CRD-C 650-95

Standard Method for Density and Percent Voids of Compacted Bituminous Paving Mixtures*

1. Scope.

This method of testing is used on either laboratorycompacted samples or samples taken from in-place pavements.

2. Apparatus.

2.1 Balance, 2-kg capacity, sensitive to 0.1 g.

2.2 Wire basket for weighing samples suspended in water.

2.3 Tank or bucket of sufficient capacity to completely immerse the sample in water.

3. Preparation of Specimens.

All specimens shall be marked for identification. Each specimen shall be air dried prior to testing.

4. Testing Procedures.

4.1 *Nonporous samples.* Determine the mass of the samples in air and in water and record the values in the appropriate spaces on a form such as that shown in Figure 2. The density can be determined by the following formula:

Specific gravity =
$$\frac{A}{A - B}$$

where

A = mass of specimen in air, g

B = mass of specimen in water, g

4.2 Porous samples. Samples having an open texture or porous surface (particularly the cut surface of some pavement cores and sawed samples) shall have their mass determined in air, then in water, and then in air again (after blotting excess water with cloth or paper towel) to correct for error in bulk volume caused by adsorption of the water. Record these values in the appropriate columns on a form such as Figure 1. The volume of the sample determined as shown in Figure 1 is then entered on a form similar to that shown in Figure 2 for use in the remaining calculations.

*Formerly MIL-STD-620A, Method 101, 13 January 1966.

5. Calculations.

Before the voids can be calculated, the specific gravity of both the aggregate and asphalt cement and the percentage of each must be known. Then the voids are calculated as follows:

$$Voids = 100 - \left(\frac{G}{H}\right) 100$$

where

G = specific gravity of compacted sample column G, Figure 2.

	WEIG	POROUS	OLUME DE BITUMINO	TERMINAT	TION FOR SLIG	HTLY				
JOB NO.:		PROJECT:	TYPIC	ALMIX		DATE: 4 JUNE 198				
SPECIMEN NUMBER	BITUMEN CONTENT	INITIAL WEIGHT IN AIR	WEIGHT IN WATER	SECOND WEIGHT	ABSORPTION	CORRECTED WEIGHT IN WATER	VOLUME			
		•	6	c	D (C - A)	E (8 - D)	р (А-Е)			
L-10-7	4.5	1,248.6	741.6	1,267.8	9.2	732.4	B18.2			
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		+								
	+	+		<u> </u>	<u> </u>					
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TECHNICIAN	DB		COMPUTER	JKS		ECKED: ATC				

Figure 1. Corrections for absorbed water in density calculation

JOS NO.: PROJECT:				DESCRIPT	ION OF BLE	ND:						DATE:					
UPFCMEN	BITUMEN	THERMESS	WEIGHT-CRANS		VOLUME ER CC	SPECIFIC GRAVITY		B TUNEN BY	VOIDS - PER CENT			UNIT BEICHT		STABLETY			FLOW
NO.	CONTENT - 4	IN.				ACTUAL	THEOR.	VOLUNE - 4	TO TAL MIR	ACG ONLY	FILLED	TOTAL MA AGGONLY		PR.RING WEASURED		LB	1/300
A	8	¢	0	E	Ŧ	6	Ŕ	I	. J.	- K	L		N	0		R	1
					10-61	(F)		\$7.58 (0) BIN-161	(100-100-9)	10	∦ ∙ко	G162.4	100-91 70				
	6.0		1231.0	717.4	\$13.6	2.397	Ι					1			1610	1610	10
2			1242.4	722.4	520.0	2.389									1760	1760	12
3	1		1223.5	710.5	513.0	2.385									1670	1670	10
AVE			_			2.390	2.565	9,3	6.8	16.1	57.8	149.1				1980	1
	4.5		1236.8	722.9	513.9	2.407									2060	2060	12
			1177 6	112.6	508.4	2.402							-	-	1990	2070	11
3			1232.5	720.9	511.6	2.409				-					1740	1740	10
Ave						2.406	2.545	10.5	5.5	16.0	65.6	150.1				1957	11
						2 / 20	 -							ł	1000	204.0	+.,
	- 5.0		1233 2	721.4	512.3	2.408					-	<u> </u>	· · · ·	+	1840	1840	tΰ
	+		1000.0	222.4	\$12.2	2 420	-						ł	+ - 1	1990	1990	1 12
AVE			1(39.9	.)27.0	514.5	2.416	2.525	11.8	- . .)-	18.1	73:17	150:8-				1963	12
						I				_							_
	5.5		1243.7	732.4	511.3	2.432				_					2165	2165	13
2			1245.3	/34.4	310.9	2.43/									2100	2100	14
3	-		1241.2	732.8	508.4	2.441									2220	23.9	T
AVE	1					2.437	2.506	13.0	2.8	15.8	82.3	152.1				2191	14
	1						İ						L	L			
** FROM CONVERSION TABLE				COMPUTED BY: RTG					CHECKED BY: RU								

Figure 2. Computation of properties of bituminous mixtures

H = theoretical maximum specific gravity as computed from Figure 3, column K, and recorded in column H, Figure 2.

Figure 3 shows typical data and calculations needed to compute the theoretical maximum specific gravity shown in Figure 2. Procedures for the specific gravity test on the individual components are given in ASTM C 127 for coarse aggregate, ASTM C 128 for fine aggregate, and ASTM D 70 for bituminous materials. The theoretical maximum specific gravity of the combined materials determined from test method ASTM D 2041 may also be used for the calculations of voids in the mixture. Method 105 or ASTM D 2041 is to be used for calculation of theoretical maximum specific gravity when the absorption of the entire blend of aggregate exceeds 2.5 percent.

6. Report.

A summary of computations, such as that shown in Figure 2, shall be prepared for all samples tested.

		THE	ORETICAL SPI	ECIFIC GRAVITY	r				
208 MO		PROJ	вст Туріса	al Mix	OATE	4 Jun 1983			
ORY AGO	TIONS		CENT ACTIONS	SPECIFIC DE	TION	ACTOR E			
	A		•	¢		P			
Coarse Agg	regate		19	1.761		6.882			
1				7 787					
Incertoria	te Maliegar			+	·	11.710			
Fine Aggre	gate		43	2.698	3	15.938			
Hineral Fi	ller		3	1.76	<u>د</u>	1.000			
				+					
					_				
				·					
					TOTAL (T. 36.)	624			
SPECIFIC C	SPECIFIC GRAVITY	AGGREGATE	= 100 = 100 36.622	<u>r 4 m</u>	0.1	THED. 5'G			
		-		· · · ·	+				
4.5	1.020	4.412	95.5	36.976	39.388	2.539			
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ASTM OPP.	rent sp. gr.	deteraina	tions for pr	occassed sample	28.				
So. gr. o	f apphalt.]	,020							
COMPUTED BY				CHECKED BY					

Figure 3. Computation of theoretical maximum specific gravity