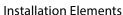
AL UDEID AIR BASE INSTALLATION FACILITIES STANDARDS (IFS)









Site Development



Facilities Exteriors



Facilities Interiors

2021

Al Udeid Air Base

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A. OVERVIEW

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Overview: http://afcfs.wbdq.org/index.html

This Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) document is part of the Air Force Corporate Facilities Standards (AFCFS) program to assist bases in implementing and maintaining facilities standards as appropriate for efficient operations within the respective climate region. IFS fully replaces, consolidates and simplifies existing facilities standards documents, such as the Architectural Compatibility Plan (ACP) or ACGs, FEPs, etc., and organizes information using the same structure, or Table of Contents, as the AFCFS website.

IFS reflects the AFCFS' concepts of "Facility Hierarchy" (categorizing facilities into group numbers) and "Facility Quality" (assigning an appropriate level of quality to each group number) and applies these principles at the base level. Applicable DoD and Air Force criteria such as UFCs, AFIs, Memoranda, and UFGSs (Guide Specs) are referenced and linked within IFS to ensure the document is always current.

Navigating within this IFS is efficient and straightforward. Please use the interactive Table of Contents to locate subject matter, and click on the title of a section to access it. From any page, click on the "Back to Table of Contents" footer to return. Content is organized into 4 major sections: Installation Elements, Site Development, Facilities Exteriors and Facilities Interiors.

This IFS document begins as a fill-in PDF form, which is fully editable, and becomes a "living document" that can be regularly updated by base-level personnel following a format that is consistent across the Air Force. While the format is standardized, IFS content is customized for base operations and the local climate to ensure mission success while emphasizing reduced maintenance and reduced initial costs, life-cycle costs, energy use, and water use.

- 1. Conformance to Air Force Corporate Facilities Standards (AFCFS) and Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) are required by Air Force Instruction (AFI) 32-1023 and Air Force Memorandum. Please refer to the AFCFS website for links to documentation on current policy.
- 2. Requests to deviate from any installation facilities standards, that are Unified Facilities Criteria (UFC) requirements, will follow the process outlined in the AFCFS for UFC waivers and exemptions.
- 3. All Air Force designs including Non-Appropriated Funds (NAF) facilities are required to conform to AFCFS per Air Force Instruction (AFI) 32-1023; AFCFS will be used to formulate Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) per the AFI. The Base Civil Engineer (BCE) maintains and implements the IFS.
- 4. Please refer to the AFCFS website as a portal to reference materials and requirements documents for design and construction projects (via links). Specific references to current DoD memoranda and Air Force criteria are updated periodically to provide the most current guidance and requirements. Programming, design and contract documents should list "current edition" for all reference and requirements documents. The documents in force at the date of execution of the design and/or construction contract shall be the governing version.
- 5. Advanced Modeling Requirements:
 For all Air Force projects requiring advanced modeling, to include 3D visualization, Building Information Modeling (BIM), facility data, quantity take-off, geospatial, etc., follow the Army standards. Refer to USACE Minimum Model Matrix (M3) and Project

data, quantity take-off, geospatial, etc., follow the Army standards. Refer to USACE Minimum Model Matrix (M3) and Project Execution Plan (PxP) which outline required model uses. Refer to <u>CAD BIM Technology Center (Contract Requirements)</u> for more information on M3 and PxP.

- 6. Joint Bases shall implement IFS under their Joint-Base designation with volume numbers for individual installations following the IFS Development Tool template. For example, for Joint Base Langley-Eustis, provide: Vol. 1 Langley AFB and Vol. 2 Fort Eustis.
- 7. References and Supplementary Documents listed in Appendix G are included in these Installation Facilities Standards by reference and are fully part of this document. Please refer to <u>Appendix G</u> for a listing of documents, which are available via hyperlink for viewing and downloading.
- 8. Installations outside the United States: Per UFC 1-200-01 DOD BUILDING CODE, 8 Oct 2019, "All construction outside of the United States is also governed by Status of Forces Agreements (SOFA), Host Nation Funded Construction Agreements (HNFA), and in some instances, Bilateral Infrastructure Agreements (BIA). Therefore, the acquisition team must ensure compliance with the most stringent of the UFC, the SOFA, the HNFA, and the BIA, as applicable." Refer to https://www.wbcg.org/ffc/dod/unified-facilities-criteria-ufc/ufc-1-202-01

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○ Applicable

N/A Small graphics do not apply



AUAB's Geographic Location Makes it an Ideal Hub for Logistics and Kinetic Operations in Support of the Region

A01. FACILITY HIERARCHY

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facility Hierarchy (and subsections): http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-hierarchy/index.html

A02. FACILITY QUALITY

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facility Quality (and subsections): http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-quality/index.html

A03. FACILITY DISTRICTS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facility Districts (and subsections): http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-districts/index.html

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Note: Apply the <u>base-wide standards</u> in this IFS for Installation Elements, Site Development, Facilities Exteriors and Facilities Interiors (products, materials, color, etc.). Following application of the base-wide standards, refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District.

B. INSTALLATION ELEMENTS

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Installation Elements: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/index.html

B01. COMPREHENSIVE PLANNING

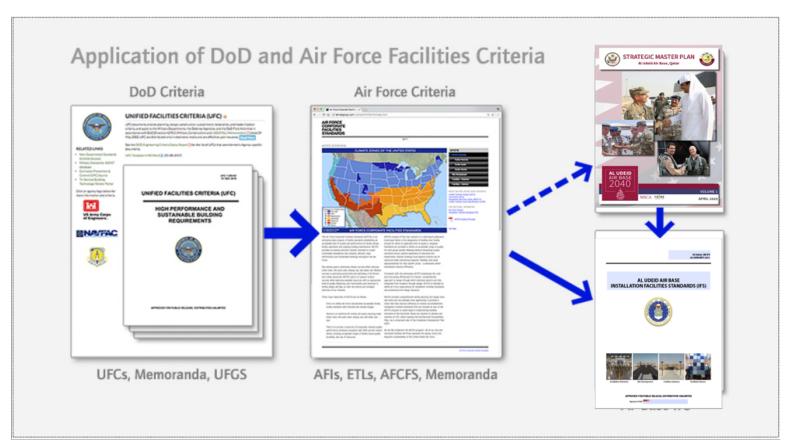
Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Comprehensive Planning: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/comprehensive-planning/index.html

B01.1. Installation Development Plan (IDP)

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

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Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply



Department of Defense, Department of the Air Force and Air Force Base Criteria

- 1. The Base Civil Engineer is responsible for developing, maintaining and implementing the installation's Master Planning documents and to ensure that the Installation Development Plan (IDP) is prepared, maintained, and implemented following AFI 32-7062.
- 2. Refer to the IDP for information on climate and weather and for demographics and related data.

B01.1.1. IFS Component Plan of IDP

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply

1. Maintain this Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) as a Component Plan of the base's Installation Development Plan (IDP).

B01.1.2. Brief History of Base

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

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Applicable

N/A Small graphics do not apply



An aerial view of Al Udeid Air base in 2004

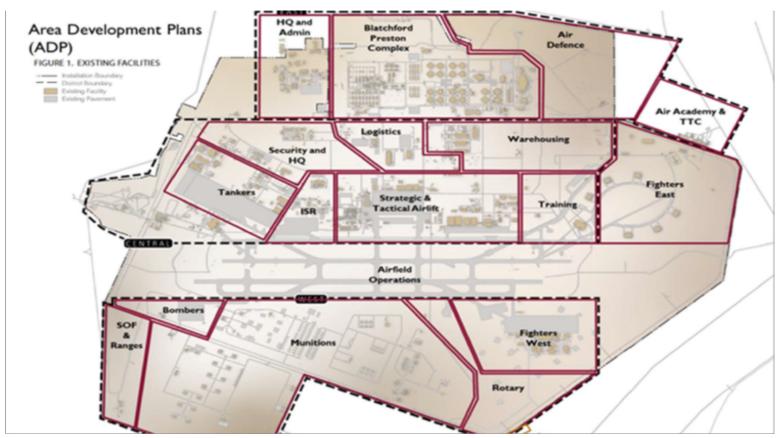
Al Udeid Air Base (AUAB) is a Qatar Air Base located 22 miles southwest of the capital city Doha in the State of Qatar. It is uniquely situated in the Gulf region to support Qatar, United States (US) and Coalition air operations. The installation was constructed by the Qatari military for U.S. forces in 1996 as a result of the Defense Cooperation Agreement (DCA) signed by Qatar and the United States following Operation Desert Storm in 1991. AUAB is the Headquarters for the Qatar Emiri Air Forces (QEAF) and Office of the Qatar Air Force Chief of Staff, with aerospace kinetic and defensive platforms including the F-15QA, AH-64 Apache, C-17 and C-130J, and PATRIOT air defense systems. Additionally, the Qatar Armed Forces are expanding rapidly because of a renewed strategic focus on military capabilities. Purchasing modern weapons systems, increasing training programs, and improving personnel and financial resource management are key tenets of their plans. AUAB is also a staging and operational base for the US Central Command (USCENTCOM) and US Air Force Central Command (USAFCENT). AUAB is home to the 379th Air Expeditionary Wing (AEW), one of the most diverse Air Wings in the US Air Force (USAF). AUAB serves as a regional warehousing center for supplies, equipment, and vital material in supporting current and future combat operations and humanitarian operations in multiple theaters. The installation size, its central location, and extent of infrastructure capability provides Qatar, US, and Coalition Forces an advantage difficult to replicate anywhere else in the world. These important allies and the QEAF have a symbiotic relationship supporting each other with fighter and air transport capabilities.

B01.1.3. Future Development

● Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

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Area Development Plans

Since the late 1990's, the base has developed under the control of the Qatari and Coalition Forces. There is a distinctive difference between Qatari and Coalition building designs as the two areas were developed independently. New building constructions for both the Coalition and Qatari areas have been standardized to keep the appearance uniform.

The State of Qatar has offered to fund significant capital improvements to modernize the base, improve quality of life, and provide new facilities designed to enhance coalition capacity building and interoperability. This offer will transform Al Udeid Air Base into a world-class operating location. This investment will be stewarded by the AUAB 2040 Strategic Master Plan (SMP). The AUAB 2040 SMP ensures all facilities adequately support new technologies and advanced systems. The vision is to support current and future U.S. missions and interoperability with Coalition and QEAF partners by providing adaptable, sustainable, and inviting facilities and networks with compact, community-focused areas that improve operations and quality of life. It is a multi-year, multi-billion dollar infrastructure and facility design-build (D-B) program transforming AUAB into the model military installation of the future.

Qatar funded a number of projects for the USAF prior to the SMP development. These projects include: 10 multi-story living quarters, two dining facilities, a Security Forces guard mount and armory, a base operating support facility, Blatchford Preston Complex (BPC) second entry control point (ECP), an information transfer node, and several utility upgrades.

B02. STREET ENVELOPE STANDARDS

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Installation Elements: http://afcfs.wbdq.org/installation-elements/index.html

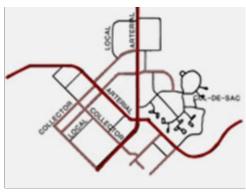
Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Street Envelope Standards: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/street-envelope-standards/index.html

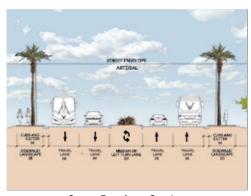
B02.1. Hierarchy of Streets

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Hierarchy of Streets

Street Envelope Section

- Develop and evolve a hierarchical transportation network of arterial, collector and local streets following UFC 3-201-01
 and Oatar Traffic Control Manual.
- 2. Provide consistent functionality throughout the installation and a level of visual quality relating to the adjacent Facility Group number.
- Routes along facilities in Group 1 may have materials, finishes and features with a higher visual quality than Groups 2 and
 Reduce maintenance requirements by installing highly durable materials and finishes in routes along Group 3 industrial facilities.
- 4. Create and maintain arterials with two lanes of traffic in each direction with landscaped or paved medians as applicable to the local climate and adjacent facility group designation / land use.
- 5. Minimize stops and turns along arterials. Eliminate on-street parking along arterials and provide on collector streets only on lower speed roadways such as residential streets.
- 6. Connect arterials to local streets with appropriately scaled collector streets.
- 7. Pedestrian crosswalks should be clearly defined at each intersection with solid white markings, contrasting pavers, or raised crosswalks/speed humps.
- 8. Provide appropriate landscape setbacks and pedestrian buffers along all streets.
- 9. Minimize and consolidate curb cuts along streets.
- 10. Ensure access for emergency and service vehicles.
- 11. Define bicycle traffic routes in the Installation Development Plan or its applicable component plans.
- 12. Define appropriate force protection features, site furnishings, signs, lighting, utilities, and paving in the IFS.

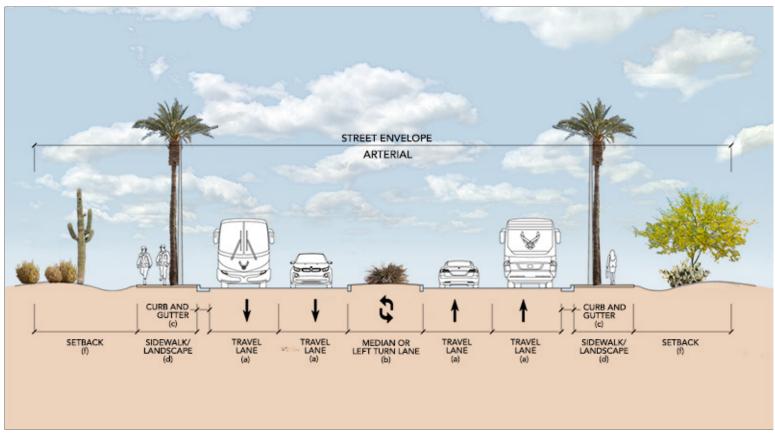
B02.1.1. Arterial Streets

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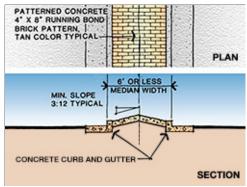
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Travel Lane (a): 12' Median (b): 12' Curb and Gutter (c): 2' Sidewalk / Landscape (d): 12') Setback (f): Min. 35' or per ATFP



Paved Median

1. Minimum arterial street dimensions shall be as follows:

(a) Travel Lane: 12'(b) Median: 12'

(c) Curb and Gutter: 2'(d) Sidewalk / Landscape: 12'

(e) Setback: 35' or per ATFP requirements.

2. Stops and turns should be minimized and on-street parking will not be allowed at any point along arterial streets.

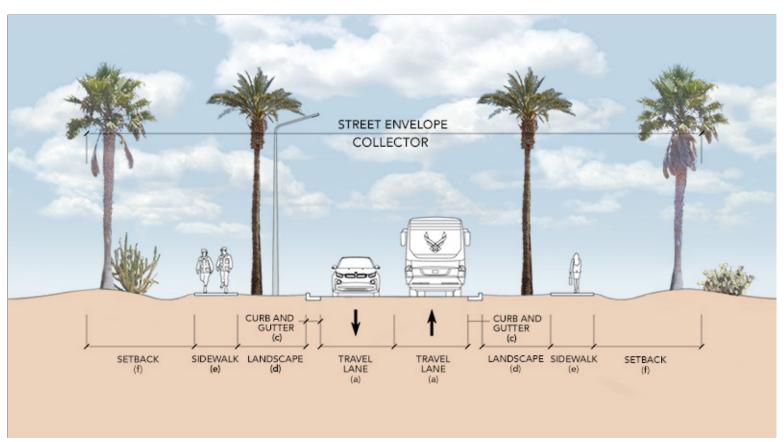
- Provide sidewalks on at least one side of arterial streets and both sides of arterial streets in developed areas. Provide a 6' buffer between the road and sidewalk where space allows.
- 4. Limit curb cuts on arterial streets to entries into major facilities, building groups and major parking areas.
- 5. Reinforce the importance of arterial streets with appropriate signs, plantings and street lighting.

B02.1.2. Collector Streets

● Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

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○ Applicable ● N/A Small graphics do not apply



Travel Lane (a): 12' Median (b): N/A Curb and Gutter (c): 2' Landscape (d): 10' Sidewalk (e): 6' Setback (f): Min. 35' or per ATFP

11. Minimum collector street dimensions shall be as follows:

(a) Travel Lane: 12'

(b) Median (if used): 12'(c) Curb and Gutter: 2'

(d) Landscape (if used): 15'

(e) Sidewalk: 6'

(f) Setback: 35' or per ATFP requirements

- 2. Frequent traffic stops and low speeds are permitted on collector streets.
- 3. Provide sidewalks on at least one side of collector streets and both sides of collector streets where functionally required. Buffers are preferred but not required on collector streets.
- 4. The use of on-street parking is discouraged. On-street parking will not be allowed within 20 feet (6.1 m) of an intersection. The minimum length for the first and last stall is 20 feet (6.1 m). The minimum length for each interior stall is

22 feet (6.7 m). Exception to SDDCTEA Pamphlet 55-17: The minimum width for all passenger vehicle stalls is 8 feet (2.4 m).

5. Signs, plantings and street lighting should reinforce the designation of "collector" street.

B02.1.3. Local Streets

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



BPC Local Street

1. Minimum Local street dimensions shall be as follows:

a. Travel Lane: 12'b. Median: N/Ac. Curb and Gutter 1.5'

d. Landscape (If used): 15'

e. Sidewalk: 6'

f. Setback (f): 15' or per ATFP requirements

- 2. Frequent traffic stops and low speeds are permitted on local streets.
- 3. Provide sidewalks on at least one side of local streets and both sides of local streets where functionally required. Buffers are preferred but not required on local streets.
- 4. On-street parking may be allowed following UFC industry references.
- 5. Signs, plantings and street lighting should reinforce the designation of "local" street.

B02.1.4. Special Routes

Applicable • N/A Large graphics do not apply

Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply

1. Develop all special routes consistently with those adjacent to Group 1 facilities.

B02.2.	Hiera	rchy of In	tersections
○ Appl	icable	● N/A	Large graphics do not apply
○ Appl	icable	● N/A	Small graphics do not apply
1.			chy of intersections to include arterial, arterial-collector, collector, collector-local and local following UFC industry references.
2.			such as traffic circles are preferred to active systems such as signalized intersections. Aggressively pursue to lower maintenance requirements and reduce energy use.
3.			rual quality for an intersection equal to the quality found in the related streetscape, which corresponds to cility Group number.
B02.2.	1. Arto	erials	
○ Appl	icable	● N/A	Large graphics do not apply
○ Appl	icable	● N/A	Small graphics do not apply
1.	includ	ded when r	ections adjacent to Group 1, landscaping of native grasses and shrubs may be provided; trees may be maintenance and non-potable irrigation is available. Monuments and static displays may be integrated rsection designs.

