(PRE-FINAL) LAUGHLIN AFB INSTALLATION FACILITIES STANDARDS (IFS)











Installation Elements

Site Development

Facilities Exteriors

Facilities Interiors

2019

Laughlin Air Force Base IFS

Table of Contents

| A. OVERVIEW | . 5 | B03.2.3. Preserves B03.2.4. Perimeter Fence | |
|---|--|---|------|
| A01. Facility Hierarchy | 6 | C. SITE DEVELOPMENT | 31 |
| A02. Facility Quality | 6 | | |
| A03. Facility Districts | 6 | C01.1 Site Design | |
| B. INSTALLATION ELEMENTS | . 8 | C01.1. Site Design Considerations | |
| B01. Comprehensive Planning | 8 | C01.2. Building Orientation | |
| B01.1. Installation Development Plan (IDP) | . 8 | CO2.1 Utilities | |
| B01.1.1. IFS Component Plan of IDP | | C02.1. Utility Components | |
| B01.1.2. Brief History of Base | | C03. Parking Areas | |
| B01.1.3. Future Development | | C03.1. Configurations and Design | 35 |
| B02. Street Envelope Standards | | C03.1.1. Paving and Striping C03.1.2. Curbing | |
| B02.1. Hierarchy of Streets | 11 | C03.1.3. Internal Islands and Medians | |
| B02.1.1. Arterial Streets B02.1.2. Collector Streets | | C03.2. Parking Structures | 38 |
| B02.1.3. Local Streets | | C03.3. Connectivity | 39 |
| B02.1.4. Special Routes | | C04. Stormwater Management | 39 |
| B02.2. Hierarchy of Intersections | 17 | C04.1. Stormwater Requirements | 39 |
| B02.2.1. Arterials B02.2.2. Arterial/Collector | | C05. Sidewalks, Bikeways and Trails | 40 |
| B02.2.3. Collectors | | C05.1. Circulation and Paving | 41 |
| B02.2.4. Special Intersections | | C05.1.1. Ramps and Stairs | |
| B02.2.5. Street Frontage Requirements B02.2.6. Sight Lines | | C05.1.2. Lighting | |
| B02.3. Street Elements | 20 | C06. Landscape | 43 |
| B02.3.1. Paving | | C06.1. Climate-based Materials | 44 |
| B02.3.2. Curb and Gutter | | C06.1.1. Landscape Design Concept | |
| B02.3.3. Utility Service Elements B02.3.4. Traffic Signs | | C06.1.2. Xeriscape Design Principles C06.1.3. Minimizing Water Requirements | |
| B02.3.5. Street Lighting | | C06.1.4. Plant Material Selection | |
| B02.3.6. Other | | C06.1.5. Water Budgeting (Hydrozones) | |
| B03. Open Space / Public Space | 24 C06.1.6. Base Entrance Landscaping C06.1.7. Streetscape Landscaping | | oing |
| B03.1. Plazas, Monuments and Static Displays | | C06.1.8. Pedestrian Circulation Landscaping | |
| B03.1.1. Paved Plazas | | C06.1.9. Parking Lot Landscaping | |
| B03.1.2. Sculptures, Markers and Statuary | | C06.1.11. Other | |
| B03.1.3. Static Display of Aircraft | 27 | C07. Site Euroichings | 53 |
| B03.2. Grounds and Perimeters | 21 | CO.7.1. Eurnishings and Elements | |
| B03.2.1. Parade Grounds B03.2.2. Parks | | C07.1. Furnishings and Elements | 52 |

Table of contents continued

| C07.2. Site Furnishings Products, Materials / Color C07.2.1. Barbeque Grills C07.2.2. Benches | | D03.3.4. Thermal Shading D03.3.5. Renewable Heating/Cooling D03.3.6. Solar Photovoltaic System | |
|--|----|--|-----|
| C07.2.3. Bike Racks | | D03.3.7. Solar Thermal System D04. Building Entrances | 90 |
| C07.2.4. Bike Lockers C07.2.5. Bollards | | • | |
| C07.2.6. Bus Shelters | | D04.1. Primary Entrances | |
| C07.2.7. Drinking Fountains | | D04.2. Secondary Entrances | 90 |
| C07.2.8. Dumpster Enclosures / Gates | | D05. Wall Systems | 91 |
| C07.2.9. Fencing C07.2.10. Flagpoles | | D05.1. Hierarchy of Materials | 92 |
| C07.2.10. Flagpoles C07.2.11. Lighting – Landscape / Accent | | D05.2. Layout, Organization and Durability | 92 |
| C07.2.12. Litter and Ash Receptacles | | D05.3. Equipment, Vents and Devices | 92 |
| C07.2.13. Picnic Tables | | D05.4 Wall Systems Materials | 93 |
| C07.2.14. Planters – Free Standing C07.2.15. Play Equipment C07.2.16. Screen Walls C07.2.17. Tree Grates C07.2.18. Other | | D05.4.1. Flat Metal Panels D05.4.2. Brick Veneer D05.4.3. Architectural Precast D05.4.4. Stucco Over Sheathing D05.4.5. Curtain Wall | |
| C08. Exterior Signs | | D05.4.6. Cast-in Place Concrete | |
| C08.1. Colors and Types C08.1.1. Materials and Color Specifications C08.1.2. Installation and Gate Identification Signs C08.1.3. Building Identification Signs C08.1.4. Traffic Control Devices (Street Signs) C08.1.5. Directional and Wayfinding Signs C08.1.6. Informational Signs | 67 | D05.4.7. Tilt-up Concrete D05.4.8. Ribbed Metal Sheeting D05.4.9. EIFS D05.4.10.GFRC D05.4.11.Concrete Block D05.4.12. Fiber Cement Siding D05.4.13. Other | |
| C08.1.7. Motivational Signs | | D06. Doors and Windows | 100 |
| C08.1.8. Parking Lot Signs C08.1.9. Regulatory Signs | | D06.1. Types | 101 |
| C08.1.10. Other | | D06.2. Layout and Geometry | 101 |
| C09. Lighting | 76 | D06.3. Glazing and Shading | |
| C09.1. Fixtures and Lamping | 76 | D06.4. Hardware | 101 |
| C09.2. Light Fixture Types | 77 | D06.5. Doors and Windows Materials | 102 |
| C09.2.1. Street Lighting C09.2.2. Parking Lot Lighting C09.2.3. Lighted Bollards C09.2.4. Sidewalk Lighting C09.2.5. Walls / Stairs Lighting C09.2.6. Other | | D06.5.1. Anodized Aluminum D06.5.2. Hollow Metal D06.5.3. Aluminum-clad Wood D06.5.4. Other D07. Roof Systems | |
| | | D07.1. Roof Type and Form | 105 |
| D. FACILITIES EXTERIORS | | D07.2. Roof Slope | 105 |
| D01. Supporting the Mission | 81 | D07.3. Parapets and Copings | 105 |
| D02. Sustainability | | D07.4. Color and Reflectivity | |
| D03. Architectural Features | 82 | D07.5. Gutters, Downspouts, Scuppers, Drains | |
| D03.1. Orientation, Massing and Scale | 83 | D07.6. Roof Vents and Elements | |
| D03.2. Architectural Character | 83 | D07.7. Clerestories and Skylights | |
| D03.3. Details and Color D03.3.1. Climate-based Data D03.3.2. Natural Ventilation System | 83 | D07.8. Vegetated Roof | |

D03.3.3. Thermal Mass

Table of contents continued

| D07.9. Roof Systems Materials | 107 | E04. Ceilings | 127 |
|---|-----|--|---------|
| D07.9.1. Standing Seam Metal | | E04.1. Ceiling Materials | . 127 |
| D07.9.2. Membrane Single-ply | | E04.1.1. Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure | |
| D07.9.3. Built-up Multi-ply D07.9.4. Concrete Tile | | Above) | |
| D07.9.4. Concrete file D07.9.5. Clay Tile | | E04.1.2. Exposed Concrete | |
| D07.9.6. Slate Shingles | | E04.1.3. Grid and Acoustical Tile | |
| D07.9.7. Vegetated System | | E04.1.4. Gypsum Board E04.1.5. Metal Panels | |
| D07.9.8. Ribbed Metal Sheeting | | E04.1.6. Wood | |
| D07.9.9. Composite Shingles | | E04.1.7. Rapidly-Renewable Products | |
| D07.9.10. Other | | E04.1.8. Other | |
| D08. Structural Systems | | E05. Doors and Windows | 130 |
| D08.1. Systems and Layouts | | E05.1. Doors and Windows and Frames Materials | . 130 |
| D08.2. Structural Systems Materials | 112 | E05.1.1. Aluminum | |
| D08.2.1. Concrete | | E05.1.2. Hollow Metal | |
| D08.2.2. Insulated Concrete Forming (ICF) D08.2.3. Steel | | E05.1.3. Wood E05.1.4. Other | |
| D08.2.4. Pre-Engineered Steel | | E06. Casework Systems | 13/ |
| D08.2.5. Masonry | | E06.1. Casework Materials | |
| D08.2.6. Heavy Timber D08.2.7. Light-gauge Steel | | E06.1.1. Plastic Laminate | 137 |
| D08.2.8. Lumber Framing | | E06.1.2. Solid Polymer Surface | |
| D08.2.9. Other | | E06.1.3. Rapidly-Renewable Products | |
| D09. Mechanical, Electrical and Plumbing | 115 | E06.1.4. Metal E06.1.5 Other | |
| D09.1. Passive and Active Systems | 116 | E06.2. Countertop Materials | 137 |
| D09.2. Functionality and Efficiency | 116 | E06.2.1. Plastic Laminate | |
| E. FACILITIES INTERIORS | 117 | E06.2.2. Solid Polymer Surface | |
| E01. Building Configurations | | E06.2.3. Natural Stone | |
| | | E06.2.4. Cast Stone E06.2.5. Metal | |
| E01.1. Layout and Common Areas | 118 | E06.2.6 Other | |
| E01.1.1. Interior Design Process E01.1.2. Codes and Regulations | | E07. Furnishings | 139 |
| E01.2. Quality and Comfort | 120 | E07.1. Durability and Serviceability | |
| E02. Floors | | E07.2. Accessories | |
| E02.1. Floor Materials | - | E08. Interior Signs | 139 |
| E02.1.1. Prepared Slabs | 120 | E08.1 Types and Color | 139 |
| E02.1.2. Natural Stone and Terrazzo | | E08.2. Interior Signs Materials | 140 |
| E02.1.3. Quarry Tile E02.1.4. Ceramic Tile | | E09. Lighting, Power and Communication | 140 |
| E02.1.5. Resilient Floor | | E09.1. Functionality and Efficiency | 140 |
| E02.1.6. Carpet | | E09.2. Types and Color | |
| E02.1.7. Rapidly-Renewable Products E02.1.8. Other | | F. Appendices | |
| E03. Walls | 125 | G. Appendices | |
| E03.1. Wall Materials | | 3. Appendices | |
| E03.1.1. Concrete | | | |
| E03.1.2. Masonry | | | |
| E03.1.3. Ceramic Tile | | | |
| E03.1.4. Gypsum Board | | | |
| E03.1.5. Metal Panels E03.1.6. Wood Paneling | | | |
| E03.1.7. Rapidly-Renewable Products | | | |
| E03.1.8. Other | | Version (| 2 00 10 |

A. OVERVIEW

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Overview: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/index.html

This Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) document is part of the Air Force Corporate Facilities Standards (AFCFS) program to assist bases in implementing and maintaining facilities standards as appropriate for efficient operations within the respective climate region. IFS fully replaces, consolidates and simplifies existing facilities standards documents, such as the Architectural Compatibility Plan (ACP) or ACGs, FEPs, etc., and organizes information using the same structure, or Table of Contents, as the AFCFS website.

IFS reflects the AFCFS' concepts of "Facility Hierarchy" (categorizing facilities into group numbers) and "Facility Quality" (assigning an appropriate level of quality to each group number) and applies these principles at the base level. Applicable DoD and Air Force criteria such as UFCs, AFIs, Memoranda, and UFGSs (Guide Specs) are referenced and linked within IFS to ensure the document is always current.

Navigating within this IFS is efficient and straightforward. Please use the interactive Table of Contents to locate subject matter, and click on the title of a section to access it. From any page, click on the "Back to Table of Contents" footer to return. Content is organized into 4 major sections: Installation Elements, Site Development, Facilities Exteriors and Facilities Interiors.

This IFS document begins as a fill-in PDF form, which is fully editable, and becomes a "living document" that can be regularly updated by base-level personnel following a format that is consistent across the Air Force. While the format is standardized, IFS content is customized for base operations and the local climate to ensure mission success while emphasizing reduced maintenance and reduced initial costs, life-cycle costs, energy use, and water use.

- 1. Conformance to Air Force Corporate Facilities Standards (AFCFS) and Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) are required by Air Force Instruction (AFI) 32-1023 and Air Force Memorandum. Please refer to the AFCFS website for links to documentation on current policy.
- 2. Requests to deviate from any installation facilities standards, that are Unified Facilities Criteria (UFC) requirements, will follow the process outlined in the AFCFS for UFC waivers and exemptions.
- 3. The IFS is a component plan of the Installation Development Plan (IDP) per Air Force Instruction (AFI) 32-7062 (replacing the Architectural Compatibility Plan). All military construction projects and Non-Appropriated Funds (NAF) facilities are required to comply with the IDP and its IFS component plan by AFI 32-1023. The Base Civil Engineer (BCE) maintains and implements the IDP and its component plans, to include the IFS.
- 4. Please refer to the AFCFS website as a portal to reference materials and requirements documents for design and construction projects (via links). Specific references to current DoD memoranda and Air Force criteria are updated periodically to provide the most current guidance and requirements. Programming, design and contract documents should list "current edition" for all reference and requirements documents. The documents in force at the date of execution of the design and/or construction contract shall be the governing version.
- 5. Advanced Modeling Requirements:
 - For all Air Force projects requiring advanced modeling, to include 3D visualization, Building Information Modeling (BIM), facility data, quantity take-off, geospatial, etc., follow the Army standards. Refer to USACE Minimum Model Matrix (M3) and Project Execution Plan (PxP) which outline required model uses. Refer to CAD BIM Technology Center (Contract Requirements) for more information on M3 and PxP.
- 6. Joint Bases shall implement IFS under their Joint-Base designation with volume numbers for individual installations following the IFS Development Tool template. For example, for Joint Base Langley-Eustis, provide: Vol. 1 Langley AFB and Vol. 2 Fort Eustis.
- 7. References and Supplementary Documents listed in Appendix G are included in these Installation Facilities Standards by reference and are fully part of this document. Please refer to <u>Appendix G</u> for a listing of documents, which are available via hyperlink for viewing and downloading.

