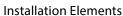
# (PRE-FINAL) SHEPPARD AIR FORCE BASE INSTALLATION FACILITIES STANDARDS (IFS)









Site Development



**Facilities Exteriors** 



**Facilities Interiors** 

# 2020

# **Sheppard Air Force Base IFS**

# **Table of Contents**

A. OVERVIEW	5	B03.2.3. Preserves B03.2.4. Perimeter Fence	
A01. Facility Hierarchy		C. SITE DEVELOPMENT	32
A02. Facility Quality		C01. Site Design	
A03. Facility Districts		C01.1. Site Design Considerations	
B. INSTALLATION ELEMENTS	8	C01.2. Building Orientation	
B01. Comprehensive Planning	8	CO1.2. Building Orientation	
B01.1. Installation Development Plan (IDP)	8		
B01.1.1. IFS Component Plan of IDP		CO2.1. Utility Components	
B01.1.2. Brief History of Base B01.1.3. Future Development		CO3.1 G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G	
·	12	C03.1.1 Paying and Striping	35
B02. Street Envelope Standards		C03.1.1. Paving and Striping C03.1.2. Curbing	
B02.1. Hierarchy of Streets	12	C03.1.3. Internal Islands and Medians	
B02.1.1. Arterial Streets B02.1.2. Collector Streets		C03.2. Parking Structures	40
B02.1.3. Local Streets		C03.3. Connectivity	
B02.1.4. Special Routes	17	C04. Stormwater Management	40
B02.2. Hierarchy of Intersections  B02.2.1. Arterials  B02.2.2. Arterial/Collector		C04.1. Stormwater Requirements	
		C05. Sidewalks, Bikeways and Trails	42
B02.2.3. Collectors		C05.1. Circulation and Paving	
B02.2.4. Special Intersections		C05.1.1. Ramps and Stairs	
B02.2.5. Street Frontage Requirements B02.2.6. Sight Lines		C05.1.2. Lighting	
B02.3. Street Elements	20	C06. Landscape	44
B02.3.1. Paving	20	C06.1. Climate-based Materials	45
B02.3.2. Curb and Gutter		C06.1.1. Landscape Design Concept	
B02.3.3. Utility Service Elements		C06.1.2. Xeriscape Design Principles C06.1.3. Minimizing Water Requirements	
B02.3.4. Traffic Signs B02.3.5. Street Lighting		C06.1.4. Plant Material Selection	
B02.3.6. Other		C06.1.5. Water Budgeting (Hydrozones)	
B03. Open Space / Public Space		C06.1.6. Base Entrance Landscaping	
B03.1. Plazas, Monuments and Static Displays		C06.1.7. Streetscape Landscaping C06.1.8. Pedestrian Circulation Landscaping	
B03.1.1. Paved Plazas		C06.1.9. Parking Lot Landscaping	
B03.1.2. Sculptures, Markers and Statuary		C06.1.10. Screen/Accent Landscaping C06.1.11. Other	
B03.1.3. Static Display of Aircraft	20		F 2
B03.2. Grounds and Perimeters	Zŏ	CO7.1 Eurnishings and Elements	
B03.2.1. Parade Grounds B03.2.2. Parks		C07.1. Furnishings and Elements	53

# Table of contents continued

C07.2. Site Furnishings Products, Materials / Color . C07.2.1. Barbeque Grills C07.2.2. Benches C07.2.3. Bike Racks		D03.3.4. Thermal Shading D03.3.5. Renewable Heating/Cooling D03.3.6. Solar Photovoltaic System D03.3.7. Solar Thermal System	
C07.2.4. Bike Lockers		D04. Building Entrances	93
C07.2.5. Bollards		D04.1. Primary Entrances	94
C07.2.6. Bus Shelters		D04.2. Secondary Entrances	94
C07.2.7. Drinking Fountains C07.2.8. Dumpster Enclosures / Gates		D05. Wall Systems	
C07.2.9. Fencing		D05.1. Hierarchy of Materials	
C07.2.10. Flagpoles		D05.2. Layout, Organization and Durability	
C07.2.11. Lighting – Landscape / Accent		•	
C07.2.12. Litter and Ash Receptacles C07.2.13. Picnic Tables		D05.3. Equipment, Vents and Devices	
C07.2.14. Planters – Free Standing		D05.4 Wall Systems Materials	97
C07.2.15. Play Equipment		D05.4.1. Flat Metal Panels	
C07.2.16. Screen Walls		D05.4.2. Brick Veneer	
C07.2.17. Tree Grates		D05.4.3. Architectural Precast	
C07.2.18. Other		D05.4.4. Stucco Over Sheathing	
C08. Exterior Signs	70	D05.4.5. Curtain Wall	
C08.1. Colors and Types	70	D05.4.6. Cast-in Place Concrete	
C08.1.1. Materials and Color Specifications	, 0	D05.4.7. Tilt-up Concrete D05.4.8. Ribbed Metal Sheeting	
C08.1.2. Installation and Gate Identification Signs		D05.4.9. EIFS	
C08.1.3. Building Identification Signs		D05.4.3. Ell 3	
C08.1.4. Traffic Control Devices (Street Signs)		D05.4.11.Concrete Block	
C08.1.5. Directional and Wayfinding Signs		D05.4.12. Fiber Cement Siding	
C08.1.6. Informational Signs		D05.4.13. Other	
C08.1.7. Motivational Signs		D06. Doors and Windows	104
C08.1.8. Parking Lot Signs		D06.1. Types	105
C08.1.9. Regulatory Signs C08.1.10. Other		D06.2. Layout and Geometry	
C09. Lighting	79	D06.3. Glazing and Shading	
C09.1. Fixtures and Lamping		D06.4. Hardware	
C09.2. Light Fixture Types		D06.5. Doors and Windows Materials	
C09.2.1. Street Lighting			100
C09.2.2. Parking Lot Lighting		D06.5.1. Anodized Aluminum D06.5.2. Hollow Metal	
C09.2.3. Lighted Bollards		D06.5.3. Aluminum-clad Wood	
C09.2.4. Sidewalk Lighting		D06.5.4. Other	
C09.2.5. Walls / Stairs Lighting		D07. Roof Systems	100
C09.2.6. Other			
D. FACILITIES EXTERIORS	84	D07.1. Roof Type and Form	
D01. Supporting the Mission	84	D07.2. Roof Slope	
D02. Sustainability	84	D07.3. Parapets and Copings	
D03. Architectural Features		D07.4. Color and Reflectivity	
D03.1. Orientation, Massing and Scale	86 86	D07.5. Gutters, Downspouts, Scuppers, Drains	
D03.2. Architectural Character		D07.6. Roof Vents and Elements	110
D03.3. Details and Color		D07.7. Clerestories and Skylights	111
D03.3.1. Climate-based Data	00	D07.8. Vegetated Roof	111
D03.3.2. Natural Ventilation System D03.3.3. Thermal Mass			

# Table of contents continued

D07.9. Roof Systems Materials	111	E04. Ceilings	131
D07.9.1. Standing Seam Metal		E04.1. Ceiling Materials	. 131
D07.9.2. Membrane Single-ply		E04.1.1. Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure	
D07.9.3. Built-up Multi-ply D07.9.4. Concrete Tile		Above)	
D07.9.5. Clay Tile		E04.1.2. Exposed Concrete	
D07.9.6. Slate Shingles		E04.1.3. Grid and Acoustical Tile	
D07.9.7. Vegetated System		E04.1.4. Gypsum Board E04.1.5. Metal Panels	
D07.9.8. Ribbed Metal Sheeting		E04.1.6. Wood	
D07.9.9. Composite Shingles		E04.1.7. Rapidly-Renewable Products	
D07.9.10. Other		E04.1.8. Other	
D08. Structural Systems	115	E05. Doors and Windows	.134
D08.1. Systems and Layouts	116	E05.1. Doors and Windows and Frames Materials	. 134
D08.2. Structural Systems Materials	116	E05.1.1. Aluminum	
D08.2.1. Concrete		E05.1.2. Hollow Metal	
D08.2.2. Insulated Concrete Forming (ICF)		E05.1.3. Wood	
D08.2.3. Steel		E05.1.4. Other	
D08.2.4. Pre-Engineered Steel D08.2.5. Masonry		E06. Casework Systems	138
D08.2.6. Heavy Timber		E06.1. Casework Materials	138
D08.2.7. Light-gauge Steel		E06.1.1. Plastic Laminate	
D08.2.8. Lumber Framing		E06.1.2. Solid Polymer Surface	
D08.2.9. Other		E06.1.3. Rapidly-Renewable Products E06.1.4. Metal	
D09. Mechanical, Electrical and Plumbing	119	E06.1.4. Metal E06.1.5 Other	
D09.1. Passive and Active Systems	120	E06.2. Countertop Materials	141
D09.2. Functionality and Efficiency		E06.2.1. Plastic Laminate	
E. FACILITIES INTERIORS	121	E06.2.2. Solid Polymer Surface E06.2.3. Natural Stone	
E01. Building Configurations	122	E06.2.4. Cast Stone	
E01.1. Layout and Common Areas		E06.2.5. Metal	
E01.1.1. Interior Design Process		E06.2.6 Other	
E01.1.2. Codes and Regulations		E07. Furnishings	143
E01.2. Quality and Comfort	124	E07.1. Durability and Serviceability	143
E02. Floors	124	E07.2. Accessories	143
E02.1. Floor Materials	124	E08. Interior Signs	143
E02.1.1. Prepared Slabs		E08.1 Types and Color	143
E02.1.2. Natural Stone and Terrazzo E02.1.3. Quarry Tile		E08.2. Interior Signs Materials	144
E02.1.4. Ceramic Tile		E09. Lighting, Power and Communication	144
E02.1.5. Resilient Floor		E09.1. Functionality and Efficiency	144
E02.1.6. Carpet		E09.2. Types and Color	144
E02.1.7. Rapidly-Renewable Products E02.1.8. Other		F. Appendices	
E03. Walls	129	G. Appendices	
E03.1. Wall Materials		o. Appendices	1 15
E03.1.1. Concrete			
E03.1.2. Masonry			
E03.1.3. Ceramic Tile			
E03.1.4. Gypsum Board			
E03.1.5. Metal Panels			
E03.1.6. Wood Paneling			
E03.1.7. Rapidly-Renewable Products E03.1.8. Other			
LVJ. I.O. VIIIEI		Version 0	12 AA 1

#### A. OVERVIEW

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Overview: http://afcfs.wbdq.org/index.html

This Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) document is part of the Air Force Corporate Facilities Standards (AFCFS) program to assist bases in implementing and maintaining facilities standards as appropriate for efficient operations within the respective climate region. IFS fully replaces, consolidates and simplifies existing facilities standards documents, such as the Architectural Compatibility Plan (ACP) or ACGs, FEPs, etc., and organizes information using the same structure, or Table of Contents, as the AFCFS website.

IFS reflects the AFCFS' concepts of "Facility Hierarchy" (categorizing facilities into group numbers) and "Facility Quality" (assigning an appropriate level of quality to each group number) and applies these principles at the base level. Applicable DoD and Air Force criteria such as UFCs, AFIs, Memoranda, and UFGSs (Guide Specs) are referenced and linked within IFS to ensure the document is always current.

Navigating within this IFS is efficient and straightforward. Please use the interactive Table of Contents to locate subject matter, and click on the title of a section to access it. From any page, click on the "Back to Table of Contents" footer to return. Content is organized into 4 major sections: Installation Elements, Site Development, Facilities Exteriors and Facilities Interiors.

This IFS document begins as a fill-in PDF form, which is fully editable, and becomes a "living document" that can be regularly updated by base-level personnel following a format that is consistent across the Air Force. While the format is standardized, IFS content is customized for base operations and the local climate to ensure mission success while emphasizing reduced maintenance and reduced initial costs, life-cycle costs, energy use, and water use.

- 1. Conformance to Air Force Corporate Facilities Standards (AFCFS) and Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) are required by Air Force Instruction (AFI) 32-1023 and Air Force Memorandum. Please refer to the AFCFS website for links to documentation on current policy.
- 2. Requests to deviate from any installation facilities standards, that are Unified Facilities Criteria (UFC) requirements, will follow the process outlined in the AFCFS for UFC waivers and exemptions.
- 3. The IFS is a component plan of the Installation Development Plan (IDP) per Air Force Instruction (AFI) 32-7062 (replacing the Architectural Compatibility Plan). All military construction projects and Non-Appropriated Funds (NAF) facilities are required to comply with the IDP and its IFS component plan by AFI 32-1023. The Base Civil Engineer (BCE) maintains and implements the IDP and its component plans, to include the IFS.
- 4. Please refer to the AFCFS website as a portal to reference materials and requirements documents for design and construction projects (via links). Specific references to current DoD memoranda and Air Force criteria are updated periodically to provide the most current guidance and requirements. Programming, design and contract documents should list "current edition" for all reference and requirements documents. The documents in force at the date of execution of the design and/or construction contract shall be the governing version.
- 5. Advanced Modeling Requirements:
  - For all Air Force projects requiring advanced modeling, to include 3D visualization, Building Information Modeling (BIM), facility data, quantity take-off, geospatial, etc., follow the Army standards. Refer to USACE Minimum Model Matrix (M3) and Project Execution Plan (PxP) which outline required model uses. Refer to CAD BIM Technology Center (Contract Requirements) for more information on M3 and PxP.
- 6. Joint Bases shall implement IFS under their Joint-Base designation with volume numbers for individual installations following the IFS Development Tool template. For example, for Joint Base Langley-Eustis, provide: Vol. 1 Langley AFB and Vol. 2 Fort Eustis.
- 7. References and Supplementary Documents listed in Appendix G are included in these Installation Facilities Standards by reference and are fully part of this document. Please refer to <u>Appendix G</u> for a listing of documents, which are available via hyperlink for viewing and downloading.
- 8. Installations outside the United States: Per UFC 1-200-01 DOD BUILDING CODE, 8 Oct 2019, "All construction outside of the United States is also governed by Status of Forces Agreements (SOFA), Host Nation Funded Construction Agreements (HNFA), and in some instances, Bilateral Infrastructure Agreements (BIA). Therefore, the acquisition team must ensure compliance with the most stringent of the UFC, the SOFA, the HNFA, and the BIA, as applicable." Refer to <a href="Appendix G">Appendix G</a> for applicable agreements. "Use UFC 1-202-01 for design of host nation facilities that support military operations." <a href="https://www.wbdq.org/ffc/dod/unified-facilities-criteria-ufc/ufc-1-202-01">https://www.wbdq.org/ffc/dod/unified-facilities-criteria-ufc/ufc-1-202-01</a>

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

♠ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188



Main Gate on Missile Road



**Group 4 Family Housing** 



Installation Flag Pole



Recreational Open Space with Shade Pavilion

#### **A01. FACILITY HIERARCHY**

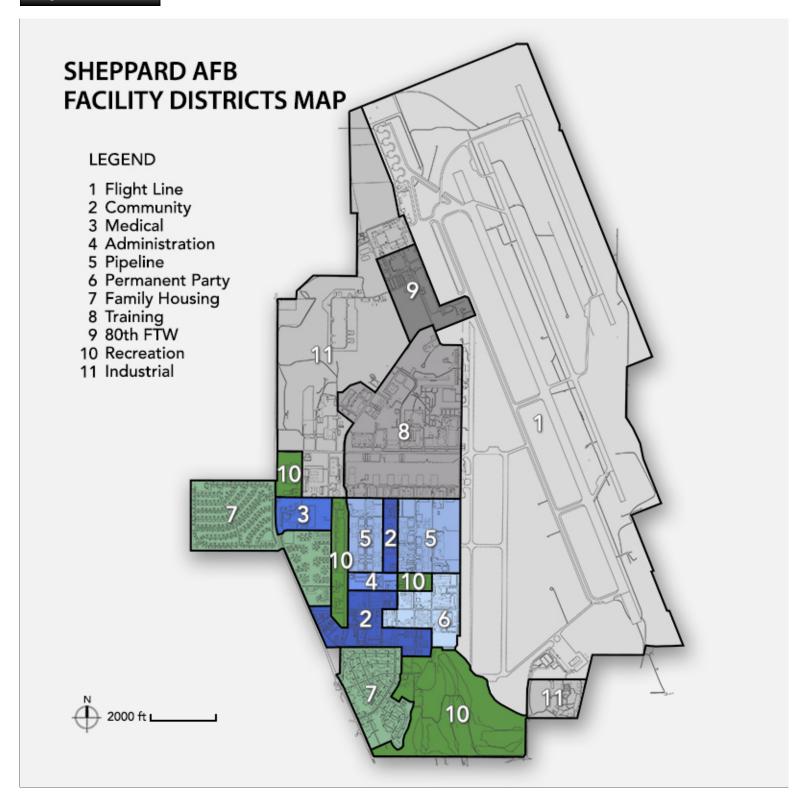
Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facility Hierarchy (and subsections): <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-hierarchy/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-hierarchy/index.html</a>

#### **A02. FACILITY QUALITY**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facility Quality (and subsections): <a href="http://afcfs.wbdq.org/facility-quality/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdq.org/facility-quality/index.html</a>

#### **A03. FACILITY DISTRICTS**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facility Districts (and subsections): <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-districts/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-districts/index.html</a>



**Note:** Apply the <u>base-wide standards</u> in this IFS for Installation Elements, Site Development, Facilities Exteriors and Facilities Interiors (products, materials, color, etc.). Following application of the base-wide standards, refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District.

#### **B. INSTALLATION ELEMENTS**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Installation Elements: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/index.html</a>

#### **B01. COMPREHENSIVE PLANNING**

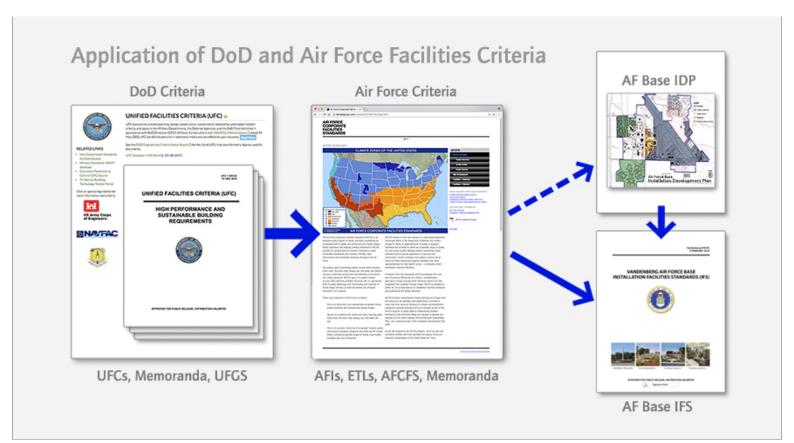
Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Comprehensive Planning: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/comprehensive-planning/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/comprehensive-planning/index.html</a>

# **B01.1. Installation Development Plan (IDP)**

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply



Department of Defense, Department of the Air Force and Air Force Base Criteria

- 1. The Base Civil Engineer is responsible for maintaining Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) as a Component Plan of the base's Installation Development Plan (IDP).
- 2. Refer to the IDP for information on climate and weather and for demographics and related data.

#### **B01.1.1. IFS Component Plan of IDP**

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply

1. Maintain this Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) as a Component Plan of the base's Installation Development Plan (IDP).

#### **B01.1.2. Brief History of Base**

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

♠ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188



Construction or Airfield and Hangars at Sheppard Field in 1941



Propeller Engine Training at Sheppard



Missile Maintenance Training



Assembly of T-38 Talon Static Display

Sheppard has provided instruction in diverse Air Force specialties for around 80 years. Though the mission has changed several times, Sheppard has always been in the training business since it opened as an active Army Air Corps base in October 1941.

The creation of Sheppard Field began in 1940 when the commandant of U.S. Army Air Corps Technical Schools surveyed sites around the city of Wichita Falls for a proposed training school. A local cattleman offered 300 acres, and the Army Air Corps officially approved the school plans in February 1941.

A lease with the city gave the government the right to build and operate a military installation adjacent to the Wichita Falls Municipal Airport and granted the government the right to the full use of the airport's land, runways and facilities. Official

dedication of the field was in 1941. The field was named for Sen. Morris Sheppard, former chairman of the Senate Military Affairs Committee. The first class of aviation mechanics graduated in 1942.

During World War II, Sheppard conducted basic training and technical training for B-25 and B-26 crew chiefs, glider mechanics and B-29 flight engineers. The base also provided liaison aircraft flight training for ground officers and glider pilot and helicopter pilot training. The field reached its peak strength of over 46,000 people while serving as a separation center for troops being discharged following World War II.

Sheppard Field was inactivated in 1946, and it was temporarily transferred to the jurisdiction of the Corps of Engineers. It was reactivated in 1948 to supplement Lackland Air Force Base as a basic training center. Basic training was discontinued in 1949, but it resumed in 1950 for the Korean War. Various training programs moved in and out of Sheppard during the '50s. Field training became part of the mission in the '50s, and Sheppard assumed responsibility for all field training detachments in the 80's.

A Strategic Air Command operational wing of B-52 bombers and KC-135 tanker aircraft was at Sheppard from 1960 to 1965. From 1969 to 1975, Sheppard was a tenant organization for the Detachment 1, 2nd Bombardment Wing with four B-52 aircraft.

The U.S. Air Force Medical Service School started its move to Sheppard in 1966. Its teaching squadrons provide training for most Air Force medical service members in biomedical sciences, dentistry, health service administration, clinical sciences, medical readiness and nursing.

Helicopter training was discontinued in 1971 when the U.S. Army assumed responsibility for training Air Force helicopter pilots. The 3630th Flying Training Wing provided training for Vietnamese pilots from 1971 to 1975. The 3630th was replaced by the 80th Flying Training Wing in 1973. The 80th Flying Training Wing started conducting Euro-NATO Joint Jet Pilot Training Program in 1981. This one-of-a-kind program provides fighter-oriented pilot training for 13 NATO countries.

In February 1992, restructuring and down-sizing of the Air Force caused realignment and renumbering of units at Sheppard. The training wings were re-designated as groups, and the technical training groups became squadrons.

Sheppard is the largest of four technical training wings in the Air Education and Training Command. The 80th Flying Training Wing and the 82nd Training Group conduct resident training that qualifies students in a broad range of career fields, including pilot, aircraft maintenance, civil engineering, communications, comptroller and transportation. The 82nd Mission Support Group and the 82nd Medical Group support training at more than 46 Air Force installations.