B02.2.2. Arterial/Collector

○ Applicable	● N/A	Large graphics do not apply
○ Applicable	● N/A	Small graphics do not apply

1. At arterial/collector intersections adjacent to Group 1, landscaping of native grasses and shrubs may be provided; trees may be included when maintenance and non-potable irrigation is available.

B02.2.3. Collectors

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Roundabout

1. At collector intersections adjacent to Group 1, landscaping of native grasses and shrubs may be provided; trees may be included when maintenance and non-potable irrigation is available. Intersections adjacent to Group 2 may be developed similarly, but with less detailing.

B02.2.4. Special Intersections

- Applicable

 N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
 - 1. Develop all special intersections consistently with those adjacent to Group 1 facilities.

B02.2.5. Street Frontage Requirements

- Applicable

 N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
 - 1. Consistently maintain open space buffers following B03.2.3. Preserves.
 - 2. Refer to C06.1.7. Streetscape Landscaping for planting and screen wall requirements along street frontage.

B02.2.6. Sight Lines

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable

 N/A Small graphics do not apply

1. Provide adequate sight lines for an effective and safe traffic operation per American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) standards and host nation municipality guidelines, Qatar Traffic Control Manual.

B02.3. Street Elements

Applicable	● N/A	Large graphics do not apply
○ Applicable	● N/A	Small graphics do not apply

- 1. Emulate the streetscape area's pre-development hydrology using passive and active design features to help sustain the adjacent regionally appropriate landscape.
- 2. Employ systems, materials and techniques to maximize streetscape sustainability.
- 3. Install at-grade curbing and/or raised-profile curb and gutter as applicable. Do not paint concrete curbing.
- 4. Provide all on-site utility service lines and equipment below grade when adjacent to Facility Group 1. In routes along Group 2 and 3, when mounting elements such as utility cabinets, communications equipment and water valves above grade is unavoidable, paint these consistently and provide visual screening following Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).
- 5. Provide traffic control devices including access control point/entry control facility signs, speed limit signs and street name signs following the current edition of the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) per UFC 3-120-01 and Qatar Traffic Control Manual.
- 6. Crosswalk markings will follow the MUTCD for Streets and Highways, current edition. Provide white markings that define the edges of the crosswalk or a tone of lines defining the area of the crosswalk consistent with common practices found in the adjacent municipality.
- 7. Follow UFC 3-120-01 for directional and wayfinding signs and address both vehicular and pedestrian traffic.
- 8. Reduce energy consumption and reduce maintenance requirements by providing street lighting only when functionally required to ensure safety and to address antiterrorism following UFC 4-010-01. Ensure the quality and quantities of lighting and fixtures are appropriate for the adjacent Facility Group number.

B02.3.1. Paving

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



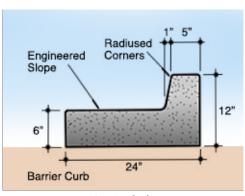
BPC street

- Pavement design will comply with UFC 3-250-01. Ensure appropriate analysis and design of subgrade conditions to promote low maintenance, high performance pavements. Apply all applicable best practices from Appendix B of the UFC.
- 2. Materials will be specified in accordance with UFC 3-250-01 and must conform to requirements set forth in the Unified Facility Guide Specifications (UFGS) for concrete and bituminous pavement.

B02.3.2. Curb and Gutter

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable \(\cap \) N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Engineered Slope Radiused Corners 6" 24" Mountable Curb

Barrier Curb

- Mountable Curb
- 1. Curb all streets except remote/isolated roads and rock-paved service roads. Use concrete curb and gutter when overland flow cannot be achieved; to extend curb or curb and gutter from an adjacent facility; or to confine traffic per UFC 3-201-01.
- 2. All streets should have integral concrete curbs and gutters. Painted curbs are prohibited because they are very difficult to maintain.

3. Use concrete for sidewalks and curbs. Do not use asphalt curbs.

B02.3.3. Utility Service Elements

- Applicable

 N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
 - 1. Provide all utility service lines below grade when streets are adjacent to Facility Group 1; when mounting elements (such as utility cabinets, communications equipment and water valves) above grade is unavoidable, paint these consistently and provide visual screening following Site Development, Landscaping.
 - 2. Overhead service lines along streets adjacent to Facility Groups 1, 2 and 3 are discouraged.

B02.3.4. Traffic Signs

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
 - 1. Refer to Exterior Signs, Colors and Types for Traffic Control Devices, which includes signs.

B02.3.5. Street Lighting

- Applicable

 N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 2

Image Tool 250 x 188







Local Street Lighting

1. Refer to the Lighting section for appropriate applications along streets.

B02.3.6. Other

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Speed Table or Speed Hump

- 1. Speed tables are midblock traffic calming devices that raise the entire wheelbase of a vehicle to reduce its traffic speed. Speed tables are longer than speed humps and flat-topped, with a height of 4 inches and a length of 22 feet. Vehicle operating speeds for streets with speed tables range from 30-40 kph, depending on the spacing.
- 2. Speed tables may be used on collector streets and/or transit and emergency response routes. Where applied, speed tables may be designed as raised midblock crossings, often in conjunction with curb extensions.
- 3. Refer to Traffic Calming ePrimer Safety published by Federal Highway Administration. For Raised Crosswalks
- 4. For Crosswalks Marking refer to Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) 2009 Rev.1 Published 2012 Section 3B.178 Crosswalk Markings.

B03. OPEN SPACE / PUBLIC SPACE

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Installation Elements: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Open Space / Public Space: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/open-space-public-space/index.html

B03.1. Plazas, Monuments and Static Displays

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
 - 1. Natural features and culturally or historically significant features or events may be recognized and acknowledged with physical elements such as plazas, monuments and static displays. However, limit these elements on the base to ensure judicious use of resources and to reduce ongoing maintenance requirements.
 - 2. Design highly durable plazas, monuments and static displays with a level of quality comparable to Facility Group 1.
 - 3. Link plazas, monuments and static displays to the pedestrian circulation system. Install landscaping, site furnishings and lighting appropriate for the application and local climate following Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).

Select systems, products and materials for paving, walls, and structures following IFS. **B03.1.1. Paved Plazas** Large graphics do not apply ○ Applicable ○ N/A Small graphics do not apply 1. Mitigate heat island effect by providing high-albedo, shaded plazas. Pervious pavers will be used on all plazas and courtyards in Facility Groups 1 and 2; use pervious concrete in Groups 3. The designer will incorporate appropriate expansion and construction joints. 2. Pavers will match the color of pavers used on adjacent sidewalks using base standard range of earth tones colors. Bricks used on plazas will typically be 4" x 8" size. **B03.1.2. Sculptures, Markers and Statuary** Large graphics do not apply Small graphics do not apply 1. Relate new sculpture, markers and statuary to the base's architectural design theme. Generally limit these elements to frequently used locations adjacent to Facility Group 1 and highly traveled community pedestrian spaces. 2. Consider entry gates as possible sites for new displays. 3. All proposed memorials will follow AFI 36-3108 Awards and Memorialization Program and be limited to highly deserving individuals or groups as deemed appropriate by the installation leadership. Living memorials (tree plantings / etc.) are discouraged due to added maintenance requirements. When sculpture requires a base, match the materials and / or color palette of adjacent buildings. Use direct or indirect lighting to accentuate features or enhance an intended effect. 6. Ensure that all sculpture, markers and statuary are honorable and inspiring, provide a sense of place, positively contribute to the base's visual quality, and encourage pride for the community and the US Air Force.

B03.1.3. Static Display of Aircraft

Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not applyApplicable ● N/A Small graphics do not apply

- 1. Follow IFS base-wide standards for all elements of the display area with specific attention to traffic sight lines, pedestrian circulation, site furnishings, signs, and lighting. Address requirements for the Facility District as well.
- 2. Generally locate concrete base/foundation structures for static displays below grade.
- 3. At static displays where pedestrian paths are provided, a minimum of one trash receptacle and one bench will be provided. Receptacle and bench design must conform to IFS requirements.

B03.2. Grounds and Perimeters

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not applyApplicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
 - 1. Provide formal spaces for recreational areas and parks following the base's Installation Development Plan (IDP) and Installation Facilities Standards (IFS). Refer to the Site Furnishings topic for additional information.
 - 2. Maintain preservation areas following the IDP and IFS.
 - 3. Comply with UFC 4-010-01 DoD Minimum Antiterrorism Standards for Buildings, UFC 4-022-02 Selection and Application of Vehicle Barriers and UFC 4-022-03 Security Fences and Gates for all elements associated with the base's gates and perimeter fence.
 - 4. Identify and describe base-wide utility corridors in the IDP.
 - 5. Base-wide utility infrastructure will be inconspicuous. Bury utility service lines below grade when adjacent to Facility Group 1 and when economically feasible for Facility Groups 2, and 3. When service lines are located above grade, create an ordered, coordinated appearance.
 - 6. Follow the requirements of this IFS regarding all utility structures and service lines located above grade that visually impact the installation.
 - 7. Where screening of utility equipment and structures is provided, allow adequate and proper clearance for safety and maintenance.
 - 8. Reduce visual clutter and visual impact of the following items through a combination of careful placement, screen walls, landscaping and painting:
 - Electrical switch-stations
 - Sewage lift stations
 - Water well pumps, storage tanks and/or related structures
 - Gas piping, meters and similar incidental items
 - Above ground fuel storage tanks
 - Any ground-mounted freestanding utility item exposed to view
 - 9. Larger structures such as electrical switch-stations, sewage lift stations, fuel storage tanks and mechanical/electrical equipment will be screened from view, using materials, forms, and colors in the screen walls that match those respective design elements present at adjacent buildings.
 - 10. Maintain existing buried utility service lines as a visual asset.
 - 11. Bury the following exposed above-grade items in future projects when economically feasible:
 - Electrical power grid and service lines
 - Telephone lines
 - Cable TV lines
 - Communications lines
 - Exterior lighting service lines
 - Any similar system of above-ground lines serving the base
 - 12. Consolidate and enclose service utility lines in underground utility corridors when feasible. Create routes along the inside edge of parking lot islands.
 - 13. All development of open space requires prior coordination and approval from 379 ECES.

B03.2.1. Parade Grounds Large graphics do not apply Small graphics do not apply 1. Follow UFC 3-201-02, Appendix B for the planning and design process and criteria for parade grounds. Establish and maintain parade grounds only where there is a confirmed need and provide landscape materials appropriate for the locale following IFS. 3. Bleachers may be installed only when there is a documented requirement at parade grounds. Nonferrous metals that do not require painting or ongoing maintenance are preferred. The Base Civil Engineer will determine quantities, sizes, and products on a case basis. B03.2.2. Parks Large graphics do not apply Small graphics do not apply 1. Bleachers may be installed only when there is a documented requirement at parks and fields for recreational events. Follow guidance under Parade Grounds. 2. Picnic pavilions may be provided in parks where there is a documented need. Prohibited picnic pavilion materials include wood, concrete masonry units (CMU) or metal pre-manufactured storage sheds. Use only materials and detailing that are low maintenance and endure with minimal weathering. When picnic pavilions are permitted near facilities, generally match the architecture of the adjacent facility and provide a level of quality of the adjacent facility group number. **B03.2.3. Preserves** ○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply ○ Applicable ● N/A Small graphics do not apply 1. Preserve areas adjacent to runways, taxiways, aprons, golf course roughs, storage areas, antenna facilities, and ammunition storage areas as open space. 2. Provide minimal maintenance for controlling bird behavior for airfield safety or eliminating fire hazards. **B03.2.4. Perimeter Fence** ○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply ○ Applicable ● N/A Small graphics do not apply

- 1. Design, install and maintain the base's perimeter fence following UFC 4-022-03.
- 2. Stringently comply with ATFP requirements following UFC 04-010-01 for all spaces adjacent to the base's perimeter fence and all gates.
- 3. Fencing, gates and other elements that are associated with the main gates will be a level of quality equivalent to Facility Group 1.
- 4. Maintain a positive visual quality along the traffic corridor on both sides of the main gates. Specifically address pedestrian access, circulation and common areas.

C. SITE DEVELOPMENT

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

C01. SITE DESIGN

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Design / NEPA: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/site-design-nepa/index.html

C01.1. Site Design Considerations

Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Hot and Humid

Lightning

High Wind

- 1. Collect documentation to validate approvals and completion of the NEPA process.
- 2. Ensure site design compliance with the Installation Development Plan (IDP) and its component plans and Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).
- 3. Promote integrated design with on-site solutions such as engineered small-scale hydrologic controls versus base-wide infrastructure; consider open space, natural features, building roofs, streets, and paved surfaces.
- 4. Limit the impact of development on land and water resources. All site elements and infrastructure will reinforce an image of sustainability, with reduced energy demand, renewable-energy usage, and water conservation.
- 5. Consider energy conservation during site design for the following categories: building and site lighting, auxiliary systems and equipment (refrigerators, elevators, etc.), building envelope, electric power and distribution, HVAC systems and equipment, service hot water, and energy management (metering, EMCS).
- 6. Coordinate on-site renewable-energy systems and components to minimize area requirements and maximize efficiencies. Appropriately buffer and screen these and other mechanical systems and equipment.
- 7. New building projects should preserve open space and protect natural habitat.
- 8. Conform to existing topography to the greatest extent possible and use slopes to increase site and building efficiencies. Design sites to minimize irrigation and impacts to stormwater runoff.
- 9. Carefully study new project sites to identify the character of adjacent buildings, streets, landscaping, and site design elements. Reinforce the existing character in new site design.

- 10. Consider relationships to adjacent facilities and district / centralized heating and cooling infrastructure and cost effectively connect building systems to harvest heat, grey water or other beneficial byproducts.
- 11. Minimize existing and planned obstructions from landscaping, structures, topography, and adjacent developments to preserve solar access and natural ventilation.
- 12. Purposefully integrate service access, receiving and storage areas to eliminate the need for visual screening.
- 13. Appropriately connect to the base network of streets, sidewalks and trails using drive aisles, parking areas, walkways, paths, and bicycle routes addressing both vehicles and pedestrians.
- 14. Applicably coordinate heat island mitigation in paving and roof designs when implementing an integrated approach to stormwater management.
- 15. Consider the location of "Designated Tobacco Areas."

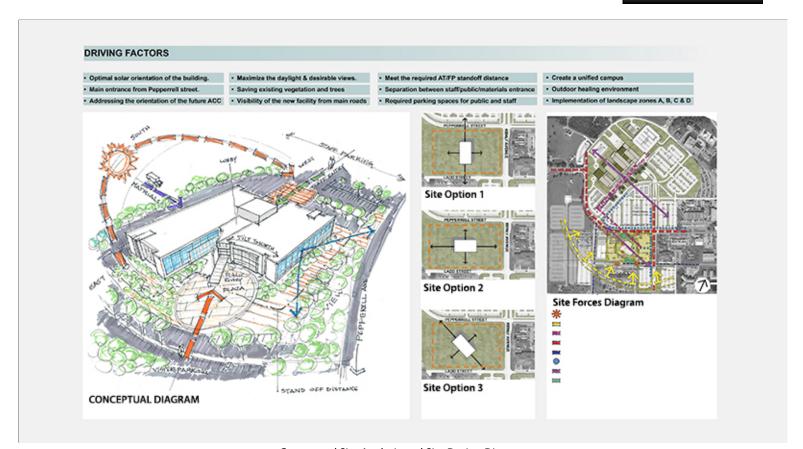
C01.2. Building Orientation

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

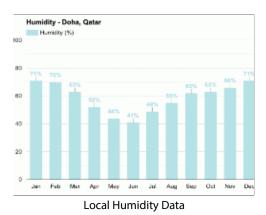
Image Tool 800 x 440

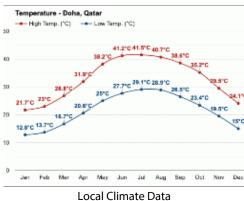
♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 6

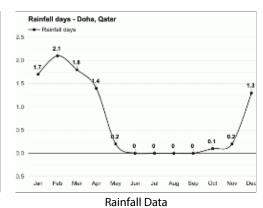
Image Tool 250 x 188

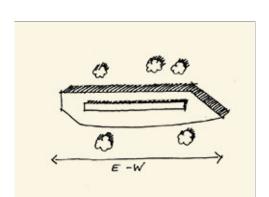


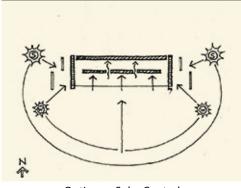
Conceptual Site Analysis and Site Design Diagram

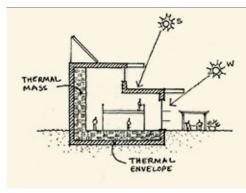












East-West Axis

Optimum Solar Control

Maximized Shading

- 1. Ensure the site will accommodate optimum requirements for building orientation, which is with the long axis parallel to the east/west direction for rectilinear OCONUS buildings.
- 2. Meet Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) requirements for the locations of the building's passive and renewable-energy systems --including geothermal and solar systems --and exterior shading systems.
- Locate the building(s) and permitted ancillary structures to promote solar gain, solar shading, natural ventilation, rainwater harvesting, wind buffering and other beneficial passive systems. Consider natural ventilation during the design of HVAC systems.
- 4. Consider relationships to adjacent sites and their facilities and infrastructure, and cost effectively integrate building systems to harvest heat, grey water or other beneficial byproducts.
- 5. Consider the "public side" of the building, its views and the location of the main entrance.

C02. UTILITIES

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Utilities: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/utilities/index.html

C02.1. Utility Components

- Applicable

 N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
 - 1. Provide all on-site utility service lines below grade for Facility Group 1; when mounting elements (such as utility cabinets, communications equipment and water valves) above grade is unavoidable, paint these consistently and provide visual screening following Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).
 - 2. Provide installation of utility infrastructure to support near term and future electric vehicle charging stations.
 - 3. Define all service entry points into the building and route distribution below grade into an interior space within the facility; exposed conduits, cables and wires on exterior walls are not permitted for Facility Group 1.
 - 4. Include consideration of appropriate placement of meters in support of Automated Revenue Management Services (ARMS).
 - 5. Limit exterior mechanical distribution systems such as exterior steam, chilled water, and hot water distribution to Group 3 facilities; when required for Group 1 and 2 facilities integrate with the architecture and provide visual screens following IFS.
 - 6. Direct roof drainage to underground collection when feasible or provide splash blocks / paved channels to intercept roof drainage at grade.

C03. PARKING AREAS

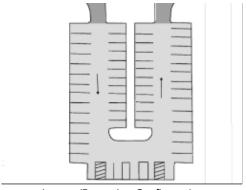
Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Parking Areas: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/parking-areas/index.html

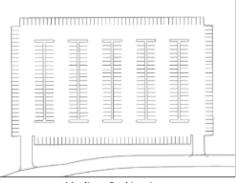
C03.1. Configurations and Design

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

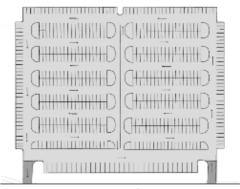
Image Tool 250 x 188







Medium Parking Lot



Large Parking Lot for BPC Gym

1. Evaluate adjacent sites and cost-effectively consolidate parking areas to maximize efficient use; ensure that all areas meet accessibility guidelines.