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

○ Applicable

N/A Small graphics do not apply



Static Display of Aircraft

A01. FACILITY HIERARCHY

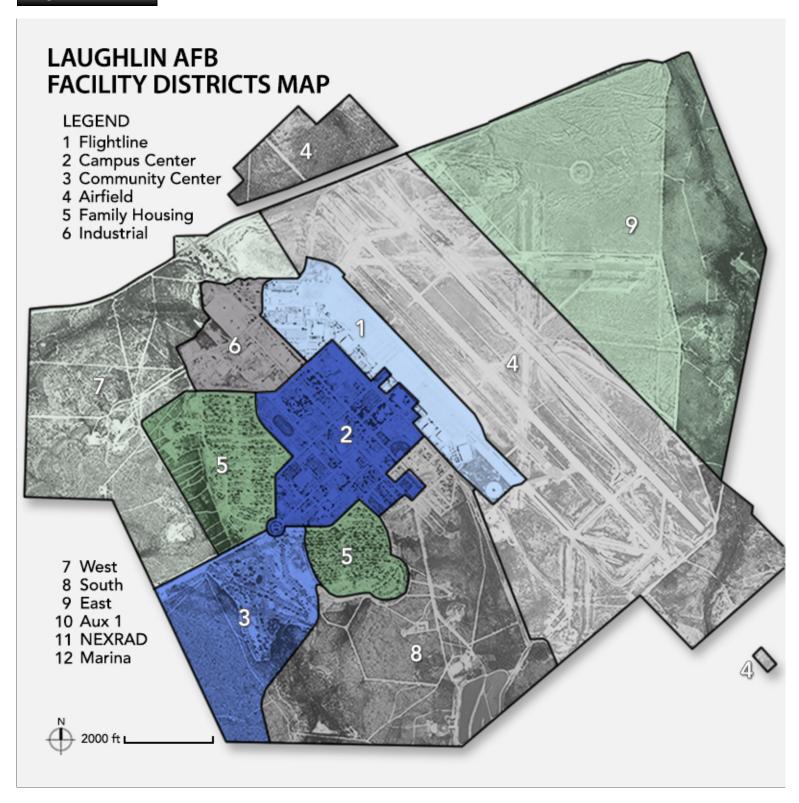
Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facility Hierarchy (and subsections): http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-hierarchy/index.html

A02. FACILITY QUALITY

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facility Quality (and subsections): http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-quality/index.html

A03. FACILITY DISTRICTS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facility Districts (and subsections): http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-districts/index.html



Note: Apply the <u>base-wide standards</u> in this IFS for Installation Elements, Site Development, Facilities Exteriors and Facilities Interiors (products, materials, color, etc.). Following application of the base-wide standards, refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District.

B. INSTALLATION ELEMENTS

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Installation Elements: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/index.html

B01. COMPREHENSIVE PLANNING

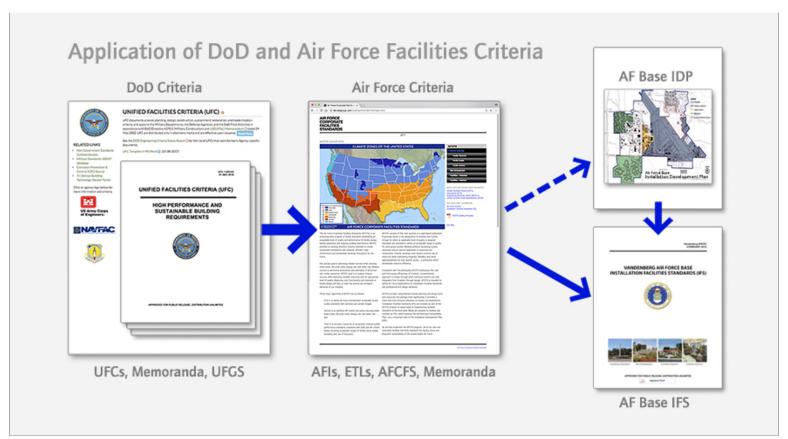
Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Comprehensive Planning: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/comprehensive-planning/index.html

B01.1. Installation Development Plan (IDP)

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply



Department of Defense, Department of the Air Force and Air Force Base Criteria

1. The Base Civil Engineer is responsible for developing, maintaining and implementing the installation's Comprehensive Planning documents and to ensure that the Installation Development Plan (IDP) is prepared, maintained, and implemented following AFI 32-7062.

B01.1.1. IFS Component Plan of IDP

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Installation Development Plan Graphic

Park Site Plan

Park Playground Plan

1. Maintain this Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) as a Component Plan of the base's Installation Development Plan (IDP).

B01.1.2. Brief History of Base

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 2

Image Tool 250 x 188





B-17 Flown by Jack T. Laughlin

Main Gate c. 1955

Created by the U.S. Army Air Corps in early July 1942, Laughlin Army Air Field began as a B-26 Marauder and Douglas A-26 Invader flight training school. Teaching bomber crews to fly was the base's mission during the Second World War. It performed its function well in what were often regarded as primitive conditions. The Army decided in September 1945 to close the base and keep the land Laughlin was built on, though it was leased to local goat farmers for use as grazing land.

Tension with the Soviet Union flared quickly after World War II, and the U.S. Air Force reopened Laughlin Air Force Base as a flight training school for American and allied nations pilots in May 1952. Later that year, the Air Force redesignated the wing as the 3645th Flying Training Wing. The 3645th's primary mission provided jet fighter combat operations (gunnery and weapons delivery) training in the T-33 Shooting Star, F-80 Shooting Star, and the F-84 Thunderjet. Given the shifting nature of the threats the U.S. faced during the Cold War and the massive peacetime military buildup of the 1950s and 1960s, the USAF continually moved units around to make better use of land, airspace, and technology. As such, on April 1, 1957, the Air Force transferred Strategic Air Command's 4080th Strategic Reconnaissance Wing, Light, from Turner AFB, Georgia to Laughlin, while Air Training Command inactivated the 3645th.

The 4080th deployed aircraft and personnel worldwide and provided high altitude reconnaissance and meteorological gathering (the latter for operational weather forecasting), conducted signal and electronic intelligence flights and collected air samples from nuclear above-ground tests using the Lockheed U-2F and the Martin RB-57D Canberra. On June 15, 1960, the 4080th Strategic Reconnaissance Wing, Light, was redesignated the 4080th Strategic Wing. In mid-October 1962 at the height of the Cuban Missile Crisis Major, Rudolph Anderson, Jr., while flying the U-2F, took photographs of Soviet missile sites, giving the US conclusive proof of Soviet long-range missiles in Cuba. Flying again on October 27, Major Anderson became the only casualty of enemy action during the Cuban Missile Crisis when Anderson was shot down near Banes, Cuba, with a surface-to-air missile.

In 1961, the USAF announced that Laughlin's mission would expand to include an undergraduate pilot training (UPT) program, while the 4080th remained as a tenant unit. Effective February 15, 1962, the USAF redesignated the 3645th as the 3646th Pilot Training Wing. In April 1963, the 4080th moved to Arizona, and UPT remained Laughlin's only mission. Change was constant here, but finally, on September 1, 1972, USAF inactivated the 3646th Pilot Training Wing and activated the 47th Flying Training Wing. Laughlin's critical mission has remained the same since 1962: train and develop the finest military pilots. Beginning with the first UPT class in the mid-1950s, silver wings have been pinned on nearly 21,000 pilots. Currently, the base uses the T-6 Texan II, T-38C Talon, and the T-1A Jayhawk to teach American and allied nation's pilots to fly.

B01.1.3. Future Development

| Applicable | ● N/A | Large graphics do not apply |
|--------------|-------|-----------------------------|
| ○ Applicable | ● N/A | Small graphics do not apply |

- 1. Follow AFI 32-7062 for Air Force Comprehensive Planning, the Comprehensive Planning Process, Comprehensive Planning Requirements, and Geospatial Mapping.
- 2. Address all future development under the Installation Development Plan (IDP).

B02. STREET ENVELOPE STANDARDS

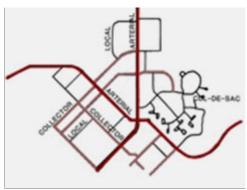
Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Installation Elements: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/index.html

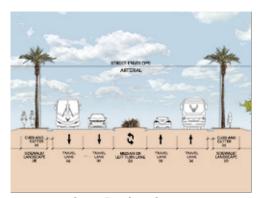
Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Street Envelope Standards: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/street-envelope-standards/index.html

B02.1. Hierarchy of Streets

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 2





Hierarchy of Streets

Street Envelope Section

- 1. Develop and evolve a hierarchical transportation network of arterial, collector and local streets following UFC 3-201-01 and its industry references.
- Provide consistent functionality throughout the installation and a level of visual quality relating to the adjacent Facility Group number.
- Routes along facilities in Group 1 may have materials, finishes and features with a higher visual quality than Groups 2, 3 and 4.
 Reduce maintenance requirements by installing highly durable materials and finishes in routes along Group 3 industrial facilities.
- 4. Special routes may have a visual quality comparable to those along facilities in Group 1. Guest/VIP tour
- 5. Create and maintain arterials with two lanes of traffic in each direction with landscaped or paved medians as applicable to the local climate and adjacent facility group designation / land use.
- 6. Minimize stops and turns along arterials. Eliminate on-street parking along arterials and collector streets.
- 7. Connect arterials to local streets with appropriately scaled collector streets.
- 8. Provide appropriate landscape setbacks and pedestrian buffers along all streets.
- 9. Minimize and consolidate curb cuts along streets.
- 10. Ensure access for emergency and service vehicles.
- 11. Define bicycle traffic routes in the Installation Development Plan or its applicable component plans.
- 12. Provide illustrations in the Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) to include street cross-sections and plans for every type of street specified on the installation. At a minimum provide dimensions for vehicular traffic-lanes, curb radii, medians, bike lanes, pedestrian buffers, sidewalks, crosswalks, tree planting areas, and on-street parking configurations.
- 13. Define appropriate force protection features, site furnishings, signs, lighting, utilities, and paving in the IFS.

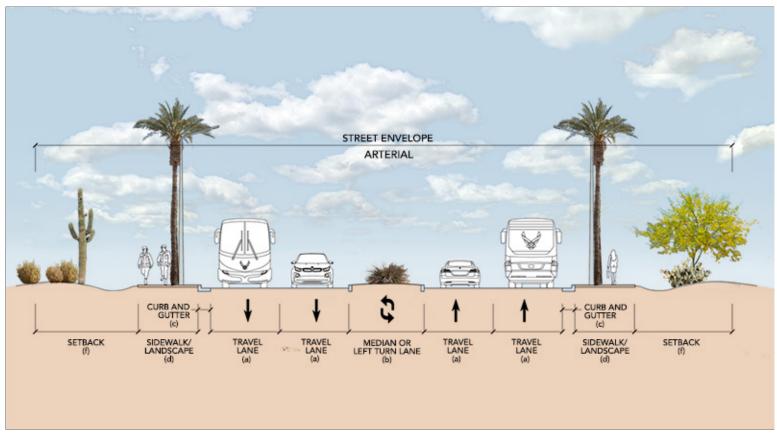
B02.1.1. Arterial Streets

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

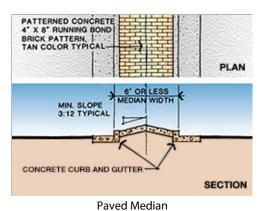
Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188



Travel Lane (a): 12' Median (b): 12' Curb and Gutter (c): 2' Sidewalk / Landscape (d): 12') Setback (f): Min. 35' or per ATFP





Arterial Street



- 1. Minimum arterial street dimensions shall be as follows:
 - a. Travel Lane. 12'
 - b. Median (if used). 12'
 - c. Curb and Gutter. 2'
 - d. Sidewalk. 6'
 - e. Parking. 12' setback
 - f. Buildings. 30' setback
 - g. Obstructions. 6' setback

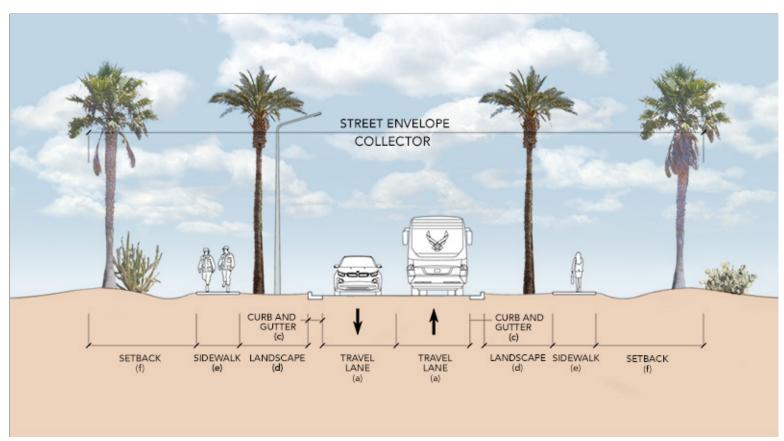
- 2. Stops and turns should be minimized and on-street parking shall not be allowed at any point along arterial streets.
- 3. Provide sidewalks on at least one side of arterial streets and both sides of arterial streets in developed areas. Provide a 6 foot buffer between the road and sidewalk where space allows.
- 4. Limit curb cuts on arterial streets to entries into major facilities, building groups and major parking areas.
- 5. Signs, plantings and street lighting should be added to reinforce the importance of arterial streets.

B02.1.2. Collector Streets

● Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Travel Lane (a): 12' Median (b): N/A Curb and Gutter (c): 2' Landscape (d): 10' Sidewalk (e): 6' Setback (f): Min. 35' or per ATFP



Typical Collector Streetscape



Setback with Streetscape Elements



Approach to Intersection

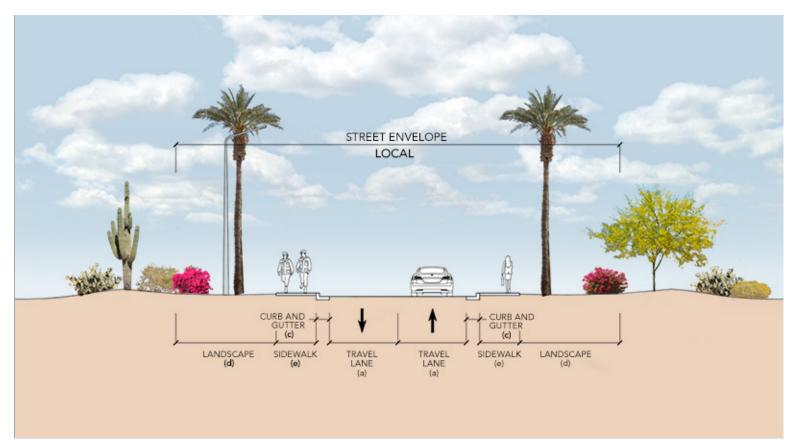
- 1. Minimum arterial street dimensions shall be as follows:
 - a. Travel Lane. 12'
 - b. Median (if used). 12'
 - c. Curb and Gutter. 2'
 - d. Sidewalk. 6'
 - e. Parking. 12' setback
 - f. Buildings. 15' setback
 - g. Obstructions. 3' setback
- 2. Traffic stops are frequent and speeds are low on collector streets.
- 3. Provide sidewalks on at least one side of collector streets. Buffers are preferred but not required on collector streets.
- 4. On street parking may be allowed on one side where secondary roads are over 34 feet wide. Parking shall not interfere with intersections or traffic flow.
- 5. Signs, plantings and street lighting should be added to reinforce the importance of arterial streets.