# **B01.1.3. Future Development**

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 1



Aerial View of Sheppard Air Force Base



Previously Developed Reclaimed Land

- 1. Follow AFI 32-7062 for Air Force Comprehensive Planning, the Comprehensive Planning Process, Comprehensive Planning Requirements, and Geospatial Mapping.
- 2. Address all future development under the Installation Development Plan (IDP).

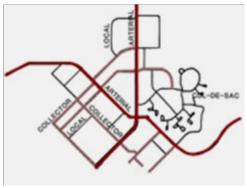
#### **B02. STREET ENVELOPE STANDARDS**

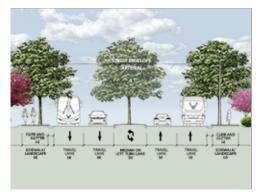
Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Installation Elements: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Street Envelope Standards: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/street-envelope-standards/index.html

#### **B02.1. Hierarchy of Streets**

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







Hierarchy of Streets

Street Envelope Section

Street Tees near Group 1

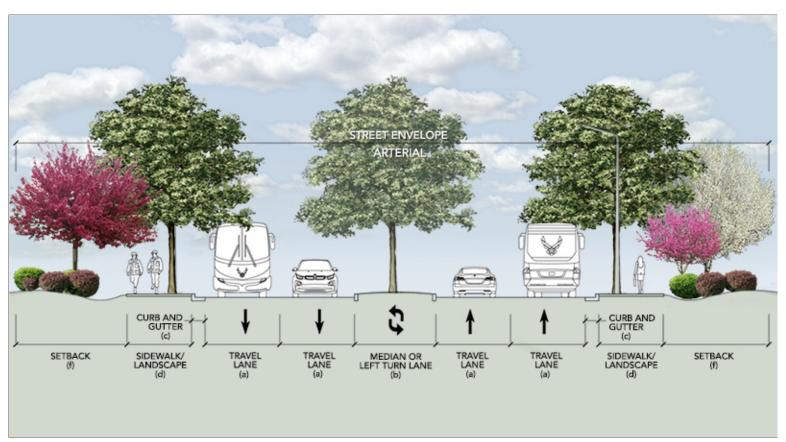
- 1. Develop and evolve a hierarchical transportation network of arterial, collector and local streets following UFC 3-201-01 and its industry references.
- 2. Provide consistent functionality throughout the installation and a level of visual quality relating to the adjacent Facility Group number.
- 3. Routes along facilities in Group 1 may have materials, finishes and features with a higher visual quality than Groups 2, 3 and 4. Reduce maintenance requirements by installing highly durable materials and finishes in routes along Group 3 industrial facilities.
- 4. Special routes may have a visual quality comparable to those along facilities in Group 1.
- 5. Create and maintain arterials with two lanes of traffic in each direction with landscaped or paved medians as applicable to the local climate and adjacent facility group designation / land use.
- 6. Minimize stops and turns along arterials. Eliminate on-street parking along arterials and provide on collector streets only on lower speed roadways such as residential streets.
- 7. Connect arterials to local streets with appropriately scaled collector streets.
- 8. Provide appropriate landscape setbacks and pedestrian buffers along all streets.
- 9. Minimize and consolidate curb cuts along streets.
- 10. Ensure access for emergency and service vehicles.
- 11. Define bicycle traffic routes in the Installation Development Plan or its applicable component plans.
- 12. Define appropriate force protection features, site furnishings, signs, lighting, utilities, and paving in the IFS.

#### **B02.1.1. Arterial Streets**

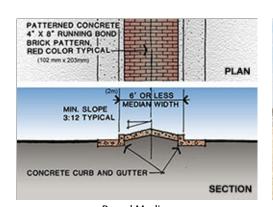
● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Travel Lane (a): 12' Median (b): 12' Curb and Gutter (c): 2' Sidewalk / Landscape (d): 12') Setback (f): Min. 35' or per ATFP







Paved Median

**Grass Median and Setbacks** 

Controlled Access

- 1. Stops and turns should be minimized and on-street parking shall not be allowed at any point along arterial streets.
- 2. Provide sidewalks on at least one side of arterial streets and both sides of arterial streets in developed areas. Provide a 6' buffer between the road and sidewalk where space allows.
- 3. Limit curb cuts on arterial streets to entries into major facilities, building groups and major parking areas.
- 4. Reinforce the importance of arterial streets with appropriate signs, plantings and street lighting.

#### **B02.1.2. Collector Streets**

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Travel Lane (a): 12' Median (b): N/A Curb and Gutter (c): 2' Landscape (d): 10' Sidewalk (e): 6' Setback (f): Min. 35' or per ATFP



Collector with Center Striping



Collector with Striped Median



Integrated Pedestrian Crosswalk

- 1. Frequent traffic stops and low speeds are permitted on collector streets.
- 2. Provide sidewalks on at least one side of collector streets and both sides of collector streets where functionally required. Buffers are preferred but not required on collector streets.
- 3. On-street parking may be allowed on one side where secondary roads are not less than 34 feet wide. Parking shall not interfere with intersections or traffic flow.

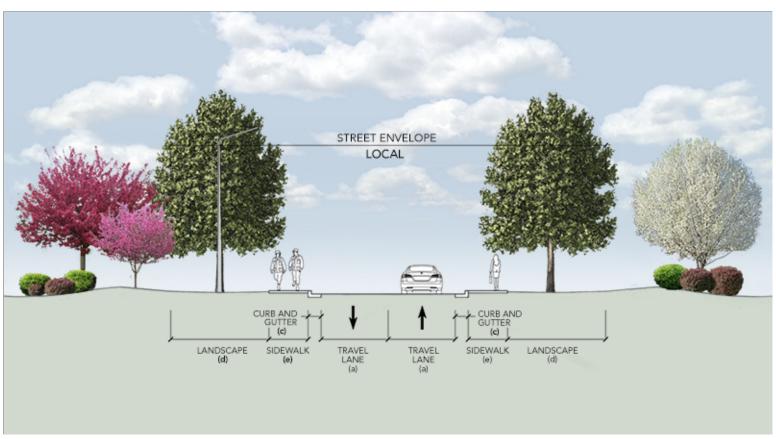
4. Signs, plantings and street lighting should reinforce the designation of "collector" street.

#### **B02.1.3. Local Streets**

Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Travel Lane (a): 11' Median (b): N/A Curb and Gutter (c): 1.5' Landscape (d): 15' Sidewalk (e): 6'



Local Street near Dormitories



Local Street with Landscaped Parkway



Typical Streetscape in Group 4

- 1. Frequent traffic stops and low speeds are permitted on local streets.
- 2. Provide sidewalks on at least one side of local streets and both sides of local streets where functionally required. Buffers are preferred but not required on local streets.
- 3. On-street parking may be allowed following UFC industry references.

- 4. Signs, plantings and street lighting should reinforce the designation of "local" street.
- 5. Cul-de-sacs are only permitted in family housing areas.

# **B02.1.4. Special Routes**

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A

Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188



Array of Flagpoles along Special Rout near Group 1



Intergated Static Display near Group 1



Controlled Access st Group 1



Group 1 Entrance Plaza

1. Develop all special routes consistently with those adjacent to Group 1 facilities.

# **B02.2. Hierarchy of Intersections**

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1 Image Tool 800 x 440

Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Signalized Intersection with Merge Lanes



Landscaped Median with Turn Lanes



Intersection at Median



Concrete Island at Merge Lane

- 1. Provide a hierarchy of intersections to include arterial, arterial-collector, collector, collector-local and local following UFC 3-201-01 and its industry references.
- 2. Passive systems such as traffic circles are preferred to active systems such as signalized intersections. Aggressively pursue passive systems to lower maintenance requirements and reduce energy use.
- 3. Use a level of visual quality for an intersection equal to the quality found in the related streetscape, which corresponds to the adjacent Facility Group number.

#### B02.2.1. Arterials

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Traffic Signal at Arterial Intersection

Landscaped Median at Intersection

Approach to Controlled Intersection

1. At arterial intersections adjacent to Group 1, landscaping of native grasses and shrubs may be provided; trees may be included when maintenance and non-potable irrigation is available. Monuments and static displays may be integrated into arterial intersection designs.

#### **B02.2.2.** Arterial/Collector

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







T Intersection



**Coordinated Street Elements** 

1. At arterial/collector intersections adjacent to Group 1, landscaping of native grasses and shrubs may be provided; trees may be included when maintenance and non-potable irrigation is available.

#### **B02.2.3. Collectors**

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Intersection with Crosswalk Striping

T Intersection

Grass Planting in Landscape Setback

1. At collector intersections adjacent to Group 1, landscaping of native grasses and shrubs may be provided; trees may be included when maintenance and non-potable irrigation is available. Intersections adjacent to Group 2 may be developed similarly, but with less detailing.

# **B02.2.4. Special Intersections**

- Applicable 

  N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable 

  N/A Small graphics do not apply
- 1. Develop all special intersections consistently with those adjacent to Group 1 facilities.

#### **B02.2.5. Street Frontage Requirements**

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188



Setback along Arterial



Landscape Buffer with Street Trees



Attached Sidewalk and Landscape Setback

1. Consistently maintain open space buffers following B03.2.3. Preserves.

2. Refer to C06.1.7. Streetscape Landscaping for planting and screen wall requirements along street frontage.

#### **B02.2.6. Sight Lines**

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







**Preserved Sight Lines** 

Grass Plantings in Setback

Trees Set Back from Intersection

1. Provide adequate sight lines for an effective and safe traffic operation per American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) standards and local municipality guidelines.

#### **B02.3. Street Elements**

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







Lighting Coordinated with Landscape



Integration of Crosswalk Elements

- 1. Emulate the streetscape area's pre-development hydrology using passive and active design features to help sustain the adjacent regionally appropriate landscape. Coordinate with the base Stormwater Management Plan.
- 2. Employ systems, materials and techniques to maximize streetscape sustainability. Consider pervious paving and high reflectivity of surfaces, which are appropriate for the local climate.
- 3. Install at-grade curbing and/or raised-profile curb and gutter as applicable to direct stormwater to bioswales and rain gardens as source water for vegetation. Do not paint concrete curbing.

- 4. Provide all on-site utility service lines and equipment below grade when adjacent to Facility Group 1. In routes along Group 2, 3 and 4, when mounting elements such as utility cabinets, communications equipment and water valves above grade is unavoidable, paint these consistently and provide visual screening following Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).
- 5. Provide traffic control devices including access control point/entry control facility signs, speed limit signs and street name signs following the current edition of the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) per UFC 3-120-01.
- 6. Crosswalk markings shall follow the MUTCD for Streets and Highways, current edition. Provide white markings that define the edges of the crosswalk or a tone of lines defining the area of the crosswalk consistent with common practices found in the adjacent municipality.
- 7. Follow UFC 3-120-01 for directional and wayfinding signs and address both vehicular and pedestrian traffic.
- 8. Reduce energy consumption and reduce maintenance requirements by providing street lighting only when functionally required to ensure safety and to address antiterrorism following UFC 4-010-01. Ensure the quality and quantities of lighting and fixtures are appropriate for the adjacent Facility Group number.

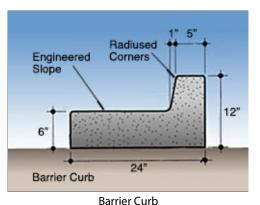
#### **B02.3.1. Paving**

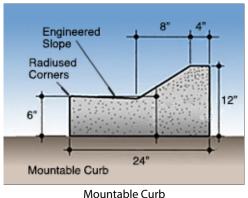
- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
- 1. Pavement design shall comply with UFC 3-250-01. Ensure appropriate analysis and design of subgrade conditions to promote low maintenance, high performance pavements. Apply all applicable best practices from Appendix B of the UFC.
- 2. Materials shall be specified in accordance with UFC 3-250-01 and must conform to requirements set forth in the Unified Facility Guide Specifications (UFGS) for concrete and bituminous pavement.

#### **B02.3.2. Curb and Gutter**

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







mici carb modificate carb

1. Curb all streets except remote/isolated roads and rock-paved service roads.

- 2. All streets should have integral concrete curbs and gutters. Painted curbs are prohibited because they are very difficult to maintain.
- 3. Use concrete for sidewalks and curbs. Do not use asphalt curbs.

# **B02.3.3. Utility Service Elements**

○ Applicable 

N/A Large graphics do not apply

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







**Base Standard Colors** 

Coordinated Location

Trees Partially Screening Utility Element

- 1. Provide all utility service lines below grade when streets are adjacent to Facility Group 1; when mounting elements (such as utility cabinets, communications equipment and water valves) above grade is unavoidable, paint these consistently and provide visual screening following Site Development, Landscaping.
- 2. Overhead service lines along streets adjacent to Facility Groups 2, 3 and 4 are discouraged.

#### **B02.3.4. Traffic Signs**

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188



Pedestrian Crossing with Signs and Signals



Standard Traffic Control Device



Standard Placement of Sign

1. Refer to Exterior Signs, Colors and Types for Traffic Control Devices, which includes signs.

# **B02.3.5. Street Lighting**

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

○ Applicable ● N/A Small graphics do not apply



Lighting where Functionally Required

1. Refer to the Lighting section for appropriate applications along streets.

#### B02.3.6. Other

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply

# **B03. OPEN SPACE / PUBLIC SPACE**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Installation Elements: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/index.html</a>

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Open Space / Public Space: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/open-space-public-space/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/open-space-public-space/index.html</a>

# **B03.1. Plazas, Monuments and Static Displays**

● Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Dynamic Mounting of Aircraft



Colored Concrete Paving at Group 2



Static Display with Interpretive Plaque



Decorative Base for Bronze Plaque

- 1. Natural features and culturally or historically significant features or events may be recognized and acknowledged with physical elements such as plazas, monuments and static displays. However, limit these elements on the base to ensure judicious use of resources and to reduce ongoing maintenance requirements.
- 2. Design highly durable plazas, monuments and static displays with a level of quality comparable to Facility Group 1.
- 3. Link plazas, monuments and static displays to the pedestrian circulation system. Install landscaping, site furnishings and lighting appropriate for the application and local climate following Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).
- 4. Select systems, products and materials for paving, walls, and structures following IFS.

# **B03.1.1. Paved Plazas**

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 6



Concrete Paving at Entrance Plaza



Unit Pavers at Group 1



Concrete Paving at Group 2 Assembly Area



Colored Concrete at Group 2 Entrance



Unit Pavers at Flagpole Plaza



Concrete Paving at Recreational Area

- 1. Mitigate heat island effect by providing high-albedo, shaded plazas. Pervious pavers shall be used on all plazas and courtyards in Facility Groups 1 and 2; use pervious concrete in Groups 3 and 4. The designer shall incorporate appropriate expansion and construction joints.
- 2. Pavers shall match the color of pavers used on adjacent sidewalks using base standard range of red. Bricks used on plazas shall typically be 4" x 8" size.

# **B03.1.2. Sculptures, Markers and Statuary**

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

○ Applicable ● N/A Small graphics do not apply



Monument with Brick Pier, Bronze Plaques and Static Display

- 1. Relate new sculpture, markers and statuary to the base's architectural design theme. Generally limit these elements to frequently used locations adjacent to Facility Group 1 and highly traveled community pedestrian spaces.
- 2. Consider entry gates as possible sites for new displays.
- 3. All proposed memorials shall follow AFI 36-3108 and be limited to highly deserving individuals or groups as deemed appropriate by the installation leadership. Living memorials (tree plantings / etc.) are discouraged due to added maintenance requirements.
- 4. When sculpture requires a base, match the materials and / or color palette of adjacent buildings.
- 5. Use direct or indirect lighting to accentuate features or enhance an intended effect.
- 6. Ensure that all sculpture, markers and statuary are honorable and inspiring, provide a sense of place, positively contribute to the base's visual quality, and encourage pride for the community and the US Air Force.

# **B03.1.3. Static Display of Aircraft**

ApplicableN/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1 Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Ground Mounted Display with Plaza at Grade Level



Ground Mount on Elevated Plaza



**Dynamic Mounting and Geometry** 



**Center Post Mounting** 

- 1. Follow IFS base-wide standards for all elements of the display area with specific attention to traffic sight lines, pedestrian circulation, site furnishings, signs, and lighting. Address requirements for the Facility District as well.
- 2. Generally locate concrete base/foundation structures for static displays below grade.
- 3. At static displays where pedestrian paths are provided, a minimum of one trash receptacle and one bench shall be provided. Receptacle and bench design must conform to IFS requirements.

#### **B03.2. Grounds and Perimeters**

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Open Space Buffer at Industrial Area



Open Space with Trees as Focus



Landscaped Area as an Amenity



Preserved Native Grass Area

- 1. Provide formal spaces for parade and review functions, recreational areas and parks following the base's Installation Development Plan (IDP) and Installation Facilities Standards (IFS). Refer to the Site Furnishings topic for additional information.
- 2. Maintain preservation areas following the IDP and IFS.
- 3. Comply with UFC 4-010-01 DoD Minimum Antiterrorism Standards for Buildings and UFC 4-022-03 Security Fences and Gates for all elements associated with the base's gates and perimeter fence.
- 4. Identify and describe base-wide utility corridors in the IDP.

- 5. Base-wide utility infrastructure shall be inconspicuous. Bury utility service lines below grade when adjacent to Facility Group 1 and when economically feasible for Facility Groups 2, 3 and 4. When service lines are located above grade, create an ordered, coordinated appearance.
- 6. Follow the requirements of this IFS regarding all utility structures and service lines located above grade that visually impact the installation.
- 7. Where screening of utility equipment and structures is provided, allow adequate and proper clearance for safety and maintenance.
- 8. Reduce visual clutter and visual impact of the following items through a combination of careful placement, screen walls, landscaping and painting:
- ☑ Electrical switch-stations
- ☑ Water well pumps, storage tanks and/or related structures
- ☐ Gas piping, meters and similar incidental items
- ☑ Above ground fuel storage tanks
- ☑ Any ground-mounted freestanding utility item exposed to view
- 9. Larger structures such as electrical switch-stations, sewage lift stations, fuel storage tanks and mechanical/electrical equipment shall be screened from view, using materials, forms, and colors in the screen walls that match those respective design elements present at adjacent buildings.
- 10. Paint aboveground equipment and associated components such as electrical piping or exposed plumbing lines dark bronze.
- 11. Maintain existing buried utility service lines as a visual asset.
- 12. Bury the following exposed above-grade items in future projects when economically feasible:
- ☐ Electrical power grid and service lines

- □ Communications lines
- ☑ Any similar system of above-ground lines serving the base
- 13. Consolidate and enclose service utility lines in underground utility corridors when feasible. Create routes along the inside edge of parking lot islands.
- 14. All development of open space requires prior coordination and approval from the Base Civil Engineer.

#### **B03.2.1. Parade Grounds**

- Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable \( \cap \) N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Bleachers Defining Edge of Grounds

Main Parade Ground

Pavilion Adjacent to Bleachers

- 1. Follow UFC 3-201-02, Appendix B for the planning and design process and criteria for parade grounds.
- 2. Establish and maintain parade grounds only where there is a confirmed need and provide landscape materials appropriate for the locale following IFS.
- 3. Bleachers may be installed only when there is a documented requirement at parade grounds. Nonferrous metals that do not require painting or ongoing maintenance are preferred.

#### B03.2.2. Parks

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \) Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







Recreational Fields

Green Space with Shade Shelter

Shaded Playground

- 1. Bleachers may be installed only when there is a documented requirement at parks and fields for recreational events. Follow guidance under Parade Grounds.
- 2. Picnic pavilions may be provided in parks where there is a documented need.
- 3. Prohibited picnic pavilion materials include wood, concrete masonry units (CMU) or metal pre-manufactured storage sheds. Use only materials and detailing that are low maintenance and endure with minimal weathering.

4. When picnic pavilions are permitted near facilities, generally match the architecture of the adjacent facility and provide a level of quality of the adjacent facility group number.

#### **B03.2.3. Preserves**

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

• Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Native Grasses and Trees

Trees Defining Space

Maintained Grass Area

- 1. Preserve areas adjacent to runways, taxiways, aprons, golf course roughs, storage areas, antenna facilities, and ammunition storage areas as open space.
- 2. Provide minimal maintenance with mowing as needed for controlling bird behavior for airfield safety or eliminating fire hazards.

#### **B03.2.4. Perimeter Fence**

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
- 1. Design, install and maintain the base's perimeter fence following UFC 4-022-03.
- 2. Stringently comply with ATFP requirements following UFC 04-010-01 for all spaces adjacent to the base's perimeter fence and all gates.
- 3. Fencing, gates and other elements that are associated with the main gates shall be a level of quality equivalent to Facility Group 1.
- 4. Maintain a positive visual quality along the traffic corridor on both sides of the main gates. Specifically address pedestrian access, circulation and common areas.

