500	0.9370	2.4500	0.9300	2.7500	0.9240	3.0500		0.9200
2.2000	0.9360	2.5000	0.9290	2.8000	0.9240	>3.05		0.9200

Table 2 BARRACKS/DORMITORIES PROJECT SIZE ADJUSTMENT FACTORS

Numbers of Soldiers in the Project	Project Size Factor
1-99	1.07
100-149	1.03
150-199	1.00
200-299	0.97
300+	0.95

Table 3 MILITARY FAMILY HOUSING PROJECT SIZE ADJUSTMENT FACTORS

Number of Units in the Project	Project Size Factor
1-9	1.25
10-19	1.15
20-49	1.10
50-99	1.04
100-199	1.00
200-299	0.93
300+	0.90

4-1.2.2 Location Adjustment

<u>UFC 3-701-01</u>, Table 4-1: Area Cost Factors is a listing of factors for use in adjusting estimated costs to specific geographical areas. The Area Cost Factors (ACF), updated annually, reflect the average statistical differences in normal labor, material, and equipment costs for similar facilities built in different geographical locations. The ACF

includes allowances for weather, seismic, climatic, normal labor availability, labor productivity, life support/mobilization, and contractor's overhead and profit conditions. The factors do not reflect abnormal differences due to unique site consideration, such as historical preservation.\1\ The factors also do not account for rapid changes in the construction market place./1/

4-1.2.3 Cost Escalation Adjustment.

<u>UFC 3-701-01</u>, Table 4-2: Escalation Rates: Escalation Rates, updated annually, provides data to be used to project cost escalation due to inflationary factors that apply to construction costs. The unit prices shown in <u>UFC 3-701-01</u>: Table 2, Facility Unit Costs for Military Construction, reflect historical costs only, normalized to the "as of" reference date in the table. These costs should be escalated to the expected midpoint of construction using the appropriate escalation factor. The midpoint of construction time schedule. Locate the applicable midpoint of construction date for the escalation rate from <u>UFC 3-701-01</u> Table 4-2. It may be necessary to interpolate between the escalation rates for the months between the stated years. When using the Army PAX newsletter for projects scheduled differently than the assumed midpoint of construction, follow the guidance in the newsletter.

4-1.2.4 Technological Updating Adjustment

Technological advances in equipment and operational techniques used in some specialized facilities are being developed rapidly; this often causes obsolescence to occur before design and construction are completed. Also, revisions in criteria to provide life cycle cost benefits may increase initial funding requirements before feedback data can reflect the added cost. An additional allowance for technological updating may be appropriate for these conditions. Usage of these factors shall be fully documented and explained in the estimate notes. Technological updating factors by DoD Basic Category group codes of facilities are listed in Table 4.

DoD Basic Category	Category Series Description	Adj Factor
300	Research, Development, Test, & Eval Facilities	1.10
500	Hospital and Medical Facilities	1.05
810	Electric Power	1.01
820	Heat and Refrigeration	1.02
830	Sewage and Waste	1.05
880	Fire and Other Alarm Systems	1.05
890	Misc Central Plant (Heat, Refrigeration, & Elec)	1.03

Tahla	4 TECH				ENT FACTO	NBS
i abie	4 IECHI	NOLOGICAL	UPDATE	ADJUSTIN	ENTRACIO	JNJ

4-1.3 Design Contingency Adjustment.

\1\The facility cost estimate may include a design contingency allowance based on the lack of maturity of design data./1/ The design contingency (DC) allowance is to cover component items that cannot be analyzed or evaluated at the time the facility cost estimate is prepared; however, such items are susceptible to cost evaluation as engineering and design progresses. The DC depends on the reliability and refinement of the data on which the estimate is based; it therefore diminishes as design progresses from the pre-design stage through the design completion stage. Although it lessens at each successive design stage, the initial magnitude of the DC at the pre-design stage depends on the technical complexity of the project for which the facility cost estimate is being prepared. The level of technical complexity must first be established as a prerequisite for determining the magnitude of the DC. Technical complexity levels and design contingency factors are listed in Table 5.

Technical Complexity	Description	Design Contingency Factor			
Level	Description	Pre-Concept	Concept		
LOW	Site adapted, repetitive standard design project involving routine technology	1.050	1.025		
MEDIUM	Unique design involving complex technology	1.100	1.050		
HIGH	Unique design involving highly complex technology	1.150	1.100		
ULTRAHIGH	Unique design involving extremely complex or innovative technology	1.250	1.150		

Table 5 TECHNICAL COMPLEXITY LEVELS AND DESIGN CONTINGENCY FACTORS

4-2 Estimates Using Parametric Models

4-2.1 Parametric Estimating

Parametric estimating consists of a computer-based methodology that uses factors based on engineering parameters developed from historical cost databases, construction practices, and engineering and construction technology. These factors include physical properties that describe project definition characteristics, such as size, building type, foundation type, exterior materials, roof type and materials, number of floors, functional space requirements, and utility requirements, etc. The major advantage of parametric estimating is that it can provide detailed construction cost relatively quickly with only limited analysis of the facility. Parametric estimating is only as good as the effort expended in identifying the key project inputs. It must be based upon an accurately developed project definition and scope. All parametric assumptions and key project inputs must be documented to provide rationale for the development of the estimate. The only Tri-Services approved computer-based parametric estimating program at this time is PACES and training is required prior to usage.

4-2.2 Parametric Estimate Charette Process

Parametric estimating charette process for Military Construction (MILCON) is an excellent project execution tool for DD Form 1391 project scope and cost development. The charette process is an intense design effort to gather all project data within a relatively short period of time to finalize the project definition, scope, and the parametric cost estimate. This charette process fosters quality through customer involvement in the development of project definition, scope and budgetary cost estimates. It is imperative that all major entities involved with the project be energized and actively participates in the project scope validation, such as Installation personnel, Project Manager, and the Design Product Delivery Team(s). The charette process conducted by the Design Product Delivery Team(s) is the method by which the DD Form 1391 project scope and cost development is accomplished.

4-3 Determining and Using Other Cost Adjustment Factors

In some cases other adjustment factors may apply. These are in addition to those set up in the Guidance Unit Cost conditions. The special adjustment factors apply only in special individual cases. They are not to be confused with the Guidance Unit Cost adjustment factor for size, location, and cost growth. These special adjustment factors will not be used unless they are in compliance with cognizant design agency guidance and are justified on the basis that they reflect significant cost that would not be included in the adjustment factors used to establish basic Guidance Unit Cost conditions. The usage of these special adjustment factors shall also be fully documented in the project estimate notes.

4-3.1 Historical Requirements Adjustment

An allowance for unique architectural features to comply with historical requirements is permitted for facilities to be built at locations listed in the national register of historical landmarks. The factor for historical adjustment is typically 1.05. Deviation above the allowed factor must be explained in detail.

4-3.2 Site Sensitivity Adjustment

A site sensitivity adjustment may be necessary for those special cases where the unique nature of both the site and the project, in relation to one another will cause a significant impact on the cost. An analysis for site sensitivity adjustment should consider only those unique site conditions, which will influence cost by virtue of the uniqueness of the conditions involved. The factor used in adjusting the total construction cost for such a set of unique conditions is referred to as the "Site Sensitivity Adjustment Factor." The method outlined below may be used to determine the cost impact caused by the influence of a project upon itself, resulting from an extremely large concentration of construction effort, or from extreme site limitations, or from both. Appendix B is a listing of example sensitivity considerations and computations with a range of values, where applicable, from above normal to substantially below normal. This sample listing of site sensitivity considerations is meant to indicate examples only and is not a complete and comprehensive list.

4-3.3 Technical Specialty Competition Adjustment

A technical specialty competition adjustment may be necessary in those special cases where competition for services of certain specialty craftsmen is created due to the increase in the type of work requiring their services; or because of the decrease in the number of craftsmen available in the workforce. An analysis for technical specialty adjustment should consider the total marketing area that may have an effect on competition for the services of the specialty craft under consideration. The factor used in adjusting the total construction cost for such a competitive market is referred to as the "Technical Specialty Competition Adjustment" factor. A method that may be used to determine the additional project costs caused by the competition for the services of specialty craftsmen is displayed for the labor availability item of Appendix B. Factors considered for the labor portion of a "Site Sensitivity" analysis would be very similar to those considered for "Technical Specialty Competition." Therefore, this same methodology can be used. By determining the degree of labor availability (i.e., slightly below normal, substantially below normal, and extremely below normal) and making assumptions as to required inducements, the cost of such inducements in terms of a Technical Specialty Competition Adjustment factor can be computed.

4-4 Other Allowable Costs for Primary Facilities

There may be situations where other Primary Facility cost components will be required for the project, which are not part of the facility guidance unit cost or parametric model, and may be itemized separately. \1\Examples of these items may be enhanced anti-terrorism/force protection standards when more stringent than minimum are required or when minimum <u>UFC 4-010-01</u> Table B-1 standoff distances are not achieved, building information system, system commissioning, special foundations, hazardous & toxic material removal/abatement, electronic security equipment (rough-in), cybersecurity, sustainable design, hardstands/aprons, etc.

/1/Also, some states do not have sales tax, but do impose either gross receipt taxes (often called by different names by different states) or gross excise taxes. (Arizona, Mississippi, Washington, and New Mexico have varying amounts of gross receipt taxes in lieu of a sales tax. Hawaii has a general excise tax.)

Usage of these itemized costs shall also be in accordance with cognizant design agency guidance, and shall be fully documented and explained in the project estimate notes. Examples of DD Form 1391 are shown in Appendix D.

4-5 Supporting Facilities Costs

Supporting facilities unit costs are to be in accordance with cognizant agency policy. Supporting facilities are described as items of construction directly related to the primary facility such as utilities, roads and parking, and site improvements.

4-6 Project Costs

Project cost is defined as the sum total of construction costs including primary facility costs, supporting facilities costs, any other allowable costs, cost allowances for contingencies, other allowances for supervision and administration, and design-build design cost.

4-6.1 Construction Contingencies

Each project cost estimate should include a separate item as a reserve for construction contingencies to cover construction requirements, which cannot be foreseen before the contract is awarded. The contingency reserve is for some adverse or unexpected condition not susceptible to predetermination from the data at hand during engineering and design; it must be included in the project cost estimate. This reserve is usually for latent difficulties, such as unforeseeable relocations; unforeseeable foundation conditions; encountering utility lines in unforeseeable locations; or other unforeseen problems beyond interpretation at the time of contract award. The contingency reserve is not an allowance for omissions of work items which are known to be required, but for which quality or quantity has not yet been determined by specific design. Reasonable allowances for all foreseeable requirements should be made in the estimate or shown as an allowance for cost adjustment. Application for construction contingency reserves will be in accordance cognizant design agency guidance. The construction contingency reserves on the specific design agency guidance. The construction contingency reserves will be in accordance cognizant design agency guidance. The construction contingency reserves for military construction programs and family housing new or replacement construction will normally be 5 percent of the total estimated contract cost.

4-6.2 Supervision and Administration

Each project estimate should include a separate item for supervision and administration (S&A). Application of S&A rate will be in accordance with cognizant design agency guidance.

4-6.3 Design-Build Design Cost

Projects which are designated to be Design-Build may include a design-build design cost. The percentage to be used will be accordance with cognizant design agency guidance.

4-7 Cost Estimate Preparation

Estimates may be prepared using the latest approved software for each cognizant design agency that uses this UFC and other authorized cost and pricing sources.