B02.1.3. Local Streets

Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Travel Lane (a): 11' Median (b): N/A Curb and Gutter (c): 1.5' Landscape (d): 15' Sidewalk (e): 6'







Group 3 Local Street

Group 4 Local Street

Streetscape along Local Street

- 1. Minimum arterial street dimensions shall be as follows:
 - a. Travel Lane. 11'
 - b. Curb and Gutter. 1.5'
 - c. Sidewalk. 5'
 - d. Landscape. 15' setback
 - e. Buildings. 15' setback
 - f. Obstructions. 3' setback
- 2. Traffic stops are frequent and speeds are low on collector streets.
- 3. Provide sidewalks on at least one side of collector streets. Buffers are preferred but not required on collector streets.
- 4. On street parking may be allowed on one side where secondary roads are over 34 feet wide. Parking shall not interfere with intersections or traffic flow.
- 5. Signs, plantings and street lighting should be added to reinforce the importance of arterial streets.
- 6. Cul-de-sacs are to only be used in the military housing area. The minimum radius for cul-de-sacs shall be 50'.

B02.1.4. Special Routes

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

○ Applicable ● N/A Small graphics do not apply



Array of Flags and Markers along Special Route

1. Develop all special intersections consistently with those adjacent to Group 1 facilities.

B02.2. Hierarchy of Intersections

○ Applicable

N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Turnoff to VCC at West Gate

Local Intersection

Colored Paving at Crosswalk

- Provide a hierarchy of intersections to include arterial, arterial-collector, collector, collector-local and local following UFC 3-201-01 and its industry references.
- 2. Passive systems such as traffic circles are preferred to active systems such as signalized intersections. Aggressively pursue passive systems to lower maintenance requirements and reduce energy use.
- 3. Use a level of visual quality for an intersection equal to the quality found in the related streetscape, which corresponds to the adjacent Facility Group number.

B02.2.1. Arterials

Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply

1. Provide an informal grouping of low lying native ground cover and shrubs with trees as a backdrop at all four corners. Accent boulders and rock mulch may be appropriate. Monument walls with signage are appropriate adjacent to Group 1 facilities. Maintain appropriate sight lines at all intersections.

B02.2.2. Arterial/Collector

Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable ○ N/A Small graphics do not apply

1. Provide an informal grouping of low lying native ground cover and shrubs with trees as a backdrop at all four corners. Accent boulders and rock mulch may be appropriate. Maintain appropriate sight lines at all intersections.

B02.2.3. Collectors

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3 Image Tool 250 x 188







Integrated Street Elements

Landscape Defining Space

Typical Collector Intersection

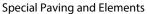
1. Provide an informal grouping of low lying native ground cover and shrubs with trees as a backdrop at all four corners. Maintain appropriate sight lines at all intersections.

B02.2.4. Special Intersections

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3 Image Tool 250 x 188







Group 1 level of Quality



Intersection of Pedestrian Plaza Access

Develop all special intersections consistently with those adjacent to Group 1 facilities.

B02.2.5. Street Frontage Requirements

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Typical Street Frontage

Minimal Landscape at Group 3

Trees and Grasses as Focus

- 1. Consistently maintain open space buffers following B03.2.3. Preserves.
- 2. Refer to C06.1.7. Streetscape Landscaping for planting and screen wall requirements along street frontage.

B02.2.6. Sight Lines

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 1



Preserved Sight Lines

- 1. Provide adequate sight lines for an effective and safe traffic operation per American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) standards and local municipality guidelines.
- 2. Maintain a 45 foot clear zone free of visual barriers over 18 inches in height at uncontrolled intersections. Maintain a 15 foot clear zone free of visual barriers over 18 inches in height at controlled intersections with vehicle speeds of 30 mph or less.

B02.3. Street Elements

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable ♠ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







Coordinated Force Protection Elements

Paved Traffic Circle

Controlled Access

- 1. Emulate the streetscape area's pre-development hydrology using passive and active design features to help sustain the adjacent regionally appropriate landscape. Coordinate with the base Stormwater Management Plan.
- 2. Employ systems, materials and techniques to maximize streetscape sustainability. Consider pervious paving and reflectivity of surfaces appropriate for the local climate.
- 3. Install at-grade curbing and/or raised-profile curb and gutter as applicable to direct stormwater to bioswales and rain gardens as source water for vegetation. Do not paint concrete curbing.
- 4. Provide all on-site utility service lines and equipment below grade when adjacent to Facility Group 1. In routes along Group 2, 3 and 4, when mounting elements such as utility cabinets, communications equipment and water valves above grade is unavoidable, paint these consistently and provide visual screening following Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).
- 5. Provide traffic control devices including access control point/entry control facility signs, speed limit signs and street name signs following the current edition of the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) per UFC 3-120-01.
- 6. Crosswalk markings shall follow the MUTCD for Streets and Highways, current edition. Provide white markings that define the edges of the crosswalk or a tone of lines defining the area of the crosswalk consistent with common practices found in the adjacent municipality.
- 7. Follow UFC 3-120-01 for directional and wayfinding signs and address both vehicular and pedestrian traffic.
- 8. Reduce energy consumption and reduce maintenance requirements by providing street lighting only when functionally required to ensure safety and to address antiterrorism following UFC 4-010-01. Ensure the quality and quantities of lighting and fixtures are appropriate for the adjacent Facility Group number.

B02.3.1. Paving

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Typical Asphalt Concrete Paving

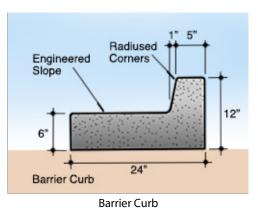
Standard Striping at Crosswalk

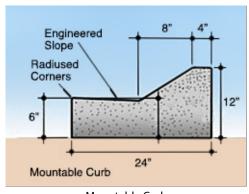
Striping at Speed Control Elements

- 1. Pavement design shall comply with UFC 3-250-01. Ensure appropriate analysis and design of subgrade conditions to promote low maintenance, high performance pavements. Apply all applicable best practices from Appendix B of the UFC.
- 2. Materials shall be specified in accordance with UFC 3-250-01 and must conform to requirements set forth in the Unified Facility Guide Specifications (UFGS) for concrete and bituminous pavement.

B02.3.2. Curb and Gutter

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 6







Mountable Curb Standard Curb and Gutter







Island at Street Transition

Group 4 Curb and Gutter

Coordinated Stormwater Element

- 1. Continuous concrete curbs shall be provided for paved roads in developed areas and parking areas adjacent to Group 1, Group 2 and Group 4 facilities. Asphalt curbs may be used at roads and parking areas adjacent to Group 3 facilities where needed.
- 2. A minimum standard curb height of 6 inches shall be consistently maintained. Rolled mountable curbs are not allowed.
- 3. Painted curbs are prohibited because they are very difficult to maintain.

B02.3.3. Utility Service Elements

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- \bullet Applicable \bigcirc N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Access Control Devices



Fire Hydrant



Integrated Barrier

- Provide all utility service lines below grade when streets are adjacent to Facility Group 1.
- 2. When mounting elements such as utility cabinets, communications equipment and water valves above grade is unavoidable, paint these items consistently in standard base colors and provide visual screening following Site Development, Landscaping.
- 3. Overhead service lines along streets adjacent to Facility Groups 2, 3 and 4 are discouraged.

B02.3.4. Traffic Signs

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Standard Street Signs

Coordinated Rock Mulch Bed

Uniform Traffic Control Device

1. Refer to Exterior Signs, Colors and Types for Traffic Control Devices, which includes signs.

B02.3.5. Street Lighting

- Applicable

 N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188



Lighting along Arterial Street



Lighting along Collector Street



Lighting in Facility Group 4

1. Refer to the Lighting section for appropriate applications along streets.

B02.3.6. Other

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply

B03. OPEN SPACE / PUBLIC SPACE

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Installation Elements: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Open Space / Public Space: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/open-space-public-space/index.html

B03.1. Plazas, Monuments and Static Displays

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188



Installation Flagpole and Plaza



Flag Grouping Plaza



Formal Arrangement



Memorial Plaza

1. Natural features and culturally or historically significant features or events may be recognized and acknowledged with

physical elements such as plazas, monuments and static displays. However, limit these elements on the base to ensure judicious use of resources and to reduce ongoing maintenance requirements.

- 2. Design highly durable plazas, monuments and static displays with a level of quality comparable to Facility Group 1.
- 3. Link plazas, monuments and static displays to the pedestrian circulation system. Install landscaping, site furnishings and lighting appropriate for the application and local climate following Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).
- 4. Select systems, products and materials for paving, walls, and structures following IFS.

B03.1.1. Paved Plazas

● Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Amphitheater and Plaza with Integrated Landscape and Lighting



Concrete Paving and Seating



Brick Paving and Concrete Edging



Contrasting Paving

- 1. Mitigate heat island by providing high-albedo, shaded plazas. Pervious pavers shall be used on all plazas and courtyards in Facility Groups 1 and 2; use pervious concrete in Groups 3 and 4. The designer shall incorporate appropriate expansion and construction joints.
- 2. Pavers shall match the color of pavers used on adjacent sidewalks using base standard range of earth tones colors. Bricks used on plazas shall typically be 4" x 8" size.

B03.1.2. Sculptures, Markers and Statuary

○ Applicable ○ N/A Large graphics do not apply

• Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







Commemorative Plaque

Memorial Cast Plaque

Bronze Sculpture

- 1. Relate new sculpture, markers and statuary to the base's architectural design theme. Generally limit these elements to frequently used locations adjacent to Facility Group 1 and highly traveled community pedestrian spaces.
- 2. Consider entry gates as possible sites for new displays.
- 3. All proposed memorials shall follow AFI 36-3108 and be limited to highly deserving individuals or groups as deemed appropriate by the installation leadership. Living memorials (tree plantings / etc.) are discouraged due to added maintenance requirements.
- 4. When sculpture requires a base, match the materials and / or color palette of adjacent buildings.
- 5. Use direct or indirect lighting to accentuate features or enhance an intended effect.
- 6. Ensure that all sculpture, markers and statuary are honorable and inspiring, provide a sense of place, positively contribute to the base's visual quality, and encourage pride for the community and the US Air Force.

B03.1.3. Static Display of Aircraft

Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Dynamic Mounting

Ground-Level Mounting

Display with Integrated Markers

- 1. Follow IFS base-wide standards for all elements of the display area with specific attention to traffic sight lines, pedestrian circulation, site furnishings, signs, and lighting. Address requirements for the Facility District as well.
- 2. Generally locate concrete base/foundation structures for static displays below grade.
- 3. At static displays where pedestrian paths are provided, a minimum of one trash receptacle and one bench shall be provided. Receptacle and bench design must conform to IFS requirements.

B03.2. Grounds and Perimeters

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
- Provide formal spaces for parade and review functions, recreational areas and parks following the base's Installation
 Development Plan (IDP) and Installation Facilities Standards (IFS). Refer to the Site Furnishings topic for additional
 information.
- 2. Maintain preservation areas following the IDP and IFS.
- Comply with UFC 4-010-01 DoD Minimum Antiterrorism Standards for Buildings and UFC 4-022-03 Security Fences and Gates for all elements associated with the base's gates and perimeter fence.
- 4. Identify and describe base-wide utility corridors in the IDP.
- Base-wide utility infrastructure shall be inconspicuous. Bury utility service lines below grade when adjacent to Facility Group
 1 and when economically feasible for Facility Groups 2, 3 and 4. When service lines are located above grade, create an
 ordered, coordinated appearance.
- 6. Follow the requirements of this IFS regarding all utility structures and service lines located above grade that visually impact the installation.
- 7. Where screening of utility equipment and structures is provided, allow adequate and proper clearance for safety and maintenance.
- 8. Reduce visual clutter and visual impact of the following items through a combination of careful placement, screen walls,

landscaping and painting:

- · Electrical switch-stations.
- · Sewage lift stations.
- · Water well pumps, storage tanks and/or related structures.
- · Gas piping, meters and similar incidental items.
- · Above ground fuel storage tanks.
- · Any ground-mounted freestanding utility item exposed to view.
- Larger structures such as electrical switch-stations, sewage lift stations, fuel storage tanks and mechanical/electrical
 equipment shall be screened from view, using materials, forms, and colors in the screen walls which match those respective
 design elements present at adjacent buildings.
- 10. Paint above-ground equipment and associated components such as electrical piping or exposed plumbing lines dark bronze.
- 11. Maintain currently buried utility service lines as a visual asset.
- 12. Bury the following exposed above-grade items in future projects when economically feasible:
 - · Electrical power grid and service lines.
 - · Telephone lines.
 - · Cable TV lines.
 - · Communications lines.
 - · Exterior lighting service lines.
 - · Any similar system of above-ground lines serving the base.
- 13. Consolidate and enclose service utility lines in underground utility corridors when feasible. Create routes along the inside edge of parking lot islands.

B03.2.1. Parade Grounds

| ○ Applicable | ● N/A | Large graphics do not apply |
|--------------|-------|-----------------------------|
| ○ Applicable | ● N/A | Small graphics do not apply |

- 1. Follow UFC 3-201-02, Appendix B for the planning and design process and criteria for parade grounds.
- 2. Establish and maintain parade grounds only where there is a confirmed need and provide landscape materials appropriate for the locale following IFS.
- 3. Bleachers may be installed only when there is a documented requirement at parade grounds. Nonferrous metals that do not require painting or going maintenance are preferred. The Base Civil Engineer shall determine quantities, sizes, and products on a case basis.

B03.2.2. Parks

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Green Space with Standard Picnic Pavilion



Recreational Amenities



Shade Shelter at Picnic Area



Fabric Canopy

- Bleachers may be installed only when there is a documented requirement at parks and fields for recreational events. Follow guidance under Parade Grounds.
- 2. Picnic pavilions may be provided in parks where there is a documented need.
- 3. Recommend adding shade shelters if economically feasible.