# **C. SITE DEVELOPMENT**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

#### **C01. SITE DESIGN**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Site Development: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html</a>

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Design / NEPA: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/site-design-nepa/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/site-design-nepa/index.html</a>

#### **C01.1. Site Design Considerations**

Applicable	● N/A	Large graphics do not apply
	● N/A	Small graphics do not apply

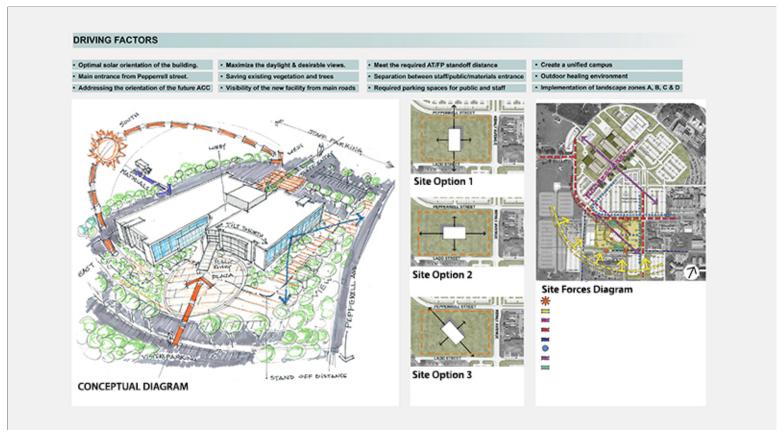
- 1. Collect documentation to validate approvals and completion of the NEPA process.
- 2. Ensure site design compliance with the Installation Development Plan (IDP) and its component plans and Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).
- 3. Promote integrated design with on-site solutions such as engineered small-scale hydrologic controls versus base-wide infrastructure; consider open space, natural features, bioswales, building roofs, streets, and paved surfaces.
- 4. Limit the impact of development on land and water resources. All site elements and infrastructure shall reinforce an image of sustainability, with reduced energy demand, renewable-energy usage, and water conservation.
- 5. Consider energy conservation during site design for the following categories: building and site lighting, auxiliary systems and equipment (refrigerators, elevators, etc.), building envelope, electric power and distribution, HVAC systems and equipment, service hot water, and energy management (metering, EMCS).
- 6. Coordinate on-site renewable-energy systems and components to minimize area requirements and maximize efficiencies. Appropriately buffer and screen these and other mechanical systems and equipment.
- 7. New building projects should preserve open space and protect natural habitat.
- 8. Conform to existing topography to the greatest extent possible and use slopes to increase site and building efficiencies. Design sites to minimize irrigation and impacts to stormwater runoff.
- 9. Carefully study new project sites to identify the character of adjacent buildings, streets, landscaping, and site design elements. Reinforce the existing character in new site design.
- 10. Consider relationships to adjacent facilities and district / centralized heating and cooling infrastructure and cost effectively connect building systems to harvest heat, grey water or other beneficial byproducts.
- 11. Minimize existing and planned obstructions from landscaping, structures, topography, and adjacent developments to preserve solar access and natural ventilation.
- 12. Purposefully integrate service access, receiving and storage areas to eliminate the need for visual screening.
- 13. Appropriately connect to the base network of streets, sidewalks and trails using drive aisles, parking areas, walkways, paths, and bicycle routes addressing both vehicles and pedestrians.
- 14. Applicably coordinate heat island mitigation in paving and roof designs when implementing an integrated approach to stormwater management.

# **C01.2. Building Orientation**

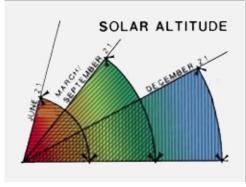
♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

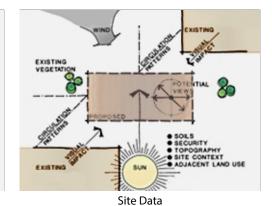
♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 6

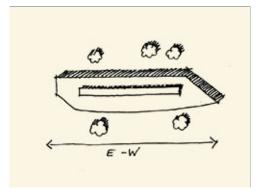


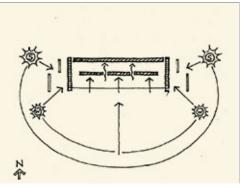
Conceptual Site Analysis and Site Design Diagram

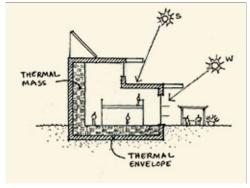


Local Solar Data Local Climate Data









**East-West Axis** 

**Optimum Solar Control** 

Maximized Shading

- 1. Ensure the site will accommodate optimum requirements for building orientation, which is with the long axis parallel to the east/west direction for rectilinear CONUS buildings.
- 2. Meet Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) requirements for the locations of the building's passive and renewable-energy systems—including geothermal and solar systems—and exterior shading systems.
- 3. Locate the building(s) and permitted ancillary structures to promote solar gain, solar shading, natural ventilation, rainwater harvesting, wind buffering and other beneficial passive systems. Consider natural ventilation during the design of HVAC systems.
- 4. Consider relationships to adjacent sites and their facilities and infrastructure, and cost effectively integrate building systems to harvest heat, grey water or other beneficial byproducts.
- 5. Consider the "public side" of the building, its views and the location of the main entrance.

#### **C02. UTILITIES**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html</a>

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Utilities: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/utilities/index.html

#### **C02.1. Utility Components**

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Power Substation with Masonry Screen Wall



**Overhead Power Lines** 



Buried Power Lines in Group 4

- 1. Provide all on-site utility service lines below grade for Facility Group 1; when mounting elements (such as utility cabinets, communications equipment and water valves) above grade is unavoidable, paint these consistently and provide visual screening following Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).
- 2. Provide installation of utility infrastructure to support near term and future electric vehicle charging stations.
- 3. Define all service entry points into the building and route distribution below grade into an interior space within the facility; exposed conduits, cables and wires on exterior walls are not permitted for Facility Group 1.
- 4. Include consideration of appropriate placement of meters in support of Automated Revenue Management Services (ARMS).
- 5. Limit exterior mechanical distribution systems such as exterior steam, chilled water, and hot water distribution to Group 3 facilities; when required for Group 1 and 2 facilities integrate with the architecture and provide visual screens following IFS.
- 6. Direct roof drainage to underground collection when feasible or provide splash blocks / paved channels to intercept roof drainage at grade.

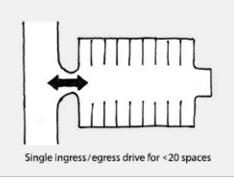
#### **C03. PARKING AREAS**

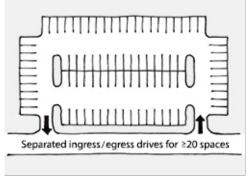
Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html</a>

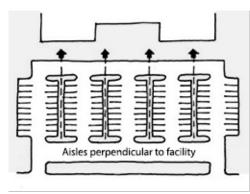
Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Parking Areas: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/parking-areas/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/parking-areas/index.html</a>

#### C03.1. Configurations and Design

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







**Small Lot Configuration** 

Large Lot Configuration

Facility Group 1 Configuration

- 1. Evaluate adjacent sites and cost-effectively consolidate parking areas to maximize efficient use; ensure that all areas meet accessibility guidelines.
- 2. Generally envision on-site parking as a series of small connected singular areas selectively placed around the facility served, rather than a single large area; buffer parking areas from the facility main entrance with a transition space and provide drop-offs to decrease close-in parking. Comply with IFS while meeting ATFP requirements.
- 3. Integrate at-grade and raised-profile curbing, permeable paved areas, and parking islands with the stormwater system and direct stormwater to bioswales and rain gardens as source water for regionally appropriate native vegetation.
- 4. Define pedestrian access with approved hardscape and provide shading along the primary path from the parking area to the building's main entrance.

- 5. Coordinate suitable landscape or barriers integrated with walls and fences to ensure adequate force protection.
- 6. Accessible parking spaces shall be marked according to UFC 3-120-01 and its references in ABAAS and the MUTCD.
- 7. Consider locations and requirements of near term and future electric vehicle charging stations.
- 8. Designate preferred parking spaces for electric vehicles and carpools near the main entrance.
- 9. Consider cost-effectively integrating solar photovoltaic arrays into covered parking structures.
- 10. Reserved parking is discouraged except for Facility Group 1.
- 11. On-street parking is discouraged except in multi-use areas. When used, provide approved on-street parking configurations following UFC 3-201-01.
- 12. Access and service drives should accommodate the largest vehicle serving the facility.
- 13. 90 degree parking and two-way traffic aisles are preferred.

#### C03.1.1. Paving and Striping

Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 2

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 6



Standard Bituminous Paving and White Striping





Blue Striping at Accessible Parking



Raised Concrete Median



Striped Center median



Standard 90-Degree Striping



**Diagonal Striping** 



Concrete Paving with Striped Island

**Facility Group 1** paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: **Bituminous Pavement** 

Primary: **Bituminous Pavement** 

**Decorative Concrete Pavement** Secondary:

Secondary: Concrete Pavement Where Operationally Reg'd

Accent: Concrete Unit Pavers (Optional) Accent: N/A

**Facility Group 2** paving materials shall be as follows.

**Facility Group 4** paving materials shall be as follows.

**Facility Group 3** paving materials shall be as follows.

**Bituminous Pavement** Primary:

Concrete Pavement (Driveways) Primary:

Secondary: Concrete Pavement Secondary: N/A

Accent: N/A Accent: N/A

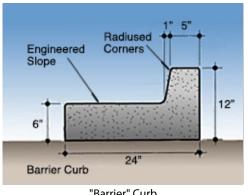
1. All new parking lots in Groups 1 and 2 shall be constructed of bituminous pavement following UFC 3-250-01.

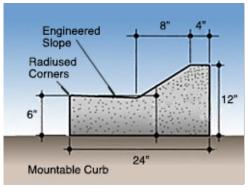
- 2. Porous paving may be considered on a case basis.
- 3. Cost-effectively provide light-colored concrete to reduce heat island effect; otherwise install bituminous pavement. Dirt, gravel, and grass lots are not allowed.
- 4. Use consistent striping, angles and stall sizes in all parking areas.
- 5. All parking shall be marked with white stripes of paint or applied vinyl coatings. Red or yellow markings shall only be used for safety purposes and must be kept to a minimum. All lines shall be four inches (4") wide.

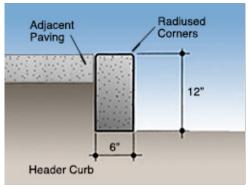
### **C03.1.2. Curbing**

Large graphics do not apply

Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \) Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







"Barrier" Curb

"Mountable" Curb

Header Curb

**Facility Group 1** curbing / edging materials shall be as follows. **Facility Group 3** curbing / edging materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Concrete Primary: Concrete

Secondary: N/A Secondary: N/A

Accent: N/A Accent: N/A

Facility Group 2 curbing / edging materials shall be as follows. Facility Group 4 curbing / edging materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Concrete Primary: Concrete

Secondary: N/A Secondary: N/A

Accent: N/A Accent: N/A

- 1. Define all parking lots with either raised-profile or at-grade curbing to promote drainage and protect paving edges.
- 2. Integrate curbing to direct stormwater to bioswales and rain gardens as source water for regionally appropriate native vegetation.
- 3. Wheel stops are not permitted except at locations where vehicle bumpers could contact adjacent items such as poles, signs or pedestrians.

#### C03.1.3. Internal Islands and Medians

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- $\bullet$  Applicable  $\bigcirc$  N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







**Grass Planting** 



Concrete Islands

- 1. Install landscape islands and medians as visual breaks, to reduce heat island effects and to accommodate bioswales and rain gardens. Coordinate suitable landscape or barriers integrated with walls and fences to ensure adequate force protection.
- 2. When lighting is necessary, contain fixture bases within medians or internal landscape islands.

#### C03.2. Parking Structures

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
- 1. Parking structures are encouraged in land-constrained locations when economically feasible.
- 2. Consider near-term and future electric vehicle charging stations and renewable energy generation development during the analysis and design.
- 3. Consider opportunities for integrating parking structures into multi-use developments with pedestrian-oriented uses on the ground floor and parking on upper levels; ensure ATFP guidelines are fully addressed.
- 4. Structures may be constructed below grade with roofs serving as vegetated areas or plazas.

#### C03.3. Connectivity

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Parking Linked to Entrance

Crosswalk Connecting to Parking Lot

Bike Parking Links Entrance and Trail System

- 1. Refer to the Installation Development Plan (IDP) for locations of transit stops and pedestrian and cycling networks; provide appropriately sized sidewalks and bike paths to connect facilities and users to these networks.
- 2. Provide amenities such as rain and shade shelters, trees, and benches to encourage and facilitate use of public transportation.
- 3. Evaluate the IDP for the current and planned network of roads and optimally develop vehicular access to and from the site.

#### **C04. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Stormwater Management: http://afcfs.wbdq.org/site-development/stormwater-management/index.html

# **C04.1. Stormwater Requirements**

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Channel Element of Base-wide Stormwater System



**On-Site Stormwater Element** 



Grass Swale and Culvert at Group 3



Coordinated Inlet Location

- 1. Design all stormwater systems including retention ponds, detention areas, channels, etc. as on-site amenities that are consistent with natural systems and drainage patterns, that help sustain the base landscape with beneficial functionality and that provide aesthetic appeal; coordinate with the base Stormwater Management Plan.
- 2. Incorporate bioswales into the design of all roadway, parking and facility roof systems to enhance water quality and support the overall stormwater system.
- 3. Permeable paving may be used.

- 4. Provide rainwater harvesting and storage that is attached to the building's roof drain systems to support grey water irrigation.
- 5. When underground drainage systems are required establish a maintenance program to include removal of sediments and debris; inspect joints seasonally for alignment to prevent leakage and the development of voids and surface failures.
- 6. Cost-effectively integrate stormwater systems with ATFP measures.

# **C05. SIDEWALKS, BIKEWAYS AND TRAILS**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html</a>

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Sidewalks, Bikeways and Trails: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/sidewalks-bikeways-trails/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/sidewalks-bikeways-trails/index.html</a>

# **C05.1. Circulation and Paving**

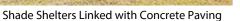
♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440



Troopwalk in Dormitory Area







**Shading Canopy Connecting Facilities** 



Trees for Shading

Facility Group 1 sidewalks, plazas, and courtyards paving materials shall be as follows.

**Pervious Pavers** Primary:

Secondary: Concrete Paving and Edging

Accent: Colored Concrete (Optional)

Facility Group 2 sidewalks, plazas, and courtyards paving materials shall be as follows.

**Pervious Pavers** Primary:

Concrete Paving and Edging Secondary:

Accent: Colored Concrete (Optional) Facility Group 3 sidewalks, plazas, and courtyards paving materials shall be as follows.

Permeable Concrete Primary:

Secondary: N/A

Accent: N/A

Facility Group 4 sidewalks, plazas, and courtyards paving materials shall be as follows.

Permeable Concrete Primary:

Secondary: N/A

Accent: N/A

- 1. Maintain efficient geometry and accessibility to connect building entrances to adjacent parking areas and activity areas and to the base transportation system following ATFP. Efficiently use materials to optimize life-cycle costs and to minimize maintenance.
- 2. Generally conform horizontal layouts of sidewalks to the geometric configuration of adjacent buildings, streets, parking lots, and other adjacent related site amenities. Occasional meanders and/or jogs may be included to capture views, to coordinate with landscaping or accommodate site constraints.
- 3. Walks in parking areas shall provide a direct path using "safe islands" and "peninsulas" to encourage safety. Walks parallel to streets shall follow streetscape guidelines. Clearly mark pedestrian crossings at vehicular routes.
- 4. Mitigate heat island effect by providing high-albedo, shaded sidewalks. Pervious pavers shall be used on all sidewalks, plazas and courtyards in Facility Groups 1 and 2; use pervious concrete in Groups 3 and 4. The designer shall incorporate appropriate expansion and construction joints.
- 5. Only experienced contractors will install pervious pavements.
- 6. Consider an integrated approach that could include stormwater management (permeable surfaces) and complement the design of the storm drainage system when appropriate.
- 7. Pedestrian paths should be at least 5' in width to allow for comfortable side-by-side walking.
- 8. Sidewalks leading to a building main entrance and at the interior of parking lots shall be a minimum width of 6'. Walks greater than 10' wide may be used at high-density pedestrian areas where volumes of traffic justify added material.

- 9. Where vehicles park adjacent and head-in to the sidewalk and wheel stops are not used, such perimeter walks shall be increased to a minimum width of 8' to accommodate overhangs of the parked vehicles.
- 10. All sidewalks shall have positive drainage to prevent ponding of water with slopes ranging from 2.1% to 4.2%. Walks with a slope greater than 4.2% shall be designed as ramps following accessibility guidelines. All walks shall have a minimum cross slope of 2.1%.
- 11. Pavers shall conform to the following range of color: Red blend. Pavers used on walks shall typically be 4"x8" nominal size.
- 12. Connect to the bicycle circulation system and provide bicycle parking with a suitable means for securing bicycles following IFS. Consider changing/shower facilities for use by cyclists.
- 13. Refer to the Installation Development Plan for future trails, bicycle paths, and sidewalks.

# C05.1.1. Ramps and Stairs

○ Applicable • N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Site Stair at Entrance

Site Stair on Axis with Entrance

Site Ramp at Building Entrance

1. Use ramps instead of stairs for sidewalks, bikeways and trails and at all buildings where possible. Where steps are unavoidable, follow UFC 1-200-01 and its references to the International Building Code.

#### C05.1.2. Lighting

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
- 1. Provide lighting for all stairs and landings where traffic warrants.
- 2. Refer to the Lighting section for path lighting along sidewalks, bikeways and trails.

#### **C06. LANDSCAPE**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdq.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Landscape: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/landscape/index.html

#### **C06.1. Climate-based Materials**

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

♠ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Native Drought Tolerant Species of Trees, Shrubs and Grasses



Native Grasses and Trees



**Indigenous Species** 



Native Shrub Planting in Group 4

- 1. Use only native, naturally occurring, drought tolerant indigenous plant species (including grasses) appropriate for the locale to promote energy efficiency and water conservation, preserve drainage patterns, inhibit erosion, improve air quality, lower maintenance, and add beauty.
- 2. Follow details and specifications of the American Standard for Nursery Stock, current edition.

# C06.1.1. Landscape Design Concept

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

♠ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



**Use of Local Native Species** 



Trees Shading Parking Lot



Trees Shading Facility



Landscape Capturing Rainwater

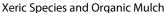
- 1. Develop, maintain and implement a climate-based plant list with landscape features using a regionally appropriate palette of materials to promote energy efficiency, preserve drainage patterns, inhibit erosion, improve air quality, lower maintenance and add beauty. Follow UFC 3-201-02 Landscape Architecture.
- 2. Landscaping is required for all newly developed sites and facilities; preserve existing native landscape where possible and avoid overplanting.
- 3. Concentrate landscaping in Facility Group 1 and along major thoroughfares and integrate these landscaped areas into the base's stormwater management plan. Refer to the Streetscape Envelope Standards in this IFS.

- 4. All Facility Group 1 and 4 sites shall be landscaped at their entire perimeter; limit formal planting arrangements to formal spaces typically associated with Group 1. Landscape public spaces near the main entrances of Group 1 facilities.
- 5. Facility Group 2 and 3 sites may have a native undisturbed landscape except at the main entrances of Group 2, which should be newly landscaped.
- 6. Facility plantings shall follow the Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) plant list, which is based on the specific microclimates created by the adjacent building: shadow areas, protected areas, zones adjacent to thermal mass, and availability of rainwater and/or grey water.
- 7. Provide open spaces as transitions between developed and native areas that promote quality of life and provide visual relief and allow walkable connections to the transportation system.
- 8. Return suitable areas to a natural state to minimize and, whenever possible, eliminate ground maintenance requirements; expand prairie areas where appropriate with native plants to eliminate mowing and maintenance requirements.
- 9. In tree clusters replace grass with naturalized shrub beds and leaf litter mulch to eliminate mowing requirements.
- 10. Use plantings in open spaces to reinforce the space as a visual asset.
- 11. Consider landscape windbreaks when suitable for the local climate.
- 12. Integrate security requirements into the landscape design. Coordinate the heights of trees and shrubs and note restrictions for plantings following UFC 4-010-01.
- 13. Berms may be used as an integral part of the overall landscape strategy for screening, security and/or visual interest.

#### C06.1.2. Xeriscape Design Principles

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







**Drought Tolerant Planting** 



- Xeric Species and Rock Mulch
- 1. Apply xeriscape principles following UFC 3-201-02, Appendix B, and Air Force Corporate Facilities Standards.
- 2. Facility plantings are encouraged to use native plant species and to consider specific microclimates created by the adjacent building: shadow areas, protected areas, zones adjacent to thermal mass, and availability of rainwater and/or grey water.

# C06.1.3. Minimizing Water Requirements

Large graphics do not apply

Applicable \( \cap \) N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3 Image Tool 250 x 188







**Predominant Use of Native Grasses** 

Grasses with Native Trees

Use of Grading to Capture Rainwater

1. Reasonably reduce demand on potable water while seeking opportunities to increase alternative water sources for irrigation. Reduce or eliminate the use of potable/domestic water for purposes of landscape architecture maintenance, consistent with legal or contractual obligations, and prohibit potable-water irrigation in new construction beyond establishment following current DoD and Air Force policy.

#### C06.1.4. Plant Material Selection

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable \( \cap \) N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3











**Native Shrubs** 

- 1. Use only native, naturally occurring plant materials including grasses or turf suited for the local climatic conditions in the landscape design; potable-water irrigation systems are discouraged beyond the establishment period.
- 2. New facilities are encouraged to use native plant species as indicated on the plant lists available from the Base Civil Engineer.
- 3. Trees should be the focus of landscape plantings and, where possible, should be a mix of deciduous and evergreen species for variety; provide tree grates when appropriate and use tree guards on smaller trees.
- 4. Ground covers are only recommended when minimal maintenance is required.

- 5. Turf areas should be limited to those that can be sustained by natural rainfall or grey water (non-potable) irrigation systems; turf may be defined by at-grade concrete mow strips to lessen maintenance.
- 6. Analyze soils and provide organic amendments as needed to improve plant growth and conserve water.
- 7. All plant material shall have one-year warranty and is subject to approval by the Base Landscape Architect.

### C06.1.5. Water Budgeting (Hydrozones)

- Applicable 

  N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Native Grasses Sustained by Rainwater

Limited Shrub Beds

**Beds Capturing Site Drainage** 

- 1. Comply with DoD and Air Force policy on potable-water irrigation systems.
- 2. Provide irrigation systems in new construction to establish plant materials following "Water for Landscaping" in UFC 1-200-02. Note the climate zone and annual rainfall for the locale.
- 3. New buildings shall cost-effectively integrate a grey-water reclamation system following UFC 1-200-02, which provides source water for an automatic drip irrigation system; connect adaptive plantings adjacent to facilities to a grey-water irrigation system when available and discontinue the use of potable water for irrigation after the establishment period.
- 4. Provide irrigation design following UFC 3-201-02. Install drip irrigation products and components following UFGS Section 32 84 24 Irrigation Sprinkler Systems. Match the color of valve box lids to the adjacent ground treatment (i.e. green at turf & native seed areas, brown at wood mulch & rock areas).
- 5. Life cycle cost-effectively equip irrigation systems to sense soil moisture, rainfall and wind to minimize unnecessary watering; incorporate drip irrigation systems as the primary source.

# C06.1.6. Base Entrance Landscaping

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
- 1. At the main gate, reinforce a sense of arrival through a well-designed concentration of landscape elements consistent in visual quality with Facility Group 1.
- 2. Ensure landscaping has seasonal features with spring and fall color and a combination of evergreen and deciduous trees and shrubs for winter interest.