- 2. Generally envision on-site parking as a series of small connected singular areas selectively placed around the facility served, rather than a single large area; buffer parking areas from the facility main entrance with a transition space and provide drop-offs to decrease close-in parking. Comply with IFS standards while meeting ATFP requirements.
- 3. Define pedestrian access with approved hardscape and provide shading along the primary path from the parking area to the building's main entrance of the building.
- 4. Coordinate suitable landscape or barriers integrated with walls and fences to ensure adequate force protection.
- 5. Accessible parking spaces will be marked according to UFC 3-120-01 and its references in Architectural Barriers Act Accessibility Standard (ABAAS), Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) and Qatar Traffic Control Manual.
- 6. Consider locations and requirements of near term and future electric vehicle charging stations.
- 7. Reserved parking is discouraged except for Facility Group 1 and Group 2.
- 8. Provide stone or concrete curbs at all islands.
- 9. On-street parking is discouraged except in multi-use areas. When used, provide approved on-street parking configurations following UFC 3-201-01.
- 10. Parking areas should be set back from streets a minimum of 20 ft (6 m). DoD setbacks for AT/FP require 33 ft of distance between inhabited buildings and parking and roads
- 11. Access and service drives should accommodate the largest vehicle serving the facility.

C03.1.1. Paving and Striping

- Applicable

 N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Parking Lot Paving and Striping

Facility Group 1 paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary:

Facility Group 3 paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Bituminous pavement/Asphaltic Concrete Concrete where operationally required

Secondary: Concrete

Secondary: **Asphaltic Concrete**

Accent: Permeable pavers Accent: N/A

Facility Group 2 paving materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 4 paving materials shall be as follows.

Bituminous pavement; interlocking pavers Primary:

N/A Primary:

Secondary: N/A Secondary: N/A

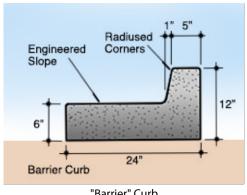
Accent: N/A Accent: N/A

- 1. All new parking lots in Groups 1 and 2 will be constructed of bituminous pavement following UFC 3-250-01.
- 2. Porous paving may be considered on a case by case basis.
- 3. Cost-effectively provide light-colored concrete to reduce heat island effect; otherwise install bituminous pavement. Dirt, gravel, and grass lots are not permitted.
- 4. Use consistent striping, angles and stall sizes in all parking areas.
- 5. All parking will be marked with contrasting pavers, white stripes of paint or applied vinyl coatings. Red or yellow markings will only be used for safety purposes and must be kept to a minimum. All lines will be four inches (4") wide.

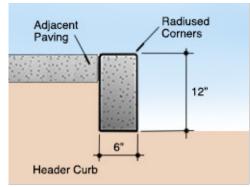
C03.1.2. Curbing

Large graphics do not apply

Applicable \(\cap \text{N/A} \) Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3 Image Tool 250 x 188



Engineered Slope Radiused Corners 12" 6" 24" Mountable Curb



"Barrier" Curb

"Mountable" Curb

Header Curb

Facility Group 1 curbing / edging materials shall be as follows.		Facility Group 3 curbing / edging materials shall be as follows.			
Primary:		Concrete		Primary:	Concrete
Secondar	ry:	N/A		Secondary:	N/A
Accent:		N/A		Accent:	N/A
Facility G	irou	p 2 curbing /	edging materials shall be as follows.	Facility Grou	up 4 curbing / edging materials shall be as follows.
Primary:		Concrete		Primary:	N/A
Secondar	ry:	N/A		Secondary:	N/A
Accent:		N/A		Accent:	N/A
1.	All	•	arking lots with either raised- profile or atwill be the rolled (mountable) type.	-grade curbing	to promote drainage and protect paving edges.
2.	pol	Wheel stop les, signs or p		nere vehicle bu	mpers could contact adjacent items such as
C03.1.	.3. lı	nternal Isla	nds and Medians		
○ Арр	licak	ole	Large graphics do not apply		
○ Арр	licak	ole	Small graphics do not apply		
1.	of p	Provide sto pavement.	ne or concrete curbs at all islands to articu	ılate vehicular	circulation, and visually break up large expanses
2.	 Do not place ornamental features and small landscape areas, which obstruct views and create clutter, within the right of way of drives and entrances. Coordinate suitable landscape or barriers integrated with walls and fences to ensure adequate force protection. 				
3.		When lighti	ng is necessary, contain fixture bases with	nin medians or	internal islands.
		rking Struc			
() Арр	licak	ole N/A	Large graphics do not apply		
ОАрр	licak	ole N/A	Small graphics do not apply		
1.	Par	king structu	res are encouraged in land-constrained lo	cations when e	economically feasible.
2.	Consider opportunities for integrating parking structures into multi-use developments with pedestrian-oriented uses located on the ground floor and parking on upper levels; ensure ATFP guidelines are fully addressed.				

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C03.3. Connectivity

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
 - 1. Refer to 2040 Qatari Development of Al Udeid plan (QDA) for locations of transit stops and pedestrian and cycling networks; provide appropriately sized sidewalks and bike paths to connect facilities and users to these networks.
 - 2. Provide amenities such as rain and shade shelters, trees, and benches to encourage and facilitate use of public transportation.
 - 3. Evaluate the QDA for the current and planned network of roads and optimally develop vehicular access to and from the site.

C04. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Stormwater Management: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/stormwater-management/index.html

C04.1. Stormwater Requirements

Applicable	● N/A	Large graphics do not apply
○ Applicable	● N/A	Small graphics do not apply

- 1. Design all stormwater systems including retention ponds, detention areas, channels, etc. as on-site amenities that are consistent with natural systems and drainage patterns, that help sustain the base landscape with beneficial functionality and that provide aesthetic appeal; coordinate with the base Stormwater Management Plan.
- 2. Stormwater runoff typically discharges via overland flow over existing terrain to detention ponds and areas of lower elevation; existing soil conditions provide minimal infiltration rates. Stormwater is generally detained onsite and evaporates over time or is pumped, hauled, discharged, and detained elsewhere onsite as needed to minimize the impact to facilities and populated, high traffic, or storage areas. The amount of runoff is greatly impacted by the impermeable nature of the soil, the lack of natural slope, and the quantity of improved surfaces, particularly near the airfield.
- 3. Investigate the feasibility of combining the future grey-water system with the stormwater discharge system to optimize reuse potentials, such as irrigation and dust abatement.
- 4. When underground drainage systems are required establish a maintenance program to include removal of sediments and debris; inspect joints seasonally for alignment to prevent leakage and the development of voids and surface failures.
- 5. Cost-effectively integrate stormwater systems with ATFP measures.

C05. SIDEWALKS, BIKEWAYS AND TRAILS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

C05.1. Circulation and Paving

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Stone Paver Interlocking Paver Concrete

Facility Group 1 sidewalks, plazas, and courtyards paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Stone Paver and concrete Edging

Secondary: Pervious Pavers

Accent: N/A

Facility Group 2 sidewalks, plazas, and courtyards paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Concrete Paving

Secondary: Concrete Edging

Accent: N/A

Facility Group 3 sidewalks, plazas, and courtyards paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Concrete Paving

Secondary: N/A

Accent: N/A

Facility Group 4 sidewalks, plazas, and courtyards paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: N/A

Secondary: N/A

Accent: N/A

- Maintain efficient geometry and accessibility to connect building entrances to adjacent parking areas and activity areas
 and to the base transportation system following ATFP. Efficiently use materials to optimize life-cycle costs and to
 minimize maintenance.
- 2. Generally conform horizontal layouts of sidewalks to the geometric configuration of adjacent buildings, streets, parking lots, and other adjacent related site amenities. Occasional meanders and/or jogs may be included to capture views, to coordinate with landscaping or accommodate site constraints.
- 3. Walks in parking areas will provide a direct path using "safe islands" and "peninsulas" to encourage safety. Walks parallel to streets will follow streetscape guidelines. Clearly mark pedestrian crossings at vehicular routes.
- 4. Sidewalks may consist of portland cement concrete, bituminous concrete (asphalt), solid pavers, permeable pavers, or pervious concrete. The minimum thickness of PCC concrete sidewalks is 4 inches (100 mm). Provide bituminous sidewalks with a minimum 4 inches (100 mm) thick base and a 1 inch (25 mm) thick bituminous surfacing.

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- 5. Consider an integrated approach that could include stormwater management (permeable surfaces) and complement the design of the storm drainage system when appropriate.
- 6. Pedestrian paths should be at least 4' in width to allow for comfortable side-by-side walking.
- 7. Develop jogging/biking trails as part of the site development. Separate sidewalks from vehicular traffic wherever possible. Replace Jersey barriers with bollards or retractable bollards for maintenance access.
- 8. Sidewalks leading to a building main entrance and at the interior of parking lots will be a minimum width of 6'. Walks greater than 10' wide may be used at high-density pedestrian areas where volumes of traffic justify added material.
- 9. Where vehicles park adjacent and head-in to the sidewalk and wheel stops are not used, such perimeter walks will be increased to a minimum width of 8' to accommodate overhangs of the parked vehicles.
- 10. All sidewalks will have positive drainage to prevent ponding of water with slopes ranging from 2.1% to 4.2%. Walks with a slope greater than 4.2% will be designed as ramps following accessibility guidelines. All walks will have a minimum cross slope of 2.1%.
- 11. Pavers will conform to the following range of color grey(concrete)/brown (interlock)/black (asphalt pavement). Pavers used on walks will typically be 6 ft in size per UFC 3-201-01 Pedestrian Circulation.
- 12. Connect to the bicycle circulation system and provide bicycle parking with a suitable means for securing bicycles.
- 13. Speed humps and tables shall be properly designed and installed to reduce the chance of physical injuries and allow unimpeded bicycle travel for cyclists. Refer to IFS B02.3.6 for speed table or hump design consideration.
- 14. Bicycle path shall be 10' wide multi-use paved and curbed path physically separated from vehicular traffic. Amenity strip that strengthens separation and provides room for existing utilities and native plant buffer.
- 15. No disturbance to existing roads or light fixtures. Provide trees for shade and physical buffer between road and bicycle path where possible. Where space does not allow a separate path, existing roads shall be sized and striped to accommodate a dedicated bike path.

C05.1.1. Ramps and Stairs

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



LRS Loading Ramp

1. If required, ramps and stairs shall be concrete for most applications and should remain unpainted whenever possible. Where steps are unavoidable, follow UFC 1-200-01 and its references to the International Building Code.

- 2. Due to the relative flat terrain of Al Udeid, the use of exterior stairs and ramps are minimized. Currently the majority of the stairs are attached to the semi-permanent prefabricated buildings due to the raised floor construction.
- 3. For future permanent facilities, all stairs and ramps shall conform to ADAAG and UFAS standards. Ramp and stair treads shall have non-slip surfaces with a coefficient of friction meeting code standards. Locate and configure ramps and stairs in minimally obtrusive locations, while providing ease of access to buildings.
- 4. Ramps and stairs shall be concrete for most applications and should remain unpainted whenever possible. Only existing painted concrete surfaces should be repainted. Construct stairs and ramps using local aggregates and finishes.

C05.1.2. Lighting

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Street Lighting

- 1. Provide lighting for all stairs and landings where traffic warrants.
- 2. All lighting and control equipment shall be designed in accordance with UFC 3-530-01, the latest version of the Illuminating Engineering Society of North America standard and British Standards 12464-1.
- 3. Exterior street light poles shall be galvanized steel, thirty (30) feet high and at a minimum three (3) feet from edge of roads.
- 4. Provide high intensity discharge (HID) or light-emitting diode (LED) fixtures for outdoor lighting on streets, parking lots, athletic fields, etc. The external lighting shall be controlled by photocell and astronomical dial time Clock. Transformers dedicated to lighting shall be pad-mounted on concrete.

C06. LANDSCAPE

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Landscape: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/landscape/index.html

C06.1. Climate-based Materials

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







- 1. Use only native, naturally occurring, drought tolerant indigenous plant species (including grasses) appropriate for the locale to promote energy efficiency and water conservation, preserve drainage patterns, inhibit erosion, improve air quality, lower maintenance, and add beauty.
- 2. Follow details and specifications of BS4428 General Landscape Operation and BS5236 Cultivation and Planting of Trees in the Extra Large Nursey Stock Category.

C06.1.1. Landscape Design Concept

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
 - 1. Develop, maintain and implement a climate-based plant list with landscape features using a regionally appropriate palette of materials to promote energy efficiency, preserve drainage patterns, inhibit erosion, improve air quality, lower maintenance and add beauty. Follow UFC 3-201-02 Landscape Architecture.
 - 2. Landscaping shall include modern xeriscaping design, along with vegetation that is indigenous to Qatar and requires the smallest amount of watering possible.
 - 3. Landscape materials shall be used to complement architectural style, provide a transition to human scale, define open space, provide shade for outdoor areas, frame good views, and screen undesirable features.
 - 4. Removal or alteration of existing vegetation outside designated U.S. use areas requires Host Nation coordination and approval.

C06.1.2. Xeriscape Design Principles

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
 - 1. Apply xeriscape principles following UFC 3-201-02, Appendix B, and Air Force Corporate Facilities Standards.

- Facility plantings are encouraged to use native plant species and to consider specific microclimates created by the adjacent building: shadow areas, protected areas, zones adjacent to thermal mass, and availability of rainwater and/or grey water.
- 3. Use only native, naturally occurring plant materials including grasses or turf suited for the local climatic conditions in the landscape design; potable-water irrigation systems are discouraged beyond the establishment period.
- 4. Limit irrigation to priority areas and entrances and use grey water when irrigation is desired.

C06.1.3. Minimizing Water Requirements

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply○ Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply

1. Reasonably reduce demand on potable water while seeking opportunities to increase alternative water sources for irrigation. Reduce or eliminate the use of potable/domestic water for purposes of landscape architecture maintenance, consistent with existing legal or contractual obligations, and prohibit potable-water irrigation in new construction beyond establishment following current DoD and Air Force policy.

C06.1.4. Plant Material Selection

Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not applyApplicable ● N/A Small graphics do not apply

- 1. Use only native, naturally occurring plant materials including grasses or turf suited for the local climatic conditions in the landscape design; potable-water irrigation systems are discouraged beyond the establishment period.
- 2. Analyze soils and provide organic amendments as needed to improve plant growth and conserve water.
- 3. Use native plants that are not invasive, toxic or weedy, wherever possible.
- 4. All plant material will have one-year warranty and is subject to approval by 379 ECES.

C06.1.5. Water Budgeting (Hydrozones)

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply○ Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply

- 1. Comply with DoD and Air Force policy on potable-water irrigation systems.
- 2. Provide irrigation systems in new construction to establish plant materials following "Water for Landscaping" in UFC 1-200-02. Note the climate zone and annual rainfall for the locale.
- 3. New buildings will cost-effectively integrate a grey-water reclamation system following UFC 1-200-02, which provides source water for an automatic drip irrigation system; connect adaptive plantings adjacent to facilities to a grey-water irrigation system when available and discontinue the use of potable water for irrigation after the establishment period.

- 4. Provide irrigation design following UFC 3-201-02. Install drip irrigation products and components following UFGS Section 32 84 24 Irrigation Sprinkler Systems. Match the color of valve box lids to the adjacent ground treatment (i.e. green at turf & native seed areas, brown at wood mulch & rock areas).
- 5. Life cycle cost-effectively equip irrigation systems to sense soil moisture, rainfall and wind to minimize unnecessary watering; incorporate drip irrigation systems as the primary source.

C06.1.6. Base Entrance Landscaping

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable ● N/A Small graphics do not apply

- 1. At the main gate, reinforce a sense of arrival through a well-designed concentration of landscape elements consistent in visual quality with Facility Group 1.
- 2. Integrate base signs and street and pedestrian lighting whenever feasible.

C06.1.7. Streetscape Landscaping

○ Applicable

N/A Large graphics do not apply

Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply

- 1. Provide landscape designs with plant materials appropriately representing the level of quality of the adjacent Facility Group number. Refer to the Installation Elements section.
- 2. Select a variety of regionally appropriate xeriscape plantings and grading to create a visual interest.

C06.1.8. Pedestrian Circulation Landscaping

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply

- 1. Define walkways with xeriscaping where appropriate.
- 2. Provide wind breaks where required.

C06.1.9. Parking Lot Landscaping

Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable ● N/A Small graphics do not apply

- 1. Integrate appropriate landscaping elements into parking areas to visually soften the appearance at a minimum rate of 10-15 of the total area.
- 2. Avoid trees that drop sap, fruit, or seeds, and use long-lived species; keep trees trimmed, removing dead and dying trees or branches.
- 3. Provide xeriscape or zeroscape planting in islands within parking lots for shade and appeal following IFS.

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C06.1.10. Screen/Accent Landscaping

- Applicable

 N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
 - 1. Provide complimentary accent xeriscaping at monuments and static displays.
 - 2. At Facility Group 1, provide landscaping adjacent to all freestanding signs without distracting from the written communication.
 - 3. Provide landscape screening of utility elements adjacent to Facility Group 1.
 - 4. Providing xeriscaping as visual screening is preferred to the construction of walls and fences.

C06.1.11. Other

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply

C07. SITE FURNISHINGS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Furnishings: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/site-furnishings/index.html

C07.1. Furnishings and Elements

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
 - 1. Provide a coordinated consistent inventory of site furnishings to positively contribute to the visual environment, image, and identity of the base; ensure durability, low maintenance, reduced visual clutter, and compatibility with the adjacent architecture.
 - 2. Remove poorly located or redundant litter / ash receptacles, newspaper and bicycle racks, telephone booths, vending machines, walls and fences to reduce visual clutter and to lessen the requirements for maintenance.
 - 3. Group 1 and 2 site furnishing shall be concrete, recycled plastic or metal with factory applied earth tone colors. Accent colors may be appropriate in select areas as approved by 379 ECES/CEN. Groups 3 site furnishings shall be constructed of concrete or coated metal with factory applied earth tone colors. Generally match the site furniture of adjacent facilities and the facility district.
 - 4. Install needed outdoor seating (benches and low walls) in public gathering spaces near main and secondary building entrances. Low walls will match facility architecture.