B03.2.3. Preserves

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Integrated Storm Water Feature

Open Space Adjacent to Golf Course

Native Grasses with Trees as Focus

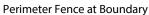
- 1. Preserve areas adjacent to runways, taxiways, aprons, golf course roughs, storage areas, antenna facilities, and ammunition storage areas, as open space.
- Provide minimal maintenance with mowing as needed for controlling bird behavior for airfield safety, or eliminating fire hazards.

B03.2.4. Perimeter Fence

- Applicable

 N/A Large graphics do not apply
- \bullet Applicable \bigcirc N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







Perimeter Fence at Arterial



Iron Fencing at Flight Line

- 1. Design, install and maintain the base's perimeter fence following UFC 4-022-03.
- 2. Stringently comply with ATFP requirements following UFC 04-010-01 for all spaces adjacent to the base's perimeter fence and all gates.
- 3. Fencing, gates and other elements that are associated with the main gates shall be a level of quality equivalent to Facility Group 1.
- 4. Maintain a positive visual quality along the traffic corridor on both sides of the main gates. Specifically address pedestrian access, circulation and common areas.

C. SITE DEVELOPMENT

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

C01. SITE DESIGN

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Design / NEPA: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/site-design-nepa/index.html

C01.1. Site Design Considerations

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







Integration of Open Space Seating

Plaza adjacent to Primary Entrance

Developed Building Setback Area

- 1. Collect documentation to validate approvals and completion of the NEPA process.
- 2. Ensure site design compliance with the Installation Development Plan (IDP) and its component plans and Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).
- 3. Promote integrated design with on-site solutions such as engineered small-scale hydrologic controls versus base-wide infrastructure; consider open space, natural features, bioswales, building roofs, streets, and paved surfaces.
- 4. Limit the impact of development on land and water resources. Promote sustainability, reduced energy demand, renewable-energy usage, and water conservation.
- 5. Consider energy conservation during site design for the following categories: building and site lighting, auxiliary systems and equipment (refrigerators, elevators, etc.), building envelope, electric power and distribution, HVAC systems and equipment, service hot water, energy management (metering, EMCS).
- Consider on-site renewable-energy systems and components to minimize area requirements and maximize efficiencies.
 Appropriately buffer and screen these and other mechanical systems and equipment.
- 7. New building projects must preserve mature specimen trees as part of the natural habitat.
- 8. Design sites to minimize irrigation and impacts to stormwater runoff.
- 9. Consider relationships to adjacent facilities and district / centralized heating and cooling infrastructure and cost effectively connect building systems or other beneficial byproducts.
- 10. Purposefully integrate service access, receiving and storage areas to reduce the need for visual screening.

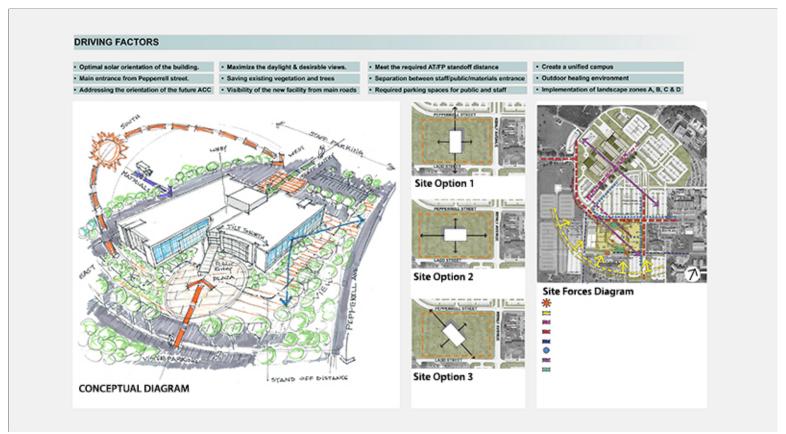
- 11. Appropriately connect to the base network of streets, sidewalks and trails using drive aisles, parking areas, walkways, paths, and bicycle routes addressing both vehicles and pedestrians.
- 12. Consider heat island mitigation in paving and roof designs when implementing an integrated approach to stormwater management.
- 13. Consider the location of "Designated Tobacco Areas."

C01.2. Building Orientation

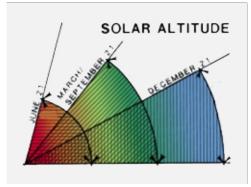
♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

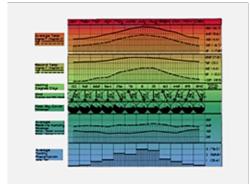
♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 6



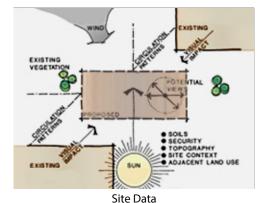
Conceptual Site Analysis and Site Design Diagram

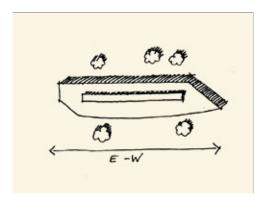


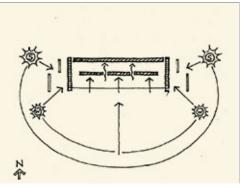
Local Solar Data

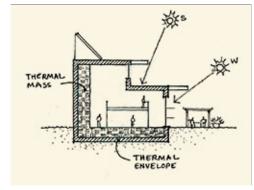


Local Climate Data









East-West Axis

Optimum Solar Control

Maximized Shading

- 1. Ensure the site for new buildings will accommodate optimum requirements for building orientation, which is with the long axis parallel to the east/west direction for rectilinear CONUS buildings.
- 2. Meet Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) requirements for the locations of the building's passive and renewable-energy systems --including geothermal and solar systems --and exterior shading systems.
- 3. Locate the building(s) and permitted ancillary structures to promote solar gain, solar shading, natural ventilation, rainwater harvesting, wind buffering and other beneficial passive systems. Consider natural ventilation during the design of HVAC systems.
- 4. Consider relationships to adjacent sites and their facilities and infrastructure, and cost effectively integrate building systems to harvest heat, grey water or other beneficial byproducts.
- 5. Consider the "public side" of the building, its views and the location of the main entrance.

C02. UTILITIES

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Utilities: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/utilities/index.html

C02.1. Utility Components

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 6



Ground Mounted HVAC equipment



Pad Mounted Equipment



Free Standing Frame Mounted Panels







Above-Ground Electrical Service

Water Storage Elements

Base Standard Color

- Provide all on-site utility service lines below grade for Facility Group 1; when mounting elements (such as utility cabinets, communications equipment and water valves) above grade is unavoidable, paint these consistently and provide visual screening following Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).
- 2. Provide installation of utility infrastructure to support near term and future electric vehicle charging stations after a thorough analysis determining viability.
- 3. Define all service entry points into the building and route distribution below grade into an interior space within the facility; exposed conduits, cables and wires on exterior walls are not permitted for Facility Group 1.
- 4. Include consideration of appropriate placement of meters in support of Automated Revenue Management Services (ARMS).
- 5. Limit exterior mechanical distribution systems such as exterior steam, chilled water, and hot water distribution to Group 3 facilities; when required for Group 1 and 2 facilities integrate with the architecture and provide visual screens following IFS.
- 6. Direct roof drainage to underground collection when feasible or provide splash blocks / paved channels to intercept roof drainage at grade.

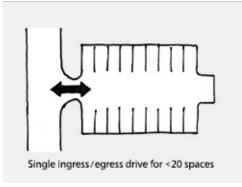
C03. PARKING AREAS

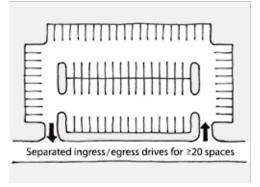
Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

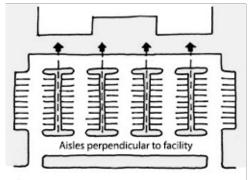
Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Parking Areas: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/parking-areas/index.html

C03.1. Configurations and Design

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 6







Small Lot Configuration

Large Lot Configuration

Facility Group 1 Configuration







Aisle Perpendicular to Facilty

90-Degree Configuration

Solar Array and Shading

- Evaluate adjacent sites and cost-effectively consolidate parking areas to maximize efficient use; ensure that all areas meet
 accessibility guidelines.
- 2. Consider buffering parking areas from the facility main entrance with a transition space and provide drop-offs to decrease close-in parking. Comply with IFS and ADA standards while meeting ATFP requirements.
- 3. Consider integrating at-grade and raised-profile curbing, permeable paved areas, and parking islands with the stormwater system and direct stormwater to bioswales and rain gardens as source water for regionally appropriate native vegetation.
- 4. Define pedestrian access with approved hardscape and consider shading along the primary path from the parking area to the main entrance of the building.
- 5. Coordinate suitable landscape or barriers integrated with walls and fences to ensure adequate force protection.
- 6. Accessible parking spaces shall be marked according to UFC 3-120-01 and its references in ABAAS and the MUTCD.
- 7. Consider locations and requirements of near term and future electric vehicle charging stations.
- 8. Consider cost-effectively integrating solar photovoltaic arrays into covered parking structures.
- 9. Reserved parking must comply with AFI31-204 and LAFB supplement 1.
- 10. On-street parking is discouraged except in multi-use areas. When used, provide approved on-street parking configurations following UFC 3-201-01.

11. Access and service drives should accommodate the largest vehicle serving the facility.

C03.1.1. Paving and Striping

Applicable • N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Accessible Parking Near Entrance



Crosswalk Striping Near Main Entrance

Facility Group 1 paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Asphaltic concrete

Secondary: Concrete

Accent: Permeable pavers

Facility Group 2 paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Asphaltic Concrete

Secondary: N/A

Accent: N/A

Facility Group 3 paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Concrete where operationally required

Secondary: Asphaltic Concrete

Accent: N/A

Facility Group 4 paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Asphaltic Concrete, concrete driveways

Secondary: N/A

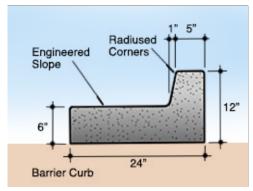
Accent: N/A

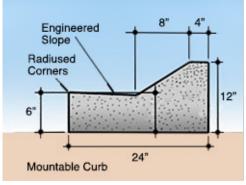
- All new parking lots in Groups 1 and 2 shall be constructed of concrete, asphalt or terracotta unit pavers.
- 2. Porous concrete paving may be considered on a case basis.
- Cost-effectively provide light-colored concrete to reduce heat island effect; otherwise install asphaltic concrete paving. Dirt, gravel, and grass lots are not allowed.
- 4. Use consistent striping, angles and stall sizes in all parking areas.
- 5. All parking shall be marked with white stripes of paint or applied vinyl coatings. Red or yellow markings shall only be used for safety purposes and must be kept to a minimum. All lines shall be four inches (4") wide.

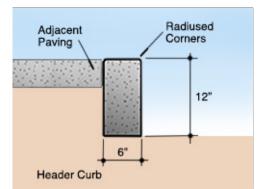
C03.1.2. Curbing

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 6

Image Tool 250 x 188







"Barrier" Curb

"Mountable" Curb

Header Curb







Curbing with Drainage Channel

Integral Curb and Concrete Edging

Stormwater Device

Facility Group 1 curbing / edging materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Concrete

Secondary: N/A

. ., , .

Accent: N/A

Facility Group 3 curbing / edging materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Concrete

Secondary: N/A

Accent: N/A

Facility Group 2 curbing / edging materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Concrete

Secondary: N/A

Accent: N/A

Facility Group 4 curbing / edging materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Concrete

Secondary: N/A

Accent: N/A

- 1. Define all parking lots with either raised profile or at-grade curbing to promote drainage and protect paving edges.
- 2. Integrate curbing to direct stormwater to bioswales and rain gardens as source water for regionally appropriate native vegetation, or to stormwater system.

3. Wheel stops are not permitted except at locations where car bumpers could contact adjacent items such as poles, signs or pedestrians.

C03.1.3. Internal Islands and Medians

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 6

Image Tool 250 x 188







Landscaped Median



Bioswale in Median



Large Scale Rock Mulch



Small Scale Rock Mulch



Coordinated Landscape

- 1. Install landscape islands and medians as visual breaks, to reduce heat island effects and to accommodate bioswales and rain gardens. Coordinate suitable landscape or barriers integrated with walls and fences to ensure adequate force protection.
- 2. When lighting is necessary, contain fixture bases within medians or internal landscape islands.

C03.2. Parking Structures

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
- Parking structures are encouraged in land-constrained locations when economically feasible.
- 2. Consider near term and future electric vehicle charging stations and renewable energy generation development during the analysis and design.
- 3. Consider opportunities for integrating parking structures into multi-use developments with pedestrian-oriented uses located on the ground floor and parking on upper levels; ensure ATFP guidelines are fully addressed.
- 4. Structures may be constructed below grade with roofs serving as vegetated areas or plazas.

C03.3. Connectivity

○ Applicable ○ N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Direct Link to Main Entrance

Connection to Pedestrian Circulation Network

Adjacent Attached Sidewalk and Entrance

- 1. Refer to the Installation Development Plan (IDP) for locations of transit stops and pedestrian and cycling networks; provide appropriately sized sidewalks and bike paths to connect facilities and users to these networks.
- 2. Provide amenities such as rain and shade shelters, trees, and benches to encourage and facilitate use of public transportation.
- 3. Evaluate the IDP for the current and planned network of roads and optimally develop vehicular access to and from the site.

C04. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Stormwater Management: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/stormwater-management/index.html

C04.1. Stormwater Requirements

Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 9



Roof Drain Discharge to Rock Mulch



Parking Lot Drainage to Swale



Swale Discharge to Rock Mulch Basin







Area Drain Inlet

Curb and Gutter Inlet

Drainage Basin







Stormwater Drainage Swale

Area Drain and Swale in Landscape

Rock-Line Drainage Swale

- 1. Design all stormwater systems including retention ponds, detention areas, channels, etc. as on-site amenities that are consistent with natural systems and drainage patterns, that help sustain the base landscape with beneficial functionality and that provide aesthetic appeal; coordinate with the base Stormwater Management Plan.
- 2. Design stormwater systems and elements in response to the two rainy seasons, which occur during spring and winter. Ensure drainage features accommodate both the gentle rains and violent thunderstorms during the "monsoon season."
- 3. Incorporate bioswales into the design of all roadway, parking and facility roof systems to enhance water quality and support the overall stormwater system.
- 4. Permeable paving may be used in areas that are not subjected to severe freeze-thaw cycles.
- 5. When underground drainage systems are required, establish a maintenance program to include removal of sediments and debris; inspect joints seasonally for alignment to prevent leakage and the development of voids and surface failures.
- 6. Cost-effectively integrate stormwater systems with ATFP measures.