3. Integrate base signs and street and pedestrian lighting whenever feasible.

# C06.1.7. Streetscape Landscaping

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Predominant Use of Native Grasses

Trees in Landscape Setback along Group 4

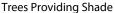
Trees for Shading

- 1. Provide landscape designs with plant materials appropriately representing the level of quality of the adjacent Facility Group number. Refer to the Installation Elements section.
- 2. Select a variety of regionally appropriate streetscape plantings and grading to create a visual interest.

# C06.1.8. Pedestrian Circulation Landscaping

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







Tree Canopy at Secondary Entrance



Trees Defining Space and Providing Shade

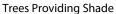
- 1. Define walkways with landscaping where appropriate.
- 2. Provide rest areas along the pedestrian circulation network with human-scaled deciduous shade trees. Supplement tree plantings with finely textured shrubs when appropriate for the climate.
- 3. Provide wind breaks where required.

# C06.1.9. Parking Lot Landscaping

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 6







Trees for Shading and Scale



Trees for Shade and as an Amenity



**Xeric Planting** 



**Primary Use of Grasses** 



Deciduous Tree in Mulched Bed

- 1. Integrate appropriate landscaping elements into parking areas to visually soften the appearance at a minimum rate of 5 percent of the total area.
- 2. Avoid trees that drop sap, fruit, or seeds, and use long-lived species; keep trees trimmed, removing dead and dying trees or branches.
- 3. Provide planting in islands within parking lots for shade and appeal following IFS and the base stormwater management plan.
- 4. Rain garden islands shall be landscaped to receive rainwater runoff from adjacent impervious parking areas to be absorbed into the ground/planting bed. Native plants and groundcovers are recommended within the rain garden areas, which can survive without supplemental irrigation once established.

# C06.1.10. Screen/Accent Landscaping

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

○ Applicable 

N/A Small graphics do not apply



Shrub for Visual Screening of Equipment and as Accents to Provide Beauty

- 1. Provide complimentary accent landscaping at monuments and static displays.
- 2. At Facility Group 1, provide landscaping adjacent to all freestanding signs without distracting from the written communication.
- 3. Provide landscape screening of utility elements adjacent to Facility Group 1.
- 4. Providing landscaping as visual screening is preferred to the construction of walls and fences; berming and mounding may supplement landscape screening.

#### C06.1.11. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply

#### **C07. SITE FURNISHINGS**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html</a>

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Furnishings: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/site-furnishings/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/site-furnishings/index.html</a>

# **C07.1. Furnishings and Elements**

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Coordinated SIte Furnishings



Base Standard Materials and Color



Standard Bike Rack



**Utility Equipment Screen Wall and Gates** 

- 1. Provide a coordinated consistent inventory of site furnishings to positively contribute to the visual environment, image, and identity of the base; ensure durability, low maintenance, reduced visual clutter, and compatibility with the adjacent architecture.
- 2. Remove poorly located or redundant litter / ash receptacles, newspaper and bicycle racks, telephone booths, vending machines, walls and fences to reduce visual clutter and to lessen the requirements for maintenance.
- 3. Group 1 and 2 site furnishings shall be powder coated metal. Group 3 and 4 site furnishings shall be powder coated metal or recycled plastic. Generally match the site furniture of adjacent facilities and the facility district.
- 4. Install needed outdoor seating (benches and low walls) in public gathering spaces near main and secondary building entrances. Low walls shall match facility architecture.
- 5. Benches in Groups 1, 2 and 3 shall be powder coated metal. Provide powder coated metal / recycled plastic benches in Group 4 and parks.
- 6. Integrate functional bicycle racks with the design of the building's main entrance grounds in Facility Groups 1 and 2 while meeting ATFP requirements.
- 7. Limit the use of bollards, but when necessary for force protection use 6" round, concrete filled pipe with rounded top; bollard shall be medium dark bronze in color; where subject to vehicular traffic, reflective stripe may be provided at top. Illuminated bollards may be used as approved on a case basis.
- 8. Locate architecturally coordinated containers for recycling, litter, ash, vending, etc., to minimize visual clutter and not be visible from the building's main entrance. Minimize the use of freestanding planters.
- 9. Generally limit picnic tables, barbeque grills and drinking fountains to lodging, dormitories, housing areas, parks and recreation areas following IFS.
- 10. The Installation Flagpole location shall comply with the guidance for the display of flags in AFI 34-1201. Each Air Force installation is authorized to fly one United States Flag, normally in front of the installation headquarters. Waivers for non-authorized locations must be submitted in accordance with AFI 33-360 and approved waivers (AF Form 679) must be maintained by the installation protocol office.
- 11. Refer to the Overview Section "Facility Hierarchy" topic of this AFCFS for guidelines regarding ancillary structures such as pavilions and shade shelters.
- 12. Bus shelters shall be provided only where there is a documented need and when approved on a case basis. Generally, emulate the designs of adjacent shelters using metal and glass with domed top.
- 13. Monuments and static displays shall be limited. New elements are generally discouraged unless these are fully vetted through the base's approval process and designed following IFS.
- 14. When visual screening is necessary, consider landscaping as the first option; screen walls are permitted only in Group 1 finished with brick with precast concrete cap.
- 15. For fencing, apply the standards for "Products, Materials and Color" in the following section. Limit those with the highest visual quality to Facility Group 1 where there is sustained maintenance. Define all levels of security and visual quality.
- 16. Do not use chain-link fencing at Group 1, 2 or 4 facilities; Limit the use of barbed-wire outriggers on chain-link fencing at industrial sites, unless required for additional security or protection of assets.
- 17. Wood fencing may be used in Facility Group 4 and in recreation areas following IFS for material and finish when there is sustained periodic maintenance.
- 18. Provide trash dumpster enclosures for Group 1 with brick walls and precast cap to match adjacent facilities and for Groups 2, 3, 4 and parks with brick piers and metal slat fencing; all gates shall be metal factory finished brown.
- 19. Specify screen wall materials and finishes that do not require painting or maintenance beyond periodic cleaning.

- 20. Picnic tables and seating shall be powder coated metal. Generally limit picnic tables, barbeque grills and drinking fountains to lodging, dormitories, housing areas, parks and recreation areas.
- 21. Limit the use of freestanding planters to areas with ongoing maintenance.
- 22. Provide kiosks only where there is a documented need for visual communication of posted messages. When used, match adjacent facilities in materials and detailing and consolidate kiosks with other site furnishings within 30 feet of major pedestrian paths. Limit kiosks to facility Groups 1 and 2 and parks.
- 23. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

### C07.2. Site Furnishings Products, Materials and Color

**Note:** Apply the below base-wide standards for Site Furnishings (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

Charcoal

### C07.2.1. Barbeque Grills

♠ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 2
Image Tool 250 x 188

Type:



Applies	to: • Group 1 • Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 • Other
Mfr:	Most Dependable Fountains, Inc.
Color:	Natural stainless steel
Finish:	Mill
Model #	:: SS BBQ grill
Other:	Concrete foundation, coordinate with Base Architect
UFGS:	N/A



Type:	Natural Gas
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	BBQ Coach
Color:	Natural stainless steel
Finish:	Mill
Model #	#: 32" 4-burner
Other:	Built-in concrete or masonry, coordinate with Base Architect
UFGS:	N/A

# C07.2.2. Benches

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 2

Type:

Slatted



Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other	
Mfr:	Belson Outdoors	
Color:	Wood tone slats, dark bronze or black frame to match adjacent	
Finish:	Factory powder coat	
Model #: Heritage Bench PB6-HER		
Other:	N/A	
HEGS:	N/A	



Type:	Recycled plastic
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	The Park Catalog
Color:	Slats: cedar or brown; black or matching base
Finish:	Factory
Model #	t: 289-1106, 6ft Comfort Park Avenue Recycled Plastic Bench
Other:	Limit use to lodging applications in Group 2
UFGS:	N/A

# C07.2.3. Bike Racks

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Type:

Steel

lmage Tool 250 x 188



Applies t	o: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Brandir International Inc.
Color:	Galvanized or black
Finish:	Zinc or factory powder coat
Model #:	The Ribbon Bike Rack, RB-07
Other:	N/A
UFGS:	N/A

# C07.2.4. Bike Lockers

○ Applicable ● N/A

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 3

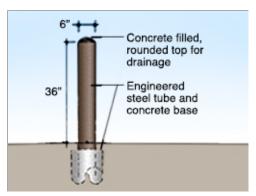
Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Lighted Round Dome Top
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Lithonia Lighting Products
Color:	Dark bronze
Finish:	Anodized aluminum
Model #	t: KBA
Other:	Flared cone, 3000K LED Lamp
UFGS:	N/A
Type:	Force Protection, Building Protection
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Custom
Color:	Medium or dark bronze to match adjacent
Finish:	Powder coat
Model #	t: 6" steel, flat top
Other:	For Group 3, use only in high visibility areas



UFGS: N/A



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: (Bollard Cover) Reliance Foundry

Color: Medium bronze; reflective band at top when subject to vehicles

Finish: Factory

Model #: 6" steel pipe, concrete filled, Cover: R-7173

Other: A 1" (25.4 mm) rigid conduit and box with shroud may be provided at top of bollard with a receiver/key switch application

#### C07.2.6. Bus Shelters

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Type:

Image Tool 250 x 188

Dome Top, Open Side



# **C07.2.7. Drinking Fountains**

• Applicable N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ● Group 4 ● Other



Type: **Pedestal** 

Mfr: Most Dependable Fountains, Inc.

Color: Natural

Finish: Stainless steel, mill finish

Model #: MDF 440 SMSS

Other: Accessible

UFGS: N/A

#### **C07.2.8. Dumpster Enclosures / Gates**

Applicable \( \cap \) N/ANumber of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: 1: Brick and Steel

Applies to: 

Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Custom

Color: Red brick blend piers, dark brown metal panels and doors

Finish: Face brick, powder coated panels and doors

Model #: Match adjacent building

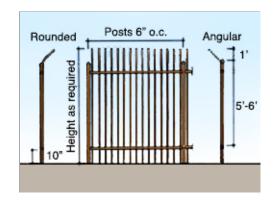
Other: Brick walls may be used at Group 1; steel gates and hardware, dark

brown

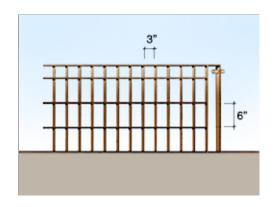
UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry

Number of base standards 7

Image Tool 250 x 188

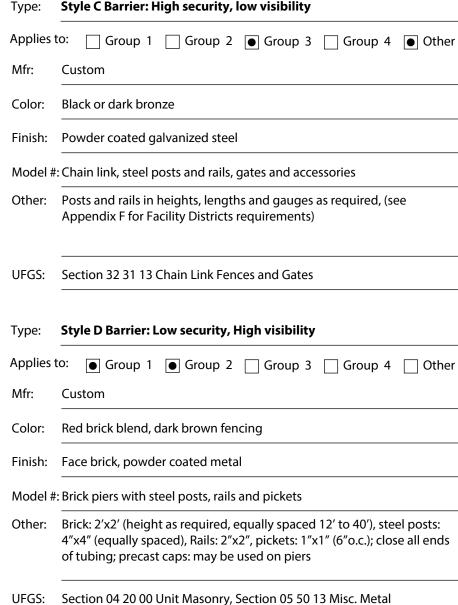


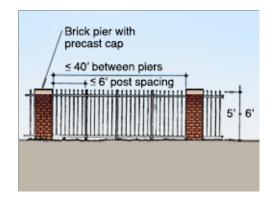
Type:	Style A Barrier: High security, high visibility	
Applies	to: • Group 1 • Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other	
Mfr:	Custom	
Color:	Black or dark bronze	
Finish:	Powder coated	
Model #: Steel posts, rails and pickets (vertical, bent outward at top)		
Other:	Red brick piers may be used	
UFGS:	N/A	

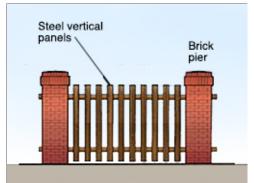


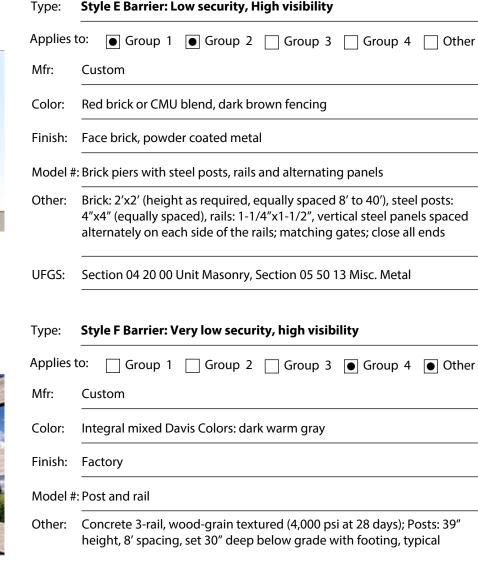
Type: Style B Barrier: High security, medium visibility Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: Custom Dark brown Color: Finish: Powder coat Model #: Steel grid: flat bar stock verticals, round rod horizontals Other: Steel posts, horizontal bars, braces, and accessories, in heights, lengths, and gauges as required; close all ends of tubing UFGS: Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications







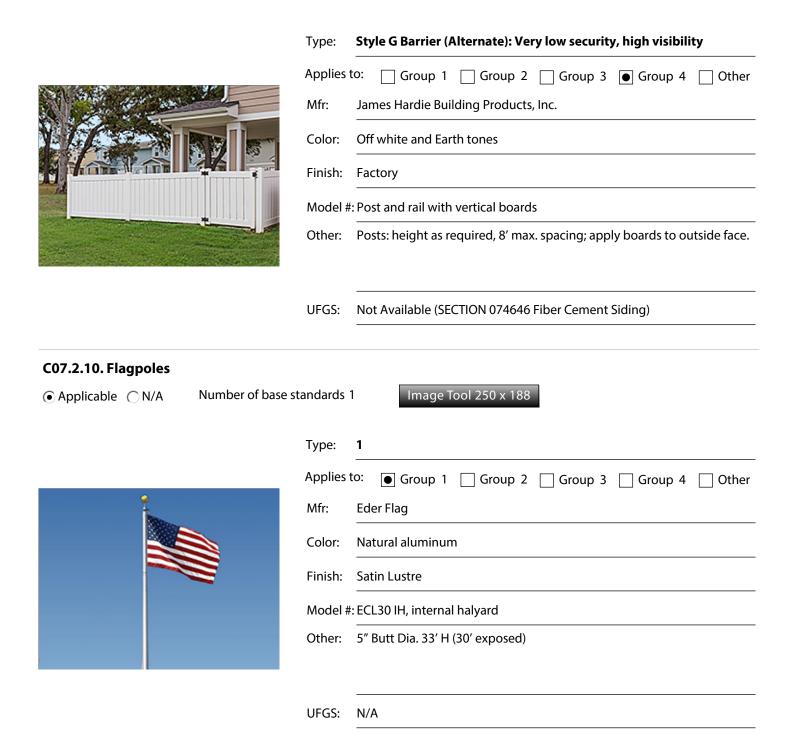




Section 03 33 00 Cast-In-Place Architectural Concrete



UFGS:



# C07.2.11. Lighting – Landscape / Accent

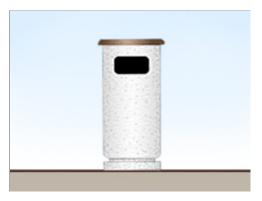
Please refer to the Lighting section.

# C07.2.12. Litter and Ash Receptacles

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



o: • Group 1 • Group 2 • Group 3 Group 4 Other
Materials, Inc.
Weatherstone gray
Smooth
TR-3225 Sante Fe (round or square)
Rigid plastic internal liner, http://materialsinc.com/wp-content/uploads/2014/10/ TR-3225_SANTA_FE.pdf
N/A
Style 2: Metal
o: ☐ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ● Other
Wabash Valley
Black or as approved
Perforated pattern
Urbanscape "E" with liner, 32 gallon
With dome top, without side door



UFGS: N/A

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Precast Concrete
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Materials, Inc.
Color:	Weatherstone gray
Finish:	Standard finish (Smooth)
Model #	#: TS-3490 New Mexican
Other:	(303) 458-9595
UFGS:	N/A
Type:	Metal, Vinyl Coated
	·
Type: Applies Mfr:	
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Applies Mfr:	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other  Belson Outdoor
Applies Mfr: Color: Finish:	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other  Belson Outdoor  Wood tone top and black base or as approved



UFGS: N/A

Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188 Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \) Type: **Precast Concrete** Applies to: ● Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other 40" Mfr: Materials, Inc. Round or square Color: Weatherstone gray shapes Finish: Smooth 16" high Model #: Santa Fe 24" wide Other: N/A UFGS: N/A C07.2.15. Play Equipment Image Tool 250 x 188 ● Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Type: Steel Applies to: Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ● Group 4 ● Other Little Tikes Commercial Mfr: Color: Varies Finish: Powdercoated steel Model #: N-R-G Freestyle

Other: Coordinate with Base Architect

UFGS:

N/A

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Туре:	Brick / Steel
Applies	to: • Group 1 • Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Custom
Color:	Red brick blend, dark brown panels and gates
Finish:	Face brick, powder coated metal
Model #	e: Brick piers with steel panels; or brick walls and metal gates at Group 1
Other:	Brick: 2'x2' (height as required, equally spaced 8' to 40'), steel posts: 4"x4" (equally spaced), rails: 1-1/4"x1-1/2", vertical steel panels spaced alternately on each side of the rails; matching gates; close all ends
UFGS:	Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry, Section 05 50 13 Misc. Metal
Type:	Steel
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Custom
Color:	Dark brown posts and panels and gates
Finish:	Powder coated metal
Model #	t: Steel posts, rails and alternating panels
Other:	N/A



Section 05 50 13 Misc. Metal

UFGS:

• Applicable N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Cast Iron
Applies	to: • Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Neenah Enterprises, Inc.
Color:	Natural cast iron
Finish:	Cast
Model #	: 2-Piece, round or square
Other:	N/A
UFGS:	N/A

# C07.2.18. Other

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Type:

Image Tool 250 x 188

**Shade Shelter** 



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	TBD	
Color:	Cream colored posts, terra cotta canopy	
Finish:	Factory	
Model #	t: Metal structure with fabric canopy	
Other:	Canopy shall be flame retardant	
UFGS:	N/A	

#### **C08. EXTERIOR SIGNS**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdq.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Exterior Signs: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/exterior-signs/index.html

#### C08.1. Colors and Types

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







Standout Letters on Group 1

Freestanding Building Identification Sign

Aluminum Standout Letters on Group 1

- 1. Provide concise functional signs as a visually unifying element with consistent colors and types for all Installation and Gate Identification Signs; Building Identification Signs; Traffic Control Devices; Directional and Wayfinding Signs; and Informational and Motivational Signs.
- 2. Provide signs with the lowest overall life-cycle costs considering initial cost, ongoing maintenance and life span while meeting quality standards. Follow IFS for specifications appropriate for the local climate to withstand weathering.
- 3. Reduce the number of signs, reduce visual clutter and provide only essential signs required for identification, directions, instructions, and customer service following UFC 3-120-01. Remove non-conforming signs during renovation projects.
- 4. Use clear concise terms for content consistent with UFC 3-120-01.
- 5. Display of emblems on building exterior walls or other permanent structures is prohibited by UFC.
- 6. Raised "standout" aluminum letters and numbers may be used for Group 1 with approval on a case basis.
- 7. Group 2 and 3 facilities shall have wall mounted facility signs with sizes and layouts following UFC 3-120-01. Signs are not permitted for Group 4 facilities.
- 8. Only one identification sign is permitted at each building entrance. Include a building address consistent with US Postal Service protocols following UFC 3-120-01.
- 9. Traffic Control Devices, which regulate vehicular traffic on the installation, shall conform to the standards in the Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) published by the Federal Highway Administration. Coordinate street signs with this IFS.
- 10. Provide Directional and Wayfinding Signs and address both pedestrian and vehicular traffic following UFC 3-120-01 for size, layout and content.
- 11. Reserved parking signs should be kept to a minimum. When approved, provide post-mounted sign faces in base standard materials and colors. Consider "bracketing" a designated area with a single sign at each end.