Basic Guidance Unit Cost Adjustment

A unit cost for a facility, which should reflect the cost under the adjusted guidance unit cost conditions for the facility, can be obtained by using the following equation:

Where:

\$A is basic adjusted guidance unit cost

\$GUC is guidance unit cost

S is size adjustment factor

ACF is area cost factor

CE is cost escalation adjustment due to inflation factors

TU is technological updating adjustment factor

DC is design contingency adjustment factor

A step-by-step example of procedures for developing the basic adjusted unit cost is provided in the following section.

\1\Example Calculations for Basic Guidance Unit Cost Adjustments

The example calculations below show how to determine the facility cost estimate for an 48,750 sf administration building general purpose, Army category code 61050, to be built at Fort Bragg, North Carolina in the FY 18 program. A construction start date of Oct 2019 and a construction completion date of Oct 2020 are assumed. The equation for the basic adjusted unit cost determination is:

\$A = \$GUC x S x ACF x CE x TU x DC

Step 1 - Unadjusted Cost. In <u>UFC 3-701-01</u>, Table 2-1: Facility Unit Costs for Military Construction, find the unit cost for the applicable building type closest to the building type being programmed. The Administrative Facilities: Multi-Purpose Admin facility is the comparable facility with a unit cost of \$258/sf and a Reference Size of 58,000 square feet.

Step 2 - Size Adjustment. Calculate a size relationship factor by dividing the programmed building size by the closest comparable building size obtained from Table 1 SIZE ADJUSTMENT FACTORS, this document. The 48,750 square foot programmed building size divided by the 58,000 square foot comparable building size gives a size ratio factor of ~0.85. Using the Size Adjustment Table, find the size ratio factor of 0.85 and obtain an adjustment factor of 1.0180.

Step 3 - Area Cost Factor. Determine the location adjustment factor from <u>UFC 3-</u> <u>701-01</u> dated March 2011, Change 11, Table 4-1: Area Cost Factors. For Fort Bragg, North Carolina, the factor of 0.81 applies.

Step 4 - Cost Escalation Adjustment. Make allowance for cost growth due to economic factors expected to occur between the dates on which the cost and pricing data in UFC 3-701-01 Table 2-1 are based and the expected midpoint of construction date for the project being programmed. For this FY 2018 example project, construction start is Oct 2019 and construction completion is Oct 2020. The midpoint of construction will therefore be six months after the start date. Using UFC 3-701-01 dated March 2011, Change 11, which reflects historical cost and pricing data normalized to Oct 2015 for the preparation of the DoD budget for FY2018, the projected escalation factors from UFC 3-701-01 Table 4-2 Military Construction Escalation Rates are 1.0000 for October 2015, 1.0793 for October 2019 and 1.1008 for October 2020. The escalation factor to October 2019 would be 1.0793/1.000 or 1.0793. Interpolating for six additional months of projected escalation factor and adding this to the 1.0793 projected escalation factor will provide the total projected escalation factor to be used.

(1.1008-1.0793) / 12 = .0018

6 months x .0018 = .0108

1.0793 + .0108 = 1.0901

Step 5 - Adjusted Cost. Calculate adjusted cost using the equation for the basic adjusted unit cost conditions. Results are as follows:

 $A = GUC \times S \times ACF \times CE$

\$A = \$258/sf x 1.018 x 0.81 x 1.0901

\$A = \$231.91/sf

Step 6 - Technological Updating Adjustment. Make allowance for cost adjustment due to technological updating by using the technological updating factor from Table 2 Technological Update Adjustment Factor, this document. This factor is found to be 1.00 for administrative facilities.

Step 7- Design Contingency Adjustment. Determine the design contingency (DC) factor in accordance with paragraph 5-6, Design Contingency and Table 3, Technical Complexity Levels and Design Contingency Factors. For the purpose of this example, assume the DC factor will not be used, therefore the factor is 1.00.

Step 8- Adjusted Cost. Calculate adjusted cost using the equation for the basic adjusted unit cost conditions. Results are as follows:

\$A = \$GUC x S x ACF x CE x TU x DC

\$A = \$258/sf x 1.018 x 0.81 x 1.0901 x 1.00 x 1.00

\$A = \$231.91/s

Step 9 - Facility Cost Estimate. Determine the estimated facility cost by multiplying the size of the facility being programmed by the adjusted unit cost (\$A) derived in step 8 and then round off the product to the nearest thousand dollars. The size of 48,750 square feet multiplied by \$231.91/sf gives a facility cost estimate of \$11,305,612 which when rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars is \$11,305,000.

Step 10 - Project Cost Estimate. Determine the project estimate cost by adding contingency and supervision and administration factors to facility cost and supporting facilities cost. (Assume supporting facilities cost of \$500,000.) Since this project is new construction and location is CONUS, a contingency factor of 1.05 and supervision and administration factor of 1.057 should be applied as follows:

Project Cost Estimate = (\$11,305,000 + \$500,000) x 1.05 x 1.057

= \$13,101,779

In accordance with Appendix A, Congressional Rounding Rule, the project cost is \$13,100,000./1/

\1\Example Calculations for Other Guidance Unit Cost Adjustments

The following are step-by-step example calculations showing how to apply the SA factor to the same 48,750 sf administration building general purpose (continuation of example from above) to be built at Fort Bragg, North Carolina, in the FY18 program based on a midpoint of construction date of April 2020.

Step 11. Determine the need for special adjustment factors for further cost adjustment based on site and project conditions as described above. Assume that for the basis of this example, the following two special adjustment factors were justified per cognizant agency guidance.

Historical Adjustment	0.05
Site Sensitivity Adjustment	0.089

The special adjustment factors for each cost consideration are added together giving a total site sensitivity adjustment factor of 1.139.

Step 12. Using the special adjustment factors, the cost is calculated as follows:

\$AA = \$258/sf x 1.018 x 0.81 x 1.0901 x 1.00 x 1.00 x 1.139

= \$264.15/sf

Step 13. Determine the estimated facility cost by multiplying the size of the facility being programmed by the adjusted unit cost and round off to the nearest thousand dollars (the unit cost of \$264.15 obtained in step 12 is multiplied by 48,750 square feet giving a total cost of \$12,877,312).

Step 14. Determine project cost estimate by adding in the supporting facilities cost of \$500,000 and then applying the contingency and supervision & administration factors.

Project Cost Estimate = (\$12,877,312 + \$500,000) x 1.05 x 1.057

= \$14,846,809

In accordance with the rounding rule, Appendix A, the project cost is \$14,800,000./1/

5 ESTIMATING ALTERATION PROJECTS

Alteration is defined as a change to interior or exterior facility arrangements to improve or change its current purpose. This includes installed equipment made a part of the existing facility, but does not include additions, expansions, and extensions. The procedures described in this paragraph provide a step-by-step method for preparing programming or budgetary estimates for building alteration when current design data is not available. \1\The procedures are based on the ASTM E15578-09(2015) UNIFORMAT II work breakdown structure (WBS) and relate the alteration work to new facility requirements as a percentage of new work./1/

Figure 1 is an example of a completed DA Form 7307-R. Appendix B tabulates the ratio of WBS cost to facility cost based on DOD military construction historical cost data. Table 6 shows the percentage of installation cost required for removal and the percentage cost required for installation.

% OF LABOR TO REMOVE: This is judgmental, assuming 50% of labor to remove (as compared to 100% for install).

% OF COST FOR LABOR: The 35% is based on direct cost breakdown of: <u>UFC 3-701-01</u> para 4-1. MILCON ACFs are calculated using a LME ratio of 35/63/2 where L=Labor, M=Material and E=Equipment.

WBS#	DESCRIPTION	% OF INSTALLATION COST REQUIRED FOR REMOVAL	% OF COST REQUIRED FOR INSTALLATION
A10	Foundations	50	35
B10	Superstructure	50	35

Table 6 COST OF REMOVAL VERSUS COST OF INSTALLATION

WBS#	DESCRIPTION	% OF INSTALLATION COST REQUIRED FOR REMOVAL	% OF COST REQUIRED FOR INSTALLATION
B20	Exterior Closure	50	35
B30	Roofing	50	35
C10	Interior Construction	50	35
C30	Interior Finishes	50	35
D10	Conveying	50	35
D20	Plumbing	50	35
D30	HVAC	50	35
D40	Fire Protection	50	35
D50	Electrical	80	35
E10	Equipment	80	35
E20	Furnishings	50	35
F10	Special Construction	50	35

/1/

5-1 Example

\1\Consider an FY18 alteration project for an existing 40,600 sf Multi-Purpose Admin building, category code 61050, at Fort Bragg, NC, with midpoint of construction of April 2020. Step-by-step procedures using DA Form 7307-R are as follows:

Step 1. Identify the percentage of the building systems to be removed and enter in blocks 16a and 21a. The data for this block should be based on the scope of work (in many cases based on best judgment). A walk-through of the facility to be altered is the best way to obtain accurate data. Assume for this example that the substructure, superstructure, exterior closure are not affected; that 80% of the interior is to be replaced; and that 75% of the electrical, mechanical, and plumbing are to be replaced.

Step 2. Using data obtained from Table 6 enter in block 16b the percentage of installation cost required for removal and in block 16c the percentage of cost required for installation.

Step 3. Obtain the ratio of WBS systems cost to facility cost for barracks from Appendix C and enter in blocks 16d and 21b.

Step 4. Block 16e is calculated by multiplying entries in blocks 16a, 16b, 16c, and 16d. Block 17, removal/demolition factor (RDF), is calculated by adding all entries in block 16e, which is 10.2 percent of the cost to build the building new. To calculate the total removal/demolition cost (RDC) for the project use the following:

RDC = \$GUC x S x ACF x CE x RDF

Where:

\$GUC = Guidance Unit Cost

S = Size adjustment factor

ACF = Location adjustment factor

CE = Cost escalation adjustment factor

TU = Technological updating adjustment factor

DC = Design contingency adjustment factor

RDF = Removal/Demolition factor

RDC = \$258 x 1.0410 x 0.81 x 1.0901 x 0.084 = \$19.92

Step 5. Determine replacement/new portion factor. The same method is used in the removal portion except the cost includes 100% labor material and equipment. Block 21c is calculated by multiplying entries in blocks 21a and 21b. Block 22, replacement new factor (RNF) is calculated by adding all entries in block 21c. Total RNF is 47.8% (block 22) of the cost to build the facility new. The total new work cost (NWC) is calculated as follows:

NWC = \$GUC x S x ACF x CE x RNF

NCW = \$258 x 1.041 x 0.81 x 1.0901 x 0.478 = \$113.36

Step 6. Special adjustment factor (SAF) due to construction limitations must be considered and added. Demolition/removal and replacement construction limitations allowed are as follows:

Dust protection for adjacent work areas 2-7%

Limited use of equipment (noise/power) limitations 1-6%

Limited storage of construction materials 1-6%

Protection of completed work 2-6%

Shift work 2-10%

Any other adjustment factors must be defined and justified. Special adjustment factor (SAF) due to construction limitations can either be applied to the total unit cost or to the total cost of the project. Using the special adjustment factor from (block 25 of the completed DA Form 7307-R) the demolition and replacement costs are then adjusted as follows:

Adjusted Removal/Demolition Cost (RDC)

= RDC x (1+SAF%)

= 19.92 x 1.15 = \$22.91/sf

Adjusted New Work Cost (NWC)

= NWC x (1+SAF%)

= \$113.36 x 1.15 = \$130.36/sf

Total Alteration Cost

- = Adjusted Removal/Demolition Cost
- + Adjusted New Work Cost
- = \$22.91/sf + \$130.36/sf
- = \$153.27/sf

Step 7. Determine the facility estimated alteration cost by multiplying the area of the facility being programmed for alteration by the total alteration cost as follows:

= \$153.27/sf x 40,600/sf

= \$6,222,762

Step 8. Determine the project cost estimate costs in accordance with step 10 of paragraph 4-7 Cost Estimate Preparation./1/

COST ESTIMATING WORKSHEET - FACILITY ALTERATION						
1. PROJECT NUMBER	2. PROJECT TI	TLE				3. FY
4. BUILDING NUMBER	5. LOCATION					6. HISTORICAL
						YES NO
7. FACILITY TYPE	8. CATEGORY	CODE	9. FAC	CILITY SIZE (SF)	10. AREA TO BE	11. FUND TYPE
					ALTERED (SF)	(MCA/OMA/AFH)
12 ESTIMATOR/OFFICE/DATE		13 BAS	IS OF	ESTIMATE	14. MONTHS	15. CONST START
14 DEN						
10: REI			RIION		ACILITY	
	PERCENT OF	PERCI	ENT		SYSTEMPERCENT	TOTALPERCENT
BUILDING SYSTEM WORK BREAKDOWN					OF TOTAL	REMOVAL
	a		NOVL	C	d	е
A10 FOUNDATIONS	0	50		35	0.0	0.0
B10 SUPERSTRUCTURE	0	50		35	0.0	0.0
B20 EXTERIOR CLOSURE	0	50		35	0.0	0.0
B30 ROOFING	0	50		35	0.0	0.0
	0	50		35	0.0	0.0
	0	50		35	0.0	0.0
	0	50		25	0.0	0.0
	0	50		25	0.0	0.0
	0	50		35	0.0	0.0
	0	50		35	0.0	0.0
	0	50		35	0.0	0.0
D50 ELECTRICAL	0	50		35	0.0	0.0
E10 EQUIPMENT	0	50		35	0.0	0.0
E20 FURNISHINGS	0	50		35	0.0	0.0
F10 SPECIAL CONSTRUCTION	0	50		35	0.0	0.0
					17. RDF	0.0
18. FACILITY TYPE	EGOR	Y CODE	10. AREA TO BE ALT	ERED <i>(SF)</i>		
21. R	EPLACEMENT/	NEW PO	RTIO	OF PRIMARY	FACILITY	
	PERCENT C	OF SYSTE	M	SYSTEM	PERCENT	TOTAL PERCENT
BUILDING SYSTEM WORK BREAKDOWN	REPLACED			OF T	OTAL	REPLACED
	а			b		С
A10 FOUNDATIONS					0.0	
B10 SUPERSTRUCTURE					0.0	
B20 EXTERIOR CLOSURE						0.0
B30 ROOFING						0.0
C10 INTERIOR CONSTRUCTION						0.0
C30 INTERIOR FINISHES						0.0
D10 CONVEYING						0.0
D20 PLUMBING						0.0
D30 HVAC						0.0
D40 FIRE PROTECTION						0.0
D50 FLECTRICAL						0.0
						0.0
E20 FURNISHINGS						0.0
						0.0
						0.0
				22. KINF		0.0 D
		113			24. FLKUEINI IU	
A. DUST PROTECTION FOR ADJACENT WO	KK AKLAS /POW/ER I IMIT	ATIONS				
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
	N IVIA I ERIALO					
				ZO. SAF		

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\1\Figure 1 DA Form 7307-R, Cost Estimating Worksheet - Facility Alteration/1/

COST ESTIMATING WORKSHEET - FACILITY ALTERATION						
1. PROJECT NUMBER	2. PROJECT TI	TLE				3. FY
12345		Renova	ate Adr	nin Building		2018
4. BUILDING NUMBER	5. LOCATION					6. HISTORICAL
401			For	t Bragg, NC	YES NO	
7. FACILITY TYPE	8. CATEGORY CODE 9. FAC		CILITY SIZE (SF)	10. AREA TO BE	E 11. FUND TYPE	
GP Admin Building	61050		40,600	ALTERED (SF)	(MCA/OMA/AFH)	
					40,000	MCA
12. ESTIMATOR/OFFICE/DATE J. Smith/AFEN-RMP/ Jan 2019		13. BAS Wai	IS OF lk-Thro	ESTIMATE	14. MONTHS 12	15. CONST START 10/19
16 REN						
10. KE						
	SYSTEM			PERCENT TO		
BUILDING SYSTEM WORK BREAKDOWN	ALTERED	TO REA	<i>N</i> OVE	INSTALL		KEWIO WIE
	а	b		С	d	e
A10 FOUNDATIONS	0	50		35	6.99	0.0
B10 SUPERSTRUCTURE	0	50		35	13.02	0.0
B20 EXTERIOR CLOSURE	0	50		35	13.03	0.0
B30 ROOFING	0	50		35	2.12	0.0
C10 INTERIOR CONSTRUCTION	80	50		35	9.52	1.3
C30 INTERIOR FINISHES	80	50		35	8.22	1.1
D10 CONVEYING	0	50		35	1.11	0.0
D20 PLUMBING	75	50		35	3.39	0.4
D30 HVAC	75	50		35	19.57	2.6
D40 FIRE PROTECTION	75	50		35	2.39	0.3
D50 ELECTRICAL	75	50		35	17.83	2.3
E10 EQUIPMENT	0	50		35	0.18	0.0
E20 FURNISHINGS	0	50		35	1.14	0.0
F10 SPECIAL CONSTRUCTION	80	50		35	1.49	0.2
		14.0 0.4 T			17. RDF	8.4
GP Admin Building	GP Admin Building 6					40,600
21 R	EPLACEMENT/	NEW POI	RTION	N OF PRIMARY	FACILITY	
21. K			M	SVSTEM		TOTAL DEDCENT
BUILDING SYSTEM WORK BREAKDOWN	REPLACED			OF T	OTAL	REPLACED
				b		0
A10 FOUNDATIONS				6.99		0.0
		0		1	3.02	0.0
B20 EXTERIOR CLOSURE	0			13.03		0.0
B30 ROOFING	0			2.12		0.0
C10 INTERIOR CONSTRUCTION	8	0		9.52		7.6
	8	0		822		6.6
D10 CONVEYING	()		1 11		0.0
D20 PLUMBING	7	75		3 30		2.5
	7	5		19.57		14.6
D40 FIRE PROTECTION	7	5		2 39		1.7
D50 ELECTRICAL	7	5		17.83		13.4
E10 FOLUPMENT		0		0.18		0.0
E20 FURNISHINGS 0		0		1.14		0.0
F10 SPECIAL CONSTRUCTION 80					1.49	1.1
	l			22. RNF	I	47.8
23. CONSTRUCTION LIMITATIO	ON ADJUSTMEN	NTS		24. PERCENT TO ADD		
a. DUST PROTECTION FOR ADJACE	NT WORK	AREAS			5.0)
b. LIMITED USE OF EQUIPMENT (NOISE	POWER LIMIT	ATIONS)			5.0)
c. LIMITED STORAGE OF CONSTRUCTION	I MATERIALS				5.0)
d. PROTECTION OF COMPLETED WORK				0.0		
e. SHIFT WORK					0.0)
				25. SAF 15.00		

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6 ESTIMATING FAMILY HOUSING

To calculate cost estimates for the construction of new and replacement family housing, this Family Housing Cost Model methodology may be used. Specific instructions to complete the cost model are as follows:

1. FY - The fiscal year in which the project is proposed.

2. Location - The installation and state in which the proposed construction will take place.

3. # Units - The number of family housing dwelling units which will be constructed in this project. Note that for replacement projects, the number of units may be equal to or less than the number of units to be demolished.

4. **1\AGSF** - The average gross square feet of the units proposed for construction./1/ Size of dwelling units will be based on the statutory size limit authorized in Section 2826, Title 10, USC for category of military personnel and size of family.

5. \1\\$/GSF - The cost to construct family housing per gross square foot The cost will correspond to the fiscal year of the project. Cost includes only the primary facility with sprinklers, including attached two car garage (though GSF of garage is excluded, cost of attached garage GSF is included) and attached exterior bulk storage, but not the supporting infrastructure, demolition, supporting amenities or special construction requirements./1/

6. 5' Line Cost - \1\The 5 foot line cost is the cost just for the dwelling unit and is equal to the number of units times the average gross square feet times the cost per gross square foot./1/

7. ACF - The area cost factor adjusts the prescribed costs to the location of the proposed project. These factors are listed in <u>UFC 3-701-01</u> Table 4-1: Area Cost Factors and are updated annually based on a construction market survey.

8. Project Size - The project size factor allows for economies of scale which is dependent upon the project size. The prescribed unit cost \1\(\$GSF)/1/ is based on an average project size. Projects which propose constructing a large number of units will realize economies of scale resulting in a smaller project size factor. The project size factor table is listed in Table 1of this document.

9. Project Factor - The project factor equals the area cost factor times the project size factor. One project factor applies to all units being constructed in a given project. Do not calculate a separate factor for each type of unit, i.e., two, three and four bedroom junior noncommissioned officers.

10. Housing Unit Cost - The housing unit cost equals the 5 foot line cost times the project

\1\Figure 3 Example of DA Form 7307-R, Cost Estimating Worksheet - Facility Alteration/1/

factor.

11. Solar Cost and Information System Cost - These are additional costs and were not captured in the 5 foot building line cost. If project is to include solar energy features, multiply

the estimated solar cost times the area cost factor times the number of dwelling units to arrive at the total project solar cost. Note that such features must be justified based on a life cycle cost analysis. The information system cost must be added to every Family Housing construction project. This cost represents telephone and cable television connections and wiring inside the buildings 5 foot line. Include cost per dwelling unit for communication and cable television. To arrive at the information system cost, multiply the cost per dwelling unit for communication and cable television and cable television and cable television.

12. Other - In some instances, site conditions may require additional costs for the primary facility (inside the 5 foot building line). Examples include rock excavation, special foundation requirements, soil stabilization, basements, or special architectural features.

13. Average Unit Cost - The average unit cost is derived by adding the housing unit cost, the solar cost, (if any), \1\/1/and any "other" cost, and dividing by the number of units.

14. Supporting Cost - This considers all work outside the 5 foot building line, and includes site preparation, roads, utilities, recreation, landscaping, demolition, etc. Where support cost estimates can be documented, show the unit cost and how derived. Often, support costs for AFH are difficult to identity for various reasons. The proposed units may be sited on the same site as some existing units which are planned for demolition or an undeveloped site. When difficult to document the support cost, a percentage of the housing unit cost can be used until detailed analysis is completed. Demolition of existing units should be a separate cost breakout. The environmental conditions and individual State regulations must be considered when determining the demolition cost. When using a "generic" for support cost and demolition, the area cost factor must be considered to arrive at the total support cost.

15. Subtotal - The summary subtotal consists of the -housing unit cost, solar cost, if any, \1/1/other cost, if any, and the support cost.

16. Project Total - The project total equals the summary subtotal times the contingency times the supervision & administration (S&A). Application of S&A rate will be in accordance with cognizant design agency guidance.

17. Rounded Project Cost - The rounded project cost is the project total rounded in accordance with the Congressional rounding rule (see Appendix A).

18. Project Cost/SF - The project cost per square foot equals the project rounded cost divided by the product of the number of units times the average \1\gross/1/ square footage times the cost factor.

Appendix A - Congressional Rounding Rule							
Amount	Nearest						
Less Than or Equal to 1,000,000	10,000						
1,000,001 to 5,000,000	50,000						
5,000,001 to 10,000,000	100,000						
10,000,001 to 15,000,000	200,000						
15,000,001 to 20,000,000	500,000						
20,000,001 or Greater	1,000,000						

Appendix B - Sample Site Sensitivity Cost Considerations

Notes:

- 1. The method outlined in this Appendix may be used to determine the cost impact resulting from extremely large concentration of construction effort, or from extensive site limitations, or from both.
- 2. Site sensitivity adjustment should be determined based on an analysis of site conditions which will influence cost.