C05. SIDEWALKS, BIKEWAYS AND TRAILS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Sidewalks, Bikeways and Trails: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/sidewalks-bikeways-trails/index.html

C05.1. Circulation and Paving

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 9



Typical Detached Sidewalk



Adjacent Pedestrian Amenities



Entrance Plaza Paving



Group 1 Decorative Pavers



Integrated Lighting and Landscape



Typical Attached Sidewalk



Concrete Paving at Recreation Area



Sidewalk at Parking Area



Natural Concrete and Colored Edging

Facility Group 1 sidewalks, plazas, and courtyards paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Pervious Pavers

Secondary: Concrete Edging

Accent: N/A

Facility Group 2 sidewalks, plazas, and courtyards paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Pervious Pavers

Secondary: Concrete Edging

Accent: N/A

Facility Group 3 sidewalks, plazas, and courtyards paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Permeable Concrete

Secondary: N/A

Accent: N/A

Facility Group 4 sidewalks, plazas, and courtyards paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Permeable Concrete

Secondary: N/A

Accent: N/A

- Maintain efficient geometry and accessibility to connect building entrances to adjacent parking areas and activity areas and to the base transportation system following ATFP. Efficiently use materials to optimize life-cycle costs and to minimize maintenance.
- Generally conform horizontal layouts of sidewalks to the geometric configuration of adjacent buildings, streets, parking lots, and other adjacent related site amenities. Occasional meanders and/or jogs may be included to capture views, to coordinate with landscaping or accommodate site constraints.
- Walks in parking areas shall provide a direct path using "safe islands" and "peninsulas" to encourage safety. Walks parallel to streets shall follow streetscape guidelines. Clearly mark pedestrian crossings at vehicular routes.
- 4. Mitigate heat island by providing high-albedo, shaded sidewalks. Consider using pervious pavers for sidewalks, plazas and courtyards in Facility Groups 1 and 2; use concrete in Groups 3 and 4. The designer shall incorporate appropriate expansion and construction joints.
- 5. Only experienced contractors will install pervious pavements.
- 6. Consider an integrated approach that could include stormwater management (permeable surfaces) and complement the design of the storm drainage system when appropriate.
- 7. Pedestrian paths should be at least 6' in width to allow for comfortable side-by-side walking.
- 8. Sidewalks leading to a building main entrance and at the interior of parking lots shall be a minimum width of 5'. Walks greater than 10' wide may be used at high-density pedestrian areas where volumes of traffic justify added material.
- 9. All sidewalks shall have positive drainage to prevent ponding of water. Walks with a slope greater than 4.2% shall be designed as ramps following accessibility guidelines. All walks shall have a maximum cross slope of 2.08%.
- 10. Pavers shall conform to the following range of color: natural terracotta Earth tones. Pavers used on walks shall typically be 4"x8" nominal size.
- 11. Connect to the bicycle circulation system and provide bicycle parking with a suitable means for securing bicycles following the IFS. Consider changing/shower facilities for use by cyclists.
- 12. Refer to the Installation Development Plan for future trails, bicycle paths, and sidewalks.

C05.1.1. Ramps and Stairs

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Typical Stair

Accessible Flared Curb

Accessible Ramp at Entrance

1. Use ramps instead of stairs for sidewalks, bikeways and trails and consider at all buildings where possible. Where steps are unavoidable, follow UFC 1-200-01 and its references to the International Building Code.

C05.1.2. Lighting

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188



Combined Sidewalk and Automobile Lighting



Light Bollards and Building Lighting



Indirect Lighting Feature

- 1. Provide lighting for all stairs and landings where traffic warrants, consider solar lighting if viable.
- 2. Refer to the Lighting section for path lighting along sidewalks, bikeways and trails.

C06. LANDSCAPE

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Landscape: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/landscape/index.html

C06.1. Climate-based Materials

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Native and Adaptive Species

Xeric Drought-Tolerant Plants

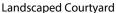
Seasonal Color

- 1. Use only drought tolerant plant species (including grasses) appropriate for the Sonoran Desert sub-tropical climate to promote energy efficiency and water conservation, preserve drainage patterns, inhibit erosion, improve air quality, lower maintenance, and add beauty.
- 2. Follow details and specifications of the American Standard for Nursery Stock, current edition.

C06.1.1. Landscape Design Concept

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







Plantings Integrated with Storm Drainage



Accent Planting near Main Entrance

- 1. Develop, maintain and implement a climate-based plant list with landscape features using a regionally appropriate palette of materials to promote energy efficiency, preserve drainage patterns, inhibit erosion, improve air quality, lower maintenance and add beauty. Follow UFC 3-201-02 Landscape Architecture.
- 2. Ensure plantings and mulched areas accommodate both the gentle rains and violent thunderstorms during the "monsoon season."
- 3. Landscaping is required for all newly developed sites and facilities; preserve existing native landscape where possible and avoid overplanting.
- 4. Concentrate landscaping in Facility Group 1 and along major thoroughfares and integrate these landscaped areas into the

base's stormwater management plan. Refer to the Streetscape Envelope Standards in this IFS.

- 5. All Facility Group 1 and 4 sites shall be landscaped at their entire perimeter; limit formal planting arrangements to formal spaces typically associated with Group 1. Landscape public spaces near the main entrances of Group 1 facilities.
- 6. Facility Group 2 and 3 sites may have a minimal landscape except at the main entrances which should be newly landscaped.
- 7. Facility plantings shall follow the Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) plant list, which is based on the specific microclimates created by the adjacent buildings: shadow areas, protected areas, zones adjacent to thermal mass, and availability of rainwater.
- 8. Provide open spaces as transitions between developed and native areas that promote quality of life and provide visual relief and allow walkable connections to the transportation system.
- 9. In tree clusters replace grass with naturalized shrub beds and decomposed granite mulch to eliminate mowing requirements.
- 10. Use plantings in open spaces to reinforce the space as a visual asset.
- 11. Consider landscape windbreaks when suitable for the local climate.
- 12. Integrate security requirements into the landscape design. Coordinate the heights of trees and shrubs and note restrictions for plantings following UFC 4-010-01.
- 13. Berms may be used as an integral part of the overall landscape strategy for screening, security and/or visual interest.

C06.1.2. Xeriscape Design Principles

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Native Plants and Rock Mulch Area



Native Xeric Species



Drought Resistant Plants as Focal Point

- 1. Apply xeriscape principles following UFC 3-201-02, Appendix B, and Air Force Corporate Facilities Standards.
- 2. Facility plantings are encouraged to use drought resistant plant species and to consider specific microclimates created by the adjacent building: shadow areas, protected areas, zones adjacent to thermal mass, and availability of rainwater.

C06.1.3. Minimizing Water Requirements

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Limited Plantings

Planting along Drainage

Planting without Irrigation

1. Reasonably reduce demand on potable water while seeking opportunities to increase alternative water sources for irrigation. Reduce or eliminate the use of potable/domestic water for purposes of landscape architecture maintenance, consistent with existing legal or contractual obligations, and reduce potable-water irrigation in new construction beyond establishment following current DoD and Air Force policy.

C06.1.4. Plant Material Selection

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Drought Resistant Plants



Xeric Plants as Focus



Shade Trees and Local Grass

- 1. Use only drought resistant plant materials including grasses or turf suited for the local climatic conditions in the landscape design; potable-water irrigation systems are discouraged beyond the establishment period.
- 2. Do not use Cylindropuntia fulgida (jumping cholla)
- 3. Xeric plants should be the focus of landscape plantings and, where possible, deciduous trees should be used as accents and to provide shading; provide tree grates when appropriate and use tree guards on smaller trees.
- 4. Ground covers are only recommended when minimal maintenance is required.
- 5. Encourage turf areas that can be sustained by natural rainfall, (non-potable) irrigation systems; turf may be defined by atgrade concrete mow strips to lessen maintenance.

- 6. Analyze soils and provide organic amendments as needed to improve plant growth and conserve water.
- 7. All plant material shall have one-year warranty and is subject to approval by the base engineering flight.

C06.1.5. Water Budgeting (Hydrozones)

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







Defined Mulch and Turf Areas

Turf Area at Park

Defined Irrigation Zones

- 1. Comply with DoD and Air Force policy on potable-water irrigation systems.
- 2. Provide irrigation systems in new construction to establish plant materials following "Water for Landscaping" in UFC 1-200-02. Note the climate zone and annual rainfall for the locale.
- 3. When life cycle cost effective and permitted by local laws new buildings shall integrate alternative water sources following UFC 1-200-02.
- 4. Provide irrigation design following UFC 3-201-02. Install drip irrigation products and components following UFGS Section 32 84 23 (underground) and UFGS Section 32 84 24 Irrigation Sprinkler Systems. Match the color of valve box lids to the adjacent ground treatment (i.e. green at turf & native seed areas, brown at wood mulch & rock areas).
- 5. When life cycle cost-effective equip irrigation systems to sense soil moisture, rainfall and wind to minimize unnecessary watering; incorporate drip irrigation systems as the primary source.

C06.1.6. Base Entrance Landscaping

- Applicable

 N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







Landscaping at Main Gate

Tree Planting near Entrance Gate

Seasonal Landscaping

- 1. At the main gate, reinforce a sense of arrival through a well-designed concentration of landscape elements consistent in visual quality with Facility Group 1.
- 2. Ensure landscaping has seasonal features with spring and fall color and a combination of evergreen and deciduous trees and shrubs for winter interest.
- 3. Integrate base signs and street and pedestrian lighting whenever feasible.

C06.1.7. Streetscape Landscaping

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 6



Streetscape Landscape woth Limited Turf Areas



Concentrated Planting at Group 1



Planting at Group 2



Limited Planting at Group 3







Trees as an Amenity at Group 4

Rock Mulch with Native Trees

Trees for Shading

- 1. Provide landscape designs with plant materials appropriately representing the level of quality of the adjacent Facility Group number. Refer to the Installation Elements section.
- 2. Select a variety of regionally appropriate streetscape plantings and grading to create a visual interest.

C06.1.8. Pedestrian Circulation Landscaping

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Accent Planting along Sidewalk



Landscape Defining Pathway



Shade Tree and Seating along Path

- 1. Define walkways with landscaping where appropriate.
- 2. Where appropriate, provide rest areas along the pedestrian circulation network with human-scaled deciduous shade trees. Supplement tree plantings with finely textured shrubs when appropriate for the climate.
- 3. Provide wind breaks where appropriate.

C06.1.9. Parking Lot Landscaping

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Xeric Planting in Median

Shade Trees at Parking

Plantings in Island

- 1. Integrate appropriate landscaping elements into parking areas to visually soften the appearance at a minimum rate of 5 percent of the total area.
- 2. Avoid trees that have branches that extend past the footprint of the island, or drop sap, fruit, or seeds, and use long-lived species; keep trees trimmed, removing dead and dying trees or branches.
- 3. Provide planting in islands within parking lots for shade and appeal following IFS and the base stormwater management plan.
- 4. Rain garden islands shall be landscaped to receive rainwater runoff from adjacent impervious parking areas to be absorbed into the ground/planting bed. Native plants and groundcovers are recommended within the rain garden areas, which can survive without supplemental irrigation once established.

C06.1.10. Screen/Accent Landscaping

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Accent Landscaping at Static Display



Landscaping Used to Define Space



Landscape Screening at Group 1

- 1. When appropriate provide complimentary accent landscaping at monuments and static displays.
- 2. At Facility Group 1, and when appropriate provide landscaping adjacent to all freestanding signs without distracting from the written communication.

- 3. Provide landscape screening of utility elements adjacent to Facility Group 1.
- 4. Providing landscaping as visual screening is preferred to the construction of walls and fences; berming and mounding may supplement landscape screening.

C06.1.11. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable ● N/A Small graphics do not apply

C07. SITE FURNISHINGS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Furnishings: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/site-furnishings/index.html

C07.1. Furnishings and Elements

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Coordinated Site Furnishings



Organized Appearance



Matching Screen and Building Walls

- 1. Provide a coordinated consistent inventory of site furnishings to positively contribute to the visual environment, image, and identity of the base; ensure durability, low maintenance, reduced visual clutter, and compatibility with the adjacent architecture.
- Remove poorly located or redundant litter / ash receptacles, newspaper and bicycle racks, telephone booths, vending machines, walls and fences to reduce visual clutter and to lessen the requirements for maintenance.
- 3. Install needed outdoor seating (benches and low walls) in public gathering spaces near main and secondary building entrances. Low walls shall match facility architecture.
- 4. Benches in all facility groups shall be predominantly precast concrete. Picnic tables and benches in parks, which are protected by a pavilion structure, may be factory finished steel or wood. Recycled plastic benches may be used in parks.
- 5. Integrate functional bicycle racks with the design of the building's main entrance grounds in Facility Groups 1 and 2 while meeting ATFP requirements.