- 5. Benches in Groups 1, 2 and 3 shall be concrete, wood or metal with factory applied earth tone colors. Accent colors may be appropriate in select areas as approved by 379 ECES/CEN. Groups 3 site furnishings shall be constructed of concrete or coated metal with factory applied earth tone colors. Generally match the site furniture of adjacent facilities and the facility districts. Place seating along walkways, building entries, courtyards and plazas. Place benches on paved areas.
- 6. Integrate functional bicycle racks with the design of the building's main entrance grounds in Facility Groups 1 and 2 while meeting ATFP requirements.
- 7. Limit the use of bollards, but when necessary for force protection use cast-in-place concrete bollards with a natural concrete finish or color inherent finish where possible. Bollards should be customized for the purpose and intended installation location, so sizes and heights may vary. In order to implement a consistent look throughout the base, utilize round bollards with reveals at the top where possible. Consider using precast concrete planters as bollards in public spaces requiring less security measures. Bollards may be obtained from U.S. and Qatari sources. Removable bollards may be used for areas with minimum security concerns. Illuminated bollards may be used as approved on a case basis.
- 8. Locate architecturally coordinated containers for recycling, litter, ash, vending, etc., to minimize visual clutter and not be visible from the building's main entrance. Minimize the use of freestanding planters.
- 9. Generally limit picnic tables, barbeque grills and drinking fountains to lodging, dormitories, housing areas, parks and recreation areas following IFS.
- 10. The Installation Flagpole location will comply with the guidance for the display of flags in AFI 34-1201. Each Air Force installation is authorized to fly one United States Flag, normally in front of the installation headquarters. Waivers for non-authorized locations must be submitted in accordance with AFI 33-360 and approved waivers (AF Form 679) must be maintained by the installation protocol office.
- 11. Flagpoles using approved materials may be installed at locations designated by IFS, and in accordance with AFI 34-1201.
- 12. Refer to the Overview Section "Facility Hierarchy" topic of this AFCFS for guidelines regarding ancillary structures such as pavilions and shade shelters.
- 13. Bus shelters will be provided only where there is a documented need and when approved on a case basis. Generally emulate the designs of adjacent shelters using stucco or stone walls. Roofs for bus shelters shall be flat sloped roofs. Provide a minimum setback from the road edge of 1.5 meters (5 feet) for sidewalk access and a paved floor sloped toward the street.
- 14. Monuments and static displays will be limited. New elements are generally discouraged unless these are fully vetted through the base's approval process and designed following IFS.
- 15. When visual screening is necessary, consider landscaping as the first option; screen walls are permitted only in Group 1 finished with where there is sustained maintenance. Define all levels of security and visual quality.
- 16. For fencing, apply the standards for "Products, Materials and Color" in the following section. Limit those with the highest visual quality to Facility Group 1 where there is sustained maintenance. Define all levels of security and visual quality.
- 17. Do not use chain-link fencing at Group 1 and 2 facilities; Limit the use of barbed-wire outriggers on chain-link fencing at industrial sites, unless required for additional security or protection of assets.
- 18. Provide trash dumpster constructed with Split face or ribbed CMU. to match adjacent facilities. Height shall be 76" above finish grade. Walls shall have a rounded and integrally colored grout top matching block color. Color shall be beige for walls and brown accents. Locate dumpster enclosures to minimize visual impact. In high-visibility areas provide factory finished metal gates to screen dumpsters. Concrete slab within the enclosure shall have positive drainage to exterior.
- 19. Specify screen wall materials and finishes that do not require painting or maintenance beyond periodic cleaning.
- 20. Group 1, 2 and 3 picnic tables and seating shall be teak wood with factory applied earth tone colors. Accent colors may be appropriate in select areas as approved by 379 ECES. Generally limit picnic tables, barbeque grills and drinking fountains to lodging, dormitories, housing areas, parks and recreation areas.
- 21. Limit the use of freestanding planters to areas with ongoing maintenance.

- 22. Provide kiosks only where there is a documented need for visual communication of posted messages. When used, match adjacent facilities in materials and detailing and consolidate kiosks with other site furnishings within 30 feet of major pedestrian paths. Limit kiosks to facility Groups 1 and 2 and parks.
- 23. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.
- 24. Provide PVDF factory finish due to Al Udeid Air Base Environmental Severity Classification. All exterior metal components shall be in accordance to UFC 3-190-06 Protective Coatings.

C07.2. Site Furnishings Products, Materials and Color

Note: Apply the below base-wide standards for Site Furnishings (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

C07.2.1. Barbeque Grills

♠ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 2
Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Charcoal	
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other	
Mfr:	N/A	
Color:	Natural stainless steel	
Finish:	Mill	
Model #: SS BBQ Grill		
Other:	Concrete foundation, coordinate with Base Architect	
UFGS:	Division 11 - Equipment: Section 11 05 40 Common Work Results For Foo	



Type:	e: Natural Gas		
Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other			
Mfr:	N/A		
Color:	Natural stainless steel		
Finish:	Mill		
Model #: 32" 4-Burner			
Other:	Built-in Concrete or masonry, coordinate with Base Architect		
UFGS:	Division 11 - Equipment: Section 11 05 40 Common Work Results For Foo		

C07.2.2. Benches

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: N/A

Color: light brown or tan

Finish: Powder Coat

Model #: N/A

Other: N/A

UFGS: Division 12 - Furnishings: Section 12 93 00 Site Furnishings

C07.2.3. Bike Racks

♠ Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ● Other



Type: Style 1

Mfr: N/A

Color: Galvanized or Medium Bronze

Finish: Factory

Model #: Custom

Other: N/A

UFGS: Division 12 - Furnishings: Section 12 93 00 Site Furnishings

C07.2.4. Bike Lockers

○ Applicable ● N/A

C07.2.5. Bollards

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 3

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Lighted Round Dome Top for Pedestrian area

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Lithonia Lighting Products

Color: Brown

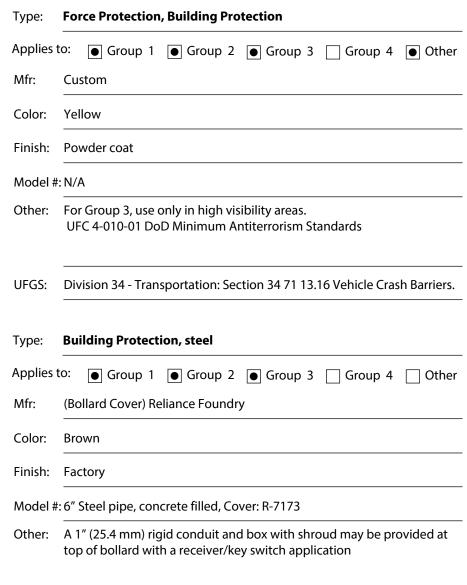
Finish: Anodized aluminum

Model #: N/A

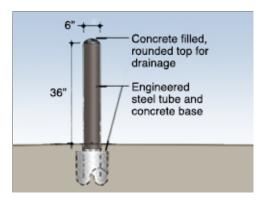
Other: Light with 1000 lumens, 4000K color temperature

UFGS: N/A





Division 12 - Furnishings: Section 12 93 00 Site Furnishings.



UFGS:

C07.2.6. Bus Shelters

♠ Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Stucco

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Custom

Color: Baige

Finish: Powder coated

Model #: N/A

Other: Provide concrete slab, wood benches, interior lighting

UFGS: Division 12 - Furnishings: Section 12 93 00 Site Furnishings

C07.2.7. Drinking Fountains

○ Applicable ● N/A

C07.2.8. Dumpster Enclosures / Gates

Applicable \(\cap \) N/A
Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: 1: Brick and Steel

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Custom

Color: dark brown doors

Finish: Face brick, powder coated doors

Model #: Match adjacent building

Other: Steel gates and hardware, dark brown, dumpsters shall be painted dark

brown

UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 4

Mfr:

Color:

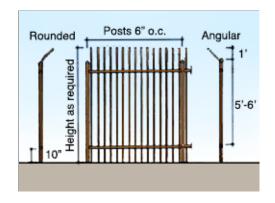
UFGS:

Custom

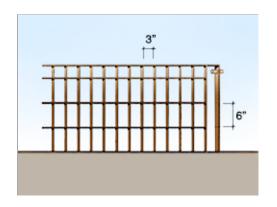
Beige

Finish: Powder coat

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Style A Barrier: High security, high visibility	
Applies	to: • Group 1 • Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other	
Mfr:	Custom	
Color:	Beige	
Finish:	Powder coated	
Model #	: Steel posts, rails and pickets (vertical, bent outward at top)	
Other:	Split Face, beige CMU piers may be used Division 32 - Exterior Improvements: Section 32 31 13.53 High-Security Fences (Chain Link and Ornamental) and Gates	
UFGS:	Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications	
Туре:	Style B Barrier: High security, medium visibility	
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other	



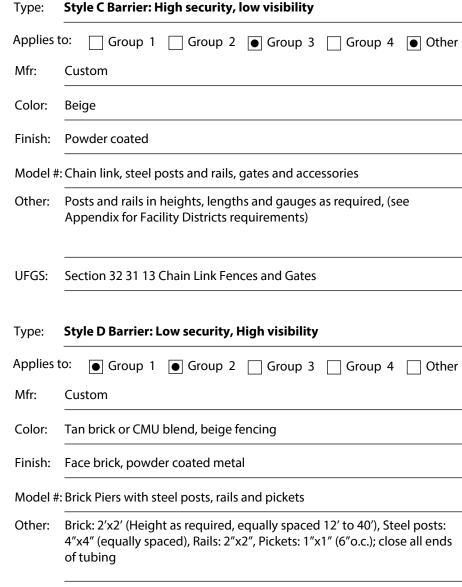
Other: Steel posts, horizontal bars, braces, and accessories, in heights, lengths, and gauges as required; Close all ends of tubing

Division 32 - Exterior Improvements: Section 32 31 13.53 High-Security F

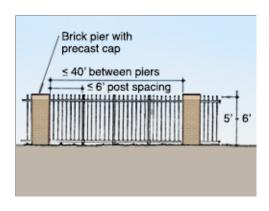
Model #: Steel grid: flat bar stock verticals, round rod horizontals

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other





Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry, Section 05 50 13 Misc. Metal



UFGS:

C07.2.10. Flagpoles

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: 1

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: N/A

Color: Natural aluminum

Finish: Satin Lustre

Model #: ECL30 IH, Internal Halyard

Other: 5" Butt Dia. 33' H (30' Exposed)

UFGS: Division 10 - Specialties: Section 10 75 00 Flagpoles.

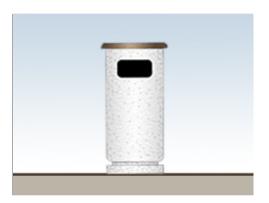
C07.2.11. Lighting – Landscape / Accent

Please refer to the Lighting section.

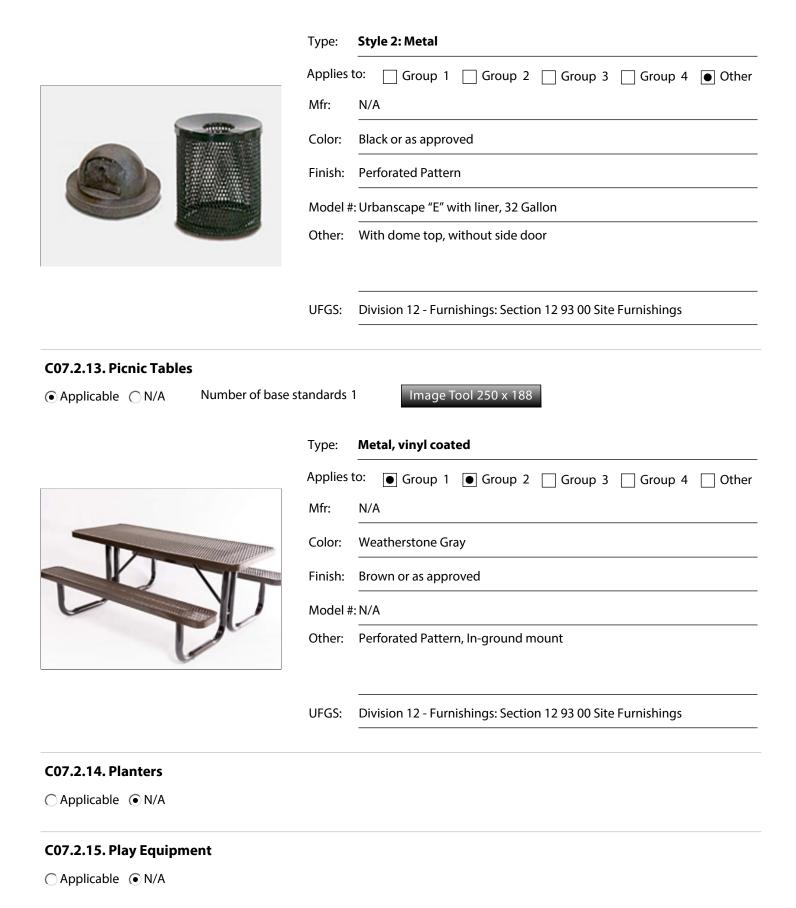
C07.2.12. Litter and Ash Receptacles

• Applicable N/A Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Style 1: Precast concrete
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Materials, Inc.
Color:	Beige
Finish:	Smooth
Model #	t: TR-3225 Sante Fe (round or square)
Other:	Rigid plastic internal liner, http://materialsinc.com/wp-content/uploads/2014/10/ TR-3225_SANTA_FE.pdf
UFGS:	Division 12 - Furnishings: Section 12 93 00 Site Furnishings



C07.2.17. Tree Grates

○ Applicable ● N/A

C07.2.18. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

C08. EXTERIOR SIGNS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Exterior Signs: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/exterior-signs/index.html

C08.1. Colors and Types

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

 \bullet Applicable \bigcirc N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188



Building Number Sign



Monument Sign for Wing Operation Center



Dual Language Traffic Sign

- 1. Provide concise functional signs as a visually unifying element with consistent colors and types for all Installation and Gate Identification Signs; Building Identification Signs; Traffic Control Devices; Directional and Wayfinding Signs; and Informational and Motivational Signs.
- 2. Provide signs with the lowest overall life-cycle costs considering initial cost, ongoing maintenance and lifespan while meeting quality standards. Follow IFS for specifications appropriate for the local climate to withstand weathering.
- 3. Reduce the number of signs, reduce visual clutter and provide only essential signs required for identification, directions, instructions, and customer service following UFC 3-120-01. Remove non-conforming signs during renovation projects.
- 4. Use clear concise terms for content consistent with UFC 3-120-01, Air Force Sign Standard.

- 5. Exterior signage shall consist of reflective white letters on a brown background, and letters shall be Helvetica medium upper and lower case, unless otherwise noted or guided by regulations. All sign backs and posts will be base standard brown.
- Display of emblems on building exterior walls or other permanent structures is prohibited by UFC.
- 7. Raised "standout" letters and numbers may be used for Group 1 with approval on a case basis.
- 8. Only one identification sign is permitted at each building entrance. Include a building address consistent with US Postal Service protocols following UFC 3-120-01.
- 9. Traffic Control Devices, which regulate vehicular traffic on the installation, will conform to the standards in the Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) published by the Federal Highway Administration and Qatar Traffic Control Manual. Traffic control signage must be approved by the Traffic Safety Working Group.
- 10. Provide Directional and Wayfinding Signs and address both pedestrian and vehicular traffic following UFC 3-120-01 for size, layout and content.
- 11. Directional signs will be authorized but limited to the following: Medical Clinic, Lodging Office, Base Exchange/Mall, Chapel, Dining Facilities, Post Office, and Fuel Routes.
- 12. Follow UFC 3-120-01 for Informational and Motivational Signs for size, layout and content.
- 13. Symbols or pictographs (graphic expressions of actual objects) may be used to indicate service, mandatory / prohibitory, sports, and recreation when rapid communication is necessary.
- 14. Force Protection signage may be applied to glass doors using white vinyl lettering.
- 15. Refer to UFC 3-120-01 for prohibited signs, which include those with animated, blinking, chasing, flashing, or moving effects.
- 16. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.
- 17. Refer to G05 for more information on Sign Policy.

C08.1.1. Materials and Color Specifications

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not applyApplicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
 - 1. Fabricate sign panels from aluminum sheet. Sign posts will be perforated square steel sign post with capped ends in a concrete base.
 - 2. Fence mounted sign panels may be attached with exposed fasteners.
 - All signage will follow Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD)
 using standard colors. Refer to MUTCD color specifications, which provide cross-referenced Pantone Matching System
 (PMS) numbers.
 - a. Standard Blue
 - b. Standard Dark Bronze (also Federal Standard Color 30040)
 - c. Standard Red
 - d. Standard Black (non-reflective)
 - e. Standard White
 - f. Standard Brown

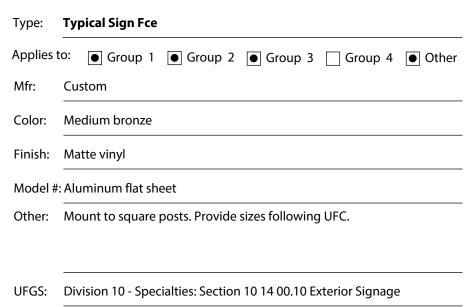
Materials and Color Specifications

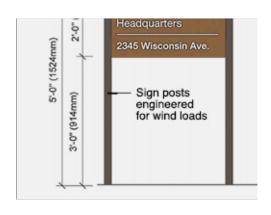
• Applicable N/A

Number of base standards 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

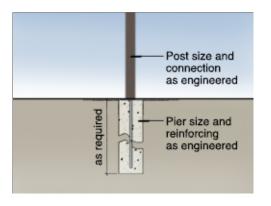
Mfr: Custom

Color: Dark bronze, powder coat finish

Finish: Matte

Model #: Extruded aluminum with capped top ends

Other: Square posts and squared ends. Provide engineered sizes.