1. IMPAC	T IDENTIFIER: L	ABOR AVAILABILITY
Condition	Adjustment Factor	Narrative Description of Condition with Resulting Assumptions and Computations
Above Normal	-0.014	Abundance of labor available in local area creating competition and high productivity resulting in negative cost impact. Assumptions: Assume 4% more productivity. Computations: Productivity Variation x Labor Cost as a % of Total / Project Cost as 100%/35% = Productivity Adjustment Factor 0.04 x 35%/100%=-0.014
Normal	0	Normal labor market and normal productivity. Assumptions: No cost variation impact.
Slightly Below	+0.041	Inadequate local labor force, however, labor is available within daily commuting distance. Assumptions: Assume that a travel allowance for supervisory personnel and limited overtime pay as travel inducement for journeymen will be required to recruit labor. Computations: For supervisory personnel assume a travel allowance of \$150/month. Travel Allowance Per Month/Avg Per Month x Field Supv as a % of Total/Project Cost as 100% = Total Allowance Factor (\$150/\$1,850) x (3%/100%) = 0.002 For craft journeymen, assume 1 hr overtime per day as travel inducement. Travel Inducement Allow Per Week/Hrs Work Per Week x Labor Cost as a % of Total/Project Costs as 100% = Total Inducement Factor (5 hrs/45 hrs) x (35%/100%) = 0.039 Total Allowance Factor + Travel Inducement Factor = Total Travel Adjustment 0.002 + 0.039 = 0.041

1. IMPACT I	DENTIFIER: LA	BOR AVAILABILITY
Condition	Adjustment Factor	Narrative Description of Condition with Resulting Assumptions and Computations
Substantially Below Normal	+0.060	Inadequate local labor within daily commuting distance. Recruitment from regional area required. Assumptions: Housing and or subsistence allowance will be required for supervisory personnel. Assume limited overtime pay as travel inducement for journeymen will be required to recruit labor. Computations: For supervisory personnel assume subsistence allowance of \$300/month. Subsistence Allowance Per Month/Average Salary Per Month x Field Supv as a % of Total/Project Cost as 100% = Subsistence Allowance Factor (\$300/1,850) x (3%/100%) = 0.005 For craft journeymen assume: 1-1/2 hr overtime pay per day for travel inducement. Travel Inducement Allowance Per Week/Hrs of Work Per Week x Labor Cost as a % of Total/Project Costs as 100% = Total Inducement Factor (7.5 hrs/47.5 hrs) x (35%/100%) = 0.055 Subsistence Allowance Factor + Travel Inducement Factor = Total Travel and Subsistence Factor 0.005 + 0.055 = 0.060
Extremely Below Normal	+0.076	Inadequate labor force available in local area or regional area. Recruitment from outside the regional area required. Assumptions: Housing and/or subsistence allowance will be required for supervisory personnel and overtime pay as travel inducement for journeymen will be required to recruit labor. Computations: For supervisory personnel assume subsistence allowance for \$375/month. Subsistence Allowance Per Month/Average Salary Per Month x Field Supv as a % of Total/Project Cost as 100% = Subsistence Allowance Factor (\$375/1,850) x (3%/100%) = 0.006 For craft journeymen assume: 2 hrs overtime pay per day for travel inducement. Travel Inducement Allowance Per Week/Hrs of Work Per Week x Labor Cost as a % of Total/Project Costs as 100% = Travel Inducement Factor (10 hrs/50 hrs) x (35%/100%) = 0.07 Subsistence Allowance Factor + Travel Inducement Factor = Total Subsistence and Travel Factor 0.006 + 0.07 = 0.076

2. IMPACT I	2. IMPACT IDENTIFIER: HOUSING AVAILABILITY					
Condition	Adjustment Factor	Narrative Description of Condition with Resulting Assumptions and Computations				
Normal	0	Adequate housing available in local area, no cost impact.				
		Adequate housing not available in local area; however, housing is available within commuting distance. Assumptions: Provide travel allowance to location of adequate housing for key personnel and critical crafts.				
Slightly Below	+0.022	Computations: Assume a travel allowance of \$100/month. Travel Allow Per Month/Avg Monthly Wages x Key Personnel & Critical Crafts Labor Costs as % of Total/Project Costs as 100%				
		= Adjustment Factor				
		(\$100/1,600) x (35%/100%) = 0.022				
Substantially Below Normal	+0.04	Inadequate housing in local area. Housing is not available within commuting distance. Assumptions: Provide trailer housing for majority of contractor personnel and skilled crafts. Computations: Assume rental of trailers and sale of used trailers will not offset all original cost. Land lease and site development cost to be included in project cost. Loss on Trailers Lease and Development Cost/Total Project Cost = Adjustment Factor \$4,000,000/\$100,000,000 = 0.04				
_						

3. IMPACT	3. IMPACT IDENTIFIER: MATERIAL AVAILABILITY				
Condition	Adjustment Factor	Narrative Description of Condition with Resulting Assumptions and Computations			
Normal	0	Project requirements do not exceed the capabilities of the local area. Site is within the normal delivery distance. No cost impact.			
		Project requirements do not exceed the capabilities of the local area, but site is outside normal delivery range.			
		Assumptions: Additional hauling allowance required.			
Slightly Below	+0.01	Computations: Add'I Cost for Hauling Beyond Normal Delivery Zone/Total Normal Mat'I Cost x Mat'I Cost as % of Total/Project Cost as 100%			
		= Adjustment Factor			
		\$1,000,000/\$50,000,000 x 50% = 0.01			
		Project requirements exceed the capabilities of the area.			
	+0.02	Assumptions: Assume additional hauling allowance and onsite facilities.			
Subtantially Below		Computations: Add'l Cost for Hauling & Storage Allowance/Total Normal Mat'l Cost x Mat'l			
Normal		Cost as a % of Total/Project Cost as 100%			
		= Adjustment Factor			
		\$2,000,000/\$50,000,000 x 50% = 0.02			

4. IMPAC	4. IMPACT IDENTIFIER: LOCAL SITE PECULIARITIES					
Individual co	ost mode	analysis as required to justify each cost consideration.				
		Loss productivity caused by congested work area.				
		Assumptions: 3 hrs of non-productivity per week.				
Congested	+0.028	Computations:				
Work Area		Unproductive Hrs Per Week/Productive 100% x Labor Cost as a % of				
		Total/Project Cost = Adjustment Factor				
		$(3/37) \times (35\%/100\%) = 0.028$				
	+0.022	Inadequate onsite parking for labor force.				
		Assumptions: \$100 per month parking allowance will be required.				
Inadequate		Computations:				
		Parking Allowance Per Month/Avg Wage Per Month x Labor Cost as a				
		% of Total/Project Cost as 100%				
		= Adjustment Factor				
		(\$100/1,600) x (35%/100%) = 0.022				

SAMPLE SITE SENSITIVITY ADJUSTMENT FACTOR SUMMARY					
Impact Identifier	Condition	Adjustment Factor	Narrative Description of Condition with Resulting Assumptions and Computations		
Labor Availability	Slightly Below Normal	0.041	Inadequate local labor force travel allowance and overtime pay as travel inducement is required.		
Housing Availability	Normal	0	Adequate housing available in the local area.		
Material Availability	Normal	0	Local area can meet all project requirements.		
Lagal Cita Deguliaritian	Individual Analysis to	0.028	Small Congested work site.		
	Justify Each Consideration	0.022	No parking onsite. No free parking near site.		
Site Sensitivity Adjustment Factor = 0.041 + 0 + 0 + 0.028 + 0.022 = 0.091 = 1.091					

\1\Appendix C -	Ratio Of WBS S	Svstems (Cost To Facility	v Cost B	v Facilitv	Tvpe
				,	,	

	A10	B10	B20	B30	C10	C30	D10	D20	D30	D40	D50	E10	E20	F10
	Foundations	Superstructure	Exterior Enclosure	Roofing	Interior Construction	Interior Finishes	Conveying	Plumbing	НИАС	Fire Protection	Electrical	Equipment	Furnishings	Special Construction
INTELLIGENCE COMMUNICATIONS CENTER	6.14	9.68	7.08	3.87	5.61	7.41	0.52	3.65	21.86	2.3	31.57	0.12	0.05	0.14
AIRCRAFT OPERATIONS BUILDING	5.94	14.09	10.79	4.75	7.31	9.91	1.11	3.1	16.53	2.02	24.11	0.16	0.11	0.07
MILITARY HQ/OPERATIONS BUILDING	7.33	12.09	9.03	7.31	9.56	6.1	0.31	8.33	19.06	2.89	15.62	0.38	1.21	0.78
MILITARY HQ/OPERATIONS BUILDING	5.56	13.11	9.14	3.91	7.93	8.53	1.46	3.45	18.01	2.3	22.32	1.41	0.18	2.69
GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS BUILDING	3.61	11.47	13.66	3	9.69	8.54	0.61	5.94	17.2	2.51	22.56	0.41	0.71	0.09
HIGH BAY SIMULATION TRAINING BLDG	7.25	11.78	8.23	3.13	6.31	13.59	0.9	4	19.8	2.34	21.64	0.07	0.01	0.95
APPLIED INSTRUCTION BUILDING	7.01	17.25	11.5	5.42	7.79	7	1.74	5.01	17.89	2.55	14.41	1.6	0.26	0.57
RESERVE CENTER	4.56	12.84	12.22	3.99	7.89	11.15	0.68	5.29	19.68	2.62	18.15	0.78	0.01	0.14
GENERAL PURPOSE MAINTENANCE HANGAR	10.29	10.91	15.07	3.79	6.2	4.43	0.48	6.58	13.51	5.73	16.55	0.16	0.05	6.25
HIGH BAY MAINTENANCE HANGAR	11.87	27.04	11.59	4.23	4.99	4.1	0.51	3.52	10.17	4.09	16.11	0.45	0.3	1.03
SHOP, VEHICLE MAINTENANCE, WHEEL & TRACK	13.78	13.34	18.52	3.84	5.18	4.6	1.08	5.19	17.73	1.94	13.95	0.85	0	0
LOW BAY GENERAL PURPOSE WHSE (<16', <15,000SF)	11.86	14.96	13.2	4.99	5.34	4.92	0	3.24	11.86	4.63	14.26	9.67	0	1.07
HIGH BAY GENERAL PURPOSE WAREHOUSE	14.97	16.24	17.92	6.55	6.07	3.56	0.69	2.37	10.48	5.7	12.81	1.81	0.35	0.48
HIGH EXPLOSIVE MAGAZINE	23.5	27	34.19	2.85	0.03	0.19	0	0.09	0.87	0	9.22	0.08	0	1.98
ARMORY	8.67	16.47	9.91	6	5.56	3.31	0	3.52	17.14	2.81	16.05	9.47	0.29	0.8
MEDICAL CLINIC (<60,000 SF)	5.13	15.34	16.65	2.61	9.23	6.33	0.68	3.98	18.78	2.28	13.37	4.83	0.79	0