- 6. Limit the use of bollards, but when necessary for force protection use steel finished with dark bronze or galvanized 6" steel, flat top, Force Protection, Building Protection for Groups 1, 2 and 3 for low visibility areas. Powder coat, 6" steel, flat top and Anodized aluminum, Lighted Round Dome Top should be used in higher visibility areas bollards in Group 1, 2, and 3; and bollards for Group 4 are typically not required unless for and parks and trails. Illuminated bollards may be used as approved on a case by case basis.
- Locate architecturally coordinated containers for recycling, litter, ash, vending, etc., to minimize visual clutter and not visible from the building's main entrance. Minimize the use of freestanding planters.
- 8. Generally limit picnic tables, barbeque grills and drinking fountains to lodging, dormitories, housing areas, parks and recreation areas following IFS.
- 9. The Installation Flagpole location shall comply with the guidance for the display of flags in AFI 34-1201. Each Air Force installation is authorized to fly one United States Flag, normally in front of the installation headquarters. Waivers for non-authorized locations must be submitted in accordance with AFI 33-360 and approved waivers (AF Form 679) must be maintained by the installation protocol office.
- 10. Refer to the Overview Section "Facility Hierarchy" topic of this AFCFS for guidelines regarding ancillary structures such as pavilions and shade shelters.
- 11. Bus shelters shall be provided only where there is a documented need and when approved on a case by case basis. Generally emulate the designs of adjacent shelters using Powder coated, Type 1
- 12. Monuments and static displays shall be limited. New elements are generally discouraged unless these are fully vetted through the base's approval process and designed following IFS.
- 13. When visual screening is necessary, consider landscaping as an option; screen walls are permitted only in Group 1 finished with material and color to match and blend with adjacent facility and style, using split-face CMU or natural weathered steel.
- 14. For fencing, apply the standards for "Products, Materials and Color" in the following section. Limit those with the highest visual quality to Facility Group 1 where there is sustained maintenance. Define all levels of security and visual quality.
- 15. Limit the use of chain-link fencing at Group 1, 2 or 4 facilities; Limit the use of barbed-wire outriggers on chain-link fencing at industrial sites, unless required for additional security or protection of assets.
- 16. Wood fencing may be used in Facility Group 4 and in recreation areas following IFS for material and finish when there is sustained periodic maintenance.
- 17. Provide trash dumpster enclosures with material to match predominant material type and color of to match adjacent facilities. All gates shall be metal factory finished to match adjacent facility.
- 18. Specify screen wall materials and finishes that do not require painting or maintenance beyond periodic cleaning.
- 19. Group 1, 2, 3, and 4 picnic tables and seating shall be concrete round or steel rectangular. Generally limit picnic tables, barbeque grills and drinking fountains to lodging, dormitories, housing areas, parks and recreation areas.
- 20. Limit the use of freestanding planters to areas with ongoing maintenance.
- 21. Provide kiosks only where there is a documented need for visual communication of posted messages. When used, match adjacent facilities in materials and detailing and consolidate kiosks with other site furnishings within 30 feet of major pedestrian paths. Limit kiosks to facility Groups 1 and 2 and parks.
- 22. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

C07.2. Site Furnishings Products, Materials and Color

Note: Apply the below base-wide standards for Site Furnishings (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

C07.2.1. Barbeque Grills

♠ Applicable ♠ N/A
Number of base standards 2
Image Tool 250 x 188



| Type: | Charcoal, small |
|---------|--|
| Applies | to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other |
| Mfr: | Char-wood |
| Color: | Factory, Black |
| Finish: | Mill |
| Model # | #: FC-1193 |
| Other: | Concrete foundation, coordinate with Base Architect |
| | |
| UFGS: | N/A |
| | |
| Type: | Natural Gas |
| Applies | to: Group 1 • Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 • Other |
| Mfr: | BBQ Coach |
| Color: | Natural stainless steel |
| Finish: | Mill |
| Model # | t: 32" 4-Burner |
| Other: | Built-in Concrete or masonry, coordinate with Base Architect |
| | |
| UFGS: | N/A |



♠ Applicable N/A

Number of base standards 3

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Precast ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: Materials, Inc. Color: Weatherstone Gray Finish: Standard Finish (Smooth) Model #: Mesa, Rectangular design Other: Coordinate concrete paving with base architect UFGS: N/A Type: **Metal Slats or Mesh** Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: **TBD** Color: Brown Finish: Powder coat Model #: Arms integrated with mounting

Other: Free standing or ground mounted. Use only where shade is available.



UFGS: N/A



| Recycled Plastic |
|---|
| to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Othe |
| The Park Catalog |
| Slats: cedar or brown; black base |
| Factory |
| #: 289-1106, 6ft Comfort Park Avenue Recycled Plastic Bench |
| Recreational areas only |
| |
| |
| |
| |

C07.2.3. Bike Racks

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base

Type:

Style 1



Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ● Other Mfr: Brandir International Inc. Color: Galvanized or Medium Bronze Finish: Factory Model #: The Ribbon Bike Rack, RB-07 Other: N/A UFGS: N/A

C07.2.4. Bike Lockers

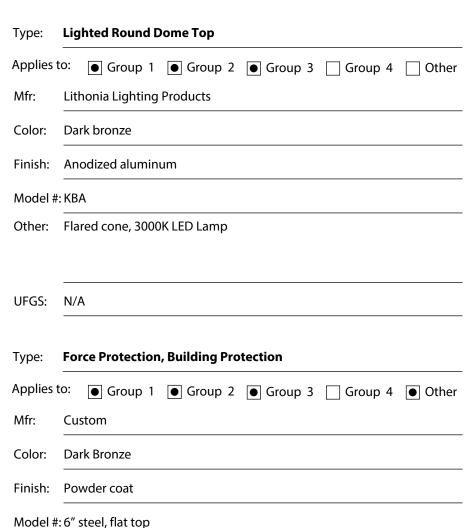
○ Applicable ● N/A

Applicable \(\cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 4

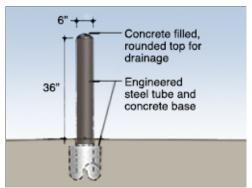
Image Tool 250 x 188

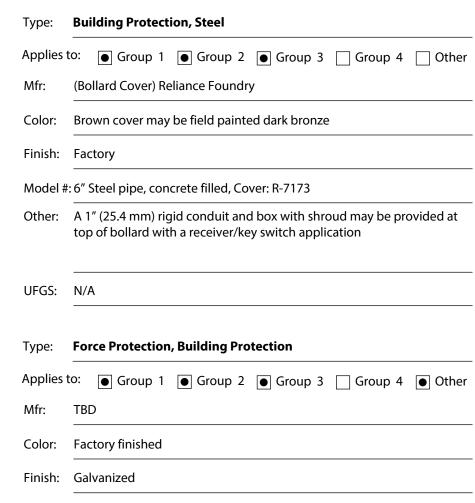






Other: For Group 3, use only in high visibility areas





For Group 3, use dark bronze in high visibility areas; galvanized may be

used in low visibility areas of Groups 1 and 2



Model #: 6" steel, flat top

N/A

UFGS:

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: 1

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ● Group 4 ● Other

Mfr: TBD

Color: Dark Bronze

Finish: Powder coated

Model #: Dome roof

Other: Provide concrete slab and 2 pre-manufactured aluminum benches

UFGS: N/A

C07.2.7. Drinking Fountains

● Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: **Pedestal**

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Most Dependable Fountains, Inc.

Color: Natural

Finish: Stainless Steel

Model #: MDF 440 SMSS

Other: Accessible

UFGS: N/A

C07.2.8. Dumpster Enclosures / Gates

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: 1: CMU and Steel

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ● Other

Mfr: TBD

Color: Beige CMU and galvanized or powder coated dark bronze gates

Finish: Split face CMU, factory-finished gates

Model #: Match adjacent building, 8x8x16 Nominal, face and corner CMU units

Other: Gates: Steel frame with steel slats or Berridge Deep-Deck; gates are

optional in low visibility areas of Group 3

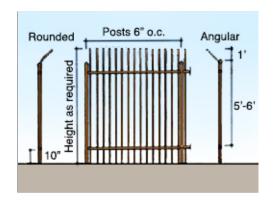
UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry, Section 05 50 13 Misc. Metal

C07.2.9. Fencing

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 4

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style A Barrier: High security, high visibility

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: TBD

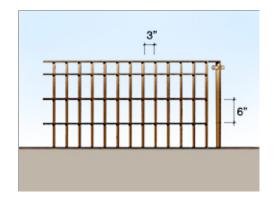
Color: Dark bronze

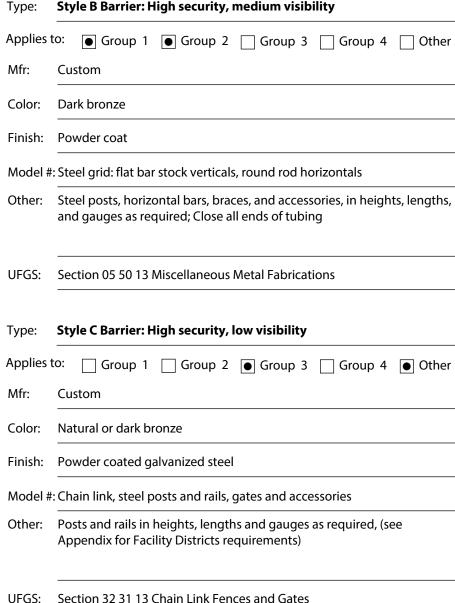
Finish: Powder coat

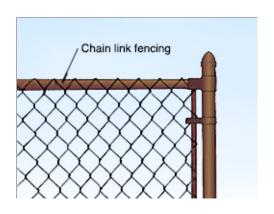
Model #: Steel posts, rails and pickets (vertical, bent outward at top)

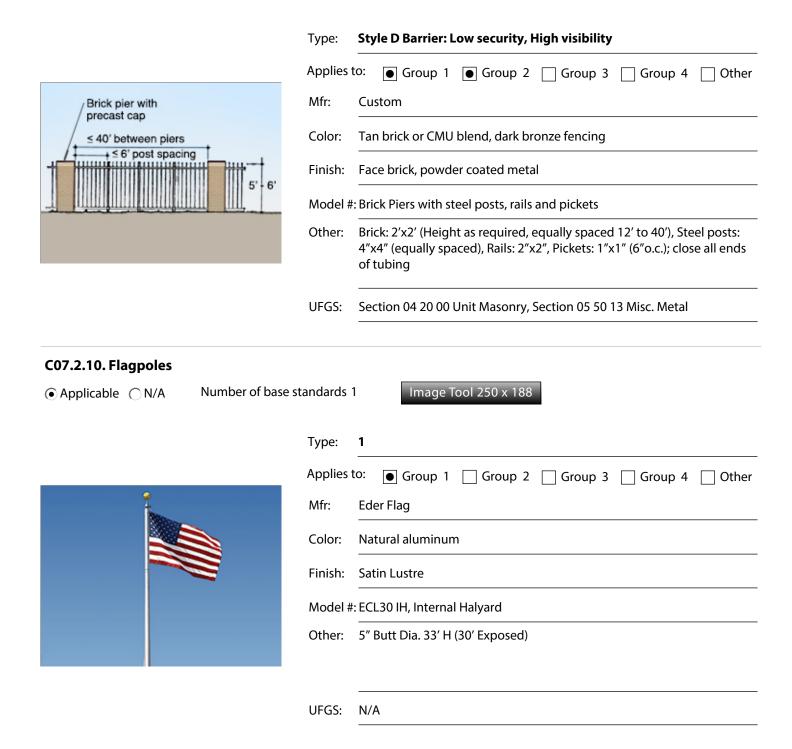
Other: Split Face, beige CMU piers may be used

UFGS: Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications









C07.2.11. Lighting – Landscape / Accent

Please refer to the Lighting section.

C07.2.12. Litter and Ash Receptacles

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



| Type: | Style 1: Precast Panels with Steel Frame |
|---------|--|
| Applies | to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other |
| Mfr: | Belson |
| Color: | Beige |
| Finish: | Factory |
| Model # | #: 3970 Driftwood with 4003, River Rock |
| Other: | Landmark Series, 35 gallon waste container, dome top; may be used in parks or commercial areas |
| UFGS: | N/A |
| Type: | Style 2: Steel |
| Applies | to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other |
| Mfr: | The Park Catalog |
| Color: | Brown |
| Finish: | Factory finished |
| Model # | #: 398-8002, Plaza Steel Strap Trash Receptacle, 36 Gallon |
| Other: | Flat top lid |
| | |
| | |



UFGS: N/A

Number of base standards 2



| Type: | Concrete, Round |
|---------|---|
| Applies | to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other |
| Mfr: | Belson |
| Color: | Beige |
| Finish: | Ground & Polished (or acid washed) |
| Model # | t: TF312512, 4 seats |
| Other: | N/A |
| | |
| UFGS: | N/A |
| Type: | Steel, Rectangular |
| Applies | to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other |
| Mfr: | Belson |
| Color: | Brown top and seats, black base |
| Finish: | Factory |
| Model # | t: 238-V6 or 238-V8 |
| Other: | Perforated Pattern. Length to be determined by user |
| | |
| UFGS: | N/A |



Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188 **Precast concrete** Type: Applies to: ● Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other 40" Mfr: Materials, Inc. Weatherstone Gray Round or square Color: shapes Finish: Smooth 16" high Model #: Santa Fe 24" wide Other: N/A UFGS: N/A C07.2.15. Play Equipment Image Tool 250 x 188 ● Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Type: Steel Applies to: Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ● Group 4 ● Other Little Tikes Commercial Mfr: Color: Varies Finish: Powdercoated Steel

Model #: N-R-G Freestyle

N/A

economically feasible.

Coordinate with Base Architect. Recommend shade covering when

Other:

UFGS:

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: **CMU**

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ● Other

Mfr: Custom

Color: Beige CMU and galvanized or powder coated dark bronze gates

Finish: Split face, smooth accents

Model #: 8x8x16 Nominal, face and corner CMU units

Other: Gates: Steel frame with steel slats or Berridge Deep-Deck

UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry, Section 05 50 13 Misc. Metal

C07.2.17. Tree Grates

 Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Cast Iron

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Neenah Enterprises, Inc.

Color: Natural cast iron

Finish: Cast

Model #: 2-Piece, round or square

Other: N/A

UFGS: N/A

C07.2.18. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

C08. EXTERIOR SIGNS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Exterior Signs: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/exterior-signs/index.html

C08.1. Colors and Types

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 2





Group 1 & 2 Sign with Approved Features

Exterior Building Sign

- 1. Provide concise functional signs as a visually unifying element with consistent colors and types for all Installation and Gate Identification Signs; Building Identification Signs; Traffic Control Devices; Directional and Wayfinding Signs; and Informational and Motivational Signs.
- 2. Provide signs with the lowest overall life cycle costs considering initial cost, ongoing maintenance and lifespan while meeting quality standards. Follow IFS for specifications appropriate for the local climate to withstand weathering.
- 3. Reduce the number of signs, reduce visual clutter and provide only essential signs required for identification, directions, instructions, and customer service following UFC 3-120-01. Remove non-conforming signs during renovation projects.
- 4. Use clear concise terms for content consistent with UFC 3-120-01.
- 5. Display of emblems on building exterior walls or other permanent structures must be approved on a case by case basis.
- 6. Raised "standout" letters and numbers may be used for Group 1 with approval on a case by case basis.
- 7. Group 2 and 3 facilities shall have wall mounted facility signs with sizes and layouts following UFC 3-120-01. Signs are not permitted for Group 4 facilities.
- 8. Only one identification sign is permitted at each building entrance. Include a building address consistent with US Postal Service protocols following UFC 3-120-01.
- 9. Traffic Control Devices, which regulate vehicular traffic on the installation, shall conform to the standards in the Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) published by the Federal Highway Administration. Coordinate street signs with this IFS.
- 10. Provide Directional and Wayfinding Signs and address both pedestrian and vehicular traffic following UFC 3-120-01 for size, layout and content.
- 11. Reserved parking signs should be kept to a minimum. When approved, provide post-mounted sign faces in base standard materials and colors. Consider "bracketing" a designated area with a single sign at each end.