Type:	Typical Sign Base
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Custom
Color:	Natural Gray
Finish:	Sonotube-formed
Model #	#: 24" height x 12" diameter, as engineered.
Other:	At grade with 3/4" chamfer. Provide engineered sizes.
UFGS:	Division 10 - Specialties: Section 10 14 00.10 Exterior Signage

C08.1.2. Installation and Gate Identification Signs

Type:

Applicable ON/A Number of base standards 1

lmage Tool 250 x 188

Primary, Secondary and Tertiary (Uses per UFC)



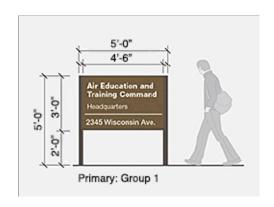
Applies to: • Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	Custom	
Color:	Dark bronze, brushed aluminum, accents per UFC	
Finish:	Powder coat or vinyl sign face	
Model #: Metal frame and panels, buff stone base		
Other:	White vinyl lettering. Provide dimensions per UFC. Secondary signs shall match primary sign's materials, but shall be smaller in size per UFC. Tertiary signs shall follow the UFC.	
UFGS:	Division 10 - Specialties: Section 10 14 00.10 Exterior Signage	

C08.1.3. Building Identification Signs

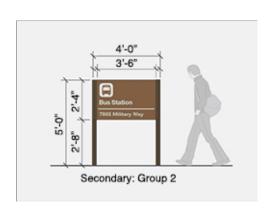
● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 5

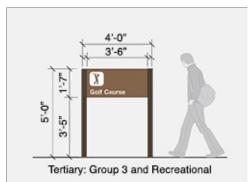
Image Tool 250 x 188



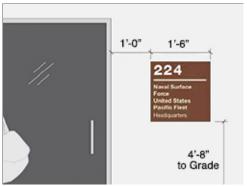
Type:	Freestanding Primary Sign (Sizes and Uses per UFC)
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Custom
Color:	Medium brown face, dark bronze posts, white vinyl lettering
Finish:	Powder coat or vinyl sign face
Model #	#: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts
Other:	Provide layout and sizes per UFC.
UFGS:	Division 10 - Specialties: Section 10 14 00.10 Exterior Signage



Type:	Freestanding Secondary Sign (Sizes and Uses per UFC)		
Applies	Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	Custom		
Color:	Medium brown face, dark bronze posts, white vinyl lettering		
Finish:	Powder coat or vinyl sign face		
Model #: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts			
Other:	Provide layout and sizes per UFC.		
UFGS:	Division 10 - Specialties: Section 10 14 00.10 Exterior Signage		



Type:	Freestanding Tertiary Sign (Sizes and Uses per UFC)
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Custom
Color:	Medium brown face, dark bronze posts, white vinyl lettering
Finish:	Powder coat or vinyl sign face
Model #	t: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts
Other:	Provide layout and sizes per UFC.
UFGS:	Division 10 - Specialties: Section 10 14 00.10 Exterior Signage
Type:	Wall Mounted
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Custom
Color:	Medium brown, white lettering
Finish:	Satin vinyl applied to aluminum sheet



Color: Medium brown, white lettering

Finish: Satin vinyl applied to aluminum sheet

Model #: Aluminum sheet with vinyl face and vinyl lettering

Other: Provide layout and sizes following UFC.

UFGS: Division 10 - Specialties: Section 10 14 00.10 Exterior Signage



Type:	Glass Mounted
Applies t	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Custom
Color:	White vinyl lettering
Finish:	Matte vinyl
Model #	: Machine-cut sheet vinyl
Other:	Apply vinyl lettering to glass. Provide sizes following UFC.
UFGS:	Division 10 - Specialties: Section 10 14 00.10 Exterior Signage

C08.1.4. Traffic Control Devices (Street Signs)

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 2

Type:

lmage Tool 250 x 188

Street Signs



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	Custom	
Color:	White reflective lettering on a Standard Brown background	
Finish:	Powder coat or vinyl sign face	
Model #	t: Aluminum sign face, control arm or pole mounted	
Other:	Mount 7' above grade minimum, pictographs and logos are prohibited on street name signs per UFC.	
UFGS:	Division 10 - Specialties: Section 10 14 53 Traffic Signage	



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Custom (Locally Purchase)

Color: Red background with white border. White design and lettering.

Finish: Vinyl sign face & reflective

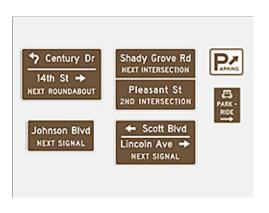
Model #: Aluminum sheet with steel or aluminum post

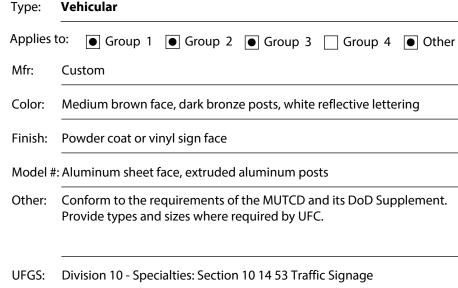
Other: Compliant with Qatar MOI Traffic Regulation

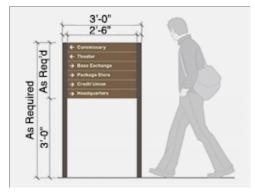
C08.1.5. Directional and Wayfinding Signs

Applicable N/A Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188







Type:	Pedestrian
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Custom
Color:	Medium brown face, dark bronze posts
Finish:	Powder coat or vinyl sign face
Model #	#: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts
Other:	White vinyl lettering. Provide types and sizes where required by UFC.
UFGS:	Division 10 - Specialties: Section 10 14 00.10 Exterior Signage

C08.1.6. Informational Signs

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable ● N/A Small graphics do not apply

- 1. Minimize informational signs such as static display signs, hours of operation, and project signs to reduce visual clutter.
- 2. Static display signs will have standard brown background and white letter. The sign will be constructed of aluminum sheets and vinyl finish.
- 3. Hours of operation signs will have a level of quality equivalent to the Facility Group number.
- 4. Temporary / Project Signage will be judiciously placed to avoid visual clutter. Schedule and arrange for the removal of these signs prior to installation.

C08.1.7. Motivational Signage

Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

Applicable

N/A Small graphics do not apply

- 1. Provide professionally produced motivational signs as important elements of campaigns to boost morale, improve safety, aid in recruiting, and accomplish other motivational objectives. Consolidate this signage to reduce visual clutter.
- Motivational signs will be limited to an electronic "marquee" type changeable sign near each gate. Temporary signs are
 not permitted. Motivational information may also be posted in a small, printed format on kiosks in specified, high
 pedestrian use areas. Refer to kiosks under Site Furnishings.
- 3. Follow UFC 3-120-01 for color and layout. Note that animated, blinking, chasing, flashing, or moving effects are prohibited by the UFC.
- Mount marquee signs on reinforced concrete bases with a natural warm gray color.

C08.1.8. Parking Lot Signs

- Applicable N/A
 - 1. Reserved parking signs should be kept to a minimum. When approved, provide post-mounted sign faces in base standard materials and colors. Consider "bracketing" a designated area with a single sign at each end.
 - Permanent approved reserved parking signs will be 14 inches wide by 3 inches high, curb mounted and must be
 approved by 379 ECES. The total number of reserved parking spaces will not exceed 10 percent of parking spaces in any
 given parking lot.
 - 3. Agencies with customer service missions are authorized two designated parking spaces.
 - 4. Permanent Distinguished Visitor (DV) or Very Important Person (VIP) reserved parking are not authorized anywhere on base. A limited number of freestanding temporary DV signs for O-6 (or equivalent) and above will be available from the 379 ECES Structures Sign shop.
 - 5. Parking lot identification signs may be used to identify areas or rows within large lots.
 - 6. To ensure sign quality and standardization, all permanently installed roadway signage shall be made with reflective sealed materials.
 - 7. Follow the guidelines and requirements in Architectural Barriers Act Accessibility Standard (ABAAS), Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD), and Qatar Traffic Control Manual for accessible parking signs.

C08.1.9. Regulatory Signs

- Regulatory signage, which restricts, warns and advises, will be limited to those mandated under Highway/Traffic, Government Warning, and/or Parking Regulation. Follow UFC 3-120-01 and its industry references for color and layout.
- 2. Provide a comprehensive, systematic approach to regulatory signage to avoid clutter and confusion from "over signage."
- 3. Maintain base warning signs for safety and security at the base perimeter and at specific secure areas. Use these to notify visitors of restrictions governing conduct on the base, as well as other security procedures.

C08.1.10. Other

○ Applicable N/A

C09. LIGHTING

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdq.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Lighting: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/lighting/index.html

C09.1. Fixtures and Lamping

○ Applicable N/A

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

Small graphics do not apply

- 1. Provide, coordinate and efficiently install street, parking lot, sidewalk and facility lighting with appropriate luminaires, lamping, placement and spacing following UFC 3-530-01 and Installation Facilities Standards (IFS); ensure the level of quality is consistent with the adjacent facility group number. Pole-mounted, wall-mounted and bollard fixtures are permitted.
- 2. Integrate controls to automatically reduce lighting power during periods of non-activity; automatically turn off power when sufficient daylight is available.
- 3. Ensure continuity and consistency of lighting elements. In new construction generally match post types, fixture types, styles, heights, sizes, materials, colors, and lamp types of adjacent facilities and the facility district.
- 4. Economically provide renewable-energy power sources such as solar photovoltaic when feasible.
- 5. Use appropriately designed or shielded luminaires to direct light downward to minimize light pollution and intrusion onto adjacent sites and to facilitate night training.
- 6. Calculate illuminant levels for all lighting applications following UFC 3-530-01 and ensure compliance with pre-curfew maximum brightness level requirements.
- 7. Sufficiently address environmental factors to prevent corrosion and weathering of fixtures, plinths and other components.
- 8. Wall mounted fixtures should respond to the architectural character of the facility.
- 9. Efficient accent lighting of architectural and landscape features may be provided for Group 1, lodging and historical applications. Accent lights in ground-mounted locations may be provided for static displays and signs when these do not conflict or cause hazards with overhead aircraft.
- 10. Comply with UFC 3-530-01 for light source technology and lamp types. High efficiency lamping such as LED is preferred for most applications.
- 11. Provide round tapered, square non-tapered, or round non-tapered aluminum poles and aluminum fixtures with square, rectangular or circular housings in colors and shapes to match adjacent facilities and the facility district.
- 12. Install lighted bollards only at Group 1 and high-traffic Group 2 facilities. Generally match materials, colors and shapes of adjacent facilities and the facility district.
- 13. Install natural warm gray color, smooth finished concrete bases for all poles in heights appropriate for the facility group and application. Generally, Groups 1 and 2 will have at-grade bases. Group 3 will have taller bases for added durability.
- 14. When parking lot lighting is necessary, provide an illuminated path to the building's main entrance. Pole bases should be contained within an internal landscape median or island.
- 15. Consistently install lighting for sidewalks, bikeways and trails to match adjacent facilities.
- 16. Landscape accent lighting may be used in public gathering spaces and in Group 1 facilities. Coordinate the design, luminaire selection, and placement with the location of trees, shrubs, and site furnishings.
- 17. The existing power distribution system consists of the following:
 - a) Four expeditionary generator yards (power plants) with a capacity of 40 MW.
 - b) 120 to 140 generator sets.
 - c) KAHRAMAA (national electric and water utility company); feeds WRM complex in Log Town.

- d) Al Udeid Power Plant (AUPP): 70 MW during summer, 80 to 85 MW during winter, medium voltage (11 kV, 50 Hertz [Hz]) operated by PowerTech (formerly QIT).
- e) Goal: AUPP or KAHRAMAA becomes the primary source of power and phase out expeditionary power plants.
- f) KAHRAMAA requirements restrict 2 megavolt amperes (mVA) transformers to 1.6 mVA and then allow only 55% loading or 650 kilovolt amperes (kVA). This is a significant burden on any O&M construction with an infrastructure cost of each substation of \$1.2M.
- g) Increased use of AUPP increases the risk of a single point failure in the system. Failure in the over surge protection has caused basewide outages in the past.
- 18. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

C09.2. Light Fixture Types

Note: Apply the below base-wide standards for Light Fixtures (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

C09.2.1. Street Lighting

Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188 Applicable \(\cap \) N/A Type: Style 1 Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ● Other Mfr: N/A Color: Beige or Aluminum as approved by ECES Factory Finish: Model #: Rectilinear Cutoff, Single Arm or Dual Arm Mount Other: Lamp: LED. Follow manufacturer's recommendations for fixture base. **UFGS:** 26 56 00 Exterior Lighting

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C09.2.2. Parking Lot Lighting

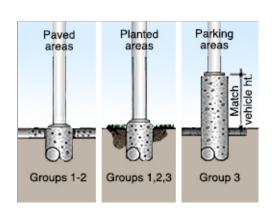
● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 2

lmage Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Parking Lot Style 1
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	N/A
Color:	Beige or Aluminum as approved by ECES
Finish:	Factory
Model #	t: Rectilinear or Round Cutoff, Single Arm or Dual Arm Mount
Other:	Lamp: LED. Follow manufacturer's recommendations for fixture base.
UFGS:	26 56 00 Exterior Lighting
Type:	Parking Lot Fixture Base
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Custom



UFGS: Section 03 33 00 Cast-In-Place Architectural Concrete

Finish: Trowel

Model #: Form-cast, round

Other: UFGS 26 56 00 Exterior Lighting

C09.2.3. Lighted Bollards

• Applicable N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Lighted Round Dome Top

Mfr: Lithonia Lighting Products

Color: Dark Bronze

Finish: Anodized aluminum

Model #: KBA

Applies to:

Other: Flared cone, 3000K LED Lamp. Follow manufacturer's recommendations

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ● Other

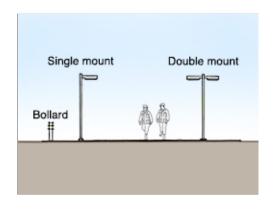
for fixture base.

UFGS: 26 56 00 Exterior Lighting

C09.2.4. Sidewalk Lighting

Applicable \(\cap \) N/ANumber of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Sidewalk Lighting

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ● Other

Mfr: N/A

Color: Factory (or Clear Anodized as approved by BCE)

Finish: Anodized aluminum

Model #: Rectilinear Cutoff, Single Arm or Dual Arm Mount

Other: Lamp: LED. Follow manufacturer's recommendations for fixture base.

UFGS: 26 56 00 Exterior Lighting

C09.2.5. Walls / Stairs Lighting

• Applicable N/A

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: N/A

Color: Dark bronze anodized

Finish: Smooth

Model #: Aluminum Step and Brick Lights, 5230 round louvered

Other: Lamp: LED

UFGS: 26 56 00 Exterior Lighting



Type: Wall Mounted Light

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

_ _ _

Mfr: N/A

Color: Cool White

Finish: Metal

Model #: Custom or as approved by 379 ECES

Other: 80W LED, Wall mounted luminaire, IP65

UFGS: 26 56 00 Exterior Lighting

C09.2.6. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

D. FACILITIES EXTERIORS

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

Applicable • N/A Small graphics do not apply

D01. SUPPORTING THE MISSION

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Supporting the Mission: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/supporting-the-mission/index.html

D02. SUSTAINABILITY

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Sustainability: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/supporting-the-mission/index.html

D03. ARCHITECTURAL FEATURES

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Architectural Features: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/architectural-features/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188



















N/A

Group 3

Group 4

N/A

N/A

D03.1. Orientation, Massing and Scale

- 1. Orient new buildings to maximize energy efficiency, passive solar and daylighting potential of the building; narrow buildings oriented along an east-west axis are preferred to minimize heat gain in the summer months and maximize heat gain in the winter months resulting in less overall energy usage.
- 2. Provide orthogonal geometry for principal building form; angular geometry may be used sparingly for Group 1 and used only for emphasis at specific areas such as building entrances and stairwells.
- 3. Maintain a human scale and reduce the visual scale of large buildings with sub-massing related to interior functional operations; create consistent form and scale in adjacent buildings with compatible profiles or silhouettes.
- 4. Building heights will not be limited; however, building heights over 2 stories will be considered on a case basis.
- 5. Combine functions where practical to avoid a proliferation of small, independent structures.
- 6. Use and coordinate shading devices with orientation and for function.

D03.2. Architectural Character

- 1. Develop architectural building systems, design elements, and building materials to detail appropriate Facility Group designation. Investigate buildings primary and secondary entry points, building envelope that invite or deter environmental elements, and building systems to create a suitable space to interact.
- 2. Respond to the local climate, cultural influences, and regional building materials to provide environmentally functional architectural design elements.
- 3. For new facilities design generally maintain consistency and visual unity in the character of the adjacent buildings through compatible architectural features: repeated use of similar forms such as roofs, and through recurring elements such as doors, windows, materials and colors.
- 4. Designers are encouraged to continue legacy theme. Base standards will continue to incorporate existing architectural design elements for continuity, uniformity, and preservation.
- 5. All facilities will express sustainability through their orientation, massing, shape, form, materials, and detailing. Provide roof overhangs, louvers, fins and other shading devices to control heat gain and glare and to and improve energy efficiency.
- 6. Strive for economical design development without compromising a high-quality constructability, health and life safety, and professional aesthetic.

D03.3. Details and Color

- 1. Provide a palette of earth-tone colors related to the native landscape in brick, block, stucco and powder-coated metals. Refer to D05. Wall Systems for detailed material listings.
- 2. Relate the level of architectural detailing to the Facility Group number.
- 3. Use only integrally colored materials as the predominant exterior building material; do not use materials that require field painting and ongoing maintenance.
- 4. Provide consistent and compatible colors for every exterior building feature, including walls, roofs, doors, windows, gutters, downspouts, utility and mechanical elements, and other visible elements.
- 5. Noncorrosive metals with factory applied color finishes are required.
- 6. Combine details and color with orientation, massing, scale and architectural character to maintain base compatibility.

7. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers. D03.3.1. Climate-based Data and Life-Cycle Cost-Effective Passive and Natural Design Strategies: Climate dominated by mechanical cooling Climate dominated by mechanical heating Climate with similar mechanical cooling / heating needs Climate with minimal mechanical cooling / heating needs Climate with high humidity Climate with moderate humidity Climate with low humidity **High Solar Insolation** Moderate Solar Insolation Low Solar Insolation Soils with High Thermal Conductivity Soils with Average Thermal Conductivity Soils with Low Thermal Conductivity Other: Consider the potential for flooding and corrosion. Other: Facility: Narrow buildings along E-W axis are preferred Wall: Integral shading features and devices / interior masonry thermal mass walls (for cooling) Doors: Recessed are preferred Windows: Provide insulating glazing on north-facing windows / maximize shading for windows on south façades Roof: High to medium albedo, moderate slope for all buildings except hangars / large industrial facilities

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Structure: Do not expose ferrous metals. Provide factory finished non-ferrous metals or concrete

Internal thermal mass walls may be used for cooling following LCCA.