	A10	B10	B20	B30	C10	C30	D10	D20	D30	D40	D50	E10	E20	F10
	Foundations	Superstructure	Exterior Enclosure	Roofing	Interior Construction	Interior Finishes	Conveying	Plumbing	НИАС	Fire Protection	Electrical	Equipment	Furnishings	Special Construction
MENTAL/BEHAVIORAL HEALTH CLINIC	6.59	11.73	12.06	2.79	11.73	7.27	1.27	7.21	18.83	1.04	17.38	1.86	0.15	0.0
MULTI PURPOSE ADMIN FACILITY	6.99	13.02	13.03	2.12	9.52	8.22	1.11	3.39	19.57	2.39	17.83	0.18	1.14	1.49
ENLISTED UNACCOMPANIED PERSONNEL HOUSING	4.07	14.14	11.81	1.82	12.71	11.04	1.17	12.51	12.51	2.31	15.43	0.32	0.01	0.15
ENLISTED MESS HALL	9.04	7.8	9.99	4.06	2.73	9.37	0.43	6.69	20.61	1.97	10.70	16.49	0.12	0
CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER (<6 YEARS OLD)	8.65	10.47	11.31	6.37	8.89	7.91	0.52	7.66	16.83	2.78	15.87	2.11	0.03	0.6
PHYSICAL FITNESS CENTER	6.35	10.77	11.38	5.39	7.82	8.53	0.26	5.96	20.88	2.13	14.52	2.93	0.18	2.9
PARKING BUILDING/GARAGES	23.49	44.54	5.89	5.02	1.75	3.04	2.22	2.09	0.23	1.82	9.09	0.82	0	0

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Program Element 6. Category Code 7. Project Title NNAL SUPPORT ACTIVITY AIR PASSENGER TERMINAL S. Program Element 6. Category Code 7. Project Number 8. Project Cost (\$000) 141.11 P-xxx 15, 000 9. COST ESTIMATES AIR PASSENGER TERMINAL 0. Category Code 7. Project Number 8. Project Cost (\$000) AIR PASSENGER TERMINAL 0. Cost ESTIMATES 0. Cost ESTIMATES AIR PASSENGER TERMINAL 0. Cost Estimates 0. Cost Estimates 0. Cost Estimates AIR PASSENGER TERMINAL 0. Cost Estimates 0. Cost Estimates 0. Cost Estimates AIR PASSENGER TERMINAL 0. Cost Estimates 0. Cost Estimates 0. Cost Estimates AIR PASSENGER TERMINAL 0. Cost Estimates 0. Cost Estimates 0. Cost Estimates AIR PASSENGER TERMINAL 0. Cost Estimates 0. Cost Estimates 0. Cost Estimates AIR PASSENGER TERMINAL 0. Cost Estimates 0. Cost Estimates 0. Cost Estimates AIR PASSENGER TERMINAL 0. Cost Estimates 0. Cost Estimates 0. Cost Estimates Belatio 0. Cost Estimates 0. Cost Es		1. Component NAVY				"Exa	mple	e"				2. Date
3. Installation and Leanton/UIC NXXXXX 4. Project Title NAVAL SUPPORT ACTIVITY AIR PASSENGER TERMINAL S. Program Element 6. Category Code 7. Project Number 8. Project Cost (\$000) 9. COST ESTIMATES 9. COST ESTIMATES 15, 000 AIR PASSENGER TERMINAL 141.11 9-xxx 15, 000 AIR FORSENGER TERMINAL 11 11 11 11 AIR FORSENTONS BUILDING Public regarant floating 2, 950 1, 914.00 (4.00) AIR FORSENTONS BUILDING Public regarant floating 2, 031.00 (1.56) AIR FORSENT MARK RACK Public regarant floating 12 2, 031.00 (1.50) BEDCOMUNICIATION SULLER Public regarant floating 12 - - (30) BEDCOMUNICIATION SWEETEN SUPCORTING FACILITIES - - (30) (30) (30) SUPCORTING FACILITIES - - - - (30) (30) (30) (30) SUPCORTING FACILL CONSTRUCTION FRATURES - - - - (30) (30) SUPCIAL CONSTRACTION WINDALITIES - - <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th>FY</th><th>2009 MI</th><th>LITA</th><th>RY COI</th><th>ISTRI</th><th>JCTI</th><th>ON PRO</th><th>) JGR/</th><th>AM </th><th></th></t<>			FY	2009 MI	LITA	RY COI	ISTRI	JCTI	ON PRO) JGR/	AM	
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Item UM Quantity Unit Cost Cost (Soo AIR PASSENGER TERNINAL md 3, 960 1, 914.00 7, 913 TERMINAL md 3, 960 1, 914.00 7, 913 AIR OPERATIONS BUILDING Builtin equipment should be used via %4040001 md 3, 960 1, 914.00 (1, 23) AIR OPERATIONS BUILDING Builtin equipment should be used via %4040001 md 3, 960 1, 914.00 (1, 23) AIR OPERATIONS BUILDING Builtin equipment should be used via %4040001 md 80 2, 031.00 (1, 23) AIR PASSENGER TERNINAL md md md 3, 960 188.00 (1, 23) BUILT - IN RQUIPMENT Special Costs." Describe in LS Special Costs." Describ LS		5. Program Element		6. Category	y Code		7. Proj	ect Nun	nber	8. Proj	ect Cost (\$00	0)
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Item U/M Quantity Unit Cost Ccct (Stop AIR PASSENGER TERMINAL m2 3,960 1,914.00 7,81 TERMINAL m2 3,940 1,914.00 7,81 AIR CREAFT WARK RACK Builtin equipment" should LS 0 7,23.00 1,240.00 1,2,01.00 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>9. COST E</td><td>STIMAT</td><td>TES</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>						9. COST E	STIMAT	TES				
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EQUIPMENT FROM OTHER APPROPRIATIONS appropriations. Items should be listed in Block 12. Do not include collateral equipment costs. (601 Do not include collateral equipment costs. This ge in Guidance Unit Cost Analysis Category Code Guidance Troject 141-11, AIR PSNGER TERM 141-40, AIR OPS BLDG Size 0.97 Size 0.97 <td>etails in and 12 lic budget "Use rill d " For</td> <td>AIR PASSENGE TERMINAL AIR OPERAT AIRCRAFT W TELECOMUN SPECIAL CO EPAC 2005/ BUILT-IN E INFORMATIC ANTI-TERRC TECHNICAL SUPPORTING F SPECIAL CO SPECIAL CO ELECTRICAL MECHANICAL PAVING ANI ANTI-TERRC DEMOLITION SUBFOTAL CONTINGENCY TOTAL CONTRA DESIGN BUIL TOTAL REQUES TOTAL REQUES</td> <td>R TERMIN IONS BUI ASH RACK ICIATION STS LEED SIL QUIPMENT N SYSTEM RISM/FOR UTILITI UTILITI UTILITI SITE IM RISM/FOR (5.0%) CT COST , INSPEC D DESIGN T ROUNDE T</td> <td>AL LDING S ROOM VER S CE PROTE G MANUAL S FEATURE ON FEATURE ON FEATURE ON FEATURE If demoint 9, it must TION, & COST (4</td> <td>TT CCTION STRES CCTION CCTION NOVERN COVERN</td> <td>Built-in equipme e used vice "Ac unctional Featu Special Costs." N e.g. fencin etc. Detai N N iicated in Block 10 HEAD (5</td> <td>ent" should iditional irres" or Describe i g, lighting, block 12.</td> <td>m2 m2 m2 sm2 LS m2 LS LS LS LS LS LS LS LS LS LS LS LS LS</td> <td>3, 5 3, 7 3, 7 The DOD abbreviat for square meters is 'm2', not 'SM'. Use 5.7% SI CONUS loc: 6.5% SIOH OCONUS loc: 6.5% SIOH OCONUS loc: 1000 000000000000000000000000000000000</td> <td>960 240 720 80 </td> <td>1,914.00 2,031.00 2,031.00 </td> <td>7,810 (4,000) (1,230) (160) (300) (300) (300) (120) (1,230) (400) (550) (120) (1,230) (400) (510) (480) (600) (1,200) 13,680 </td>	etails in and 12 lic budget "Use rill d " For	AIR PASSENGE TERMINAL AIR OPERAT AIRCRAFT W TELECOMUN SPECIAL CO EPAC 2005/ BUILT-IN E INFORMATIC ANTI-TERRC TECHNICAL SUPPORTING F SPECIAL CO SPECIAL CO ELECTRICAL MECHANICAL PAVING ANI ANTI-TERRC DEMOLITION SUBFOTAL CONTINGENCY TOTAL CONTRA DESIGN BUIL TOTAL REQUES TOTAL REQUES	R TERMIN IONS BUI ASH RACK ICIATION STS LEED SIL QUIPMENT N SYSTEM RISM/FOR UTILITI UTILITI UTILITI SITE IM RISM/FOR (5.0%) CT COST , INSPEC D DESIGN T ROUNDE T	AL LDING S ROOM VER S CE PROTE G MANUAL S FEATURE ON FEATURE ON FEATURE ON FEATURE If demoint 9, it must TION, & COST (4	TT CCTION STRES CCTION CCTION NOVERN COVERN	Built-in equipme e used vice "Ac unctional Featu Special Costs." N e.g. fencin etc. Detai N N iicated in Block 10 HEAD (5	ent" should iditional irres" or Describe i g, lighting, block 12.	m2 m2 m2 sm2 LS m2 LS LS LS LS LS LS LS LS LS LS LS LS LS	3, 5 3, 7 3, 7 The DOD abbreviat for square meters is 'm2', not 'SM'. Use 5.7% SI CONUS loc: 6.5% SIOH OCONUS loc: 6.5% SIOH OCONUS loc: 1000 000000000000000000000000000000000	960 240 720 80 	1,914.00 2,031.00 2,031.00 	7,810 (4,000) (1,230) (160) (300) (300) (300) (120) (1,230) (400) (550) (120) (1,230) (400) (510) (480) (600) (1,200) 13,680
Guidance Unit Cost Analysis Guidance Guidance Project Size Size Area Cost Code 141-11, AIR PSNGER TERM 0.97 1.517 930 3.240 0.97 1.30 1.914 I 41-40, AIR OPS BLDG m2 1.517 930 720 1.03 1.30 2.031 Guidance cost analysis should be done for every applicable Primary Facility type. For facility types with OSD guidance, it is important to fully justify unit costs which exceed guidance. Use most recently published OSD guidance. If guidance is not available, develop a rationale for unit cost used. 10. Description of Proposed Construction ADDITIONAL: Exceeding guidance is difficult to justify in the budget process and should be avoided whenever possible. Use most recently published OSD guidance. If guidance is not available, develop a rationale for unit cost used. • Type of work (i.e. alteration, modernization, new construction, etc.) • The number of stories of the building • Construction materials to be used for the foundation, floors, frame, walls, and roof; pilings or special foundation features. (this is necessary for budget book preparation) • • Provide building numbers and floor areas for buildings to be demolished. Ensure that these facilities have met approval requirements such as National Historic Preservation Act, GSA permit(s), and McKinney Act screening.	me being ill continue e 5 () ent. This change in iture. 1 1	EQUIPMENT FR	OM OTHER	APPROPR	TATIC	DNS	Do	not includ	le collateral e	auioment	costs.	(600)
ge in Category Guidance Guidance Froject Size Area Cost 141-11, AIR PSNGER TERM m2 1,517 930 3,240 0.97 1.30 1,914 141-40, AIR OPS BLDG m2 1,517 930 3,240 0.97 1.30 2,031 Guidance cost analysis should be done for every applicable Primary Facility type. For facility types with OSD guidance, it is important to fully justify unit costs which exceed guidance. Use most recently published OSD guidance. If guidance is not available, develop a rationale for unit cost used. 10. Description of Proposed Construction ADDITIONAL: Exceeding guidance is difficult to justify in the budget process and should be avoided whenever possible. Use most recently published OSD guidance. If guidance is not available, develop a rationale for unit cost used. • Type of work (i.e. alteration, modernization, new construction, etc.) • The number of stories of the building • Type of work (i.e. alteration, modernization, floors, frame, walls, and roof; pilings or special foundation features. (this is necessary for budget book preparation) • • Provide building numbers and floor areas for buildings to be demolished. Ensure that these facilities have met approval requirements such as National Historic Preservation Act, GSA permit(s), and McKinney Act screrening. • • <td>Guidance Unit Cost</td> <td>Analysis</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td><u></u></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>D</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0.1</td>		Guidance Unit Cost	Analysis			<u></u>			D			0.1
141-11, AIR PSNGER TERM 141-40, AIR OPS BLDG m2 1,517 930 3,240 0.97 1.30 1,914 141-40, AIR OPS BLDG m2 1,517 930 720 1.03 1.30 2,031 Guidance cost analysis should be done for every applicable Primary Facility type. For facility types with OSD guidance, it is important to fully justfy unit costs which exceed guidance. Use most recently published OSD guidance. If guidance is officult to justfy in the budget process and should be avoided whenever possible. Use most recently published OSD guidance. If guidance is officult to justfy in the budget process and should be avoided whenever possible. Use most recently published OSD guidance. If guidance is officult to justfy in the budget process and should be avoided whenever possible. • Type of work (i.e. alteration, modernization, new construction, etc.) • The number of stories of the building • Construction materials to be used for the foundation, floors, frame, walls, and roof; pilings or special foundation features. (this is necessary for budget book preparation) • • Provide building numbers and floor areas for buildings to be demolished. Ensure that these facilities have met approval requirements such as National Historic Preservation Act, GSA permit(s), and McKinney Act screening. •		Category Code			U/M	Guidance Cost	e Guio <u>S</u>	iance	Project Scope	Si Fac	ze Area <u>stor Fac</u>	Cost tor <u>Unit Cost</u>
Guidance cost analysis should be done for every applicable Primary Facility type. For facility types with OSD guidance, it is important to fully justify unit costs which exceed guidance. Use most recently published OSD guidance. If guidance is not available, develop a rationale for unit cost used. 10. Description of Proposed Construction ADDITIONAL: Exceeding guidance is difficult to justify in the budget process and should be avoided whenever possible. Use most recently published OSD guidance. If guidance is not available, develop a rationale for unit cost used. Block 10 Motes: The information in Blocks 9 and 10 control the scope of the project and should be tied together. Block 10 description should include such things as: • Type of work (i.e. alteration, modernization, new construction, etc.) • Type of work (i.e. alteration, modernization, new construction, etc.) • The number of stories of the building • Construction materials to be used for the foundation, floors, frame, walls, and roof; pilings or special foundation features. (this is necessary for budget book preparation) • Provide building numbers and floor areas for buildings to be demolished. Ensure that these facilities have met approval requirements such as National Historic Preservation Act, GSA permit(s), and McKinney Act screening. • Construction Dep 12020		141-11, AIR F	SNGER TE	RM	m2 m2	1,517	<u>م</u>	30	3,240	0.	97 1.3 03 1	1,914.0
ADDITIONAL: Bick 10 hotes: The information in Blocks 9 and 10 control the scope of the project and should be tied together. Block 10 description should include such things as: Type of work (i.e. alteration, modernization, new construction, etc.) The number of stories of the building Construction materials to be used for the foundation, floors, frame, walls, and roof; pilings or special foundation features. (this is necessary for budget book preparation) Provide building numbers and floor areas for buildings to be demolished. Ensure that these facilities have met approval requirements such as National Historic Preservation Act, GSA permit(s), and McKinney Act screening.		C Guidance cost ana done for every app Facility type. 10. Description	lysis should be licable Primary of Proposed of	Construction	For fac fully just Exceed proces	ility types with stify unit costs ding guidance i s and should b	OSD guida which exce s difficult to e avoided t	nce, it is i ed guidar justify in whenever	important to nce. the budget possible.	Use r guida devel	nost recently pu ince. If guidance op a rationale fo	blished OSD e is not available, or unit cost used.
10-0-10-00 DD 11010 1		ADDITIONAL: Block 10 Notes: The information in Blocks 9 and 10 control the scope of the project and should be tied together. Block 10 description should include such things as: Type of work (i.e. alteration, modernization, new construction, etc.) The number of stories of the building Construction materials to be used for the foundation, floors, frame, walls, and roof; pilings or special foundation features. (this is necessary for budget book preparation) Provide building numbers and floor areas for buildings to be demolished. Ensure that these facilities have met approval requirements such as National										ış as: ary for budget book uch as National
(Continued On DD 1391C)						-				(Con	timued On DI	D 1391C)
DD Form 1201	L L	DD Form	1201									