- 12. Parking lot identification signs may be used to identify areas or rows within large lots.
- 13. Follow the guidelines and requirements in ABAAS and the MUTCD for accessible parking signs.
- 14. Follow UFC 3-120-01 for Informational and Motivational Signs for location, size, layout and content.
- 15. Symbols or pictographs (graphic expressions of actual objects) may be used to indicate service, mandatory / prohibitory, sports, and recreation when rapid communication is necessary.
- 16. Refer to UFC 3-120-01 for prohibited signs, which include those with animated, blinking, chasing, flashing, or moving effects.
- 17. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

C08.1.1. Materials and Color Specifications

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- 1. Fabricate sign panels from, Aluminum flat sheet, for Typical sign Face. Sign posts shall be Extruded aluminum with capped top ends for Typical Sign Post in a concrete base.
- 2. Fence mounted sign panels may be attached with exposed fasteners.

Small graphics do not apply

- 3. All signage shall follow Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) using standard colors. Refer to MUTCD color specifications, which provide cross-referenced Pantone Matching System (PMS) numbers.
- a. Standard Blue

○ Applicable ● N/A

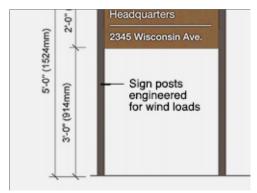
- b. Standard Dark Bronze (also Federal Standard Color 30040)
- c. Standard Red
- d. Standard Black (non-reflective)
- e. Standard White
- f. Standard Brown

Materials and Color Specifications

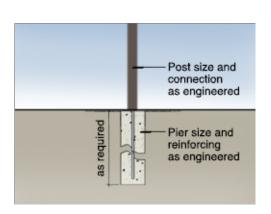
● Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 3 Image Tool 250 x 188



| Type: | Typical Sign Fce | |
|-----------|---|--|
| Applies t | co: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other | |
| Mfr: | Custom | |
| Color: | Medium bronze | |
| Finish: | Matte vinyl | |
| Model # | : Aluminum flat sheet | |
| Other: | Mount to square posts. Provide sizes following UFC. | |
| | | |
| UFGS: | Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications | |
| | | |



| Type: | Typical Sign Post |
|---------|--|
| Applies | to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other |
| Mfr: | Custom |
| Color: | Dark bronze, powder coat finish |
| Finish: | Matte |
| Model # | : Extruded aluminum with capped top ends |
| Other: | Square posts and squared ends. Provide engineered sizes. |
| | |
| UFGS: | Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications |



| Type: | Typical Sign Base |
|---------|---|
| Applies | to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other |
| Mfr: | Custom |
| Color: | Natural Gray |
| Finish: | Sonotube-formed |
| Model # | #: 24" height x 12" diameter, as engineered. |
| Other: | At grade with 3/4" chamfer. Provide engineered sizes. |
| | |
| UFGS: | UFGS 03 30 00 Cast-in-place Concrete |

C08.1.2. Installation and Gate Identification Signs

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



| Type: | Primary, Secondary and Tertiary (Uses per UFC) |
|---------|---|
| Applies | to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other |
| Mfr: | Custom |
| Color: | Dark bronze, brushed aluminum, accents per UFC |
| Finish: | Powder coat or vinyl sign face |
| Model | #: Metal frame and panels, buff stone base |
| Other: | White vinyl lettering. Provide dimensions per UFC. Secondary signs shall match primary sign's materials, but shall be smaller in size per UFC. Tertiary signs shall follow the UFC. |
| UFGS: | Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications |

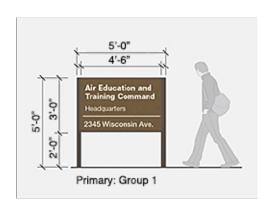
C08.1.3. Building Identification Signs

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 5

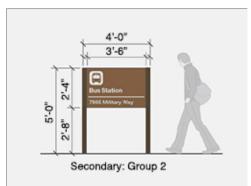
Type:

Image Tool 250 x 188

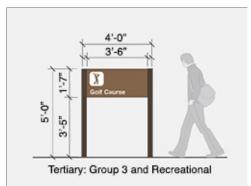


| Applies | Applies to: • Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other | |
|---------|---|--|
| Mfr: | Custom | |
| Color: | Medium brown face, dark bronze posts, white vinyl lettering | |
| Finish: | Powder coat or vinyl sign face | |
| Model # | Model #: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts | |
| Other: | Provide layout and sizes per UFC. | |
| | | |
| UFGS: | Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications | |
| | | |

Freestanding Primary Sign (Sizes and Uses per UFC)



| Туре: | Freestanding Secondary Sign (Sizes and Uses per UFC) |
|---------|---|
| Applies | to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other |
| Mfr: | Custom |
| Color: | Medium brown face, dark bronze posts, white vinyl lettering |
| Finish: | Powder coat or vinyl sign face |
| Model # | e: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts |
| Other: | Provide layout and sizes per UFC. |
| UFGS: | Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications |
| Туре: | Freestanding Tertiary Sign (Sizes and Uses per UFC) |
| Applies | to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other |
| Mfr: | Custom |
| Color: | Medium brown face, dark bronze posts, white vinyl lettering |
| Finish: | Powder coat or vinyl sign face |
| | |



Mfr: Custom

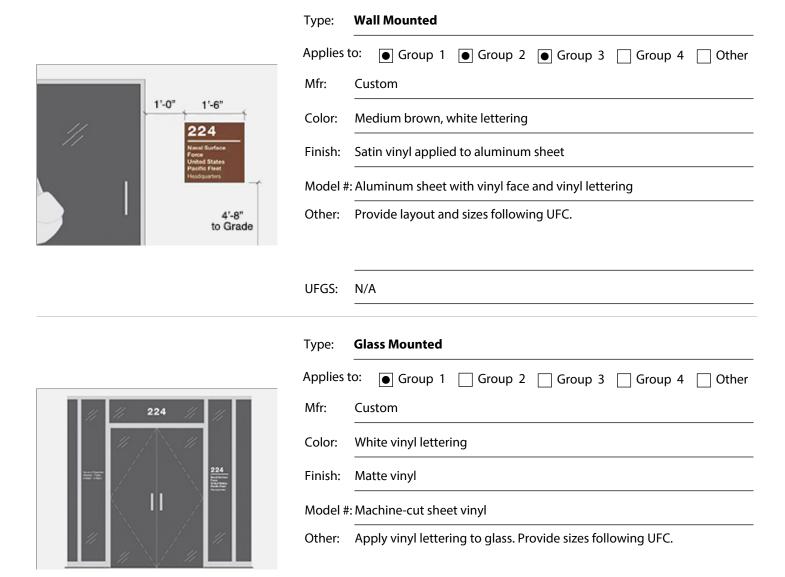
Color: Medium brown face, dark bronze posts, white vinyl lettering

Finish: Powder coat or vinyl sign face

Model #: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts

Other: Provide layout and sizes per UFC.

UFGS: Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications



UFGS:

N/A

C08.1.4. Traffic Control Devices (Street Signs)

Applicable \(\cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Custom

Color: White reflective lettering on a Standard Brown background

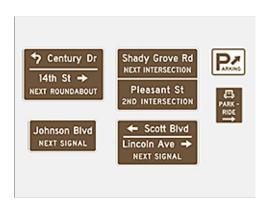
Finish: Powder coat or vinyl sign face

Model #: Aluminum sign face, control arm or pole mounted

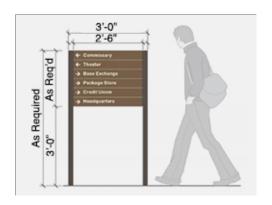
Other: Mount 7' above grade minimum, pictographs and logos are prohibited on street name signs per UFC.

C08.1.5. Directional and Wayfinding Signs

● Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 2



| Type: | Vehicular | |
|---|---|--|
| Applies | to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other | |
| Mfr: | Custom | |
| Color: | Medium brown face, dark bronze posts, white reflective lettering | |
| Finish: | Powder coat or vinyl sign face | |
| Model #: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts | | |
| Other: | Conform to the requirements of the MUTCD and its DoD Supplement. Provide types and sizes where required by UFC. | |
| UFGS: | Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications | |



Type: Pedestrian

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Custom

Color: Medium brown face, dark bronze posts

Finish: Powder coat or vinyl sign face

Model #: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts

Other: White vinyl lettering. Provide types and sizes where required by UFC.

UFGS: Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications

C08.1.6. Informational Signs

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 2



Informational Sign



Static Display Sign at Building

- 1. Minimize informational signs such as static display signs, hours of operation, and project signs to reduce visual clutter.
- 2. Static display signs shall have standard Medium brown face, dark bronze posts, and white vinyl lettering (color).
- 3. Hours of operation signs shall have a level of quality equivalent to the Facility Group number.
- 4. Temporary / Project Signage shall be judiciously placed to avoid visual clutter. Schedule and arrange for the removal of these signs prior to installation.
- 5. Minimize informational signs such as static display signs, hours of operation, and project signs to reduce visual clutter.
- 6. Static display signs shall have standard Medium brown face, dark bronze posts, and white vinyl lettering (color).
- 7. Hours of operation signs shall have a level of quality equivalent to the Facility Group number.
- 8. Temporary / Project Signage shall be judiciously placed to avoid visual clutter. Schedule and arrange for the removal of these signs prior to installation.

C08.1.7. Motivational Signage

- Applicable

 N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
- 1. Provide professionally produced motivational signs as important elements of campaigns to boost morale, improve safety, aid in recruiting, and accomplish other motivational objectives. Consolidate this signage to reduce visual clutter.
- 2. Motivational signs shall be limited to an electronic "marquee" type changeable sign near each gate. Temporary signs are not permitted. Motivational information may also be posted in a small, printed format on kiosks in specified, high pedestrian use areas. Refer to kiosks under Site Furnishings.
- 3. Follow UFC 3-120-01 for color and layout. Note that animated, blinking, chasing, flashing, or moving effects are prohibited by the UFC.

Vehicular

Type:

4. Mount marquee signs on reinforced concrete bases with a natural warm gray color.

C08.1.8. Parking Lot Signs

○ Applicable ● N/A

C08.1.9. Regulatory Signs

Applicable \(\cap \text{N/A} \)Number of base standards 1



| .) [0. | |
|---------|---|
| Applies | to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other |
| Mfr: | TBD |
| Color: | Medium brown face, dark bronze posts |
| Finish: | Powder coat or vinyl sign face |
| Model # | t: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts |
| Other: | White vinyl lettering. Provide types and sizes where required by UFC. |
| | |
| UFGS: | Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications |

- 1. Regulatory signage, which restricts, warns and advises, shall be limited to those mandated under Highway/Traffic, Government Warning, and/or Parking Regulation. Follow UFC 3-120-01 and its industry references for color and layout.
- 2. Provide a comprehensive, systematic approach to regulatory signage to avoid clutter and confusion from "over signage."

3. Maintain base warning signs for safety and security at the base perimeter and at specific secure areas. Use these to notify visitors of restrictions governing conduct on the base, as well as other security procedures.

C08.1.10. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

C09. LIGHTING

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Lighting: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/lighting/index.html

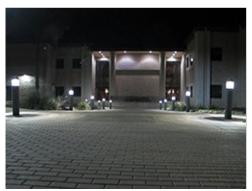
C09.1. Fixtures and Lamping

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 6



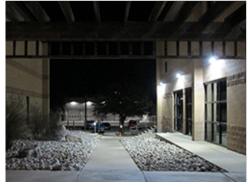
Multi-Purpose Lighting



Coordinated Site and Building Lighting



Ambient and Downlighting



Building and Area Lighting



Indirect and Direct Lighting



Typical Parking Lot Lighting

- 1. Provide, coordinate and efficiently install street, parking lot, sidewalk and facility lighting with appropriate luminaires, lamping, and placement and spacing following UFC 3-530-01 and Installation Facilities Standards (IFS); ensure the level of quality is consistent with the adjacent facility group number. Pole-mounted, wall-mounted and bollard fixtures are permitted.
- 2. When appropriate, Integrate controls to automatically reduce lighting power during periods of non-activity; automatically turn off power when sufficient daylight is available.

- 3. Ensure continuity and consistency of lighting elements. In new construction generally match post types, fixture types, styles, heights, sizes, materials, colors, and lamp types of adjacent facilities and the facility district.
- 4. Economically provide renewable-energy power sources such as solar photovoltaic when feasible.
- 5. Use appropriately designed or shielded luminaires to direct light downward to minimize light pollution and intrusion onto adjacent sites and to facilitate night training.
- 6. Calculate illuminant levels for all lighting applications following UFC 3-530-01 and ensure compliance with pre-curfew maximum brightness level requirements.
- 7. Sufficiently address environmental factors to prevent corrosion and weathering of fixtures, plinths and other components.
- 8. Wall mounted fixtures should respond to the architectural character of the facility.
- 9. Efficient accent lighting of architectural and landscape features may be provided for Group 1, lodging and historical applications. Accent lights in ground-mounted locations may be provided for static displays and signs when these do not conflict or cause hazards with overhead aircraft.
- 10. Comply with UFC 3-530-01 for light source technology and lamp types. High efficiency lamping such as LED is preferred for most applications.
- 11. Provide round tapered, square non-tapered, or round non-tapered aluminum poles and aluminum fixtures with square, rectangular or circular housings in colors and shapes to match adjacent facilities and the facility district. Exceptions may be made on a case by case basis.