Ground-source following LCCA

MEP:

Other:

Note: Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Architectural Features (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

D03.3.2. Natural Ventilation System

Applicable \(\cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 1

Type:

UFGS:

Type:

Image Tool 250 x 188

Style 1 Aluminum Windows



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	Kawneer (or equivalent)	
Color:	RAL 7004 Grey (or clear anodized aluminum as approved by BCE	
Finish:	Anodized	
Model #: 2x4, slider or awning type		
Other:	Provide thermally broken frames & fire rated assemblies as required in wall construction	

D03.3.3. Thermal Mass

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188

Style 1 Interior Wall Material

Division 08 - Section 08 51 13 & Section 08 81 00



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	Custom, TBD	
Color:	Red brick blend	
Finish:	Light texture	
Model #: Coursed unit masonry		
Other:	Due to several wall construction types, provided interior wall assemblies in accordance with but not limited to space requirements and base standards.	
UFGS:	Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry	

D03.3.4. Thermal Shading

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: **Style 1 Wall Devices**

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: N/A

Color: Dark bronze

Finish: Factory, to match frames

Model #: Louver

Other: Shading devices may be attached to frames or structure

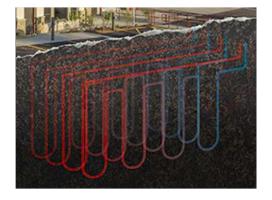
UFGS: Division 10 - Specialties: Section 10 73 00 Protective Covers

D03.3.5. Renewable Heating/Cooling

Applicable \(\cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Style 1 Geothermal (Ground Source) Type:

Applies to:

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: N/A

Color: N/A

Finish: N/A

Model #: N/A

Other: Vertical ground loop well field

UFGS:

Section 23 81 47 Water-Loop and Ground-Loop Heat Pump Systems

D03.3.6. Solar Photovoltaic System

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Ground-Mounted PV Panels
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	TBD
Color:	Factory
Finish:	Matte
Model #	t: Flat plate collector, fixed or tracking
Other:	Coordinate with local utility provider
UFGS:	Section 48 14 00 Solar Photovoltaic Systems
Type:	Roof-Mounted PV Array
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	TBD
Color:	Factory
Finish:	Matte
Model #	#: Flat plate collector
Other:	Coordinate with local utility provider



UFGS: Section 48 14 00 Solar Photovoltaic Systems

D03.3.7. Solar Thermal System

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

lmage Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Wall-Mounted or Roof-Mounted Panels	
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other	
Mfr:	TBD	
Color:	Factory	
Finish:	Matte	
Model #: Flat plate collector		
Other:	N/A	
UFGS:	Section 48 14 13 Solar Liquid Flat Plate and Evacuated Tube Collectors	

D04. BUILDING ENTRANCES

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Building Entrances: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/building-entrances/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188

















Group 3







Group 4

N/A

N/A

D04.1. Primary Entrances

- 1. Emphasize the primary entrance in the overall building design with a projecting or recessed covering for weather protection following Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) for Facility Group designations.
- 2. Primary entrance shall be parallel to existing pedestrian pathway. Typically would prefer recessed entry. Projection entry are usually used for security measures.
- 3. Provide vestibules at entries in Groups 1, 2 and 3 unless used infrequently or serving unconditioned space following ASHRAE 90.1.
- 4. Install paved transitional spaces sized for the building function and occupancy.
- 5. Install appropriate lighting and site furniture following ATFP and IFS.
- 6. Protect entrances from direct sun. North-facing entrances are preferred.
- 7. Provide porte cocheres or covered drop-offs when justified for lodging and medical facilities; do not use for prestige or architectural accents.
- 8. Provide access from sidewalks and trails to building entrances. Direct pedestrians to main entrances with plantings and site furnishings. Consolidate entry access points when possible.
- 9. Provide courtyards at major pedestrian access points and vehicular drop-offs at major pedestrian access points, protected with bollards.
- 10. Include seating and other appropriate furnishings for pedestrians near entrances. Maintain sight lines to all pedestrian areas from buildings and roads.

D04.2. Secondary Entrances

- 1. Provide vestibules at entries in Groups 1, 2 and 3 unless used infrequently or serving unconditioned space following ASHRAE 90.1; use of stair towers as vestibules for multi-story buildings is encouraged when building and / or energy codes are satisfied.
- 2. Reflect the character of the primary entrance to a lesser extent with a smaller scale.
- 3. Include a recess or projection for weather protection and shading.
- 4. Integrate service and egress doors and loading areas with the building design by matching the materials and detailing and reflect the overall quality of the facility.
- 5. Incorporate egress structures such as stair towers into the facility design.
- 6. Canopies may be used for service and loading areas; weather protection beyond weatherstripping is not required at doors used only for life safety egress.
- 7. Develop building massing and orientation to minimize the appearance of service and loading areas; physically and visually separate these from primary entrances.
- 8. Loading areas must be organized, orderly and have an uncluttered appearance.

D05. WALL SYSTEMS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Doors and Windows:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/wall-systems/index.html

Comply with AFCFS Recommended Materials:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/wall-systems/materials/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188



















N/A

Group 3

Group 4

N/A

D05.1. Hierarchy of Materials

- 1. Group 1 facilities may have more refined detailing than Group 2 and Group 2 may have more definition than Group 3.
- 2. Groups 1, 2 and 3 facilities may predominantly use stucco. Use integral colored, sand finish, three coat cement-based stucco system. Locate expansion and contraction joints behind downspouts or at transitions in the wall such as at pilasters or reveals. Precast concrete and split face concrete masonry blocks at base of walls are acceptable.
- 3. All metal components require a protective coating (PVDF factory finish RAL 1001) in accordance with UFC 3-190-06 Protective Coatings & Paints.
- 4. Maximize the use of control/expansion joints to reduce cracking. Incorporate joint patterns as a design element.

 Reinterpreting historic details in an alternate material or creating restrained abstractions of signature type details is an effective means of achieving compatibility, while still being able to differentiate new from historic details.
- 5. Use high-performance building envelopes following UFC 1-200-02.
- 6. Use detailing not subject to excessive weathering. Provide wall accents consistently throughout the base.
- 7. Use integrally colored materials and factory-finished metals. Do not paint concrete block.
- 8. Translucent wall panels may be used in Facility Group 1 and recreational uses in Group 2 when protected from direct solar gain. Provide insulating panels and shading appropriate for the orientation and exposure.
- 9. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.
- 10. Per UFC 4-010-01 DoD Minimum Anti-terrorism Standards for Buildings, Minimum thickness of Reinforced concrete shall be 8" or greater. Unreinforced concrete masonry is between 8" to 12". Reinforced concrete masonry is between 8" to 12". European clay block masonry is 8".
- 11. Per UFC, walls standard warranty shall be 10 years.

D05.2. Layout, Organization and Durability

- 1. Organize wall components including doors, windows, accents, shading devices, control joints, etc., to provide an ordered, professional appearance.
- 2. Integrate shading devices into the overall composition of the wall.
- 3. Integrate fixed shading devices at all exterior glazing exposed to summer UV heat gain as a passive design measure to reduce energy use. Ensure adequate shading at west entrances. Deciduous trees may be used for shading.
- 4. Shading systems may be included as part of a manufacturer's window system or may be custom systems integrated into the wall.
- 5. Provide appropriate transitions between dissimilar materials to mitigate effects of thermal expansion and galvanic action per UFGS 07 60 00 Flashing and Sheet Metal.
- 6. All joint sealants will be slightly darker than adjacent surfaces.
- 7. Materials requiring regular maintenance are not permitted; do not use exposed structural steel or other materials that require painting.
- 8. Refer to C07.2.16. Screen Walls for materials and colors of freestanding walls.
- 9. Refer to D07. Roofs for downspouts.
- 10. Refer to G06 for Mold Prevention Policy.

D05.3. Equipment, Vents and Devices

- 1. Arrange all mechanical, electrical, fire alarm, lightning protection and other system components to create an orderly appearance that integrates with the wall system.
- 2. Do not expose conduits, cables, piping, lightning protection components, etc. on exterior walls; if unavoidable in renovations, finish these elements to match the adjacent wall surface.
- 3. Avoid visual clutter and where surface-mounted elements are required they will match the wall color.

D05.4 Wall Systems Materials

Facility Group 1 wall materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 3 wall materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Stucco (RAL 1001, Beige) Primary: Ribbed metal sheeting

Secondary: Concrete Masonry Unit Secondary: Optional: brick (in high visibility areas)

Accent: Alternate coursing and relief Accent: N/A

Facility Group 2 wall materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 4 wall materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Stucco Primary: N/A

Secondary: CMU Secondary: N/A

Accent: N/A Accent: N/A

Note: Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Wall Systems (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

D05.4.1. Flat Metal Panels

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 3

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Insulated Metal Panel System - Kynar Finish, Light		
Applies	to: • Group 1 • Group 2 • Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	TBD		
Model #: CF Santa Fe Insulated Metal Wall System			
Color:	Off-white		
Finish:	Heavy stucco-embossed		
Other:	Division 13 - Special Construction: Section 13 34 19 Metal Building System		
LIECC	Continue O7 42 12 Matel Well Daniele		

UFGS: Section 07 42 13 Metal Wall Panels:
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 13.pdf

Section 07 42 63 Fabricated Wall Panel Assemblies: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 63.pdf



Type:	Insulated Metal Panel System - Kynar Finish, Dark					
Applies	to:	● Group 1	● Group 2	● Group 3	Group 4	Other

Mfr: TBD

Model #: CF Santa Fe Insulated Metal Wall System

Color: Medium Bronze

Finish: Heavy stucco-embossed

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 07 42 13 Metal Wall Panels:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 13.pdf Section 07 42 63 Fabricated Wall Panel Assemblies:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 63.pdf



Type: Flat Seam Panel - Weathering Steel Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: **US Steel or Local**

Model #: Flat-seam cladding

Color: Natural weathered steel

Finish: Natural

N/A Other:

UFGS: Section 07 42 13 Metal Wall Panels:

> http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 13.pdf Section 07 42 63 Fabricated Wall Panel Assemblies: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 63.pdf

D05.4.2. Brick Veneer

Applicable \(\cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: **Modular Face Brick**

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Local, TBD

Model #: Face Brick

Color: Tan blend

Finish: Straight Edges, smooth texture

Other: Nominal size: 4x8x2.6

UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf

D05.4.3. Architectural Precast



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Local, TBD

Model #: Smooth Casting

Color: Light Beige

Finish: Very Light texture

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 03 45 00 Precast Architectural Concrete: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 45 00.pdf

D05.4.4. Stucco Over Sheathing

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: 3-Coat Cementitious Stucco

Applies to:

Mfr: TBD

Model #: Traditional 3-coat system

Color: Beige

Finish: Sand

Other: Accent color may be used

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

UFGS: Section 09 24 23 Cement Stucco:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 24 23.pdf

D05.4.5. Curtain Wall

D05.4.6. Cast-In-Place Concrete

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Board-Formed or Sheet-Formed Bearing Walls		
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	Custom		
Model #: Rough-sawn dimensional lumber or liner forming			
Color:	Natural gray concrete		
Finish:	Board-formed or liner-formed texture exposed		
Other:	Board-formed texture has no exposed form ties		
UFGS:	Section 03 33 00 Cast-In-Place Architectural Concrete:		

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 33 00.pdf

D05.4.7. Tilt-Up Concrete

○ Applicable ● N/A

D05.4.8. Ribbed Metal Sheeting

Applicable N/A Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Lap Seam		
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	TBD		
Model #	: Lap Seam Panel		
Color:	Beige		
Finish:	Embossed Texture, factory finished		
Other:	24 Gauge Steel, Division 13 - Special Construction: Section 13 34 19 Meta		
UFGS:	Section 07 42 13 Metal Wall Panels: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 13.pdf		

D05.4.9. EIFS

D05.4.10. GFRC

○ Applicable ● N/A

D05.4.11. Concrete Block

Applicable \(\cap \text{N/A} \)Number of base standards 2

UFGS:

Image Tool 250 x 188

Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry:



Type:	Concrete Masonry Unit (CMU) Split Face		
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	Local TBD		
Model #	t: 8x8x16 Nominal, face and corner units		
Color:	Medium or dark tan		
Finish:	Heavy Texture		
Other:	N/A		

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf



Type: Concrete Masonry Unit (CMU) Ground Face

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Local TBD

Model #: 8x8x16 nominal, face and corner units

Color: Light or medium beige

Finish: Ground with exposed aggregate

Other: Confirm class of system with the BCE

UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry:
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf

D05.4.12. Fiber Cement Siding

○ Applicable ● N/A

D05.4.13. Other

D06. DOORS AND WINDOWS

 $Comply\ with\ AF\ Corporate\ Standards\ for\ Facilities\ Exteriors:$

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Doors and Windows:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/doors-and-windows/index.html

Comply with AFCFS Recommended Materials:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/doors-and-windows/materials/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188



















N/A

N/A

D06.1. Types

- 1. Galvanized hollow metal doors, frames, and windows are preferred for Facility Groups 1-3 due to durability and corrosion resistance. For capital improvement projects doors, frames, and windows shall match existing conditions.
- 2. Standard-sized hinged doors are preferred. Use sliding, folding, overhead, sectional and other door configurations only to support mission operations.
- 3. Automatic doors are allowed only where functionally necessary.
- 4. Passive thermal comfort methods of ventilation are encouraged where life cycle cost justified.
- 5. Windows must meet force protection requirements.
- 6. Adjacent joint sealants should be slightly darker than the frame color.
- 7. Make efforts to contain noise at its source with properly gasketed doors per UFC 3-450-01 Noise and Vibration Control.
- 8. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.
- 9. Aluminum storefronts may be used at primary entrances. Finish shall be anodized aluminum or as specified, with colors matching base standards and a minimum 10-year warranty.
- 10. Storefront windows shall have aluminum, thermal-break frames. Glass shall be tinted double-glazed, insulated and low-e with a minimum reflectance in a thickness appropriate for the size of the window and shall be laminated per AT/FP blast requirement.
- 11. All doors must have metal "Metal Jambs" 4.5-inch x "4.5-inch Heavy Duty Commercial Hinges, Satin Chrome or Satin Stainless"

D06.2. Layout and Geometry

- 1. Visually and functionally compose openings in walls for the climate-specific exposure.
- 2. Consistently use opening type, size, placement, mullion pattern, and color to reinforce the overall architectural design.
- 3. Openings will augment interior lighting and space conditioning needs.
- 4. Protect against vandalism and intrusion.

D06.3. Glazing and Shading

- 1. Tinted, energy-efficient, low-e, double-pane glazing is encouraged; provide triple-pane glazing in extreme environments.
- 2. Glazing color will be determined by 379 ECES. All glazing shall be clear unless for security measure, which glazing shall be one tint (preferably black or grey).
- 3. Translucent wall panels may be integrated into wall systems.
- 4. Do not use mirrored glazing.
- 5. Fully integrate applicable shading designs for overhangs, louvers, light shelves and grilles.
- 6. Where appropriate, install window screens to take advantage of natural ventilation.

D06.4. Hardware

- Provide hardware appropriate for the Facility Group while considering activity and frequency of use and local climate;
 hardware may be of higher visual quality for Facility Group 1.
- 2. Ensure hardware will perform throughout the facility's lifespan without showing extreme wear.
- 3. Select finishes that will not degrade by intensity of operation or exposure to the elements.
- Use consistent finishes and color on window and door systems throughout a facility. For renovation projects the color of new hardware may match the existing hardware.
- 5. Design building systems to eliminate the need for security screens whenever possible.
- 6. Coordinate with the Air Force on keying system. New cylinders will need to be compatible to existing master key system. Please provide 7-pin small format best compatible locksets with interchangeable cylinder cores.
- 7. Color of locks shall be "Satin Chrome or Satin Stainless" and all locks shall be "BEST Interchangeable Core, 7 Pin" Compatible.
- 8. All locks shall be "Cylindrical Locks, Satin Chrome or Satin Stainless" and not mortise pocket locks. This standardization across base would reduce the amount of hardware and door types needed on hand.
- 9. Panic Hardware shall be "Touch Bar Rim Device, Satin Chrome or Satin Stainless" for standardization across base, if vertical rod required for double door it will be "Surface Mount Vertical Rod Touch Bar".
- 10. Refer to G. Appendix, G07 for Al Udeid AB 379 ECES Lock Policy.

D06.5. Doors and Windows Materials

Note: Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Doors and Windows (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

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D06.5.1. Anodized Aluminum

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Anodized Aluminum Doors, Windows and Frames

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: TBD

Color: Natural aluminum

Finish: Clear anodized aluminum

Model #: 2x4, thermally broken framing

Other: Group 1 may use larger openings with larger framing sections

UFGS: Section 08 41 13 Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 41 13.pdf

D06.5.2. Hollow Metal

Applicable \(\cap \) N/A Numb

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Hollow Metal Doors, Windows and Frames

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: TBD

Color: Medium Bronze

Finish: Powder Coated, Satin

Model #: 2x4, thermally broken framing

Other: Group 1 use only for secondary entrances or emergency egress

UFGS: Section 08 11 13 Steel Doors and Frames:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 11 13.pdf

D06.5.3. Aluminum-clad Wood

D06.5.4. Other

D07. ROOF SYSTEMS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Roof Systems:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/roof-systems/index.html

Comply with AFCFS Recommended Materials:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/roof-systems/materials/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188



















Group 4

Group 2

Group 3

N/A

N/A

D07.1. Roof Type and Form

- 1. Use proven, cost-effective roof systems with high durability, weather resistance, and low maintenance that are compatible with Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) and requirements for the designated Facility Group.
- 2. Generally match the roof type and form of existing adjacent facilities in new construction.
- Group 1 and 2 buildings will be used suitable roofing system based on building type and function as approved by 379 ECES on a case basis.
- 4. Provide screens for roof-mounted appendages and equipment of the same materials, which are used predominantly in the building's roof systems.
- 5. Al Udeid Air Base common roofing systems our standing seam metal roofing, sprayed polyurethane foam (SPF) roofing, and ethylene propylene-diene-monomer roofing.
- 6. Roof eaves will extend beyond the exterior wall for roof drainage and shading. Provide overhangs for shading in response to local climatic conditions; these should be sized and proportioned to the height of the facility and to the window openings being shaded.
- 7. South-facing eaves will coordinate with adjacent wall-mounted shading devices.
- 8. The color, shape and slope of the eave and soffit will be compatible with adjacent facilities.
- 9. Keep roofs uncluttered and minimize penetrations.
- 10. Diminish massive roofs into coordinated smaller components consistent with adjacent facilities; avoid random, arbitrary changes.
- 11. Increase the insulation value of existing roofing systems during renovations if supported by life-cycle cost and structural analysis.
- 12. Roofs will be maintained for the life of the system and replaced in accordance with UFC 3-110-04 and AFI 32-1051. A warranty is required on all new roofs.
- 13. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

D07.2. Roof Slope

- 1. Group 1 and 2 buildings will use sloped roofs, min. 3:12.
- 2. Low-sloped roofs are allowed for larger structures or to match existing conditions on renovation projects. Minimal-sloped roofs may also be used for Group 3 facilities in high-visibility areas.
- 3. Ensure adequate drainage and connect to the subsurface rain collection system where available.
- 4. Provide roof slopes to accommodate solar photovoltaic, solar thermal, passive systems and daylighting when applicable following UFC 1-200-02.
- 5. Provide underlayments as required for the roofing type as directed by the UFC.

D07.3. Parapets and Copings

1. Extend wall materials vertically above the roofline and provide metal copings to match the wall. Ensure copings are properly flashed and detailed to avoid roof leaks.

D07.4. Color and Reflectivity

- 1. All exterior metal component materials shall be RAL 1001. All metal components shall have PVDF factory finish (RAL 1001) or manufacturer equivalent.
- 2. All minimal-slope membrane roofs will use only use high-albedo, high-reflectivity color to help decrease the temperature around the buildings and minimize damage to human and wildlife habitat.
- 3. Comply with UFC 3-110-03 and ASHRAE 90.1 for Solar Reflectance Index (SRI) and thermal requirements.
- 4. All roof flashing will match the color of the predominant background material.