NAVY	FY 20	09 MILIT	ARY CON	STRUCTIO	N PROGRAM	
3. Installation and	Location/UIC: N6	2588				
NAVAL SUPPO	RT ACTIVITY	NAPLES,	ITALY			
 Project Title 					7	. Project Number
AIR PASSENG	ER TERMINAL					P-196
(contrated) Budget Es	stimate Summ	narv Shee	t:			
Built-in	Equipment:	a iii				
<u>Item</u> Elevator Baggage) Special	UM LS Equip. LS Foundation	Quantity 1 1	<u>Unit Cost</u> 150,000 150,000	150,000 150,000	Built-In equipment Include only high-cost built- as elevators, communication isolated flooring, clean room Electromagnetic Pulse (HEI shielding, computer flooring supply (UPS), controlled hu environment, and sound attu in cost, otherwise mention in	n equipment items, such s systems, vibration- is, High-altitude AP) shielding, TEMPES' uninterrupted power midity, or controlled snuation (only if significa block 10 only)
<u>Item</u> Shoring Over Exc	UM m2 cavate m3	<u>Quantity</u> 574 25000	<u>Unit Cost</u> 314 45 1	<u>Total</u> 105,000 ,125,000	Special Foundation Fe Consider adequacy of s seismic zone, also base and shoring.	atures oils, foundation & ment excavation
Special	Construction	n Feature	s:			,
Item Ramp Structur Floor Foundati mat	UM LS cal m2 ion m2	<u>Quantity</u> 1 1485 1485	<u>Unit Cost</u> 50,000 67 101	<u>Total</u> 150,000 100,000 150,000	Special Construction Consider adequacy of s seismic zone, also base and shoring.	Features oils, foundation & ment excavation

3 Installation and Location/LUC: N6	2500					
NAVAL SUPPORT ACTIVITY	NAPI	LES. ITAI	.v			
4. Project Title					2	Project Number
AIR PASSENGER TERMINAL						P-196
(continued)						
Utilities and Site 1	Impro	vements:				
Item	<u>UM</u>	<u>Quantity</u>	<u>Unit Cost</u>	<u>Total</u>	Utilities and Site Impro	ovements:
Electrical					information available.	Consider user hours of
Area Lighting	EA	75	8,000	450,000	be in use constantly or	ng systems (will system is there down-time?
Substation/	KV	300	200	60,000	Electrical	
transformer					Consider adequa	cy of utility and
Mechanical					infrastructure sup	port necessary such as distribution
Water Distribution	m	850	120	102,000	transformers or s	ubstations, area lighting
Fire Protection	m	1000	392	392,000	and communicati	ons. redundancy (LIDS, etc.)
Fuel Storage Sapitary Sewer	L	3000	130	150,000	Lightning protecti	on.
banicary benci		1200		150,000	Mechanical	
Pavement & Site					Consider adequa	cy of mechanical
Improvements					infrastructure neo	essary such as chilled
Flexible Parking	m2	1000	40	40,000	fire protection wa	ter, sanitary sewer, and
Concrete Parking	m∠ m2	350	59 60	21,000	fuel storage.	
Concrete Aprons	m2	600	73	44,000	Pavement	
Concrete Walkways	m2	100	98	9,800	 Consider adequa 	cy of asphalt or concret
Storm Drainage Earthwork	m m3	316 1000	174	55,000	roads, parking, w	aikways or aprons.
Topsoil/Seed/Sod	m2	2500	6	15,000	Site Improvements	k required such as
Landscaping	m2	3960	40	158,400	earthwork, topsoi irrigation, storm d ponds.	I, seed, landscaping, Irainage and water
Remove Buildings	m2	20,000	60.1	200 000	Domalition	
#425 & #487	III.2	20,000	001	.,200,000	Provide BUILDIN structures to be d Indicate the ARE demolished.	G #s of buildings / lemolished. A (m2) to be
DD Form 1391C						

NAVY 3. Installation and Location/UIC. NAVAL SUPPORT ACTIVI 4. Project Title AIR PASSENGER TERMIN (continued) Equipment associated appropriations: Equipment from other appropriations • Project that support equipment • Project that support equipment • Include in table below major equi • Examples Include: Computer support equipment	N62588 TY NAPLES, ITALY AL with this project Si being procured with other funding are of	which will be		7. Project N P-	Jumber 196
ANAVAL SUPPORT ACTIVI 4. Project Title AIR PASSENGER TERMIN (continued) Equipment associated appropriations: Equipment from other appropriation Projects that support equipment schedule/delivery/installations mi Include in table below major equi Examples Include: Computer s trajages R&D support equipment	TY NAPLES, ITALY AL With this project	which will be		7. Project N P-	Jumber 196
4. Project Title AIR PASSENGER TERMIN (continued) Equipment associated appropriations: Equipment from other appropriation • Projects that support equipment schedule/delivery/installations mi • Include in table below major equi • Examples Include; Computer s traingers RDS support equipment	IAL l with this project <u>S:</u> being procured with other funding are of	which will be		7. Project N P-1	Jumber 196
AIR PASSENGER TERMIN (continued) Equipment associated appropriations: Equipment from other appropriation • Projects that support equipment • schedule/delivery/installations major equi • Include in table below major equi • Examples Include; Computer s traingers RD support equipment	AL I with this project Si being procured with other funding are of	which will be		P-	196
(continued) Equipment associated appropriations: Equipment from other appropriation Projects that support equipment schedule/delivery/installations mi Include in table below major equi Examples Include: trainers R&D support equipment	l with this project <u>s:</u> being procured with other funding are c	which will be			
Equipment associated appropriations: Equipment from other appropriation Projects that support equipment schedule/delivery/installations mi Include in table below major equi Examples Include: Computer s trainers R&D support equipment	l with this project <u>s:</u> being procured with other funding are c	which will be			
trainers, R&D support equipment	lestones to assure a timely coordinatio pment items with a cost of \$500K and ystems, collateral equipment, flight tra	ross referenced with the equi n. above . Lump all low cost eq iners, automated storage equ	provided fro	other nd procurement m as necessary. ng equipment, fir	re fighting
a annoro, reas oupport oquipriorit					
<u>Major Equipment</u> Computer equipment (various) Colletarel Equipment	Funding Source Funding Y OPN 2003	Installation Start-End Mar 04/Apr 04	Shakedown Start-End Mo/Yr Mar 04/Apr 04	<u>IOC</u> <u>date</u> <u>Mo/Yr</u> Apr04	<u>Cost</u> (000) 600
(various)	0æM 2003	Apr04/Apr04	IN/A	IN/A	500
<pre>Analysis as justific analysis as justific Yes No (x) () Increased e DoD standa Cost (LCC) () () Use of ren () () Monitoring substances () () Life cycle personnel j () () Efficiency recharge, (() () Increased i recyclable market and () () Recycling demolition () () Reduction</pre>	energy conservation rds where prelimina benefit. ewable energy resou and/or reduction c in building enviro cost analysis whice productivity. in water resource etc. supported on a use of materials an content. Generall within guidance cc of construction was in waste products a	of integrated ry calculation rces where LCC r elimination nment. h includes val conservation f cost or local d products wit y expected to st. te and buildin s a consequence	building sys demonstrate of toxic and ue of increa rom recycled e requiremen h recycled a be competiti g materials e of constru	stems be s Life C s feasib harmful sed or e use, gr t basis. nd/or ve in th after stion.	yond yole pility. enhance cound
() () Reduction () () Building s	ystems commissionin	s a consequenc g to assure fu	e of constru 11 interoper	ability.	
Activity POC:	Pho	one No:			
DD Form 1391C	1				
1 000 10	<i>,</i>				