- 12. Parking lot identification signs may be used to identify areas or rows within large lots.
- 13. Follow the guidelines and requirements in ABAAS and the MUTCD for accessible parking signs.
- 14. Follow UFC 3-120-01 for Informational and Motivational Signs for size, layout and content.
- 15. Symbols or pictographs (graphic expressions of objects) may be used to indicate service, mandatory / prohibitory, sports, and recreation when rapid communication is necessary.
- 16. Force Protection signage may be applied to glass doors using white vinyl lettering.
- 17. Refer to UFC 3-120-01 for prohibited signs, which include those with animated, blinking, chasing, flashing, or moving effects.
- 18. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

# **C08.1.1. Materials and Color Specifications**

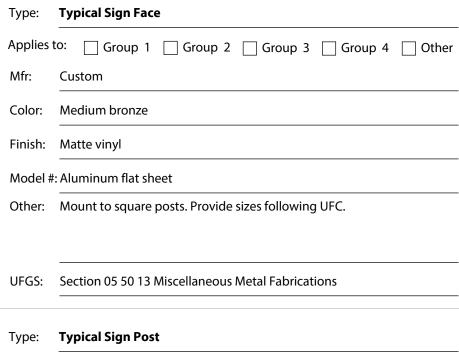
- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not applyApplicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
- 1. Fabricate sign panels from aluminum sheeting with vinyl sign faces and lettering. Sign posts shall be dark bronze anodized aluminum with capped ends in a concrete base.
- 2. Fence mounted sign panels may be attached with exposed fasteners.
- 3. All signage shall follow Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) using standard colors. Refer to MUTCD color specifications, which provide cross-referenced Pantone Matching System (PMS) numbers.
  - a. Standard Blue
  - b. Standard Dark Bronze (also Federal Standard Color 30040)
  - c. Standard Red
  - d. Standard Black (non-reflective)
  - e. Standard White
  - f. Standard Brown

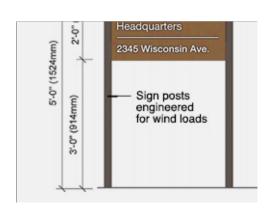
# **Materials and Color Specifications**

• Applicable N/A

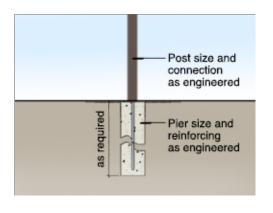
Number of base standards 3







Type:	Typical Sign Post
Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other	
Mfr:	Custom
Color:	Dark bronze, powder coat finish
Finish:	Matte
Model #: Extruded aluminum with capped top ends	
Other:	Square posts and squared ends. Provide engineered sizes.
UFGS:	Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications



Type:	Typical Sign Base
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Custom
Color:	Natural gray
Finish:	Sonotube-formed
Model #	#: 24" height x 12" diameter, as engineered.
Other:	At grade with 3/4" chamfer. Provide engineered sizes.
UFGS:	UFGS 03 30 00 Cast-in-place Concrete

# C08.1.2. Installation and Gate Identification Signs

Type:

Applicable \( \cap \) N/A
Number of base standards 1

lmage Tool 250 x 188

Primary, Secondary and Tertiary (Uses per UFC)



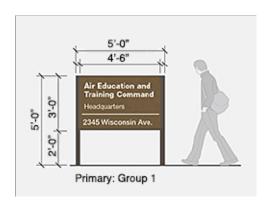
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other	
Mfr:	Custom	
Color:	Dark bronze, brushed aluminum, accents per UFC	
Finish:	Powder coat or vinyl sign face	
Model #	#: Metal frame and panels, buff stone base	
Other:	White vinyl lettering. Provide dimensions per UFC. Secondary signs shall match primary sign's materials, but shall be smaller in size per UFC. Tertiary signs shall follow the UFC.	
UFGS:	Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications	

# **C08.1.3. Building Identification Signs**

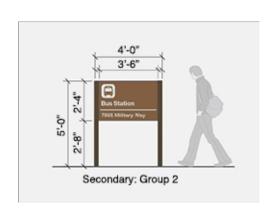
● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 5

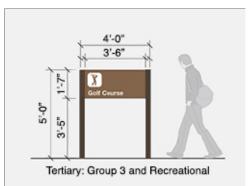
Image Tool 250 x 188



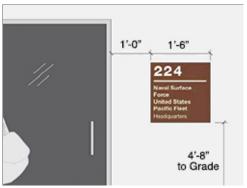
Type:	Freestanding Primary Sign (Sizes and Uses per UFC)
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Custom
Color:	Medium brown face, dark bronze posts, white vinyl lettering
Finish:	Powder coat or vinyl sign face
Model #	#: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts
Other:	Provide layout and sizes per UFC.
UFGS:	Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications



Type:	Freestanding Secondary Sign (Sizes and Uses per UFC)		
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	Custom		
Color:	Medium brown face, dark bronze posts, white vinyl lettering		
Finish:	Powder coat or vinyl sign face		
Model	#: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts		
Other:	Provide layout and sizes per UFC.		
UFGS:	Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications		



Type:	Freestanding Tertiary Sign (Sizes and Uses per UFC)
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Custom
Color:	Medium brown face, dark bronze posts, white vinyl lettering
Finish:	Powder coat or vinyl sign face
Model	#: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts
Other:	Provide layout and sizes per UFC.
UFGS:	Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications
Type:	Wall Mounted
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Custom
Color:	Medium brown, white lettering
Finish:	Satin vinyl applied to aluminum sheet
Model	#: Aluminum sheet with vinyl face and vinyl lettering
Other:	Provide layout and sizes following UFC.



UFGS: N/A



Type:	Glass Mounted
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Custom
Color:	White vinyl lettering
Finish:	Matte vinyl
Model #	#: Machine-cut sheet vinyl
Other:	Apply vinyl lettering to glass. Provide sizes following UFC.
UFGS:	N/A

# **C08.1.4. Traffic Control Devices (Street Signs)**

● Applicable ○ N/A

N/A Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188

**Street Signs** 

Type:



Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Custom
Color:	White reflective lettering on a standard brown background
Finish:	Powder coat or vinyl sign face
Model #	t: Aluminum sign face, control arm or pole mounted
Other:	Mount 7' above grade minimum, pictographs and logos are prohibited on street name signs per UFC.
UFGS:	Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications

# C08.1.5. Directional and Wayfinding Signs

Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

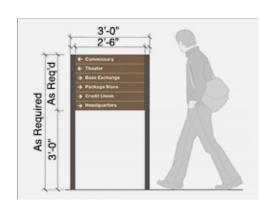
Mfr: Custom

Color: Medium brown face, dark bronze posts, white reflective lettering

Finish: Powder coat or vinyl sign face

Model #: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts

Other: Conform to the requirements of the MUTCD and its DoD Supplement. Provide types and sizes where required by UFC.



Type: **Pedestrian** 

**UFGS:** 

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ● Group 4 ● Other

Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications

Mfr: Custom

Color: Medium brown face, dark bronze posts

Finish: Powder coat or vinyl sign face

Model #: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts

Other: White vinyl lettering. Provide types and sizes where required by UFC.

UFGS: Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications

#### C08.1.6. Informational Signs

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
- 1. Minimize informational signs such as static display signs, hours of operation, and project signs to reduce visual clutter.
- 2. Static display signs shall have standard brown face.
- 3. Hours of operation signs shall have a level of quality equivalent to the Facility Group number.

4. Temporary / Project Signage shall be judiciously placed to avoid visual clutter. Schedule and arrange for the removal signs prior to installation.	of these
C08.1.7. Motivational Signage	
○ Applicable  N/A Large graphics do not apply	
○ Applicable    N/A Small graphics do not apply	
1. Provide professionally produced motivational signs as important elements of campaigns to boost morale, improve sa recruiting, and accomplish other motivational objectives. Consolidate this signage to reduce visual clutter.	ıfety, aid ir
2. Motivational signs shall be limited to an electronic "marquee" type changeable sign near each gate. Temporary signs permitted. Motivational information may also be posted in a small, printed format on kiosks in specified, high pedestria areas. Refer to kiosks under Site Furnishings.	
3. Follow UFC 3-120-01 for color and layout. Note that animated, blinking, chasing, flashing, or moving effects are prohithe UFC.	bited by
4. Mount marquee signs on reinforced concrete bases with a natural warm gray color.	
C08.1.8. Parking Lot Signs	
○ Applicable ● N/A	
1. Minimize clutter by removing unnecessary signs and by placing new signs only where operationally required.	
C08.1.9. Regulatory Signs	
○ Applicable ● N/A	
1. Regulatory signage, which restricts, warns and advises, shall be limited to those mandated under Highway/Traffic, Go Warning, and/or Parking Regulation. Follow UFC 3-120-01 and its industry references for color and layout.	vernment
2. Provide a comprehensive, systematic approach to regulatory signage to avoid clutter and confusion from "over signa	ge."
3. Maintain base warning signs for safety and security at the base perimeter and at specific secure areas. Use these to no visitors of restrictions governing conduct on the base, as well as other security procedures.	otify
C08.1.10. Other	
○ Applicable ● N/A	

#### **C09. LIGHTING**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdq.org/site-development/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdq.org/site-development/index.html</a>

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Lighting: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/lighting/index.html

# C09.1. Fixtures and Lamping

Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Street Light Fixture with Dual Mount

Single Mount Fixture

**Dual Mount Parking Lot and Sidewalk Fixture** 

- 1. Provide, coordinate and efficiently install street, parking lot, sidewalk and facility lighting with appropriate luminaires, lamping, placement and spacing following UFC 3-530-01 and Installation Facilities Standards (IFS); ensure the level of quality is consistent with the adjacent facility group number. Pole-mounted, wall-mounted and bollard fixtures are permitted.
- 2. Integrate controls to automatically reduce lighting power during periods of non-activity; automatically turn off power when sufficient daylight is available.
- 3. Ensure continuity and consistency of lighting elements. In new construction generally match post types, fixture types, styles, heights, sizes, materials, colors, and lamp types of adjacent facilities and the facility district.
- 4. Economically provide renewable-energy power sources such as solar photovoltaic when feasible.
- 5. Use appropriately designed or shielded luminaires to direct light downward to minimize light pollution and intrusion onto adjacent sites and to facilitate night training.
- 6. Calculate illuminant levels for all lighting applications following UFC 3-530-01 and ensure compliance with pre-curfew maximum brightness level requirements.
- 7. Sufficiently address environmental factors to prevent corrosion and weathering of fixtures, plinths and other components.
- 8. Wall mounted fixtures should respond to the architectural character of the facility. Use wall-mounted fixtures where possible to reduce the number of poles for security lighting.
- 9. Efficient accent lighting of architectural and landscape features may be provided for Group 1, lodging and historical applications. Accent lights in ground-mounted locations may be provided for static displays and signs when these do not conflict or cause hazards with overhead aircraft.
- 10. Comply with UFC 3-530-01 for light source technology and lamp types. High efficiency lamping such as LED is preferred for most applications.

- 11. Provide round tapered, square non-tapered, or round non-tapered aluminum poles and aluminum fixtures with square, rectangular or circular housings in colors and shapes to match adjacent facilities and the facility district.
- 12. Install lighted bollards only at Group 1 and high-traffic Group 2 facilities. Generally match materials, colors and shapes of adjacent facilities and the facility district.
- 13. Install natural warm gray color, smooth finished concrete bases for all poles in heights appropriate for the facility group and application. Generally, Groups 1, 2 and 4 shall have at-grade bases. Group 3 shall have taller bases for added durability.
- 14. When parking lot lighting is necessary, provide an illuminated path to the building's main entrance. Pole bases should be contained within an internal landscape median or island.
- 15. Consistently install lighting for stairs, sidewalks, bikeways and trails to match adjacent facilities.
- 16. Landscape accent lighting may be used in public gathering spaces and in Group 1 facilities. Coordinate the design, luminaire selection, and placement with the location of trees, shrubs, and site furnishings.
- 17. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

## C09.2. Light Fixture Types

**Note:** Apply the below base-wide standards for Light Fixtures (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

Style 1

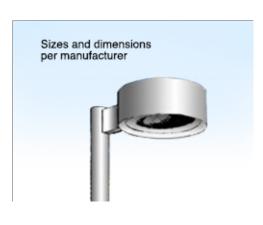
### C09.2.1. Street Lighting

♠ Applicable ♠ N/A
Number of base standards 2
Image Tool 250 x 188

Type:



Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Hubbell, Kim Lighting
Color:	Dark bronze anodized (or clear anodized as approved by BCE)
Finish:	Factory
Model #	e: Rectilinear cutoff, single arm or dual arm mount
Other:	Lamp: LED. Follow manufacturer's recommendations for fixture base.
UFGS:	N/A



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Hubbell, Kim Lighting

Color: Clear anodized as approved by BCE

Finish: Factory

Model #: Round cutoff, single arm or dual arm mount

Other: Lamp: LED. Follow manufacturer's recommendations for fixture base.

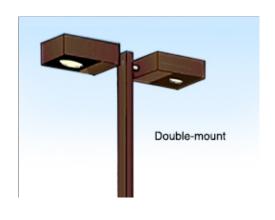
# **C09.2.2. Parking Lot Lighting**

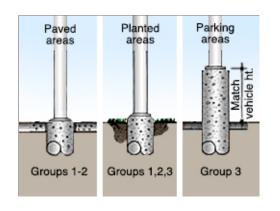
Applicable \( \cap \) N/ANumber of base standards 2

Type:

Image Tool 250 x 188

Parking Lot Style 1





Type: Parking Lot Fixture Base

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Custom

Color: Natural gray

Finish: Trowel

Model #: Form-cast, round

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 03 33 00 Cast-In-Place Architectural Concrete

# C09.2.3. Lighted Bollards

Type:

Image Tool 250 x 188

**Lighted Round Dome Top** 



# C09.2.4. Sidewalk Lighting

● Applicable ○ N/A Number of base s	tandards	1 Image Tool 250 x 188
	Type:	Rectilinear Cutoff
	Applies	to: • Group 1 • Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 • Other
	Mfr:	Hubbell, Kim Lighting
Single mount Double mount	Color:	Dark bronze anodized (or clear anodized as approved by BCE)
9. 6	Finish:	Anodized aluminum
Bollard A	Model #	t: Rectilinear cutoff, single arm or dual arm mount
	Other:	Lamp: LED. Follow manufacturer's recommendations for fixture base.
	UFGS:	N/A
C09.2.5. Walls / Stairs Lighting		
● Applicable ○ N/A Number of base s	tandards	1 Image Tool 250 x 188
	Type:	Style 1
	Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
	Mfr:	Vista Lighting
	Color:	Dark bronze anodized
	Finish:	Smooth
	Model #	t: Aluminum step and brick lights, 5230 round louvered
	Other:	Lamp: LED
	UFGS:	N/A
C09.2.6. Other		

#### **D. FACILITIES EXTERIORS**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html</a>

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188



Group 1 Materials Palette



Typical Materials and Form for Group 3



**Group 2 Dormitories** 



Group 4 Family Housing

# **D01. SUPPORTING THE MISSION**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Supporting the Mission: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/supporting-the-mission/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/supporting-the-mission/index.html</a>

#### **D02. SUSTAINABILITY**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Sustainability: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/supporting-the-mission/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/supporting-the-mission/index.html</a>

#### **D03. ARCHITECTURAL FEATURES**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html</a>

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Architectural Features: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/architectural-features/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/architectural-features/index.html</a>

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188



Group 3

Group 4

























#### D03.1. Orientation, Massing and Scale

- 1. Orient new buildings to maximize energy efficiency, passive solar and daylighting potential of the building; narrow buildings oriented along an east-west axis are preferred to minimize heat gain in the summer months and maximize heat gain in the winter months resulting in less overall energy usage.
- 2. Provide orthogonal geometry for principal building form; angular geometry may be used sparingly for Group 1 and used only for emphasis at specific areas such as building entrances and stairwells.
- 3. Maintain a human scale and reduce the visual scale of large buildings with sub-massing related to interior functional operations; create consistent form and scale in adjacent buildings with compatible profiles or silhouettes.
- 4. Building heights shall not be limited; however, building heights over 2 stories shall be considered on a case basis.
- 5. Combine functions where practical to avoid a proliferation of small, independent structures.
- 6. Use and coordinate shading devices with orientation and for function.

#### **D03.2. Architectural Character**

- 1. Develop architectural features, materials and detailing appropriate for the Facility Group designation. Refer to Building Entrances, Wall Systems and Roof Systems.
- 2. Respond to the local climate and regional influences with environmentally functional architectural features.
- 3. For new facilities design generally maintain consistency and visual unity in the character of the adjacent buildings through compatible architectural features: repeated use of similar forms such as roofs, and through recurring elements such as doors, windows, materials and colors.
- 4. Reinforce the contemporary regional vernacular theme with contemporary adaptations. Emphasize parts of buildings to articulate roof, wall and base using color, materials and details.
- 5. All facilities shall express sustainability through their orientation, massing, shape, form, materials, and detailing. Provide louvers, fins and other shading devices to control heat gain and glare and to and improve energy efficiency.
- 6. Strive for economical construction without compromising a high-quality, professional appearance.

#### D03.3. Details and Color

- 1. Provide a palette of earth-tone colors related to the native landscape in brick, EIFS powder-coated metals. Refer to Wall Systems for detailed material listings.
- 2. Relate the level of architectural detailing to the Facility Group number.
- 3. Use only integrally colored materials as the predominant exterior building material; do not use materials that require field painting and ongoing maintenance.
- 4. Provide consistent and compatible colors for every exterior building feature, including walls, roofs, doors, windows, gutters, downspouts, utility and mechanical elements, and other visible elements.
- 5. Noncorrosive metals with factory applied color finishes are required.
- 6. Combine details and color with orientation, massing, scale and architectural character to maintain base compatibility.
- 7. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

# D03.3.1. Climate-based Data and Life-Cycle Cost-Effective Passive and Natural Design Strategies:

Clima	Climate dominated by mechanical cooling		
Clima	Climate dominated by mechanical heating		
Clima	Climate with similar mechanical cooling / heating needs		
Clima	te with minimal mechanical cooling / heating needs		
Clima	te with high humidity		
Clima	te with moderate humidity		
Clima	te with low humidity		
○ High	Solar Insolation		
Mode	rate Solar Insolation		
○ Low S	olar Insolation		
	vith High Thermal Conductivity		
Soils v	vith Average Thermal Conductivity		
Soils v	with Low Thermal Conductivity		
Other: Co	nsider the potential for high winds.		
Other: Co	nsider solar photovoltaic applications following LCCA.		
Facility:	Narrow buildings along E-W axis are preferred		
Wall:	Integral shading features and devices / interior masonry thermal mass walls (for cooling)		
Doors:	Recessed are preferred		
Windows	Provide insulating glazing on north-facing windows / maximize shading for windows on south facades		
Roof:	High to medium albedo, moderate slope for all buildings except hangars / large industrial facilities		
Structure:	Do not expose ferrous metals. Provide factory finished non-ferrous metals or concrete		
МЕР:	Ground-source following LCCA		
Other:	Optimize shading devices to provide summer shade and allow winter heat gain		
Other:	Internal thermal mass walls may be used following LCCA		

**Note:** Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Architectural Features (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

# **D03.3.2. Natural Ventilation System**

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 3

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Style 1 Aluminum Windows
Applies t	o: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Kawneer (or equivalent)
Color:	Dark bronze (or clear anodized as approved by BCE
Finish:	Anodized
Model #:	2x4, slider or awning type
Other:	Provide thermally broken frames.
UFGS:	Section 08 41 13 Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts
Type:	Style 2 Steel Windows
Applies t	o: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Steelcraft (or equivalent)
Color:	Dark bronze or silver to match adjacent



UFGS: Section 08 11 13 Steel Doors and Frames

Finish: Powder coated

Model #: 2x4 frame, awning type

Other: Provide thermally broken frames



Type:	Style 3 Aluminum-ciad wood windows
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Marvin (or equivalent)
Color:	Earth tones
Finish:	Factory
Model #	t: 4" depth, double-hung type
Other:	N/A
UFGS:	Section 08 52 00 Wood Windows

# D03.3.3. Thermal Mass

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Type:

Image Tool 250 x 188

**Style 1 Interior Wall Material** 



Applies	to: • Group 1 • Group 2 • Group 3 Group 4 Other	
Mfr:	Custom, TBD	
Color:	Red brick blend	
Finish:	Light texture	
Model #: Coursed unit masonry		
Other:	Brick is preferred. Concrete block may only be used in Group 3 when approved by the BCE.	
UFGS:	Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry	

# D03.3.4. Thermal Shading

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1 Wall Devices

Mfr: Kawneer (or equivalent) or custom

Color: Dark bronze

Applies to:

Finish: Factory, to match frames

Model #: Louver

Other: Shading devices may be attached to frames or structure

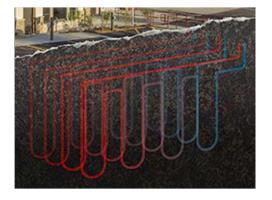
UFGS: Section 08 41 13 Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

# **D03.3.5. Renewable Heating/Cooling**

Applicable \( \cap \) N/ANumber of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1 Geothermal (Ground Source)

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Climate Master

Color: N/A

Finish: N/A

Model #: N/A

Other: Vertical ground loop well field

UFGS: Section 23 81 47 Water-Loop and Ground-Loop Heat Pump Systems

# D03.3.6. Solar Photovoltaic System

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Ground-Mounted PV Panels
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	TBD
Color:	Factory
Finish:	Matte
Model #	#: Flat plate collector, fixed or tracking
Other:	Coordinate with local utility provider
UFGS:	Section 48 14 00 Solar Photovoltaic Systems
Type:	Roof-Mounted PV Array
Type: Applies	·
	·
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Applies Mfr:	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Applies Mfr: Color: Finish:	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other  TBD  Factory



UFGS: Section 48 14 00 Solar Photovoltaic Systems

# D03.3.7. Solar Thermal System

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

lmage Tool 250 x 188



Type:	wall-Mounted or Roof-Mounted Panels
Applies	to: • Group 1 • Group 2 • Group 3 • Group 4 Other
Mfr:	TBD
Color:	Factory
Finish:	Matte
Model #	t: Flat plate collector
Other:	N/A
UFGS:	Section 48 14 13 Solar Liquid Flat Plate and Evacuated Tube Collectors

#### **D04. BUILDING ENTRANCES**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html</a>

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Building Entrances: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/building-entrances/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/building-entrances/index.html</a>

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188



Group 3

Group 4

























#### **D04.1. Primary Entrances**

- 1. Emphasize the primary entrance in the overall building design with a projecting or recessed covering for weather protection following Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) for Facility Group designations.
- 2. Provide vestibules at entries in Groups 1, 2 and 3 unless used infrequently or serving unconditioned space following ASHRAE 90.1.
- 3. Fully integrate all elements including the design of handicap ramps in the overall design of the primary entrance in an organized, uncluttered appearance.
- 4. Install paved transitional spaces sized for the building function and occupancy.
- 5. Install appropriate lighting and site furniture following ATFP and IFS.
- 6. Protect entrances from heavy rains and falling ice and snow.
- 7. Provide porte cocheres or covered drop-offs when justified for lodging and medical facilities; do not use for prestige or architectural accents.

# **D04.2. Secondary Entrances**

- 1. Provide vestibules at entries in Groups 1, 2 and 3 unless used infrequently or serving unconditioned space following ASHRAE 90.1; use of stair towers as vestibules for multi-story buildings is encouraged when building and / or energy codes are satisfied.
- 2. Reflect the character of the primary entrance to a lesser extent with a smaller scale.
- 3. Include a recess or projection for weather protection and shading.
- 4. Integrate service and egress doors and loading areas with the building design by matching the materials and detailing and reflect the overall quality of the facility.
- 5. Incorporate egress structures such as stair towers into the facility design.
- 6. Canopies may be used for service and loading areas; weather protection beyond weatherstripping is not required at doors used only for life safety egress.
- 7. Develop building massing and orientation to minimize the appearance of service and loading areas; physically and visually separate these from primary entrances.
- 8. Loading areas must be organized, orderly and have an uncluttered appearance.