D07.5. Gutters, Downspouts, Scuppers, Drains

- 1. All sloped roofs will use gutters and downspouts. Locate gutters outside the fascia.
- 2. Internal roof drainage systems are not permitted in new construction. Minimal-sloped roofs will be sloped to drain to the building perimeter through scuppers into downspouts.
- 3. All gutters and fascias will match the roof color.
- 4. Size the roof drainage system per IBC and SMACNA for the region.
- 5. Use scuppers as required in parapet walls. Arrange scuppers in an orderly manner consistent with other elements of the wall system.
- 6. When open scuppers are connected to downspouts, provide transitions consistent with adjacent facilities.
- 7. Integrate downspouts with the architectural details of the wall system and arrange in an orderly, non-prominent appearance. Generally blend downspouts with the color of the wall (not contrasting it).
- 8. Fabricate downspouts from non-corrosive materials such as aluminum or zinc-coated steel. Provide powder-coated finishes in RAL 1001. All metal components shall have PVDF factory finish (RAL 1001) or manufacturer equivalent.
- 9. All downspouts will be solid.
- 10. Provide angled transitional pieces for downspouts to fit closely against the wall for their entire length.
- 11. Coordinate locations of downspouts to conceal control joints in masonry walls when possible.
- 12. Place downspouts away from building entries. Water discharged should not run across sidewalks.

D07.6. Roof Vents and Elements

- 1. Minimize and consolidate roof penetrations into a single, inconspicuous point whenever possible.
- 2. On sloped roofs clad pipe penetrations to match the roofing material.
- 3. Avoid the use of rooftop mechanical equipment; however, for renovations and unavoidable configurations, ensure units are screened.
- 4. Provide access points and service routes to equipment that protect the roof.
- 5. Screen all large vents.
- 6. Ensure attic spaces are properly vented at ridges and soffits.

- 7. Match roof color for all exposed equipment and vents.
- 8. Avoid roof-mounted antenna systems.
- 9. Arrange Lightning Protection Systems (LPS) components in an ordered, uncluttered and inconspicuous appearance; integrate components into the organization of the roof and wall systems.
- 10. Ensure that LPS roof mounting systems are approved by the roofing manufacturer.
- 11. Additions to a roof will not interfere with LPS or other rooftop systems that may be required.
- 12. Include permanent fall protection with any addition to a roof with a slope above 3:12 per UFC 3-110-03.

D07.7. Clerestories and Skylights

- 1. Clerestories are permitted in Group 1 facilities. These are allowed in Group 3 facilities only when serving passive systems and are justifiable by life-cycle analysis.
- 2. Clerestories are preferred to skylights to avoid roof penetrations. Skylights are not permitted.
- 3. Design clerestories using the same principles for seasonal shading that are required for walls and roof overhangs.
- 4. Translucent panel systems are preferred in clerestory applications due to lack of window cleaning.
- 5. Clerestories must comply with UFC 4-10-01.

D07.8. Vegetated Roof

1. Not applicable.

D07.9. Roof Systems Materials

Note: Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Roof Systems (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

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D07.9.1. Standing Seam Metal

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1 - Light

TBD

Mfr:

Color: Beige or as approved by 379 ECES

Finish: Matte

Model #: Tee-Panel

Other: Shed, gabled or hipped standing seam metal

UFGS: Section 07 61 14 Steel Standing Seam Roofing

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 61 14.00 20.pdf

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

D07.9.2. Membrane Single-ply

Applicable \(\cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: **TBD**

Color: **TBD**

Finish: Smooth

Model #: TPO single-ply, "flat" minimal slope

Other: N/A

UFGS:

Section 07 53 23 Ethylene-Propylene-Diene-Monomer Roofing http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 53 23.pdf Section 07 54 50 TPO Thermoplastic Single-Ply Roofing

(Not Available on UFGS)

D07.9.3. Built-up Multi-ply

D07.9.4. Concrete Tile ○ Applicable ● N/A **D07.9.5. Clay Tile** ○ Applicable ● N/A D07.9.6. Slate Shingles ○ Applicable ● N/A D07.9.7. Vegetated System ○ Applicable ● N/A **D07.9.8. Ribbed Metal Sheeting** Image Tool 250 x 188 Number of base standards 1 Style 1 Type: Applies to: ☐ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: **TBD** Color: Light beige or galvalume Finish: Factory Model #: High Seam Tee-Panel Other: Mechanically seamed system, 24 gauge steel, Width: 16" Batten height: 1-3/4" UFGS: Section 07 41 13.19 Batten-Seam Metal Roof Panels (Not Available on UFGS) **D07.9.9. Composite Shingles**

Number of base standards 1

lmage Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Kwik Span Metal Car Parking Sunshade		
Applies	to: • Group 1 • Group 2 • Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	Al Qayed International Tents		
Color:	RAL 1001 or manufacturer equivalent		
Finish:	PVDF Coating		
Model #: N/A			
Other:	A K-Span parking shade structure with a cantilever system. Bird Netting to be considered.		
UFGS:	Section 07 61 14 Steel Standing Seam Roofing		

D08. STRUCTURAL SYSTEMS

 $\label{lem:comply} \mbox{Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:} \\$

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Structural Systems:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/structural-systems/index.html

Comply with AFCFS Recommended Materials:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/structural-systems/materials/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188



















Group 4

Group 3

N/A

N/A

D08.1. Systems and Layouts

- 1. Pre-engineered structural steel framing may be used for Groups 1, 2 and 3 facilities; Installation-appropriate thermal envelopes, materials and detailing are required.
- 2. Select economical structural systems that integrate roof and wall systems.
- 3. Narrow buildings 60' or less in width with column-free interiors are preferred for office, administrative and personnel spaces; when interior columns are required optimize the structural grid layout for open-plan arrangements.
- 4. Fully coordinate structural grids with exterior window systems to align columns with window frames or wall systems.
- 5. When structure is exposed provide an organized appearance and coordinate with mechanical, electrical, plumbing, fire protection, information technology, and communications systems.
- 6. Limit the use of specialty systems (such as space frames, vaults or domes) and of structure as a visual feature.
- 7. Cost-effectively design interior bearing walls as thermal mass.
- 8. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

D08.2. Structural Systems Materials

Note: Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Structural Systems (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

D08.2.1. Concrete

Applicable \(\cap \) N/A

N/A Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Pre-cast Concrete		
Applies 1	co: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	Custom		
Color:	Sandy/Stucco		
Finish:	Light texture		
Model #	: N/A		
Other:	Coordinate with mechanical for chilled beam technologies		

UFGS: Section 03 30 53 Miscellaneous Cast-In-Place Concrete

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 30 53.pdf Section 03 33 00 Cast-In-Place Architectural Concrete http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 33 00.pdf

Section 03 47 13 Tilt-Up Concrete

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 47 13.pdf

D08.2.2. Insulated Concrete Forming (ICF)

○ Applicable N/A

D08.2.3. Steel

Applicable \(\cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Rigid Framing Type:

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: **US Steel**

Color: Shop primed

Finish: Matte

Model #: Structural steel shapes

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 05 12 00 Structural Steel

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 05 12 00.pdf

D08.2.4. Pre-Engineered Steel

Applicable \(\cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Moment Frame Type:

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Behlen Building Systems

Color: Factory primed

Finish: Matte

Mfr:

Model #: Moment Frame

Other: Draped insulation may be used behind wall finish system;

Behlen standing seam roof system may be used for Group 3

UFGS: Section 13 12 00 Steel Building Systems

(Not Available on UFGS)

Section 13 34 19 Metal Building Systems

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 13 34 19.pdf

D08.2.5. Masonry		
○ Applicable ● N/A		
D08.2.6. Heavy Timber		
○ Applicable ● N/A		
D08.2.7. Light-gauge Steel		
○ Applicable ● N/A		
D08.2.8. Lumber Framing		
○ Applicable ● N/A		
D08.2.9. Other		
○ Applicable ● N/A		

D09. MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL AND PLUMBING

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Mechanical, Electrical and Plumbing: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/machanical-electrical-and-plumbing/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188



















N/A

Group 3

Group 4

N/A

D09.1. Passive and Active Systems

- 1. Fully integrate passive heating and cooling systems into facility designs whenever practical for the local climate prior to the design of active mechanical systems.
- 2. Provide optimized passive and active systems; design active mechanical systems to supplement thermal mass walls and floors.
- 3. Develop renewable-energy systems including geo-exchange (ground source heat pumps) when life cycle cost effective.
- 4. Performance display screens, which report energy performance and utility savings, are encouraged; when provided locate these in building lobbies or common areas.
- 5. Solar domestic hot water systems are required when life-cycle cost effective for the climate.
- 6. Integrate shading into building exteriors to reduce solar heat gain during hot seasons.

D09.2. Functionality and Efficiency

- 1. Fully coordinate mechanical, electrical, plumbing (MEP) and fire protection systems with each other and with the building structure, enclosure, thermal envelope and interior design.
- 2. Ensure direct exterior access is provided for 379 ECES to main mechanical and electrical rooms.
- 3. Screen exterior equipment from primary views (landscape, building masses, screen walls) and comply with ATFP requirements.
- 4. Keep equipment away from main building entrances; locate service area/yard on least visible side of a building.
- 5. Coordinate the location of all exterior meters, equipment and devices to provide convenient access and an overall coordinated and orderly appearance.
- 6. Design emergency generator systems integrally with all other building systems and avoid incompatible building additions; locate generators near service areas and ensure they are not visible from primary entrances.
- 7. When structure is exposed as a finished ceiling, fully integrate MEP and fire protection systems to provide an organized, uncluttered appearance.
- 8. Conceal ducts, piping, conduits, devices, etc., when permanent walls, suspended ceilings or raised floors are provided; locate sprinkler heads in orderly configuration.
- 9. Limit interior wall-mounted equipment in occupied personnel spaces; avoid surface-mounted conduit and pipes.
- 10. Provide efficient utility rooms with layouts to facilitate system performance and maintenance; provide convenient access to controls, clearly label systems and include operating and maintenance instructions.
- 11. Separate mechanical and electrical and communications rooms.
- 12. Integrate recessed and wall-mounted fixtures such as fire standpipe cabinets and drinking fountains within permanent walls.
- 13. Refer to G. Appendix, G01 for Al Udeid AB Mechanical Requirements.
- 14. Refer to G. Appendix, G02 for Al Udeid AB Electrical Requirements.
- 15. Refer to G. Appendix, G03 for Al Udeid AB Plumbing Requirements.
- 16. Refer to G. Appendix, G04 for Al Udeid AB Fire Protection Requirements.

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188



















Group 4

Group 3

N/A

N/A

E01. Building Configurations

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Building Configurations: http://afcfs.wbdq.org/facilities-interiors/buildings-configurations/index.html

- 1. Provide open-plan configurations for office, administrative, operational and related activities and spaces for maximum flexibility. Use a "core and shell" approach in which all building systems, infrastructure and permanent interior partitions anticipate two or more uses (operations) during a facility's life span.
- 2. Create flexible interior configurations using Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment (FF&E) and limit private offices and private rooms. Refer to AFMAN 32-1084 for space requirements. To the greatest extent, limit permanent partitions to core areas such as toilet rooms, stairs, mechanical and utility rooms.
- 3. Use more durable long-lasting finishes in core areas for walls, ceilings, floor coverings and built-in casework. Coordinate interior FF&E layouts with structural grids during space planning.
- 4. Provide high-performance building configurations following UFC 1-200-02. Ensure passive design strategies are cost effectively incorporated before active mechanical systems are designed.
- 5. Comply with UFC 1-200-01, general building requirements. UFC 1-200-01 provides applicability of model building codes and government unique criteria for typical design disciplines and building systems, as well as for accessibility, antiterrorism, security, high performance and sustainability requirements, and safety.
- 6. Meet security and force protection requirements in UFC 4-010-01: DoD Minimum Antiterrorism Standards for Buildings.
- 7. Comply with AFCFS for supporting mission requirements, addressing human comfort and well being, and creating highly flexible interiors while satisfying metrics for high performance and sustainable buildings.
- 8. Provide a level of quality for interior features, materials and finishes that is appropriate for the Facility Group number. Group 1 may receive higher quality than Groups 2 thru 3. Refer to Facility Hierarchy.
- 9. Through open-plan configurations, preserve all passive and natural design strategies and fully integrate facility interiors with overall building systems.
- 10. Professional interior designers, or architects with significant interior design experience, must accomplish the design and review of applicable new construction, renovations and maintenance projects.
- 11. Maintain architectural compatibility following AFCFS and this Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) document to create continuity while avoiding monotony.

E01.1. Layout and Common Areas

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Layout and Common Areas: http://afcfs.wbdq.org/facilities-interiors/buildings-configurations/layout-and-common-areas/index.html

- 1. Create open-plan interior environments to accommodate changes.
- 2. Limit interior partitions, private offices and rooms; use furniture or modular systems to provide privacy and acoustic control.
- 3. When partitions are functionally justified such as for conference rooms, use systems furniture and moveable (demountable) floor-to-ceiling wall systems for acoustical or visual privacy.
- 4. Proportion lobbies and common spaces based on type of function, activity and facility group.
- 5. Allow no direct sight lines into restrooms.
- 6. Situate utility and core areas to minimize impact on daylighting and to maximize use as thermal buffers.

- 7. Ensure electrical, lighting and communications system can be adaptable to configuration changes.
- 8. Avoid power poles to the maximum extent; when poles are necessary minimize the number and coordinate locations with furniture placement and other elements.
- 9. Avoid sloping floors to maintain flexibility and eliminate future structural changes.
- 10. Special consideration may apply to Sensitive Compartmented Information Facilities (SCIFs).

E01.1.1. Interior Design Process

- 1. Comply with UFC 3-120-10 for the Comprehensive Interior Design (CID,) which includes both Structural Interior Design (SID) and Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment (FF&E) design services.
- 2. Use a collaborative, integrated planning and design team, composed of user, government support staff, and appropriate professionals. Integrate architectural features using simple detailing to create a professional appearance; avoid extravagant or excessive detailing.
- 3. Ensure interior designs satisfy the functional requirements within the context of flexibility, sustainability and the building's energy performance.
- 4. Base space planning on square foot allocations from AFM 32-1084. Identify special requirements if any, such as privacy separation, VIP areas, gathering spaces and storage. Note: The occupant's rank and position will influence the square footage and selection of materials.
- 5. Provide clear circulation and pathway finding for both horizontal and vertical directions that accommodate the number of personnel in the facility.
- 6. Maximize efficiencies in the space plan for functional relationships and adjacencies for all facility users. Efficiently create and situate rooms and support rooms such as conference / meeting rooms and break rooms.
- 7. Provide interior design building-related illustrations, drawings, schedules, materials selections, specifications and cost estimates as listed in UFC 3-120-10. Refer to Furnishings in this IFS also.
- 8. SID Format shall follow UFC 3-120-10.
- 9. Base the FF&E package on the furniture footprint developed in the SID. Identify all new or existing equipment needed and its users within each facility or each area of the facility. Provide specific information on: equipment sizes, electrical requirements, ventilation requirements, weight (if heavy), quantity, and security level if required. Presume all administrative spaces have computers and supporting equipment.

E01.1.2. Codes and Regulations

- 1. Refer to UFC 1-200-01 for modifications to the International Building Code (IBC) to determine applicable sections of the IBC. Both the IBC Chapter 3 and UFC 3-600-01 govern "Use and Occupancy Classification" for example.
- Fire code requirements shall be as defined in the International Building Code (IBC) and must be used where dictated by UFC 1-200-01 DoD Building Code (General Building Requirements) except where noted in UFC 3-600-01 (Fire Protection Engineering For Facilities).
- 3. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 101 must be utilized to determine the occupancy classification as it relates to fire/smoke resistance rating of interior non-load bearing partitions (other than occupancy separation), means of egress, interior finish, features of fire protection (including vertical openings) and associated requirements.

E01.2. Quality and Comfort

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Quality and Comfort: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/buildings-configurations/quality-and-comfort/index.html

- Include durability in the life-cycle cost analysis for best-value material selections with long life expectancies that do not show excessive wearing.
- Select long-lasting materials and finishes for permanent core areas such as lobbies, restrooms and stairs.
- 3. Select low-maintenance materials and products that reduce ongoing servicing and repair and that are easy to clean.
- 4. Relate the visual quality of finishes to the Facility Group number.
- Building and interior configurations should address both operations and climatic responses.
- 6. Convey a professional image; avoid trendy patterns and textures.
- 7. Use materials and finishes that provide a healthy indoor environment.
- 8. Orient interior spaces toward views while maintaining cost-effective building performance and efficiency.
- 9. Promote air movement and daylighting for human health and wellbeing.