	"EXAMPLE			
2010 ARMY	98989CF P MCA (AS OF 10/29 LAF = 1.29	REVIS 5/2007 AT 17:0 9 UM=E	SION DATE: 2 95:39) 2	25 OCT 2007 25 MAR 2007
Fort Irwin California		General Ins	truction Bui	lding
171 20)	98989		30,171
ראסע אמראד איי				20 171
General Instruction Building	I SF	100 000	260 93	(26,093)
Conc Retaining Walls. Spec F	dn LS			(375)
Bldg Pad Engr'd Fill, Spec F	dn LS			(450)
EMCS Connections	LS			(80)
IDS Connections	LS		🔺	(100)
SDD and EPAct05	LS			(523)
Antiterrorism Measures	LS			(1,150)
Building Information Systems	: LS			(1,400)
SUPPORTING FACILITIES				3,228
Electric Service	LS			(405)
Water, Sewer, Gas	LS			(278)
Steam And/Or Chilled Water D	istr LS			(0)
Paving, Walks, Curbs and Gut	ters LS			(508)
Storm Drainage	LS			(159)
Site Imp (410) Demo (559)				(969)
Antiterrorism Measures				(850)
Anterectionism measures				(39)
ESTIMATED CONTRACT COST				33 399
CONTINGENCY PERCENT (5.00%)				1,670
SUBTOTAL				35,069
SUPERVISION, INSPECTION, & OVE	RHEAD (5.70%)			1,999
DESIGN/BUILD - DESIGN COST				1,403
FOTAL REQUEST				38,471
TOTAL REQUEST (ROUNDED)				38,000
INSTALLED EQT-OTHER APPROPRIAT	IONS			(725)
10. Description of Proposed Co Construct a modified standard- elevators, antiterrorism measu and alarm systems. Supporting systems support, paving, walks information/network support sy Access for persons with disabi measures include laminated gla system and site limiting lands constraints, the facility will per antiterrorism criteria. He contained systems. Project wil related interior design service	nstruction design General 1 res, building in facilities inclus , curbs and gut stems, and site lities will be p lities will be p caping features not be able to ating and air co include compre- ces. Air condition	Instruction Bu nformation sysu ude all utilit ters, storm dr improvements. provided. Anti rated doors, m . Due to physi meet the mini prditioning wi ehensive build pring is estim	hilding to in terms, fire y ies and mech- ainage, terrorism (2 ass notifica cal siting mum setback 11 be provid hing and furn mated at 500	nclude protection, manical MT) ution distance led by self mishings Tons.

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2010 98989CF H ARMY MCA (AS OF 10/2 LAF = 1.2 Fort Irwin California Jeneral Instruction Building L1. REQ: 838,608 SF ADQT: 407,757 SF PROJECT: Construct a modified standard design General 4ission) REQUIREMENT:	P REVISION DATE: 25 OCT 2007 25/2007 AT 17:05:39) 25 MAR 2007 29 UM=E 98989 SUBSTD: 181,283 SF Instruction Building. (Current
Fort Irwin California General Instruction Building L1. REQ: 838,608 SF ADQT: 407,757 SF PROJECT: Construct a modified standard design General Mission) REQUIREMENT:	98989 SUBSTD: 181,283 SF Instruction Building. (Current
General Instruction Building 11. REQ: 838,608 SF ADQT: 407,757 SF PROJECT: Construct a modified standard design General Mission) REQUIREMENT:	98989 SUBSTD: 181,283 SF Instruction Building. (Current
11. REQ: 838,608 SF ADQT: 407,757 SF PROJECT: Construct a modified standard design General Mission) REQUIREMENT:	SUBSTD: 181,283 SF Instruction Building. (Current
PROJECT: Construct a modified standard design General Mission) REQUIREMENT:	Instruction Building. (Current
REQUIREMENT :	
proficiency requirements of the Commands. As requirements, IC will experience a 40% increas projections by FY 2010. Additionally, the Sec increase the proficiency of the students base Commands. To meet these needs, IC initiated a per classroom. This reduction will improve st altimately enhance reading, listening, and sp students. The total growth for staff and fac approximately 600 new employees. Transforming incorporating significant growth will require and classrooms, yielding an increase in class additional classrooms over the next 3 years.	a result of increasing ase in student population cretary of Defense directed IC to ed on needs assessments from the a program to reduce the students tudent-to-instructor ratios, and peaking proficiency of our ulty by FY10, will be g current practice and e a sizable expansion of offices sroom requirements by nearly 200
CURRENT SITUATION: Instruction, faculty, and support offices are parracks buildings that lack adequate amenity from 1903. Present facilities do not provide staff/faculty office space necessary for inte schools and support functions are widely sepa situation prevents the consolidation of active management span of control problems in both of Increases in learning requirements have requi- classrooms off-post.	e housed in substandard, converted ies. Many of the structures date the adequate classroom and ensive learning activities. IC arated across the base. This vities and leads to logistical and classrooms and support offices. ired temporary leasing of
IMPACT IF NOT PROVIDED: If this project is not provided, the ability proficiency will be at risk. The lack of addi reduction of student-to-instructor ratio whic cornerstone of IC's 3-year transformation pla space will severely limit language curriculum development. IC will continue to attempt less measures unlikely to meet the desired language the Secretary of Defense's directives.	of IC to raise learning itional classrooms will prevent ch is the most critical an. This continued shortage of m, evaluation, and faculty s than desirable temporary ge proficiency in accordance with

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<text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text>		"EXAMPLE"
Port I win cliffornia Sense I narrotton Building Sense I and the sense I and the sense of th	2010 ARMY MC.	98989CF P REVISION DATE: 25 OCT 2007 CA (AS OF 10/25/2007 AT 17:05:39) 25 OCT 2007 LAF = 1.29 UM=E
<text><text><section-header><text><text><text><text></text></text></text></text></section-header></text></text>	Fort Irwin California	
ADDITIONAL: The avenue of the and the system is privatized (under 10 USC 2688 or other studenticity) prior to award of this project or during construction of this project, MILCON funds appropriated for the MILCON project herein may be transferred to the utility privatization contractor involved for the utility infrastructure. Title to the utility infrastructure constructed as a result of this MILCON project may be transferred to the utility privatization contractor notwithstanding any other provision of law. This project has been coordinated with the installation physical security plan, and all physical security measures are included. All required antiterrorism protection measures are included. An economic analysis has been prepared and utilized in evaluating this project. This project is the most cost-effective method to satisfy the requirement. The puty Assistant Secretary of the Army (Installations and Housing) certifies that this project has been considered for join use potential. The facility will be available for use by other components. Sustainable principles will be incording with Executive Order 19123 and other applicable laws and Executive orders. /// Johnson Z. Johnson Lounel, U.S. Army Garrison Commander ESTIMATED CONSTRUCTION START: MAR 2210 INDEX: 2516 ESTIMATED MIDPOINT OF CONSTRUCTION: SEP 2010 INDEX: 2555 ESTIMATED MIDPOINT OF CONSTRUCTION: SEP 2010 INDEX: 2555 ESTIMATED MIDPOINT OF CONSTRUCTION: MAR 2011 INDEX: 2518	General Instruction Building	98989
In the event that a utility system is privatized (under 10 USC 2688 or other authority) prior to award of this project or during construction of this project, MILCON funds appropriated for the MILCON project herein may be transferred to the utility privatization contractor involved for the utility infrastructure. Title to the utility infrastructure constructed as a result of this MILCON project may be transferred to the utility privatization contractor notwithstanding any other provision of law. This project has been coordinated with the installation physical security plan, and all physical security measures are included. All required antiterrorism protection measures are included. An economic analysis has been prepared and utilized in evaluating this project. This project is the most cost-effective method to satisfy the requirement. The Deputy Assistant Secretary of the Army (Installations and Housing) certifies that this project has been considered for joint use potential. The facility will be available for use by other components. Sustainable principles will be integrated into the design, development, and construction of the project in accordance with Executive Order 13123 and other applicable laws and Executive Orders. /S/ Johnson Z. Johnson Marrison Commander ESTIMATED CONSTRUCTION START: MAR 2010 INDEX: 2530 ESTIMATED CONSTRUCTION START: MAR 2010 INDEX: 2530 ESTIMATED MIDPOINT OF CONSTRUCTION: SEP 2010 INDEX: 2551	ADDITIONAL:	
/S/ Johnson Z. Johnson Colonel, U.S. Army Garrison Commander ESTIMATED CONSTRUCTION START: MAR 2010 INDEX: 2530 ESTIMATED MIDPOINT OF CONSTRUCTION: SEP 2010 INDEX: 2555 ESTIMATED CONSTRUCTION COMPLETION: MAR 2011 INDEX: 2581	project, MILCON funds appropriat transferred to the utility priva infrastructure. Title to the uti this MILCON project may be trans notwithstanding any other provis with the installation physical s are included. All required antit economic analysis has been prepa This project is the most cost-ef Deputy Assistant Secretary of th that this project has been consi be available for use by other co integrated into the design, deve accordance with Executive Order Orders.	ted for the MILCON project herein may be atization contractor involved for the utility ulity infrastructure constructed as a result of sferred to the utility privatization contractor sion of law. This project has been coordinated security plan, and all physical security measures terrorism protection measures are included. An ared and utilized in evaluating this project. Effective method to satisfy the requirement. The he Army (Installations and Housing) certifies idered for joint use potential. The facility will omponents. Sustainable principles will be slopment, and construction of the project in 13123 and other applicable laws and Executive
Colonel, U.S. Army Garrison Commander ESTIMATED CONSTRUCTION START: MAR 2010 INDEX: 2530 ESTIMATED MIDPOINT OF CONSTRUCTION: SEP 2010 INDEX: 2555 ESTIMATED CONSTRUCTION COMPLETION: MAR 2011 INDEX: 2581		/S/ Johnson Z. Johnson
Garrison Commander ESTIMATED CONSTRUCTION START: MAR 2010 INDEX: 2530 ESTIMATED MIDPOINT OF CONSTRUCTION: SEP 2010 INDEX: 2555 ESTIMATED CONSTRUCTION COMPLETION: MAR 2011 INDEX: 2581		Colonel, U.S. Army
ESTIMATED CONSTRUCTION START: MAR 2010 INDEX: 2530 ESTIMATED MIDPOINT OF CONSTRUCTION: SEP 2010 INDEX: 2555 ESTIMATED CONSTRUCTION COMPLETION: MAR 2011 INDEX: 2581		Garrison Commander
	ESTIMATED CONSTRUCTION START: M ESTIMATED MIDPOINT OF CONSTRUCT ESTIMATED CONSTRUCTION COMPLETI	MAR 2010 INDEX: 2530 NION: SEP 2010 INDEX: 2555 NON: MAR 2011 INDEX: 2581