#### **D05. WALL SYSTEMS**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Doors and Windows:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/wall-systems/index.html

Comply with AFCFS Recommended Materials:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/wall-systems/materials/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

# Image Tool 250 x 188















Group 3

Group 4











#### **D05.1. Hierarchy of Materials**

#### **Hierarchy of Materials**

- 1. Group 1 facilities may have more refined detailing than Group 2 and Group 2 may have more definition than Group 3.
- 2. Group 1 and 2 facilities shall be primarily brick and EIFS; coursed architectural precast and architectural precast panels may be used also. Refer to the Appendix for special requirements of Facility Districts.
- 3. Group 3 facilities shall be metal panel siding.
- 4. Group 4 shall be one (or two) of the following materials: fiber cement siding and brick; accents of EIFS may be used.
- 5. Multi-story Group 1 facilities may include a transition in material, color or detailing to create a visual base. Generally limit brick to a single color on Group 2, 3 and 4 facilities.
- 6. Use high-performance building envelopes following UFC 1-200-02.
- 7. Use detailing not subject to excessive weathering. Provide wall accents consistently throughout the base.
- 8. Use integrally colored materials and factory-finished metals. Do not paint concrete block.
- 9. Translucent wall panels may be used in Facility Group 1 and recreational uses in Group 2 when protected from direct solar gain. Provide insulating panels and shading appropriate for the orientation and exposure.
- 10. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

## **D05.2. Layout, Organization and Durability**

- 1. Organize wall components including doors, windows, accents, shading devices, control joints, etc., to provide an ordered, professional appearance.
- 2. Integrate shading devices into the overall composition of the wall.
- 3. Integrate fixed shading devices at all exterior glazing exposed to summer UV heat gain as a passive design measure to reduce energy use. Ensure adequate shading at west entrances. Deciduous trees may be used for shading.
- 4. Shading systems may be included as part of a manufacturer's window system or may be custom systems integrated into the wall.
- 5. Provide appropriate transitions between dissimilar materials to mitigate effects of thermal expansion and galvanic action per UFGS 07 60 00 Flashing and Sheet Metal.
- 6. All joint sealants shall be slightly darker than adjacent surfaces.
- 7. Materials requiring regular maintenance are not permitted; do not use exposed structural steel or other materials that require painting.
- 8. Refer to C07.2.16. Screen Walls for materials and colors of freestanding walls.
- 9. Refer to D07. Roofs for downspouts.

#### **D05.3. Equipment, Vents and Devices**

- 1. Arrange all mechanical, electrical, fire alarm, lightning protection and other system components to create an orderly appearance that integrates with the wall system.
- 2. Do not expose conduits, cables, piping, lightning protection components, etc. on exterior walls; if unavoidable in renovations, finish these elements to match the adjacent wall surface.
- 3. Avoid visual clutter and where surface-mounted elements are required they shall match the wall color.

#### **D05.4 Wall Systems Materials**

Facility Group 1 wall materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 3 wall materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Brick Primary: Metal panels, ribbed metal sheeting

Secondary: EIFS Secondary: N/A

Accent: Optional: (with brick) Architectural precast Accent: N/A

Facility Group 2 wall materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 4 wall materials shall be as follows.

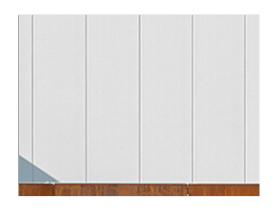
Primary: Brick Primary: Fiber Cement Siding

Secondary: EIFS Secondary: Brick and fiber cement siding, trim boards

Accent: Optional: (with brick) Architectural precast Accent: Concrete or Brick Foundation Cladding

**Note:** Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Wall Systems (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

 Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Insulated Metal Panel System - Kynar Finish, Light	
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other	
Mfr:	Metl-Span	
Model #	e: CF Santa Fe Insulated Metal Wall System	
Color:	Off-white	
Finish:	Heavy stucco-embossed	
Other:	N/A	
UFGS:	Section 07 42 13 Metal Wall Panels:	

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 13.pdf Section 07 42 63 Fabricated Wall Panel Assemblies: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 63.pdf

Insulated Metal Panel System - Kynar Finish, Dark

Section 07 42 63 Fabricated Wall Panel Assemblies: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 63.pdf

Type:



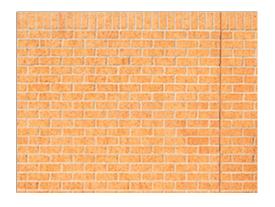
Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other	
Mfr:	Metl-Span
Model #	t: CF Santa Fe Insulated Metal Wall System
Color:	Medium bronze
Finish:	Heavy stucco-embossed
Other:	N/A
UFGS:	Section 07 42 13 Metal Wall Panels: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 13.pdf

#### D05.4.2. Brick Veneer

• Applicable N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Modular Face Brick
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Local, TBD
Model #	: Face brick
Color:	Red-orange blend
Finish:	Straight edges, smooth texture

Other: Nominal size: 4x8x2.6

UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf

### **D05.4.3. Architectural Precast**

Applicable \( \cap \) N/A

N/A Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Coursed Precast

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Local, TBD

Model #: Smooth casting

Color: Light beige, match federal paint standard 595B, color 23578

Finish: Very light texture

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 03 45 00 Precast Architectural Concrete:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 45 00.pdf

# **D05.4.4. Stucco Over Sheathing**

Number of base standards 1

UFGS:

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	3-Coat Cementitious Stucco
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	La Habra
Model #	: Traditional 3-coat system
Color:	Light beige
Finish:	Sand
Other:	Accent color may be used

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 24 23.pdf

# D05.4.5. Curtain Wall

○ Applicable ● N/A

# **D05.4.6. Cast-In-Place Concrete**

 lmage Tool 250 x 188

Section 09 24 23 Cement Stucco:



Type:	Board-Formed or Sheet-Formed Bearing Walls
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Custom
Model #	e: Rough-sawn dimensional lumber or liner forming
Color:	Natural gray concrete
Finish:	Board-formed or liner-formed texture exposed
Other:	Board-formed texture has no exposed form ties
UFGS:	Section 03 33 00 Cast-In-Place Architectural Concrete:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 33 00.pdf



Type:	Board-Formed or Sheet-Formed Foundation Walls
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Custom
Model #	e: Rough-sawn dimensional lumber or liner forming
Color:	Natural gray concrete
Finish:	Board-formed or liner-formed texture exposed
Other:	Board-formed texture has no exposed form ties
UFGS:	Section 03 33 00 Cast-In-Place Architectural Concrete: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 33 00.pdf

# ○ Applicable ● N/A

D05.4.7. Tilt-Up Concrete

**D05.4.8. Ribbed Metal Sheeting** 

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type.	Lap Seam
Applies	s to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	TBD
Model	#: Lap seam panel
Color:	Light beige, match federal paint standard 595B, color 23578
Finish:	Embossed texture, factory finished
Other:	24 Gauge Steel
UFGS:	Section 07 42 13 Metal Wall Panels: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 13.pdf

D05.4.9. EIFS Image Tool 250 x 188 Number of base standards 1 Applicable \( \cap \) N/A Type: Style 1 ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: Dryvit Model #: "Outsulation" system Color: **Eggshell Cream** Finish: Sandblast Other: Confirm class of system with the BCE UFGS: Section 07 24 00 Exterior Insulation and Finish Systems: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 24 00.pdf D05.4.10. GFRC ○ Applicable ● N/A D05.4.11. Concrete Block Applicable \( \cap \) N/A Number of base standards 2 Image Tool 250 x 188 **Concrete Masonry Unit (CMU) Split Face** Type: Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: Local TBD Model #: 8x8x16 nominal, face and corner units Color:



Light or medium beige Finish: Heavy texture Other: N/A UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf



Type:	Concrete Masonry Unit (CMU) Ground Face
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Local TBD
Model #	: 8x8x16 nominal, face and corner units
Color:	Light or medium beige
Finish:	Ground with exposed aggregate
Other:	N/A

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf

# **D05.4.12. Fiber Cement Siding**

Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \)Number of base standards 1

UFGS:

Type:

Style 1

Image Tool 250 x 188

Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry:



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: James Hardie Building Products, Inc.

Model #: Horizontal Lap Siding, Shingle Siding

Color: Earth tones

Finish: Wood texture

Other: Hardie Plank, Hardie Shingle

UFGS: SECTION 074646 Fiber Cement Siding: (Not Available on UFGS)

#### D05.4.13. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

#### **D06. DOORS AND WINDOWS**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Doors and Windows:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/doors-and-windows/index.html

Comply with AFCFS Recommended Materials:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/doors-and-windows/materials/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

# Image Tool 250 x 188















Group 3

Group 4











# D06.1. Types

- 1. Clear anodized aluminum doors, windows and frames with thermal breaks are preferred for Facility Groups 1-3 because they show less wear and weathering than dark anodized finishes; match the color of the door and frame. For renovation projects the color of new windows, doors and frames may match the existing ones.
- 2. Aluminum clad wood windows are preferred for Facility Group 4.
- 3. Standard-sized hinged doors are preferred. Use sliding, folding, overhead, sectional and other door configurations only to support mission operations.
- 4. Automatic doors are allowed only where functionally necessary.
- 5. Limit hollow metal doors and frames to security doors, utility rooms and mechanical rooms in Groups 1 and 2 and to any application in Group 3 facilities.
- 6. Utility and emergency egress doors shall match or be harmonious with the wall color.
- 7. Passive thermal comfort methods of ventilation are encouraged where life cycle cost justified.
- 8. Windows must meet force protection requirements.
- 9. Adjacent joint sealants should be slightly darker than the frame color.
- 10. Make efforts to contain noise at its source with properly gasketed doors per UFC 3-450-01 Noise and Vibration Control.
- 11. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

#### **D06.2. Layout and Geometry**

- 1. Visually and functionally compose openings in walls for the climate-specific exposure.
- 2. Consistently use opening type, size, placement, mullion pattern, and color to reinforce the overall architectural design.
- 3. Openings shall augment interior lighting and space conditioning needs.
- 4. Protect against vandalism and intrusion.

## **D06.3. Glazing and Shading**

- 1. Tinted, energy-efficient, low-e, double-pane glazing is encouraged. Color shall be Solar Gray with 52% light transmittance, and it shall be from the same manufacturer and production lot.
- 2. Glazing color shall follow Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).
- 3. Translucent wall panels may be integrated into wall systems.
- 4. Do not use mirrored glazing.
- 5. Fully integrate applicable shading designs for overhangs, louvers, light shelves and grilles.
- 6. Where appropriate, install window screens to take advantage of natural ventilation.

#### D06.4. Hardware

1. Provide hardware appropriate for the Facility Group while considering activity and frequency of use and local climate; hardware may be of higher visual quality for Facility Group 1.

- 2. Ensure hardware will perform throughout the facility's life span without showing extreme wear.
- 3. Select finishes that will not degrade by intensity of operation or exposure to the elements.
- 4. Use consistent finishes and color on window and door systems throughout a facility. For renovation projects the color of new hardware may match the existing hardware.
- 5. Design building systems to eliminate the need for security screens whenever possible.

#### **D06.5. Doors and Windows Materials**

**Note:** Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Doors and Windows (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

#### **D06.5.1. Anodized Aluminum**

♠ Applicable ♠ N/A Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Kawneer (or equivalent)

Color: Natural aluminum or dark bronze as approved by the BCE

Finish: Anodized

Model #: 2x4, thermally broken framing

Other: Group 1 may use larger openings with larger framing sections; use of lower durability dark bronze must be approved by the BCE

UFGS: Section 08 41 13 Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 41 13.pdf ♠ Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Hollow Metal Doors, Windows and Frames

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Steelcraft

Color: Medium bronze, emergency doors and frames shall match wall color

Finish: Powder coated, satin

Model #: 2x4, thermally broken framing

Other: Group 1 use only for secondary entrances or emergency egress

UFGS: Section 08 11 13 Steel Doors and Frames:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 11 13.pdf

#### D06.5.3. Aluminum-clad Wood

Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \)Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Aluminum-clad Residential

Applies to: ☐ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Marvin

Color: White or light Earth tones

Finish: Powder coated, satin

Model #: Aluminum-clad wood doors and windows

Other: Double hung windows

UFGS: Section 08 14 00 Wood Doors

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 14 00.pdf

#### D06.5.4. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

#### **D07. ROOF SYSTEMS**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Roof Systems:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/roof-systems/index.html

Comply with AFCFS Recommended Materials:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/roof-systems/materials/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

# Image Tool 250 x 188

























Group 3

### D07.1. Roof Type and Form

- 1. Use proven, cost-effective roof systems with high durability, weather resistance, and low maintenance that are compatible with Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) and requirements for the designated Facility Group.
- 2. Generally match the roof type and form of existing adjacent facilities in new construction.
- 3. Group 1 and 2 buildings shall use sloped standing seam metal roofs; minimal-slope roofs may be used as approved on a case basis.
- 4. Provide screens for roof-mounted appendages and equipment of the same materials, which are used predominantly in the building's roof systems.
- 5. Roof translucent panels are permitted only for Group 1 with project specific approval by the BCE.
- 6. Group 2 and 3 facilities under 5,000 sf and narrow in plan geometry, may use sloped, standing seam metal roofs. Larger facilities may use sloped-roof features in conjunction with predominantly minimal-sloped "flat" membrane roofs.
- 7. Group 4 facilities shall have gabled or hipped composite shingle roofs.
- 8. Roof eaves shall extend beyond the exterior wall for roof drainage and shading. Provide overhangs for shading in response to local climatic conditions; these should be sized and proportioned to the height of the facility and to the window openings being shaded.
- 9. South-facing eaves shall coordinate with adjacent wall-mounted shading devices.
- 10. The color, shape and slope of the eave and soffit shall be compatible with adjacent facilities.
- 11. Keep roofs uncluttered and minimize penetrations.
- 12. Diminish massive roofs into coordinated smaller components consistent with adjacent facilities; avoid random, arbitrary changes.
- 13. Increase the insulation value of existing roofing systems during renovations if supported by life-cycle cost and structural analysis.
- 14. Roofs shall be maintained for the life of the system and replaced in accordance with UFC 3-110-04 and AFI 32-1051. A warranty is required on all new roofs.
- 15. Do not use mansard roofs.
- 16. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

## D07.2. Roof Slope

- 1. Group 1 and 2 buildings shall use sloped roofs, min. 3:12.
- 2. Low-sloped roofs are allowed for larger structures or to match existing conditions on renovation projects. Minimal-sloped roofs may also be used for Group 3 facilities in high-visibility areas. Roof slopes should match surrounding buildings.
- 3. Group 4 facilities shall use 4:12 to 6:12 roof slopes.
- 4. Ensure adequate drainage and connect to the subsurface rain collection system where available.
- 5. Provide roof slopes to accommodate solar photovoltaic, solar thermal, passive systems and daylighting when applicable following UFC 1-200-02.

6. Provide underlayments as required for the roofing type as directed by the UFC.

## D07.3. Parapets and Copings

1. Extend wall materials vertically above the roofline and provide metal copings to match the wall. Ensure copings are properly flashed and detailed to avoid roof leaks.

### D07.4. Color and Reflectivity

- 1. Sloped metal roofs in Groups 1 and 2 and smaller facilities in Group 3 shall be medium bronze to resemble adjacent facilities and follow requirements of IFS.
- 2. All minimal-slope membrane roofs shall use only use high-albedo, high-reflectivity color to help decrease the temperature around the buildings and minimize damage to human and wildlife habitat.
- 3. Sloped roofs in Group 4 shall be earth tones.
- 4. Comply with UFC 3-110-03 and ASHRAE 90.1 for Solar Reflectance Index (SRI) and thermal requirements.
- 5. All roof flashing shall match the color of the predominant background material.

## D07.5. Gutters, Downspouts, Scuppers, Drains

- 1. All sloped roofs shall use gutters and downspouts. Gutters shall be outside the fascia.
- 2. Internal roof drainage systems are not permitted in new construction. Minimal-sloped roofs shall be sloped to drain to the building perimeter through scuppers into downspouts.
- 3. All gutters and fascias shall match the roof color.
- 4. Size the roof drainage system per IBC and SMACNA for the region.
- 5. Use scuppers as required in parapet walls. Arrange scuppers in an orderly manner consistent with other elements of the wall system.
- 6. When open scuppers are connected to downspouts, provide transitions consistent with adjacent facilities.
- 7. Integrate downspouts with the architectural details of the wall system and arrange in an orderly, non-prominent appearance. Generally blend downspouts with the color of the wall (not contrasting it).
- 8. Fabricate downspouts from non-corrosive materials such as aluminum or zinc-coated steel. Provide powder-coated finishes in medium bronze.
- 9. All downspouts shall be solid.
- 10. Provide angled transitional pieces for downspouts to fit closely against the wall for their entire length.
- 11. Coordinate locations of downspouts to conceal control joints in masonry walls when possible.
- 12. Place downspouts away from building entries. Water discharged should not run across sidewalks.

#### **D07.6. Roof Vents and Elements**

- 1. Minimize and consolidate roof penetrations into a single, inconspicuous point whenever possible.
- 2. On sloped roofs clad pipe penetrations to match the roofing material.

- 3. Avoid the use of rooftop mechanical equipment; however, for renovations and unavoidable configurations, ensure units are screened.
- 4. Provide access points and service routes to equipment that protect the roof.
- 5. Screen all large vents.
- 6. Ensure attic spaces are properly vented at ridges and soffits.
- 7. Match roof color for all exposed equipment and vents.
- 8. Avoid roof-mounted antenna systems.
- 9. Arrange Lightning Protection Systems (LPS) components in an ordered, uncluttered and inconspicuous appearance; integrate components into the organization of the roof and wall systems.
- 10. Ensure that LPS roof mounting systems are approved by the roofing manufacturer.
- 11. Additions to a roof shall not interfere with LPS or other rooftop systems that may be required.
- 12. Permanent fall protection shall be included with any addition to a roof with a slope above 3:12 per UFC 3-110-03.

# D07.7. Clerestories and Skylights

- 1. Clerestories are permitted in Group 1 facilities. These are allowed in Group 3 facilities only when serving passive systems and are justifiable by life-cycle analysis.
- 2. Clerestories are preferred to skylights to avoid roof penetrations. Skylights are not permitted.
- 3. Design clerestories using the same principles for seasonal shading that are required for walls and roof overhangs.
- 4. Translucent panel systems are preferred in clerestory applications due to lack of window cleaning.
- 5. Clerestories must comply with UFC 4-10-01.

### D07.8. Vegetated Roof

1. Not applicable.

# **D07.9. Roof Systems Materials**

**Note:** Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Roof Systems (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

# D07.9.1. Standing Seam Metal

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Berridge

Color: Medium bronze

Finish: Matte

Model #: Tee-Panel

Other: Shed, gabled or hipped standing seam metal

**UFGS:** Section 07 61 14 Steel Standing Seam Roofing

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 61 14.00 20.pdf

# D07.9.2. Membrane Single-ply

Applicable \( \cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Style 1 Type:

Applies to:

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr:

Carlisle Systems

Color:

Off-white

Finish: Smooth

Model #: TPO single-ply, "flat" minimal slope

Other: N/A

UFGS:

Section 07 53 23 Ethylene-Propylene-Diene-Monomer Roofing http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 53 23.pdf Section 07 54 50 TPO Thermoplastic Single-Ply Roofing

(Not Available on UFGS)

### D07.9.3. Built-up Multi-ply

D07.9.4. Concrete Tile	
○ Applicable ● N/A	
D07.9.5. Clay Tile	
○ Applicable	
D07.9.6. Slate Shingles	
○ Applicable ● N/A	
D07.9.7. Vegetated System	
○ Applicable	
D07.9.8. Ribbed Metal Sheeting	
● Applicable ○ N/A Number of base s	standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188
	Type: Style 1
	Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
	Mfr: Berridge
	Color: Dark bronze or galvalume
	Finish: Factory, matte
	Model #: High seam tee-panel
	Other: Mechanically seamed system, 24 gauge steel, width: 16" batten height: 1-3/4"

Section 07 41 13.19 Batten-Seam Metal Roof Panels

(Not Available on UFGS)

UFGS:

# **D07.9.9. Composite Shingles**

● Applicable ○ N/A Nui

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Style 1		
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	Tamko		
Color:	Earth tones		
Finish:	Factory		
Model #	t: Heritage		
Other:	Gabled or hipped with transverse gable or hipped features		
UFGS:	Section 07 31 13 Glass-fiber-reinforced Asphalt Shingles http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 31 13.pdf		

# D07.9.10. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

### **D08. STRUCTURAL SYSTEMS**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Structural Systems:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/structural-systems/index.html

Comply with AFCFS Recommended Materials:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/structural-systems/materials/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

# Image Tool 250 x 188

























Group 3

### **D08.1. Systems and Layouts**

- 1. Pre-engineered structural steel framing may be used for Groups 1, 2 and 3 facilities; Installation-appropriate thermal envelopes, materials and detailing are required.
- 2. Select economical structural systems that integrate roof and wall systems.
- 3. Narrow buildings 60' or less in width with column-free interiors are preferred for office, administrative and personnel spaces; when interior columns are required optimize the structural grid layout for open-plan arrangements.
- 4. Fully coordinate structural grids with exterior window systems to align columns with window frames or wall systems.
- 5. When structure is exposed provide an organized appearance and coordinate with mechanical, electrical, plumbing, fire protection, information technology, and communications systems.
- 6. Limit the use of specialty systems (such as space frames, vaults or domes) and of structure as a visual feature.
- 7. Cost-effectively design interior bearing walls as thermal mass.
- 8. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

### **D08.2. Structural Systems Materials**

**Note:** Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Structural Systems (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

#### D08.2.1. Concrete

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Cast-In-Place		
Applies t	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	Custom		
Color:	Natural gray		
Finish:	Light texture		
Model #	: Post and beam and/or waffle slab		
Other:	Coordinate with mechanical for chilled beam technologies		

UFGS: Section 03 30 53 Miscellaneous Cast-In-Place Concrete <a href="http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 30 53.pdf">http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 30 53.pdf</a>
Section 03 33 00 Cast-In-Place Architectural Concrete <a href="http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 33 00.pdf">http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 33 00.pdf</a>

Section 03 47 13 Tilt-Up Concrete

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 47 13.pdf

# **D08.2.2. Insulated Concrete Forming (ICF)**

○ Applicable ● N/A

#### D08.2.3. Steel

Applicable \( \cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Rigid Framing

pplies to: 
Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: US Steel

Color: Shop primed

Finish: Matte

Model #: Structural steel shapes

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 05 12 00 Structural Steel

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 05 12 00.pdf

### D08.2.4. Pre-Engineered Steel

Applicable \( \cap \) N/A

N/A Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Moment Frame

Applies to: 

Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Behlen Building Systems

Color: Factory primed

Finish: Matte

Model #: Moment frame

Other: Draped insulation may be used behind wall finish system;

Behlen standing seam roof system may be used for Group 3; Deflection

must meet IBC.