E02. Floors

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Floors: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/floors/index.html

E02.1. Floor Materials

Facility Group 1 floor materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 3 floor materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Prepared Slabs (Ground, Polished) Primary: Prepared Slabs (Ground)

Secondary: Ceramic tile Secondary: Prepared Slabs (Sealer)

Tertiary: Metal Stair treads Tertiary: Metal Stair Treads

Facility Group 2 floor materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 4 floor materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Prepared Slabs (Ground, Polished) Primary: N/A

Secondary: Ceramic tile Secondary: N/A

Tertiary: Metal Stair Treads Tertiary: N/A

- 1. Natural stone and terrazzo flooring may be used in high traffic areas of Group 1 as approved on a case basis.
- 2. Resilient and rapidly renewable flooring may be used in low traffic areas in Group 1 and 2.
- 3. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

Note: Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Floors (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

Al Udeid Air Base Page 105 of 126 Back to Table of Contents

Number of base standards 2

Type:

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1, Ground and Polished

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Local (TBD)

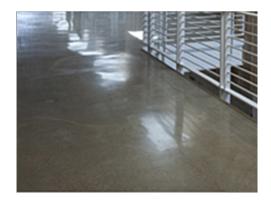
Color: Natural gray cement, light to dark beige aggregates

Finish: Fine polished texture

Model #: Medium to small aggregate

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 03 35 45 Polished Concrete Finishing (Not Available on UFGS)



UFGS: Section 03 35 45 Polished Concrete Finishing (Not Available on UFGS)

E02.1.2. Natural Stone and Terrazzo

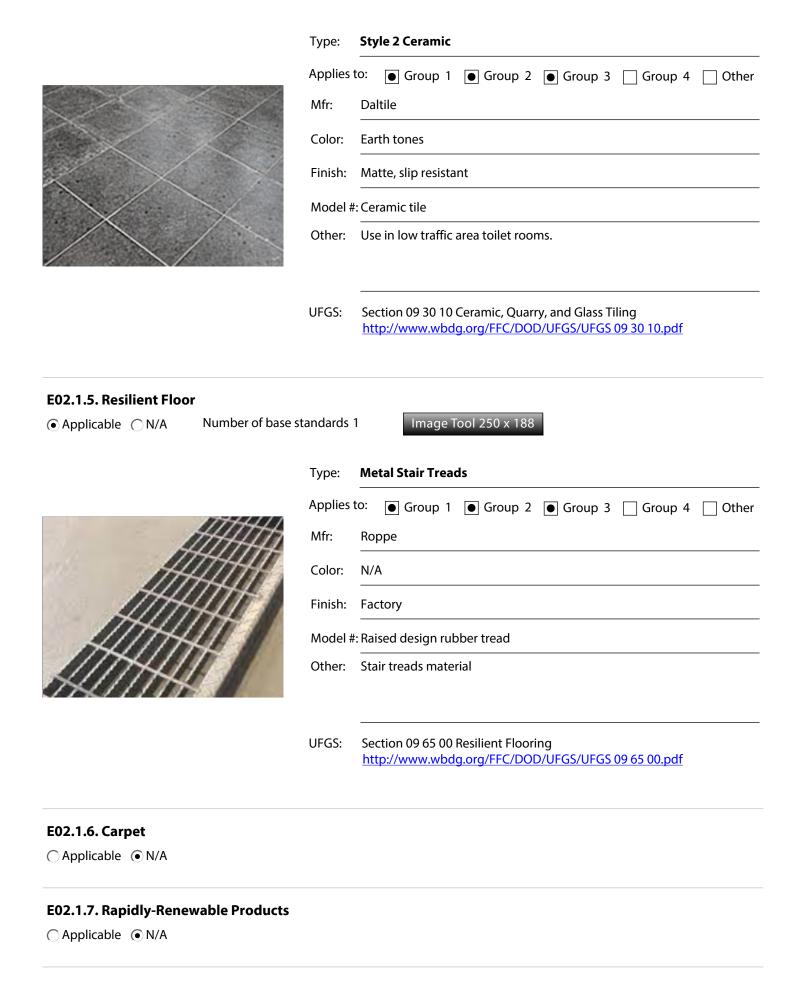
E02.1.3. Quarry Tile ♠ Applicable♠ N/A	Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188			
	Type:	Style 1		
	Appli	es to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
111/10	Mfr:	Daltile		
1111	Color	: Earth tones		
111	Finish	n: Matte, slip resistant		
	Mode	el #: N/A		
	Othe	r: Use in commercial kitchen flooring.		
	UFGS	Section 09 30 10 Ceramic, Quarry, and Glass Tiling http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 30 10.pdf		
E02.1.4. Ceramic Tile				
● Applicable ○ N/A	Number of base standard	ds 2 Image Tool 250 x 188		
	Type:	Style 1 Porcelain		
	Appli	es to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		



Mfr: Daltile Color: Earth tones Finish: Matte, slip resistant Model #: Porcelain tile Other: Use in high traffic areas. Epoxy grout is recommended.

UFGS: Section 09 30 10 Ceramic, Quarry, and Glass Tiling

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 30 10.pdf



E02.1.8. Other

E03. Walls

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Walls: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/walls/index.html

E03.1. Wall Materials

Facility Group 1 wall materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 3 wall materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Brick (or otheras approved by the BCE) Primary: Ground face block, sealed (do not paint)

Secondary: Gypsum board (painted) Secondary: N/A

Tertiary: Ceramic tile (restrooms) Tertiary: Ceramic tile (restrooms)

Facility Group 2 wall materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 4 wall materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Brick Primary: N/A

Secondary: Gypsum board (painted) Secondary: N/A

Tertiary: Ceramic tile (restrooms) Tertiary: N/A

- 1. Follow UFC 3-450-01 (Vibration and Noise Control) for acoustic design issues including speech privacy, sound isolation or sound masking.
- 2. Select and apply paint with sheens (gloss levels) appropriate for the application following UFGS Section 09 90 00 Paints and Coatings.
- 3. Provide ceramic tile on wet walls of kitchens, toilet rooms, locker rooms, etc., in all facility groups.
- 4. Neutral split-face or ground-face integrally colored block with a clear sealer may be used in Group 3. Do not paint block.
- 5. Provide rubber base on drywall partitions in Groups 1 and 2.
- 6. Hardwood base may only be used in Group 1 as approved on a case basis.
- 7. Hardwood chair rails / bumper rails may be used in high-use areas of Groups 1 and 2; aqueous clear finishes are preferred to reduce maintenance; plastic chair rails are permitted only in medical applications.
- 8. Decorative moldings may be used only in Group 1 when approved on a case basis.
- 9. Corner guards are permitted only in high traffic spaces with wheeled or cart use such as private service areas in Groups 1 and 2; stainless steel corners guards with a brushed finish may be judiciously used in Group 3.
- 10. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.
- 11. Refer to G06 for Mold Prevention Policy.

Note: Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Walls (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

E03.1.1. Concrete

○ Applicable ● N/A

E03.1.2. Masonry

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Modular Face Brick	
Applies	to: • Group 1 • Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other	
Mfr:	Local (TBD)	
Color:	Tan blend	
Finish:	Light texture	
Model #: Coursed unit masonry		
Other:	Brick is preferred. Concrete block may only be used in Group 3 when approved by the BCE.	

UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf

Applicable \(\Omega \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

_

Mfr: Daltile

Color: Earth tones

Finish: Gloss, Semi-gloss

Model #: Ceramic wall tile

Other: Located on wet walls in restrooms

UFGS: Section 09 30 10 Ceramic, Quarry, and Glass Tiling

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 30 10.pdf

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

E03.1.4. Gypsum Board

Applicable \(\cap \text{N/A} \)Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: US Gypsum

Color: Solid Earth tone colors

Finish: Paint (Sheen per UFGS)

Model #: Tapered edge

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 09 29 00 Gypsum Board

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 29 00.pdf

Section 09 90 00 Paints and Coatings

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 90 00.pdf

E03.1.5. Metal Panels

○ Applicable N/A

E03.1.6. Wood Paneling Applicable N/A E03.1.7. Rapidly-Renewable Products Applicable N/A E03.1.8. Other Applicable N/A

E04. Ceilings

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Ceilings: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/ceilings/index.html

E04.1. Ceiling Materials

Facility Group 1 ceiling materials shall be as follows.		Facility Group 3 ceiling materials shall be as follows.	
Primary:	Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure Above)	Primary:	Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure Above)
Secondary:	Grid and Acoustical Tile	Secondary:	Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure Above)
Tertiary:		Tertiary:	Gypsum board (painted)
Facility Group 2 ceiling materials shall be as follows.			
Facility Grou	p 2 ceiling materials shall be as follows.	Facility Grou	up 4 ceiling materials shall be as follows.
Facility Grou	IP 2 ceiling materials shall be as follows. Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure Above)	Facility Grou	up 4 ceiling materials shall be as follows. N/A
·		·	

- 1. Accent ceiling materials such as metal, wood, and rapidly renewable may be used in Group 1 as approved on a case basis.
- 2. Follow UFC 3-450-01 (Vibration and Noise Control) for acoustic design issues including speech privacy, sound isolation or sound masking.
- 3. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.
- All ceiling tile will be 24-inch x 24-inch White, Textured, Non-Directional, Lay-In, Square Edge. Preferred Manufacturer is Armstrong.
- 5. New ceiling tiles shall be non-perforated high humidity resistant, mold prevention and mildew growth resistant. Refer to G06 for Mold Prevention Policy.

Note: Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Ceilings (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

E04.1.1. Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure Above)

♠ Applicable ♠ N/A
Number of base standards 1
Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Vulcraft

Color: Neutral colors reviewed on a case basis

Finish: Field painted (Sheen per UFGS)

Model #: Formlok floor and roof decking

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 05 30 00 Steel Decks

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 05 30 00.pdf

E04.1.2. Exposed Concrete

E04.1.3. Grid and Acoustical Tile

Number of base standards 2

lmage Tool 250 x 188



_	a a a.u.a.
Type:	Style 1 All Purpose
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Armstrong
Color:	White
Finish:	Factory
Model #	t: 2'x2' Tegular with reveal edge and fine texture, grid 15/16"
Other:	Performance characteristics are Class A; NRC-0.70; CAC-40; LR-0.86; minimum recycled content 82%.
UFGS:	Section 09 51 00 Acoustical Ceilings http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 51 00.pdf
Type:	Style 2 Kitchen
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Armstrong



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Armstrong

Color: White

Finish: Factory

Model #: Kitchen – 2' x 2' Ceramaguard

Other: Grid 15/16" Prelude (Ceiling and grid: Fire rated when applicable)

UFGS: Section 09 51 00 Acoustical Ceilings

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 51 00.pdf

E04.1.4. Gypsum Board

Applicable \(\) N/A	Number of base standards 1	Image Tool 250 x 18
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	Type:	Style 1
	Applies t	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
	Mfr:	US Gypsum
	Color:	Solid neutral colors
	Finish:	Paint (sheen per UFGS)
	Model #	:Tapered edge
	Other:	N/A
	UFGS:	Section 09 29 00 Gypsum Board
		http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 29 00.pdf Section 09 90 00 Paints and Coatings
		http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 90 00.pdf
E04.1.5. Metal Panels		
○ Applicable ● N/A		
E04.1.6. Wood		
○ Applicable ● N/A		
E04.1.7. Rapidly-Renewable Products		
○ Applicable ● N/A		
E04.1.8. Other		
○ Applicable ● N/A		

E05. Doors and Windows

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Doors and Windows: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/doors-and-windows/index.html

E05.1. Doors and Windows and Frames Materials

Facility Group 1

door (frame) and window frame materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Aluminum, clear anodized

Secondary: Hollow metal (painted)

Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 1

door (leaf) materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Hardwood veneer

Secondary: Hollow metal (painted)

Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 2

door (frame) and window frame materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Aluminum, clear anodized

Secondary: Hollow metal (painted)

Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 2

door (leaf) materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Hardwood veneer

Secondary: Hollow metal (painted)

Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 3

door (frame) and window frame materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Hollow metal (galvanized, painted)

Secondary: Hollow metal (galvanized, painted)

Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 3

door (leaf) materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Hollow metal (galvanized, painted)

Secondary: Hollow metal (galvanized, painted)

Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 4

door (frame) and window frame materials shall be as follows.

Primary: N/A

Secondary: N/A

Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 4

door (leaf) materials shall be as follows.

Primary: N/A

Secondary: N/A

Tertiary: N/A

- 1. Hardwood casings may be provided over metal frames in Group 1 as approved on a case basis.
- 2. Do not use hollow-core wood doors.
- 3. Generally match original hardware in renovations.
- 4. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

Note: Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Doors and Windows (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

Applicable \(\cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Kawneer

Color: Clear anodized

Finish: Factory

Model #: InFrame Interior Framing, (2x4 nominal framing)

Other: Satin stainless steel hardware

UFGS: Section 08 41 13 Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 41 13.pdf

Section 08 71 00 Door Hardware

https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf

E05.1.2. Hollow Metal

Number of base standards 2 Applicable \(\cap \) N/A

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: **Steel Doors**

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Steelcraft

Color: **Neutral colors**

Finish: Paint (Sheen per UFGS)

Model #: Hollow metal, 2" w. frames, 16 gauge (welded corners) grouted solid

Other: Provide in Group 3 and in utility areas of Group 1 and 2. Provide A25

"galvannealed" coating. All interior steel doors shall have a factory

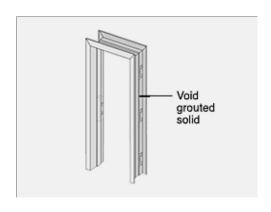
applied primer finish. Provide satin stainless steel hardware.

UFGS: Section 08 11 13 Steel Doors and Frames

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 11 13.pdf

Section 08 71 00 Door Hardware

https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf



Type: Steel Frames

Applies to:

Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Steelcraft

Color: Neutral colors

Finish: Paint (Sheen per UFGS)

Model #: Hollow metal, frame grouted solid

Other: Satin stainless steel hardware

UFGS: Section 08 11 13 Steel Doors and Frames

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 11 13.pdf

Section 08 71 00 Door Hardware

https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf

E05.1.3. Wood

Applicable \(\cap \) N/ANumber of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1, Administrative

Applies to: • Group 1 • Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Simpson

Color: Natural hardwood veneer

Finish: Clear Sealer, satin (aqueous)

Model #: 3'x7'x 1 3/4", solid core

Other: Satin stainless steel hardware, Glass lites may be used. Stained birch

veneer face, 5 ply construction, rotary cut finish.

UFGS: Section 08 14 00 Wood Doors

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 14 00.pdf

Section 08 71 00 Door Hardware

https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf

E05.1.4. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

E06. Casework Systems

E06.1. Casework Materials

- 1. Select casework systems and materials considering durability, maintenance requirements and LCCA.
- 2. Natural stone and cast stone countertops may only be used in Group 1 with approval on a case basis.
- 3. Metal cabinets and countertops shall be provided in heavy-use operations and in Group 3.

Type:

- 4. Refer to AFCFS for approved materials.
- Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

Style 1, Low Use Areas

E06.1.1. Plastic Laminate

♠ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188



Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Formica
Color:	Medium Earth tones and neutral tones
Finish:	Light textured
Model i	#: High pressure laminate
Other:	Combine with matching solid-surface banding on casework edges.

UFGS: Section 06 41 16.00 10 Plastic-Laminate-Clad Architectural Cabinets http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 06 41 16.00 10.pdf

E06.1.2. Solid Polymer Surface

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1, High Use Areas

Applies to: Group 1 Gr

Mfr: Corian

Color: Medium Earth tones and neutral tones

Finish: Light textured

Model #: Solid Surface

Other: Faces and edge banding

UFGS: Section 12 36 00 Countertops

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 36 00.pdf

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

E06.1.3. Rapidly-Renewable Products

Applicable \(\cap \) N/ANumber of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1 Moderate Use Areas

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Plyboo

Color: Natural or amber

Finish: Satin

Model #: Flat grain bamboo plywood

Other: FSC® Certified 100%.

UFGS: Section 12 32 00 Manufactured Wood Casework

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 32 00.pdf

E06.1.4. Metal

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Style 1	
Applies t	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other	
Mfr:	Steel Sentry	
Color:	Natural stainless steel or neural colors (steel)	
Finish:	Mill (stainless) or Powder coated (steel)	
Model #: Lab, workbench, computer workstation		
Other:	Provide highly durable fabrications and finishes in Group 3 which are subjected to heavy use.	
UFGS:	Section 12 31 00 Manufactured Metal Casework http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 31 00.pdf	

E06.1.5. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

E06.2. Countertop Materials

E06.2.1. Plastic Laminate

Applicable \(\cap \) N/A
Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1, Low Use Areas

Applies to:

Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Formica

Color: Medium Earth tones and neutral tones

Finish: Light textured

Model #: High pressure laminate

Other: Only use rounded half or full bullnose and integral backsplash. Do not

use plastic laminate edge banding on front edges.

UFGS: Section 06 41 16.00 10 Plastic-Laminate-Clad Architectural Cabinets

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 06 41 16.00 10.pdf

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

E06.2.2. Solid Polymer Surface

Applicable \(\cap \) N/ANumber of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1, High Use Areas

Mfr: Corian

Color: Medium Earth tones and neutral tones

Finish: Light textured

Model #: Solid Surface

Other: Faces and edges

UFGS: Section 12 36 00 Countertops

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 36 00.pdf

E06.2.3. Natural Stone

♠ Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Туре:	Style 1, Group 1 High Visibility, Heavy Use				
Applies to	o: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other				
Mfr:	Local (TBD)				
Color:	Neutral tones				
Finish:	High polish, sealer				
Model #:	Custom cut slabs				
Other:	N/A				

UFGS: Section 12 36 00 Countertops

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 36 00.pdf

E06.2.4. Cast Stone

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Style 1, Group 1 High Visibility, Heavy Use				
Applies t	o: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other				
Mfr:	Local (TBD)				
Color:	Neutral tones				
Finish:	High polish, sealer				
Model #	: Custom cast or cut slabs				
Other:	N/A				
Finish:	High polish, sealer : Custom cast or cut slabs				

UFGS: Section 12 36 00 Countertops

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 36 00.pdf

E06.2.5. Metal

Applicable	○ N/A	Number of base standards	1
\sim 11			

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:			
Applies t	co: • Group 1 • Group 2 • Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	Local (TBD)		
Color:	Natural stainless steel		
Finish:	Mill		
Model #	: Custom fabricated countertops		
Other:	Provide integral fronts, sides and backsplash		

UFGS: Section 12 31 00 Manufactured Metal Casework

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 31 00.pdf

E06.2.6. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

E07. Furnishings

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Furnishings: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/furnishings/index.html

E07.1. Durability and Serviceability

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Durability and Serviceability: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/furnishings/durability-and-serviceability/index.html

E07.2. Accessories

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Accessories: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/furnishings/accessories/index.html

1. Comply with AFCFS.

E08. Interior Signs

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Interior Signs: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/interior-signs/index.html

E08.1 Types and Color

E08.2. Interior Signs Materials

- 1. Natural stone, masonry and cast stone signs may only be used in Group 1 with approval on a case basis.
- 2. Interior signage shall be in accordance to UFC 3-120-01 Design: Sign Standards and UFGS Division 10 Specialties: Section 10 14 00.20 Interior Signage.

E09. Lighting, Power and Communication

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/lighting-power-and-communication/index.html

E09.1. Functionality and Efficiency

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Functionality and Efficiency: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/lighting-power-and-communication/functionality-and-efficiency/index.html

E09.2. Types and Color

1. Comply with AFCFS.

F. APPENDIX - Facility Districts Applicable

N/A

G. APPENDIX - References

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/index.html

Note: The below listed Supplementary Documents are provided as part of this IFS and shall become fully part of the IFS. If there are any discrepancies between the requirements of this IFS and the Supplementary Documents, the IFS shall govern.

G01 Al Udeid AB Mechanical Requirements

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/AF/AFIFS/G01_Al_Udeid_AB_Mechanical_Requirements.pdf

G02 Al Udeid AB Electrical Requirements

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/AF/AFIFS/G02_Al_Udeid_AB_Electrical_Requirements.pdf

G03 Al Udeid AB Plumbing Requirements

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/AF/AFIFS/G03_Al_Udeid_AB_Plumbing_Requirements.pdf

G04 Al Udeid AB Fire Protection Requirements

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/AF/AFIFS/G04_Al_Udeid_AB_Fire_Protection_Requirements.pdf

G05 Al Udeid AB Sign Policy

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/AF/AFIFS/G05_Al_Udeid_AB_Sign_Policy.pdf

G06 Al Udeid AB 379 ECES Mold Policy

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/AF/AFIFS/G06_Al_Udeid_AB_379_ECES_Mold_Policy.pdf

G07 Al Udeid AB 379 ECES Lock Policy

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/AF/AFIFS/G07_Al_Udeid_AB_379_ECES_Lock_Revision.pdf