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Fort Irw Californ General General GENERAL L.0) 1) 1) 2.0) 1) 3.0) 1) 4.0) 5.0) 1) 5.0) 1)	in ia Instru FACILI 7120 7120 7120 7120 9220 3040	TY. General Instruction Building General Instruction Building Conc Retaining Walls, Spec Fdn Conc Retaining Walls, Spec Fdn Bldg Pad Engr'd Fill, Spec Fdn Bldg Pad Engr'd Fill, Spec Fdn EMCS Connections	U/M SF SF LS CY LS CY	Qty 100,000 100,000 1,500	Unit Cost 260.93 260.93 	28989 Cost (\$000) (26,093) 26,093 (375) 375
General Series Control	Instru FACILI 7120 7120 7120 7120 8220 8040	General Instruction Building General Instruction Building General Instruction Building Conc Retaining Walls, Spec Fdn Conc Retaining Walls, Spec Fdn Bldg Pad Engr'd Fill, Spec Fdn Bldg Pad Engr'd Fill, Spec Fdn EMCS Connections	U/M SF SF LS CY LS CY	Qty 100,000 100,000 	Unit Cost 260.93 260.93 250.00	98989 Cost (\$000) (26,093) 26,093 (375) 375
PRIMARY : SENERAL. L. 0) 1° 1) 1° 2. 0) 1° 1) 3. 0) 1° 1) 4. 0) 83 1) 5. 0) 84 1) 5. 0) 00 1)	FACILI 7120 7120 7120 7120 9220 3040	TY. General Instruction Building General Instruction Building Conc Retaining Walls, Spec Fdn Conc Retaining Walls, Spec Fdn Bldg Pad Engr'd Fill, Spec Fdn Bldg Pad Engr'd Fill, Spec Fdn EMCS Connections EMCS Connections	U/M SF SF LS CY LS CY	Qty 100,000 100,000 1,500	Unit Cost 260.93 260.93 250.00	Cost (\$000) (26,093) 26,093 (375) 375
PRIMARY : GENERAL. L.O) 1" 1) 1" 2.O) 1" 1) 3.O) 1" 1) 4.O) 85 1) 5.O) 81 5.O) 00 1)	FACILI 7120 7120 7120 7120 9220 3040	General Instruction Building General Instruction Building Conc Retaining Walls, Spec Fdn Conc Retaining Walls, Spec Fdn Bldg Pad Engr'd Fill, Spec Fdn Bldg Pad Engr'd Fill, Spec Fdn EMCS Connections	SF SF LS CY LS CY	100,000 100,000 1,500	260.93 260.93 250.00	(\$000) (26,093) 26,093 (375) 375
GENERAL. 1.0) 1 ⁻¹ 1.0) 1 ⁻¹ 2.0) 1 ⁻¹ 1.0 1.0) 8 ⁻¹ 1.0 5.0) 8 ⁻¹ 5.0) 0 ⁻¹ 1.0	7120 7120 7120 7120 9220 3040	General Instruction Building General Instruction Building Conc Retaining Walls, Spec Fdn Conc Retaining Walls, Spec Fdn Bldg Pad Engr'd Fill, Spec Fdn Bldg Pad Engr'd Fill, Spec Fdn EMCS Connections	SF SF LS CY LS CY	100,000 100,000 1,500	260.93 260.93 250.00	(26,093) 26,093 (375) 375
GENERAL. 1.0) 1 [°] 2.0) 1 [°] 2.0) 1 [°] 3.0) 1 [°] 1.0 8 [°] 1.	7120 7120 7120 7120 9220 3040	General Instruction Building General Instruction Building Conc Retaining Walls, Spec Fdn Conc Retaining Walls, Spec Fdn Bldg Pad Engr'd Fill, Spec Fdn Bldg Pad Engr'd Fill, Spec Fdn EMCS Connections	SF SF LS CY LS CY	100,000 100,000 1,500	260.93 260.93 250.00	(26,093) 26,093 (375) 375
1.0) 1 1) 1 2.0) 1 1) 3.0) 1) 1 4.0) 89 1) 1 5.0) 84 1) 5.0) 5.0) 00 1) 1	7120 7120 7120 7120 9220 3040	General Instruction Building General Instruction Building Conc Retaining Walls, Spec Fdn Conc Retaining Walls, Spec Fdn Bldg Pad Engr'd Fill, Spec Fdn Bldg Pad Engr'd Fill, Spec Fdn EMCS Connections	SF SF LS CY LS CY	100,000 100,000 1,500	260.93 260.93 250.00	(26,093) 26,093 (375) 375
$\begin{array}{c c} 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 1^{*} \\ 1 & 3 & 0 & 1^{*} \\ \hline 1 & & & \\ 1 & & & \\ 1 & & & \\ 1 & & & \\ 5 & 0 & 88 \\ 1 & & \\ 5 & 0 & 88 \\ 1 & & \\ 5 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & & \\ \end{array}$	7120 7120 7120 9220 3040	Conc Retaining Walls, Spec Fdn Conc Retaining Walls, Spec Fdn Bldg Pad Engr'd Fill, Spec Fdn Bldg Pad Engr'd Fill, Spec Fdn EMCS Connections EMCS Connections	LS CY LS CY	 1,500	260.93 250.00	(375)
1) 1) 3.0) 1' 1) 4.0) 89 1) 5.0) 84 1) 5.0) 84 1) 5.0) 1) 10	7120 9220 3040	Conc Retaining Walls, Spec Fdn Bldg Pad Engr'd Fill, Spec Fdn Bldg Pad Engr'd Fill, Spec Fdn EMCS Connections EMCS Connections	CY LS CY	1,500	250.00	375
$\begin{array}{c c} -2 \\ \hline -2 \\ -2 \\ \hline -2$	7120 9220 3040	Bldg Fad Engr'd Fill, Spec Fdn Bldg Fad Engr'd Fill, Spec Fdn EMCS Connections EMCS Connections	LS CY			
1) 89 1,0) 89 1) 5.0) 88 1) 5.0) 00 1) 5.0) 00 1) 10 10	9220 3040	Bldg Pad Engr'd Fill, Spec Fdn EMCS Connections EMCS Connections	CY			(450)
1.0) 89 1) 5.0) 5.0) 81 1) 5.0) 5.0) 00 1) 10	9220 3040	EMCS Connections		15,000	30.00	450
1) 5.0) 88 1) 5.0) 00 1)	3040	EMCS Connections	LS			(80)
1) 5.0) 0(1)	3040		EA	160	500.00	80
$\frac{1}{5.0}$ 0(1)		IDS Connections	LS			(100)
1)	005	SDD and EPAct05	LS	100	1,000.00	(523)
	5005	SDD and EPAct05	LS			523
7.0) 81	3041	Antiterrorism Measures	LS			(1150)
1)		Blast Resistant Windows	SF	5,000	65.00	325
2)		Blast Harden Exterior Walls	SF	55,000	15.00	825
INFORMAT.	ION SY	STEMS. Ruilding Information Systems	LS			(1.400)
,		Building information systems				(1,400)
SUPPORTI	NG FAC	CILITIES.				
Electric	Servi	.ce	LS			(405)
1) 8.	1242	Vonnect to Exist Elec Line	LS			10
3) 8	1360	XFMR 1000 KVA	EA EA	1	43 841	24
4) 8:	1360	Manual Transfer Switch	EA	2	25,000	50
4) 8:	1241	Elec Overhead w/ Poles	LF	500	39.39	20
6) 8:	1242	UG Ducts 4-way-4"	LF	1,000	44.64	45
7) 8:	1242	Undergrnd Elec Conductors	LF	4,000	27.00	108
8) 8:	1242	Parking Lot Lighting	EA	30	3,500	105
ater, Se	ewer,	Gas Detable Nator Tar Ir	LS		E 000	(278)
2) 9	±∠⊥U 1210	Potable Water, Tap In Potable Water 6" PVC Sch 40	LF		5,000	<u> </u>
3) 8-	4210	Potable Water, 6" Valves	EA	4	1,500	6
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		EXAMPLE				
	ARMY	2010 98989CF P MCA (AS OF 10/25/20 LAF = 1.29 U	07 AT M=E	REVISION 17:05:39	DATE: 25) 25	OCT 2007 MAR 2007
Fort	Irwin					
Jalir	ornia					
Gener	al Instru	action Building				98989
			(>	0.5	Unit	Cost
			0714	Qty	Cost	(\$000)
as I	04220	Fine Duct Mater Ten In	17 A	- 1	F 000	
4)	84330	Fire Prot Water, Tap In	LE	2 500	39.00	5
5)	94330	Fire Prot Water, 8 FVC	EV	2,500	38.00	35
7)	83210	Sanitary Sever Tan In	EA	7	5,000	10
8)	83210	Sanitary Sewer, Tap In Sanitary Sewer Dining 8" DVC	LF	1 000	5,000	52
9)	83210	Conc Manholes PCST Over 8' Deep	LF	40	555	22
10)	82410	Gas Dist. Tap In	EA	1	3.500	4
11)	82410	Gas Dist Piping, 4"	LF	1.000	35.45	36
12)	82410	Gas Dist, 4" Valves	EA	4	1,500	6
Steam	And/Or (Chilled Water Dist	LS			(0)
Pavin	g. Walks	. Curbs and Gutters	LS			(508)
1)	85210	A/C Surface, 3"	SY	10,000	12.74	127
2)	85210	Base Course (Crushed Stone), 6"	SY	10,000	13.13	131
3)	85220	Concrete Pavers	SF	10,000	6.70	67
4)	85220	Sand Base Layer, 2"	SF	10,000	1.5	15
5)	85220	Concrete Sidewalk, 4'	SF	25,000	5	125
6)	85220	Base Course (Bank Run Gravel), 6'	SY	2,777	7.09	20
7)	85211	Curb/Gutter 6"x8"	LF	1,000	22.32	22
Storm	Drainage	e	LS			(159)
1)	87110	Connect to Exist Storm Drain Syst	EA	1	5,000	5
2)	87110	Concrete Reinf Piping, 18"	LF	2,000	47.79	96
3)	87110	Catch Basins	EA	20	1,200	24
4)	87110	Storm Drainage Manholes	EA	4	з,500	14
5)	87110	Concrete Drainage Swales	LF	1,000	20	20
Site	Improveme	ents/Demolition	LS			(969)
1)	93310	Remove 2" Bitum Pvmt	SY	1,000	19.70	20
1)	93310	Remove 4" Conc Pvmt	SY	500	21.01	11
2)	93310	Remove Conc Curb & Gutter	\mathbf{LF}	500	4.75	2
3)	93310	Remove Fire Hydrants	EA	2	650	1
4)	93310	Remove Water Line	LF	1,000	12	12
5)	93310	Demo Building Masonry D	SF	50,000	6.17	309
6)	93310	Demo Building Fdn & SOG D	SF	50,000	5	250
7)	93210	Site Grading	SY	14,250	1.71	24
8)	85225	Concrete Dumpster Pads	EA	1	2,500	3
9)		CMU Dumpster Enclosure	EA	1	10,000	10
10)		Courtyard Canopy Shade Structure	SF	1,500	50	75
11)	87210	Conc Retaining Walls, 15' High	LF	250	650	163
12)	93220	Seeding/Grass Hyd w/Fertilizer	SY	10,000	1.05	11
13)	93220	Trees	EA	30	150	5
	00000		I C'V	1 000	27 57	1 28
14)	93220	Haul and Spread Topsoll		1,000	27.37	20
14) 15)	93220 93220	Irrigation Sprinkler System	EA	1,000	35,000	35

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			"EXAMPLE"			
	ARMY	2010 MCA	98989CF P (AS OF 10/25/200 LAF = 1.29 UM	REVISION 7 AT 17:05:3 =E	DATE: 25 00 9) 25 MA	ET 2007 AR 2007
Fort I Califo	rwin ornia					
Genera	ıl Instru	action Building			989	989
				U/M Qty	Cost	Cost (\$000)
Antite	errorism	Measures		LS		(59)
1)	88042	Accent Bollards		EA 20	1,500	30
2)	88042	Boulders		EA 23	500	12
3)	88042	Turf Mounds 3'High		CY 500	35	18

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