UFGS: Section 13 12 00 Steel Building Systems

(Not Available on UFGS)

Section 13 34 19 Metal Building Systems

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 13 34 19.pdf

# **D08.2.5. Masonry**

○ Applicable ● N/A

# **D08.2.6. Heavy Timber**

○ Applicable ● N/A

# D08.2.7. Light-gauge Steel

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Type:

Other: N/A

Image Tool 250 x 188



, .	
Applies 1	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Steelrite
Color:	Factory
Finish:	Galvanized

UFGS: Section 05 45 00 Light Gauge Steel Framing System

(Not Available on UFGS)

**Steel Framing** 

Model #: Structural framing shapes

# **D08.2.8. Lumber Framing**

○ Applicable ● N/A

# D08.2.9. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

# D09. MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL AND PLUMBING

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html</a>

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Mechanical, Electrical and Plumbing: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/machanical-electrical-and-plumbing/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/machanical-electrical-and-plumbing/index.html</a>

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

# Image Tool 250 x 188

Group 2

Group 3

Group 4









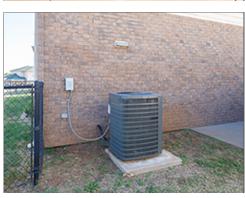
















### **D09.1. Passive and Active Systems**

- 1. Fully integrate passive heating and cooling systems into facility designs whenever practical for the local climate prior to the design of active mechanical systems.
- 2. Provide optimized passive and active systems; design active mechanical systems to supplement thermal mass walls and floors.
- 3. Develop renewable-energy systems including geo-exchange (ground source heat pumps) when life cycle cost effective.
- 4. Performance display screens, which report energy performance and utility savings, are encouraged; when provided locate these in building lobbies or common areas.
- 5. Solar domestic hot water systems are required when life-cycle cost effective for the climate.
- 6. Integrate shading into building exteriors to reduce solar heat gain during hot seasons.

## **D09.2. Functionality and Efficiency**

- 1. Fully coordinate mechanical, electrical, plumbing (MEP) and fire protection systems with each other and with the building structure, enclosure, thermal envelope and interior design.
- 2. Ensure direct exterior access is provided (for CE) to main mechanical and electrical rooms.
- 3. Screen exterior equipment from primary views (landscape, building masses, screen walls) and comply with ATFP requirements.
- 4. Keep equipment away from main building entrances; locate service area/yard on least visible side of a building.
- 5. Coordinate the location of all exterior meters, equipment and devices to provide convenient access and an overall coordinated and orderly appearance.
- 6. Design emergency generator systems integrally with all other building systems and avoid incompatible building additions; locate generators near service areas and ensure they are not visible from primary entrances.
- 7. When structure is exposed as a finished ceiling, fully integrate MEP and fire protection systems to provide an organized, uncluttered appearance.
- 8. Conceal ducts, piping, conduits, devices, etc., when permanent walls, suspended ceilings or raised floors are provided; locate sprinkler heads in orderly configuration.
- 9. Limit interior wall-mounted equipment in occupied personnel spaces; avoid surface-mounted conduit and pipes.
- 10. Provide efficient utility rooms with layouts to facilitate system performance and maintenance; provide convenient access to controls, clearly label systems and include operating and maintenance instructions.
- 11. Separate mechanical and electrical and communications rooms.
- 12. Integrate recessed and wall-mounted fixtures such as fire standpipe cabinets and drinking fountains within permanent walls.

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188

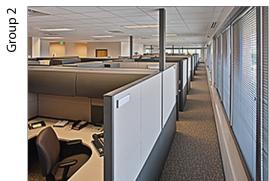


Group 4

























# **E01. Building Configurations**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Building Configurations: http://afcfs.wbdq.org/facilities-interiors/buildings-configurations/index.html

- 1. Provide open-plan configurations for office, administrative, operational and related activities and spaces for maximum flexibility. Use a "core and shell" approach in which all building systems, infrastructure and permanent interior partitions anticipate two or more uses (operations) during a facility's life span.
- 2. Create flexible interior configurations using Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment (FF&E) and limit private offices and private rooms. Refer to AFMAN 32-1084 for space requirements. To the greatest extent, limit permanent partitions to core areas such as toilet rooms, stairs, mechanical and utility rooms.
- 3. Use more durable long-lasting finishes in core areas for walls, ceilings, floor coverings and built-in casework. Coordinate interior FF&E layouts with structural grids during space planning.
- 4. Provide high-performance building configurations following UFC 1-200-02. Ensure passive design strategies are cost effectively incorporated before active mechanical systems are designed.
- 5. Comply with UFC 1-200-01, general building requirements. UFC 1-200-01 provides applicability of model building codes and government unique criteria for typical design disciplines and building systems, as well as for accessibility, antiterrorism, security, high performance and sustainability requirements, and safety.
- 6. Meet security and force protection requirements in UFC 4-010-01: DoD Minimum Antiterrorism Standards for Buildings.
- 7. Comply with AFCFS for supporting mission requirements, addressing human comfort and well being, and creating highly flexible interiors while satisfying metrics for high performance and sustainable buildings.
- 8. Provide a level of quality for interior features, materials and finishes that is appropriate for the Facility Group number. Group 1 may receive higher quality than Groups 2 thru 4. Refer to Facility Hierarchy.
- 9. Through open-plan configurations, preserve all passive and natural design strategies and fully integrate facility interiors with overall building systems.
- 10. Professional interior designers, or architects with significant interior design experience, must accomplish the design and review of applicable new construction, renovations and maintenance projects.
- 11. Consult with the State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO) and base-level Historic Preservation offices regarding proposed changes to properties listed on or eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places. Follow requirements of The National Historic Preservation Act and Secretary of the Interior Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties.
- 12. Maintain architectural compatibility following AFCFS and this Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) document to create continuity while avoiding monotony.

#### **E01.1. Layout and Common Areas**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Layout and Common Areas: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/buildings-configurations/layout-and-common-areas/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/buildings-configurations/layout-and-common-areas/index.html</a>

- 1. Create open-plan interior environments to accommodate changes.
- 2. Limit interior partitions, private offices and rooms; use furniture or modular systems to provide privacy and acoustic control.
- 3. When partitions are functionally justified such as for conference rooms, use systems furniture and moveable (demountable) floor-to-ceiling wall systems for acoustical or visual privacy.
- 4. Proportion lobbies and common spaces based on type of function, activity and facility group.
- 5. Allow no direct sight lines into restrooms.

- Situate utility and core areas to minimize impact on daylighting and to maximize use as thermal buffers.
- 7. Ensure electrical, lighting and communications system can be adaptable to configuration changes.
- 8. Avoid power poles to the maximum extent; when poles are necessary minimize the number and coordinate locations with furniture placement and other elements.
- 9. Avoid sloping floors to maintain flexibility and eliminate future structural changes.
- 10. Special consideration may apply to Sensitive Compartmented Information Facilities (SCIFs).

#### **E01.1.1. Interior Design Process**

- 1. Comply with UFC 3-120-10 for the Comprehensive Interior Design (CID,) which includes both Structural Interior Design (SID) and Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment (FF&E) design services.
- 2. Use a collaborative, integrated planning and design team, composed of user, government support staff, and appropriate professionals. Integrate architectural features using simple detailing to create a professional appearance; avoid extravagant or excessive detailing.
- 3. Ensure interior designs satisfy the functional requirements within the context of flexibility, sustainability and the building's energy performance.
- 4. Base space planning on square foot allocations from AFM 32-1084. Identify special requirements if any, such as privacy separation, VIP areas, gathering spaces and storage. Note: The occupant's rank and position will influence the square footage and selection of materials.
- 5. Provide clear circulation and pathway finding for both horizontal and vertical directions that accommodate the number of personnel in the facility.
- 6. Maximize efficiencies in the space plan for functional relationships and adjacencies for all facility users. Efficiently create and situate rooms and support rooms such as conference / meeting rooms and break rooms.
- 7. Provide interior design building-related illustrations, drawings, schedules, materials selections, specifications and cost estimates as listed in UFC 3-120-10. Refer to Furnishings in this IFS also.
- 8. SID Format shall follow UFC 3-120-10.
- 9. Base the FF&E package on the furniture footprint developed in the SID. Identify all new or existing equipment needed and its users within each facility or each area of the facility. Provide specific information on: equipment sizes, electrical requirements, ventilation requirements, weight (if heavy), quantity, and security level if required. Presume all administrative spaces have computers and supporting equipment.

#### **E01.1.2. Codes and Regulations**

- 1. Refer to UFC 1-200-01 for modifications to the International Building Code (IBC) to determine applicable sections of the IBC. Both the IBC Chapter 3 and UFC 3-600-01 govern "Use and Occupancy Classification" for example.
- 2. Fire code requirements shall be as defined in the International Building Code (IBC) and must be used where dictated by UFC 1-200-01 DoD Building Code (General Building Requirements) except where noted in UFC 3-600-01 (Fire Protection Engineering For Facilities).
- 3. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 101 must be utilized to determine the occupancy classification as it relates to fire/smoke resistance rating of interior non-load bearing partitions (other than occupancy separation), means of egress, interior finish, features of fire protection (including vertical openings) and associated requirements.

### **E01.2. Quality and Comfort**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Quality and Comfort: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/buildings-configurations/quality-and-comfort/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/buildings-configurations/quality-and-comfort/index.html</a>

- 1. Include durability in the life-cycle cost analysis for best-value material selections with long life expectancies that do not show excessive wearing.
- 2. Select long-lasting materials and finishes for permanent core areas such as lobbies, restrooms and stairs.
- 3. Select low-maintenance materials and products that reduce ongoing servicing and repair and that are easy to clean.
- 4. Relate the visual quality of finishes to the Facility Group number.
- 5. Building and interior configurations should address both operations and climatic responses.
- 6. Convey a professional image; avoid trendy patterns and textures.
- 7. Use materials and finishes that provide a healthy indoor environment.
- 8. Orient interior spaces toward views while maintaining cost-effective building performance and efficiency.
- 9. Promote air movement and daylighting for human health and wellbeing.

#### **E02. Floors**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Floors: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/floors/index.html

### **E02.1. Floor Materials**

Facility Group 1 floor materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 3 floor materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Prepared Slabs (Ground, Polished) Primary: Prepared Slabs (Ground)

Secondary: Porcelain Tile Secondary: Prepared Slabs (Sealer)

Tertiary: Carpet, Rubber Stair Treads Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 2 floor materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 4 floor materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Prepared Slabs (Ground, Polished) Primary: Carpet

Secondary: Ceramic Tile Secondary: Ceramic Tile

Tertiary: Carpet, Rubber Stair Treads Tertiary: N/A

- 1. Natural stone and terrazzo flooring may be used in high traffic areas of Group 1 as approved on a case basis.
- 2. Resilient and rapidly renewable flooring may be used in low traffic areas in Group 1, 2 and 4.
- 3. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

**Note:** Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Floors (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

### **E02.1.1. Prepared Slabs**

● Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 2 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type:



Type: Style 1, Ground and Polished

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Local (TBD)

Color: Natural gray cement, light to dark beige aggregates

Finish: Fine polished texture

Model #: Medium to small aggregate

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 03 35 45 Polished Concrete Finishing (Not Available on UFGS)

Style 2, Medium Polished



UFGS: Section 03 35 45 Polished Concrete Finishing (Not Available on UFGS)

#### **E02.1.2. Natural Stone and Terrazzo**

○ Applicable N/A

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Daltile

Color: Earth tones

Finish: Matte, slip resistant

Model #: N/A

Other: Use in commercial kitchen flooring.

**UFGS:** Section 09 30 10 Ceramic, Quarry, and Glass Tiling

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 30 10.pdf

### E02.1.4. Ceramic Tile

Applicable \( \cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



**Style 1 Porcelain** Type:

Applies to:

● Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Daltile

Color: Earth tones

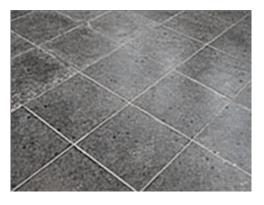
Finish: Matte, slip resistant

Model #: Porcelain tile

Other: Use in high traffic areas. Epoxy grout is recommended.

**UFGS**: Section 09 30 10 Ceramic, Quarry, and Glass Tiling

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 30 10.pdf



Type:	Style 2 Ceramic		
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	Daltile		
Color:	Earth tones		
Finish:	Matte, slip resistant		
Model #	#: Ceramic tile		
Other:	Use in low traffic area toilet rooms.		
UFGS:	Section 09 30 10 Ceramic, Quarry, and Glass Tiling		

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 30 10.pdf

# **E02.1.5.** Resilient Floor

Number of base standards 1

Type:

Image Tool 250 x 188

**Style 1 Stair Treads** 



Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: Roppe Color: **Neutral tones** Finish: Factory Model #: Raised design rubber tread Other: Stair treads material

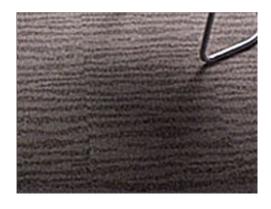
Section 09 65 00 Resilient Flooring UFGS:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 65 00.pdf

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Mohawk Group

Color: Neutral multi-colored tones/patterned/solid

Finish: Yarn: nylon 6 or 6.6/cut pile or loop pile

Model #: Broadloom, 6' wide rolled, carpet tiles, entry walk-off carpet

Other: N/A

UFGS: UFGS 09 68 00 Carpeting

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 68 00.pdf



Type: Style 2

Applies to: ☐ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Mohawk Group

Color: Earth tones

Finish: Factory

Model #: Broadloom, residential loop, "Smartstrand"

Other: N/A

UFGS: UFGS 09 68 00 Carpeting

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 68 00.pdf

# **E02.1.7. Rapidly-Renewable Products**

○ Applicable ● N/A

### E02.1.8. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

#### E03. Walls

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Walls: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/walls/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/walls/index.html</a>

#### E03.1. Wall Materials

Facility Group 1 wall materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 3 wall materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Brick (or Other as Approved by the BCE) Primary: Ground Face CMU, sealed (Do Not Paint)

Secondary: Gypsum Board (Painted) Secondary: N/A

Tertiary: Ceramic Tile (Restrooms) Tertiary: Ceramic Tile (Restrooms)

Facility Group 2 wall materials shall be as follows. Facility Group 4 wall materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Brick Primary: Gypsum Board (Painted)

Secondary: Gypsum Board (Painted) Secondary: N/A

Tertiary: Ceramic Tile (Restrooms) Tertiary: Ceramic Tile (Restrooms)

- 1. Follow UFC 3-450-01 (Vibration and Noise Control) for acoustic design issues including speech privacy, sound isolation or sound masking.
- 2. Select and apply paint with sheens (gloss levels) appropriate for the application following UFGS Section 09 90 00 Paints and Coatings.
- 3. Provide ceramic tile on wet walls of kitchens, toilet rooms, locker rooms, etc., in all facility groups.
- 4. Neutral split-face or ground-face integrally colored block with a clear sealer may be used in Group 3. Do not paint block.
- 5. Provide rubber base on drywall partitions in Groups 1 and 2.
- 6. Hardwood base may only be used in Group 1 as approved on a case basis.
- 7. Hardwood chair rails / bumper rails may be used in high-use areas of Groups 1 and 2; aqueous clear finishes are preferred to reduce maintenance; plastic chair rails are permitted only in medical applications.
- 8. Decorative moldings may be used only in Group 1 when approved on a case basis.
- 9. Corner guards are permitted only in high traffic spaces with wheeled or cart use such as private service areas in Groups 1 and 2; stainless steel corners guards with a brushed finish may be judiciously used in Group 3.
- 10. Group 4 may use painted composite wood base.
- 11. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

**Note:** Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Walls (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

### E03.1.1. Concrete

○ Applicable N/A

## **E03.1.2.** Masonry

Applicable \( \cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



**Modular Face Brick** Type:

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Local (TBD)

Color: Red blend

Finish: Light texture

Model #: Coursed unit masonry

Other: Brick is preferred. Concrete block may only be used in Group 3 when

approved by the BCE.

**UFGS**: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf

### E03.1.3. Ceramic Tile

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Style 1 Type:

Applies to:

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Daltile

Color: Earth tones

Finish: Gloss, semi-gloss

Model #: Ceramic wall tile

Other: Located on wet walls in restrooms

UFGS: Section 09 30 10 Ceramic, Quarry, and Glass Tiling

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 30 10.pdf

# E03.1.4. Gypsum Board Image Tool 250 x 188 ● Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Type: Style 1 Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: **US Gypsum** Color: Solid Earth tone colors Finish: Paint (Sheen per UFGS) Model #: Tapered edge Other: N/A **UFGS:** Section 09 29 00 Gypsum Board http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 29 00.pdf Section 09 90 00 Paints and Coatings http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 90 00.pdf E03.1.5. Metal Panels ○ Applicable ● N/A E03.1.6. Wood Paneling ○ Applicable ● N/A

# **E03.1.7. Rapidly-Renewable Products**

○ Applicable ● N/A

# E03.1.8. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

# E04. Ceilings

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Ceilings: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdq.org/facilities-interiors/ceilings/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdq.org/facilities-interiors/ceilings/index.html</a>

# **E04.1. Ceiling Materials**

Facility	/ Grou	o 1	ceiling	materials	shall	be as	follows.
	JIOU	9 .	CCIIIII	IIIattiais	Julian	DC US	10110443.

**Facility Group 3** ceiling materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure Above) Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure Above)

Secondary: Grid and Acoustical Tile Secondary: Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure Above)

Tertiary: **Optional Accent Material**  Tertiary: Gypsum Board (Painted)

**Facility Group 2** ceiling materials shall be as follows.

**Facility Group 4** ceiling materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure Above) Primary: Gypsum Board (Painted)

Secondary: Grid and Acoustical Tile Secondary: N/A

Primary:

Gypsum Board (Painted) Tertiary:

Tertiary: N/A

- 1. Accent ceiling materials such as metal, wood, and rapidly renewable may be used in Group 1 as approved on a case basis.
- 2. Follow UFC 3-450-01 (Vibration and Noise Control) for acoustic design issues including speech privacy, sound isolation or sound masking.
- 3. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

**Note:** Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Ceilings (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

# **E04.1.1. Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure Above)**

♠ Applicable N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

Applies to:

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Vulcraft

Color:

Neutral colors reviewed on a case basis

Finish: Field painted (sheen per UFGS)

Model #: Formlok floor and roof decking

Other: N/A

UFGS:

Section 05 30 00 Steel Decks

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 05 30 00.pdf

# **E04.1.2. Exposed Concrete**

○ Applicable ● N/A

# **E04.1.3. Grid and Acoustical Tile**

Applicable \( \cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 2

Type:

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Style 1 All Purpose				
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other				
Mfr:	Armstrong				
Color:	White				
Finish:	Factory				
Model #: 2'x2' tegular with reveal edge and fine texture, grid 15/16"					
Other:	Performance characteristics are Class A; NRC-0.70; CAC-40; LR-0.86; minimum recycled content 82%.				

UFGS: Section 09 51 00 Acoustical Ceilings

Style 2 Kitchen

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 51 00.pdf



Applies t	to: • Group 1 • Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Armstrong
Color:	White
Finish:	Factory
Model #	: Kitchen – 2' x 2' Ceramaguard
Other:	Grid 15/16" Prelude (ceiling and grid: Fire rated when applicable)

UFGS: Section 09 51 00 Acoustical Ceilings

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 51 00.pdf

# E04.1.4. Gypsum Board

• Applicable N/A	Number of base standards	1 Image Tool 250 x 188		
	Type:	Style 1		
	Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
	Mfr:	US Gypsum		
	Color:	Solid neutral colors		
	Finish:	Paint (sheen per UFGS)		
	Model #	: Tapered edge		
	Other:	N/A		
	UFGS:	Section 09 29 00 Gypsum Board <a href="http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS">http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS</a> 09 29 00.pdf  Section 09 90 00 Paints and Coatings <a href="http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS">http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS</a> 09 90 00.pdf		
E04.1.5. Metal Panels				
○ Applicable ● N/A				
E04.1.6. Wood				
○ Applicable ● N/A				
E04.1.7. Rapidly-Renev	wable Products			
○ Applicable ● N/A				

# **E05. Doors and Windows**

E04.1.8. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Doors and Windows: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/doors-and-windows/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/doors-and-windows/index.html</a>

# **E05.1. Doors and Windows and Frames Materials**

**Facility Group 1** 

door (frame) and window frame materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Aluminum, Clear Anodized

Secondary: Hollow Metal (Painted)

Tertiary: N/A

**Facility Group 1** 

door (leaf) materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Hardwood Veneer

Secondary: Hollow Metal (Painted)

Tertiary: N/A

**Facility Group 2** 

door (frame) and window frame materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Aluminum, Clear Anodized

Secondary: Hollow Metal (Painted)

Tertiary: N/A

**Facility Group 2** 

door (leaf) materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Hardwood Veneer

Secondary: Hollow Metal (Painted)

Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 3

door (frame) and window frame materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Hollow Metal (Galvanized, Painted)

Secondary: Hollow Metal (Galvanized, Painted)

Tertiary: N/A

**Facility Group 3** 

door (leaf) materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Hollow Metal (Galvanized, Painted)

Secondary: Hollow Metal (Galvanized, Painted)

Tertiary: N/A

**Facility Group 4** 

door (frame) and window frame materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Wood

Secondary: N/A

Tertiary: N/A

**Facility Group 4** 

door (leaf) materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Wood Solid Core

Secondary: Composite Solid Core

Tertiary: N/A

- 1. Hardwood casings may be provided over metal frames in Group 1 as approved on a case basis.
- 2. Paneled textured doors are preferred in Group 4.
- 3. Do not use hollow-core wood doors.
- 4. Generally match original hardware in renovations.
- 5. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

**Note:** Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Doors and Windows (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Kawneer

Color: Clear anodized

Finish: Factory

Model #: InFrame interior framing, (2x4 nominal framing)

Other: Satin stainless steel hardware

UFGS: Section 08 41 13 Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 41 13.pdf

Section 08 71 00 Door Hardware

https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf

#### E05.1.2. Hollow Metal

Applicable \( \cap \) N/ANumber of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Steel Doors

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Steelcraft

Color: Neutral colors

Finish: Paint (sheen per UFGS)

Model #: Hollow metal, 2" w. frames, 16 gauge (welded corners) grouted solid

Other: Provide in Group 3 and in utility areas of Group 1 and 2. Provide A25

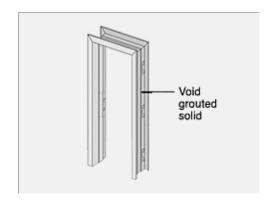
"galvannealed" coating. All interior steel doors shall have a factory applied primer finish. Provide satin stainless steel hardware.

UFGS: Section 08 11 13 Steel Doors and Frames

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 11 13.pdf

Section 08 71 00 Door Hardware

https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Steelcraft

Color: Neutral colors

Finish: Paint (sheen per UFGS)

Model #: Hollow metal, frame grouted solid

Other: Satin stainless steel hardware

UFGS: Section 08 11 13 Steel Doors and Frames

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 11 13.pdf

Section 08 71 00 Door Hardware

https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

E05.1.3. Wood

♠ Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: **Style 1, Administrative** 

Applies to:

Mfr: Simpson

Color: Natural hardwood veneer

Finish: Clear sealer, satin (aqueous)

Model #: 3'x7'x 1 34", solid core

Other: Satin stainless steel hardware, glass lites may be used. Stained birch

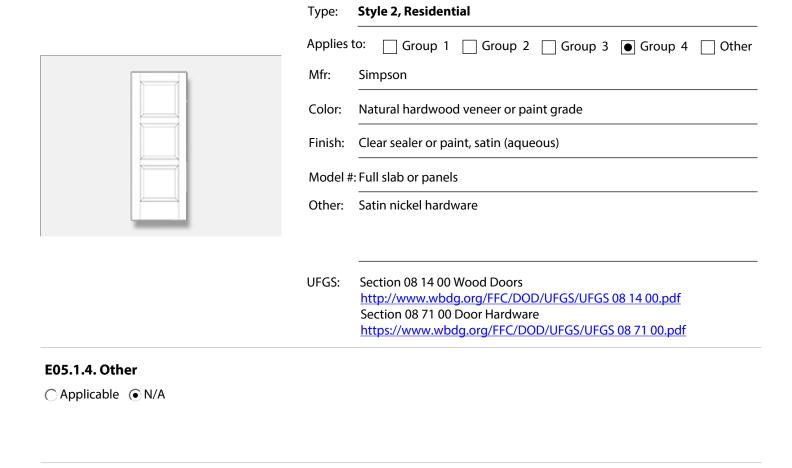
veneer face, 5 ply construction, rotary cut finish.

UFGS: Section 08 14 00 Wood Doors

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 14 00.pdf

Section 08 71 00 Door Hardware

https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf



# **E06. Casework Systems**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Casework Systems: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/casework-systems/index.html

# **E06.1. Casework Materials**

- 1. Select casework systems and materials considering durability, maintenance requirements and LCCA.
- 2. Natural stone and cast stone countertops may only be used in Group 1 with approval on a case basis.
- 3. Metal cabinets and countertops shall be provided in heavy-use operations and in Group 3.
- 4. Refer to AFCFS for approved materials.
- 5. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

**E06.1.1. Plastic Laminate** Image Tool 250 x 188 ● Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Style 1, Low Use Areas Type: Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: Formica Color: Medium Earth tones and neutral tones Finish: Light textured Model #: High pressure laminate Other: Combine with matching solid-surface banding on casework edges. **UFGS:** Section 06 41 16.00 10 Plastic-Laminate-Clad Architectural Cabinets http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 06 41 16.00 10.pdf **E06.1.2. Solid Polymer Surface** Image Tool 250 x 188 Number of base standards 1 ApplicableN/A Style 1, High Use Areas Type: Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: Corian Color: Medium Earth tones and neutral tones Finish: Light textured



Model #: Solid surface Other: Faces and edge banding

UFGS: Section 12 36 00 Countertops

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 36 00.pdf

**E06.1.3. Rapidly-Renewable Products** Image Tool 250 x 188 Number of base standards 1 **Style 1 Moderate Use Areas** Type: Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: Plyboo Color: Natural or amber Finish: Satin Model #: Flat grain bamboo plywood Other: FSC Certified 100% **UFGS:** Section 12 32 00 Manufactured Wood Casework http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 32 00.pdf E06.1.4. Metal Image Tool 250 x 188 Number of base standards 1 Applicable \( \cap \) N/A Type: Style 1 Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other Mfr: Steel Sentry Color: Natural stainless steel or neural colors (steel) Finish: Mill (stainless) or powder coated (steel)



Model #: Lab, workbench, computer workstation Provide highly durable fabrications and finishes in Group 3 which are Other: subjected to heavy use.

UFGS: Section 12 31 00 Manufactured Metal Casework

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 31 00.pdf

# E06.1.5. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

### **E06.2. Countertop Materials**

### **E06.2.1. Plastic Laminate**

Number of base standards 1 Applicable \( \cap \) N/A

Image Tool 250 x 188



Style 1, Low Use Areas Type:

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Formica

Color: Medium Earth tones and neutral tones

Finish: Light textured

Model #: High pressure laminate

Other: Only use rounded half or full bullnose and integral backsplash. Do not

use plastic laminate edge banding on front edges.

UFGS: Section 06 41 16.00 10 Plastic-Laminate-Clad Architectural Cabinets

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 06 41 16.00 10.pdf

# **E06.2.2. Solid Polymer Surface**

Number of base standards 1 Applicable \( \cap \) N/A

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1, High Use Areas

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Corian

Medium Earth tones and neutral tones Color:

Finish: Light textured

Model #: Solid surface

Other: Faces and edges

UFGS: Section 12 36 00 Countertops

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 36 00.pdf

Applicable \( \cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1, Group 1 High Visibility, Heavy Use

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Local (TBD)

Color: Neutral tones

Finish: High polish, sealer

Model #: Custom cut slabs

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 12 36 00 Countertops

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 36 00.pdf

#### E06.2.4. Cast Stone

Applicable \( \cap \) N/ANun

Number of base standards 1

Type:

Image Tool 250 x 188

Style 1, Group 1 High Visibility, Heavy Use



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Local (TBD)

Color: Neutral tones

Finish: High polish, sealer

Model #: Custom cast or cut slabs

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 12 36 00 Countertops

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 36 00.pdf

#### E06.2.5. Metal

<ul><li>A</li></ul>	pplicable	$\bigcirc$ N/A
( <del>-</del>	ppiicabic	( ) 1 1/ / 1

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188

Type: High Durability



Type.	
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Local (TBD)
Color:	Natural stainless steel
Finish:	Mill
Model #	t: Custom fabricated countertops
Other:	Provide integral fronts, sides and backsplash
UFGS:	Section 12 31 00 Manufactured Metal Casework

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 31 00.pdf

# E06.2.6. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

### **E07. Furnishings**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Furnishings: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/furnishings/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/furnishings/index.html</a>

# **E07.1. Durability and Serviceability**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Durability and Serviceability: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/furnishings/durability-and-serviceability/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/furnishings/durability-and-serviceability/index.html</a>

# **E07.2.** Accessories

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Accessories: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/furnishings/accessories/index.html

1. Comply with AFCFS.

### **E08. Interior Signs**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Interior Signs: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/interior-signs/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/interior-signs/index.html</a>

# **E08.1 Types and Color**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Types and Color: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/interior-signs/types-and-color/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/interior-signs/types-and-color/index.html</a>

# **E08.2. Interior Signs Materials**

1. Natural stone, masonry and cast stone signs may only be used in Group 1 with approval on a case basis.

# **E09. Lighting, Power and Communication**

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/lighting-power-and-communication/index.html

# **E09.1. Functionality and Efficiency**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Functionality and Efficiency: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/lighting-power-and-communication/functionality-and-efficiency/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/lighting-power-and-communication/functionality-and-efficiency/index.html</a>

# **E09.2. Types and Color**

1. Comply with AFCFS.

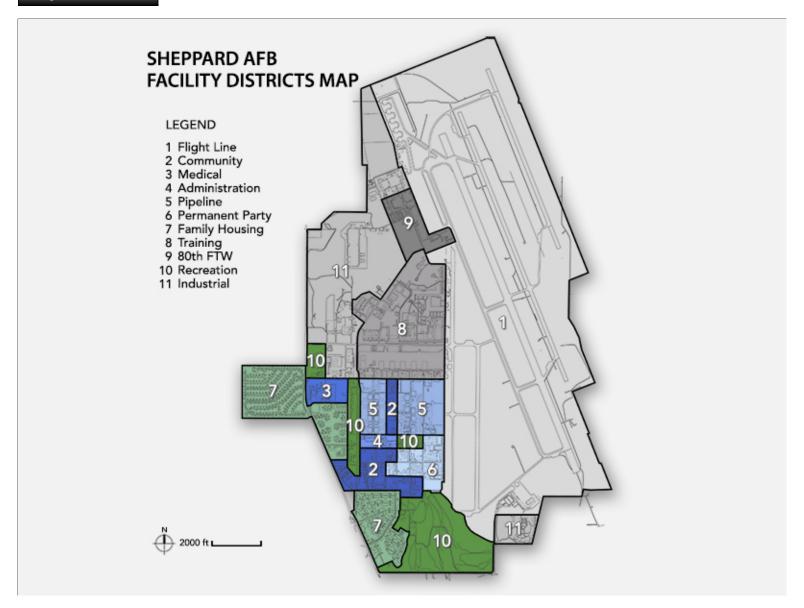
# F. APPENDIX - Facility Districts

- Applicable
- N/A

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Facility Districts: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-districts/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-districts/index.html</a>

Facilities Districts Overview Map:

Image Tool 800 x 600



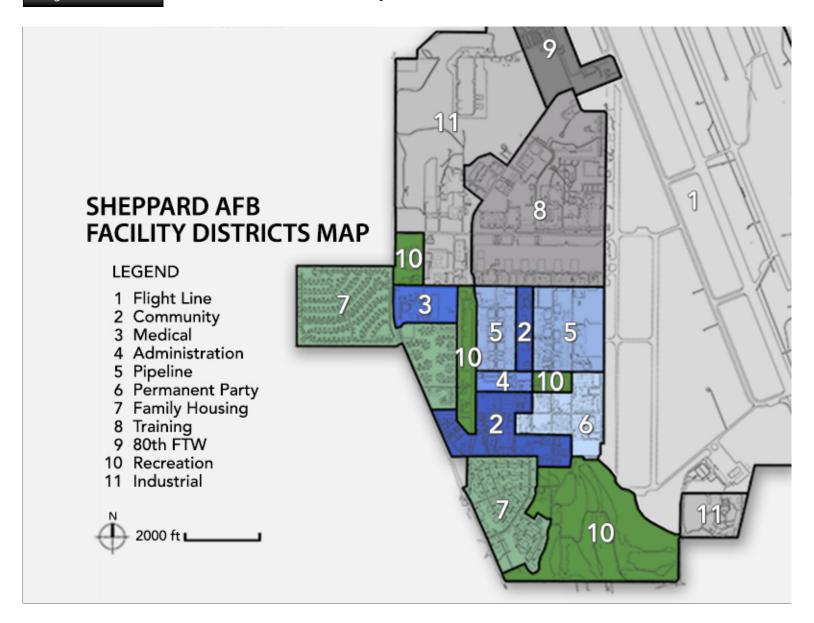
**Note:** Apply the <u>base-wide standards</u> in this IFS for Installation Elements, Site Development, Facilities Exteriors and Facilities Interiors (products, materials, color, etc.). Following application of the base-wide standards, refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District.

# Enter No. of Facility Districts 1

The following Facility Districts list exceptions to the base standards that are unique to each district. Please refer to the Site Development, Facilities Exteriors, and Facilities Interiors sections of this IFS for base standards.

Image Tool 800 x 600

# **Map of District**



Photos for each facility group within the Facility District as applicable.

# Image Tool 250 x 188

Group 1	○ Applicable    N/A
Group 2	○ Applicable    N/A
Group 3	○ Applicable    N/A
Group 4	○ Applicable    N/A
Other	○ Applicable ● N/A

#### **FACILITY DISTRICTS**

Sheppard Air Force Base is divided into districts that align with land use zones as defined in the Installation Development Plan. Each district has designated uses that support the base's operations. Generally match adjacent facilities in new construction to promote architectural compatibility throughout the installation. Please refer to Section D03.2. and contact the Base Civil Engineer for additional information. A brief description of each district follows.

#### 1. Flightline

Facilities in the Flightline district are primarily large warehouses and hangers and should continue to be monumental in scale. Application of the installation prevailing architectural theme, regional vernacular, should be implemented during major renovations or new construction as appropriate. This district is located along the east perimeter, and it includes the flightline, taxiways, aircraft storage, maintenance, and flightline administration. Facilities in this district should follow standards for Facility Group 3 as defined in this IFS.

Enforce the base-wide standards with the following exceptions listed below by section number:

D03.3 Details and Color

1. Several old buildings in this district have non-standard materials and colors. If they are renovated, incorporate materials and colors found in adjacent buildings unless these are considered historic buildings to be preserved.

#### 2. Community

The main Community district is located just inside the main gate on the south side of the base. A secondary Community District serves the Pipeline student campus. Facilities include the Base Exchange, Commissary, Credit Union, Library and the south Chapel. These buildings are pedestrian in scale. Application of the installation prevailing architectural theme, contemporary regional vernacular, should be implemented during major renovations or new construction as appropriate. Facilities in this district should follow standards for Facility Group 1 and 2 as defined in this IFS.

Enforce the base-wide standards with the following exceptions listed below by section number:

**B02.1 Hierarchy of Streets** 

1. Traffic volume is high in this district. Carefully analyze traffic patterns during renovation and construction projects and address deficiencies during development of new projects.

D03.3 Details and Color

1. The Clubs are dated and should not serve as a model for new construction in the area. If they are remodeled, incorporate basewide standard materials in the district where appropriate.

D06.3 Glazing and Shading

1. Where clerestory windows are used, glaze with translucent fiberglass.

#### 3. Medical

The Medical district is located on the east side of the base, bordered on two sides by Family Housing. Significant facilities include the Hospital, Hospital Chapel and the Aerospace Medicine building. The large hospital gives the district an institutional feel, but newer facilities are more informal and compatible with the style of the base. Facilities are pedestrian in scale. Application of the installation prevailing architectural theme, regional vernacular, should be implemented during major renovations or new construction as appropriate. Facilities in this district should follow standards for Facility Group 1 as defined in this IFS.

Enforce the base-wide standards with the following exceptions listed below by section number:

D03.2 Architectural Character

- 1. Future development should follow the example of the Aerospace Medicine building.
- 2. Do not replicate the tile banding on the Hospital which does not complement the desired color scheme.

#### 4. Administrative

The Administrative district is centrally located between the Pipeline and Community districts. This district consists of two significant buildings, the 82nd Training Wing HQ and the F. Kelly Ezell Center. These buildings have formal massing and details, and they are pedestrian in scale. Application of the installation prevailing architectural theme, regional vernacular, should be implemented during major renovations or new construction as appropriate. Facilities in this district should follow standards for Facility Group 1 and 2 as defined in this IFS.

Enforce the base-wide standards with the following exceptions listed below by section number:

D03.2 Architectural Character

- 1. The F. Kelly Ezell Center has a unique visual appearance, and it does not conform with the architectural theme of the base.
- 2. Buildings with administrative functions should have formal massing.

#### 5. Pipeline

The Pipeline district is centrally located between Avenue E and the Flightline. It contains dormitory buildings, and more are planned. Buildings are pedestrian in scale. Application of the installation prevailing architectural theme, regional vernacular, should be implemented during major renovations or new construction as appropriate. Facilities in this district should follow standards for Facility Group 2 as defined in this IFS.

Enforce the base-wide standards with the following exceptions listed below by section number:

B03.3.2 Parks

- 1. Provide outdoor park and recreation areas to promote interaction.
- 2. Provide landscape elements of human scale.
- C05.1 Circulation and Paving
- 1. Provide pedestrian circulation for troopwalks between dormitories and training areas.
- D03.1 Orientation, Massing and Scale
- 1. Care should be taken that this develops into a cohesive campus with common building forms and brick. Future dormitories should match the FY02 dorm, including cornice and control joint details.
- 2. Refer to the "Air Force Enlisted Dormitory Design Guide" for guidance.
- D05.1 Hierarchy of Materials
- 1. Exterior walls shall be EIFS with a two-story high brick wainscot.

D06.1 Types

1. Use punched window openings to match existing.

#### 6. Permanent Party

The Permanent Party district is located east of the Community District and north of the Recreation District. Significant facilities include 1600 series lodging facilities and the south Fitness Center. The district is characterized by multi-story residential and lodging buildings, and the scale is pedestrian. Application of the installation prevailing architectural theme, regional vernacular, should be implemented during major renovations or new construction as appropriate. Facilities in this district should follow standards for Facility Group 2 as defined in this IFS.

Enforce the base-wide standards with the following exceptions listed below by section number:

D03.2 Architectural Character

1. The 1600 series lodging buildings should serve as a model for future development.

Modulate the massing of repetitive buildings to avoid simple box shapes.

D05.1 Hierarchy of Materials

1. Utilize exterior balconies to provide variation in facades.

D07.1 Roof Type and Form

1. Low sloping hip and gable roof forms are appropriate.

### 7. Family Housing

The Family Housing district is composed of three areas. Capehard is separated from the main base by Burkburnett Road. Wherry housing is located east of the main gate. Bunker Hill is located on the west side, adjacent to Burkburnett Road. The district consists of one and two-story, single and duplex houses. The character is typical of the 1950s and 1960s. Family housing is privatized on a 50-year lease. The scale of buildings is pedestrian. Application of the installation prevailing architectural theme, regional vernacular, should be implemented during major renovations or new construction as appropriate. Facilities in this district should follow standards for Facility Group 4 as defined in this IFS.

Enforce the base-wide standards with the following exceptions listed below by section number:

C06.1.10 Screen / Accent Landscaping

1. Provide visual screening between the Medical district and Bunker Hill housing.

C07.2.9 Fencing

- 1. Chain link fencing does not meet Group 4 standards, and it should be phased out.
- 2. Standardize and reduce the amount of privacy fencing.

D03.2 Architectural Character

- 1. Flat-roofed carports do not meet base standards, and they should be replaced during renovations with structures reflective of housing units.
- 2. Avoid long, rectilinear forms.

D07.1 Roof Type and Form

1. Covered porches should be provided at the entrance to family housing units.

### 8. Training

The Training district is located immediately north of the Pipeline district. It contains large scale training facilities which are formal in appearance. Several buildings have clerestory windows and articulated entries. Buildings 1025, 1945, 1954 and 1956 have the characteristics desired in this district. Several WWII buildings along 9th Street are in poor condition and not a model for future development. The scale of buildings is pedestrian. Application of the installation prevailing architectural theme, regional vernacular, should be implemented during major renovations or new construction as appropriate. Facilities in this district should follow standards for Facility Group 2 as defined in this IFS.

Enforce the base-wide standards with the following exceptions listed below by section number:

D05.1 Hierarchy of Materials

1. Exterior walls shall be prefinished metal paneling over brick wainscot.

D06.1 Type

- 1. Clerestories are acceptable with translucent glazing.
- 9. 80th Flying Training Wing (FTW)

The 80th Flying Training Wing district is in the north portion of the base. It is isolated, so it has its own character. Montgomery Hall is the most distinctive building with an arched metal roof. The headquarters building sets the standard for this district. The scale of buildings is pedestrian. Application of the installation prevailing architectural theme, regional vernacular, should be implemented during major renovations or new construction as appropriate. Facilities in this district should follow standards for Facility Group 2 as defined in this IFS.

Enforce the base-wide standards with the following exceptions listed below by section number:

D05.1 Hierarchy of Materials

1. Exterior walls shall be brick with EIFS accents.

D05.4.2 Brick Veneer

1. The brick color is Acme "Burnt Pumpkin."

D07.1 Roof Type and Form

- 1. Prominent facilities in this district should incorporate arched roof elements.
- 2. Smaller buildings should have low-sloping hip roofs.

#### 10. Recreation

Recreation is distributed around the base. Facilities include the golf clubhouse and pool houses. The scale of buildings is pedestrian. Application of the installation prevailing architectural theme, regional vernacular, should be implemented during major renovations or new construction as appropriate. Facilities in this district should follow standards for Facility Group 2 as defined in this IFS.

Enforce the base-wide standards with the following exceptions listed below by section number:

**B02.1.1 Arterial Streets** 

- 1. Maintain the median between Avenues D and E to create a formal boulevard for the base.
- D03.1 Orientation, Massing and Scale
- 1. Architectural features should be informal.
- D05.1 Hierarchy of Materials
- 1. Walls should be EIFS with a brick wainscot.

#### 11. Industrial

The Industrial district is located along the northwest of the base. Facilities are predominantly utilitarian metal warehouse buildings. The scale of buildings is pedestrian. Application of the installation prevailing architectural theme, regional vernacular, should be implemented during major renovations or new construction as appropriate. Facilities in this district should follow standards for Facility Group 3 as defined in this IFS.

Enforce the base-wide standards with the following exceptions listed below by section number:

- C01.1. Site Design Considerations
- 1. Create common outdoor areas.
- 2. Consolidate storage areas where practical.
- Provide visual or physical buffers between non-compatible uses along district edges.
- D05.1 Hierarchy of Materials

- 1. Exterior walls for shops and warehouses should consist of ribbed metal sheeting.
- 2. Metal sheeting should be beige to match existing.
- D07.1 Roof Type and Form
- 1. Corrugated metal roofing is permitted and should match metal siding profiles.

### **G. APPENDIX - References**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/index.html</a>

Note: The below listed Supplementary Documents are provided as part of this IFS and shall become fully part of the IFS. If there are any discrepancies between the requirements of this IFS and the Supplementary Documents, the IFS shall govern.

1. There are no supplementary documents at this time.