C09.2. Light Fixture Types

Note: Apply the below base-wide standards for Light Fixtures (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

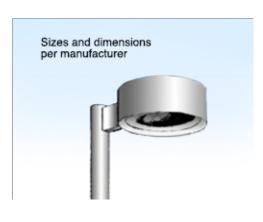
Style 1

C09.2.1. Street Lighting

Type:



| Applies t | o: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other |
|-----------|--|
| Mfr: | TBD |
| Color: | Clear or Dark Bronze Anodized |
| Finish: | Factory |
| Model # | Rectilinear Cutoff, Single Arm or Dual Arm Mount |
| Other: | Lamp: LED. Follow manufacturer's recommendations for fixture base. |
| | |
| UFGS: | N/A |



| Type: | Style 2 |
|---------|--|
| Applies | to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other |
| Mfr: | Hubbell, Kim Lighting |
| Color: | Clear Anodized as approved by BCE |
| Finish: | Factory |
| Model # | t: Round Cutoff, Single Arm or Dual Arm Mount |
| Other: | Lamp: LED. Follow manufacturer's recommendations for fixture base. |
| | |
| UFGS: | N/A |
| | |

C09.2.2. Parking Lot Lighting

• Applicable N/A Number of base standards 2

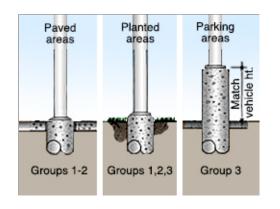
lmage Tool 250 x 188

Parking Lot Style 1

Type:



| Applies | to: • Group 1 • Group 2 • Group 3 Group 4 • Other |
|---------|--|
| Mfr: | Hubbell, Kim Lighting |
| Color: | Dark Bronze Anodized (or Clear Anodized as approved by BCE) |
| Finish: | Factory |
| Model # | : Rectilinear or Round Cutoff, Single Arm or Dual Arm Mount |
| Other: | Lamp: LED. Follow manufacturer's recommendations for fixture base. |
| | |
| UFGS: | N/A |



Type: Parking Lot Fixture Base

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Custom

Color: Natural gray

Finish: Trowel

Model #: Form-cast, round

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 03 33 00 Cast-In-Place Architectural Concrete

C09.2.3. Lighted Bollards

Applicable \(\cap \) N/ANumber of base standards 1

Type:

Image Tool 250 x 188

Lighted Round Dome Top



C09.2.4. Sidewalk Lighting

| • Applicable N/A Number of base s | standards | 1 Image Tool 250 x 188 |
|--|-------------------|--|
| | Type: | Rectilinear Cutoff |
| | Applies | to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other |
| | Mfr: | Hubbell, Kim Lighting |
| Single mount Double mount | Color: | Dark Bronze Anodized (or Clear Anodized as approved by BCE) |
| Bollard A | Finish: | Anodized aluminum |
| Bollard | Model # | t: Rectilinear Cutoff, Single Arm or Dual Arm Mount |
| | Other: | Lamp: LED. Follow manufacturer's recommendations for fixture base. |
| | | |
| | UFGS: | N/A |
| ● Applicable ○ N/A Number of base s | tandards Type: | 1 Image Tool 250 x 188 Style 1 |
| AND AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PRO | Applies | to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other |
| | Mfr: | Vista Lighting |
| | Color: | Dark bronze anodized |
| | Finish: | Smooth |
| | Model # | t: Aluminum Step and Brick Lights, 5230 round louvered |
| | Other: | Lamp: LED |
| | UFGS: | N/A |
| | | |
| C09.2.6. Other | | |
| ○ Applicable ● N/A | | |

D. FACILITIES EXTERIORS

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188



Expression of Structure in Entrance Portico and in Pilasters along Facades



Base Standard Materials



Entrance Feature



Glazing System with Integrated Shading

D01. SUPPORTING THE MISSION

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Supporting the Mission: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/supporting-the-mission/index.html

D02. SUSTAINABILITY

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Sustainability: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/supporting-the-mission/index.html

D03. ARCHITECTURAL FEATURES

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Architectural Features: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/architectural-features/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188



Group 3

Group 4

























D03.1. Orientation, Massing and Scale

- 1. Orient new buildings to maximize energy efficiency, passive solar and daylighting potential of the building; narrow buildings oriented along an east-west axis are preferred to minimize heat gain in the summer months and maximize heat gain in the winter months resulting in less overall energy usage.
- 2. Provide orthogonal geometry for principal building form; angular geometry may be used sparingly for Group 1 and used only for emphasis at specific areas such as building entrances and stairwells.
- 3. Maintain a human scale and reduce the visual scale of large buildings with sub-massing related to interior functional operations; create consistent form and scale in adjacent buildings with compatible profiles or silhouettes.
- 4. Building heights shall not be limited; however, building heights over 1 story shall only be considered on a case by case basis.
- 5. Combine functions where practical to avoid a proliferation of small, independent structures.
- 6. Use and coordinate shading devices with orientation and for function.

D03.2. Architectural Character

- 1. Develop architectural features, materials and detailing appropriate for the Facility Group designation. Refer to Building Entrances, Wall Systems and Roof Systems.
- 2. Respond to the local climate and regional influences with environmentally functional architectural features.
- 3. For new facilities design generally maintain consistency and visual unity through compatible architectural features: repeated use of similar forms such as roofs, and through recurring elements such as doors, windows, materials and colors. Where adjacent buildings are substandard match to the most updated buildings in the area.
- 4. Reinforce the campus environment and educational theme with a related architectural theme expressive of innovation and technology that represents the current Air Force Training and Education Command mission.
- 5. All facilities shall express sustainability through their orientation, massing, shape, form, materials, and detailing. Louvers, fins and other shading devices may be used to control heat gain and glare and to and improve energy efficiency.
- 6. Strive for economical construction without compromising a high-quality, professional appearance.

D03.3. Details and Color

- 1. Provide a palette of earth-tone colors related to the native landscape in brick, block, stucco and powder-coated metals. Refer to wall systems for detailed material listings.
- 2. Relate the level of architectural detailing to the Facility Group number.
- 3. Use only integrally colored materials as the predominant exterior building material; do not use materials that require field painting and ongoing maintenance.
- 4. Provide consistent and compatible colors for every exterior building feature, including walls, roofs, doors, windows, gutters, downspouts, utility and mechanical elements, and other visible elements.
- 5. Noncorrosive metals with factory applied color finishes are required.
- 6. Combine details and color with orientation, massing, scale and architectural character to maintain base compatibility.
- 7. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

D03.3.1. Climate-based Data and Life-Cycle Cost-Effective Passive and Natural Design Strategies:

Climate dominated by mechanical cooling

| Climate dominated by mechanical heating | | |
|--|--|--|
| Climate with similar mechanical cooling / heating needs | | |
| Climate with minimal mechanical cooling / heating needs | | |
| Climate with high humidity | | |
| Climate with moderate humidity | | |
| Climate with low humidity | | |
| High Solar Insolation | | |
| Moderate Solar Insolation | | |
| Low Solar Insolation | | |
| Soils with High Thermal Conductivity | | |
| Soils with Average Thermal Conductivity | | |
| Soils with Low Thermal Conductivity | | |
| Other: Consider the potential for flooding and corrosion. | | |
| her: | | |
| cility: Narrow buildings along E-W axis are preferred | | |
| all: Integral shading features and devices / interior masonry thermal mass walls (for cooling) | | |
| pors: Recessed are preferred | | |
| indows: Provide insulating glazing on north-facing windows / maximize shading for windows on south façades | | |
| of: High to medium albedo, moderate slope for all buildings except hangars / large industrial facilities | | |
| ructure: Do not expose ferrous metals. Provide factory finished non-ferrous metals or concrete | | |
| EP: Ground-source following LCCA | | |
| her: Internal thermal mass walls may be used for cooling following LCCA. | | |
| her: | | |

Note: Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Architectural Features (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

D03.3.2. Natural Ventilation System

• Applicable N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1 Aluminum Windows

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Kawneer (or equivalent)

Color: Dark Bronze (or clear anodized as approved by BCE

Finish: Anodized

Model #: 2x4, slider or awning type

Other: Provide thermally broken frames.

UFGS: Section 08 41 13 Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts

D03.3.3. Thermal Mass

Applicable \(\cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: **Style 1 Interior Wall Material**

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Custom, TBD

Color: Beige Brick or CMU blend

Finish: Light texture

Model #: Coursed unit masonry

Other: Brick is preferred. Concrete block may only be used in Group 3 when

approved by the BCE.

UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry

D03.3.4. Thermal Shading

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1 Wall Devices

Mfr: Kawneer (or equivalent) or custom

Color: Dark bronze

Applies to:

Finish: Factory, to match frames

Model #: Louver

Other: Shading devices may be attached to frames or structure

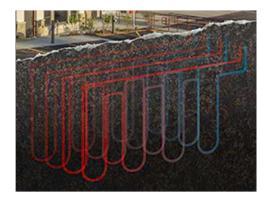
UFGS: Section 08 41 13 Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

D03.3.5. Renewable Heating/Cooling

Applicable \(\cap \) N/ANumber of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1 Geothermal (Ground Source)

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Climate Master

Color: N/A

Finish: N/A

Model #: N/A

Other: Vertical ground loop well field

UFGS: Section 23 81 47 Water-Loop and Ground-Loop Heat Pump Systems

D03.3.6. Solar Photovoltaic System

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



| Type: | Ground-Mounted PV Panels | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Applies to: ☐ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ● Other | | | |
| Mfr: | TBD | | |
| Color: | Factory | | |
| Finish: | Matte | | |
| Model # | Flat plate collector, fixed or tracking | | |
| Other: | Coordinate with local utility provider | | |
| | | | |
| UFGS: | Section 48 14 00 Solar Photovoltaic Systems | | |
| | | | |
| Type: | Roof-Mounted PV Array | | |
| Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other | | | |
| Mfr: | TBD | | |
| Color: | Factory | | |
| Finish: | Matte | | |
| Model # | : Flat plate collector | | |
| Other: | Coordinate with local utility provider | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |



UFGS: Section 48 14 00 Solar Photovoltaic Systems

D03.3.7. Solar Thermal System

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1



| Type: | Wall-Mounted or Roof-Mounted Panels | | |
|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Applies | to: • Group 1 • Group 2 • Group 3 • Group 4 Other | | |
| Mfr: | TBD | | |
| Color: | Factory | | |
| Finish: | Matte | | |
| Model #: Flat plate collector | | | |
| Other: | N/A | | |
| | | | |
| UFGS: | Section 48 14 13 Solar Liquid Flat Plate and Evacuated Tube Collectors | | |

D04. BUILDING ENTRANCES

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Building Entrances: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/building-entrances/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.



























D04.1. Primary Entrances

- 1. Emphasize the primary entrance in the overall building design with a projecting or recessed covering for weather protection following Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) for Facility Group designations.
- 2. Provide vestibules at entries in Groups 1, 2 and 3 unless used infrequently or serving unconditioned space following ASHRAE 90.1.
- 3. Fully integrate all elements including the design of handicap ramps in the overall design of the primary entrance in an organized uncluttered appearance.
- 4. Install paved transitional spaces sized for the building function and occupancy.
- 5. Install appropriate lighting and site furniture following ATFP and IFS.
- 6. Protect entrances from direct sun.
- 7. Provide porte cocheres or covered drop-offs when justified for lodging and medical facilities; do not use for prestige or architectural accents.

D04.2. Secondary Entrances

- 1. Provide vestibules at entries in Groups 1, 2 and 3 unless used infrequently or serving unconditioned space following ASHRAE 90.1; use of stair towers as vestibules for multi-story buildings is encouraged when building and / or energy codes are satisfied.
- 2. Reflect the character of the primary entrance to a lesser extent with a smaller scale.
- 3. Include a recess or projection for weather protection and shading.
- 4. Integrate service and egress doors and loading areas with the building design by matching the materials and detailing and reflect the overall quality of the facility.
- 5. Incorporate egress structures such as stair towers into the facility design.
- 6. Canopies may be used for service and loading areas; weather protection beyond weatherstripping is not required at doors used only for life safety egress.
- 7. Develop building massing and orientation to minimize the appearance of service and loading areas; physically and visually separate these from primary entrances.
- 8. Loading areas must be organized, orderly and have an uncluttered appearance.

D05. WALL SYSTEMS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Doors and Windows:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/wall-systems/index.html

Comply with AFCFS Recommended Materials:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/wall-systems/materials/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188

























Group 3

D05.1. Hierarchy of Materials

- 1. Group 1 facilities may have more refined detailing than Group 2 and Group 2 may have more definition than Group 3.
- 2. Group 1 facilities shall be predominantly CMU; architectural precast panels and cast-in-place concrete may be used also. CMU may be split face, ground face or smooth face. Refer to the Appendix for special requirements of Facility Districts.
- 3. Group 2 facilities shall be predominantly brick and stucco. CMU may be used also.
- 4. Group 3 facilities shall be insulated metal panel systems.
- 5. Group 4 shall be one of the following materials: brick and horizontal siding.
- 6. Multi-story Group 1 and 2 facilities may include a transition in material, color or detailing to create a visual base. Generally limit CMU to one accent color.
- 7. Use high-performance building envelopes following UFC 1-200-02.
- 8. Use detailing not subject to excessive weathering. Provide wall accents consistently throughout the base.
- 9. Use integrally colored materials and factory-finished metals. Do not paint concrete block.
- 10. Translucent wall panels may be used in Facility Group 1 and recreational uses in Group 2 when protected from direct solar gain. Provide insulating panels and shading appropriate for the orientation and exposure.
- 11. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

D05.2. Layout, Organization and Durability

- 1. Organize wall components including doors, windows, accents, shading devices, control joints, etc., to provide an ordered, professional appearance.
- 2. Integrate shading devices into the overall composition of the wall.
- 3. Integrate fixed shading devices at all exterior glazing exposed to summer UV heat gain as a passive design measure to reduce energy use. Ensure adequate shading at west entrances. Deciduous trees may be used for shading.
- 4. Shading systems may be included as part of a manufacturer's window system or may be custom systems integrated into the wall.
- 5. Provide appropriate transitions between dissimilar materials to mitigate effects of thermal expansion and galvanic action.
- 6. All joint sealants shall be slightly darker than adjacent surfaces.
- 7. Materials requiring regular maintenance are not permitted; do not use exposed structural steel or other materials that require painting.
- 8. Refer to C07.2.16. Screen Walls for materials and colors of freestanding walls.
- 9. Refer to D07. Roofs for downspouts.

D05.3. Equipment, Vents and Devices

- 1. Arrange all mechanical, electrical, fire alarm, lightning protection and other system components to create an orderly appearance that integrates with the wall system.
- 2. Do not expose conduits, cables, piping, lightning protection components, etc. on exterior walls; if unavoidable in renovations, finish these elements to match the adjacent wall surface.

Avoid visual clutter and where surface-mounted elements are required they shall match the wall color.

D05.4 Wall Systems Materials

Facility Group 1 wall materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 3 wall materials shall be as follows.

Primary: CMU

Primary:

Insulated Metal Panels

Secondary:

Architectural Precast Panels or C.I.P. Concrete

Secondary:

Ribbed Metal Sheeting

Accent:

Optional: Stone, Brick or Metal Panels

Accent:

Facility Group 4 wall materials shall be as follows.

Primary:

CMU and Brick

Facility Group 2 wall materials shall be as follows.

Primary:

Brick

N/A

Secondary:

Stucco

Secondary:

Fiber Cement Siding, Trim Boards

Accent:

Optional: Alt color CMU, Brick, Stucco or Metal

Accent:

N/A

Note: Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Wall Systems (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

D05.4.1. Flat Metal Panels

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 3

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Insulated Metal Panel System - Kynar Finish, Light

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Metl-Span

Model #: CF Santa Fe Insulated Metal Panel System

Color: Off-white

Mfr:

Finish: Heavy stucco-embossed

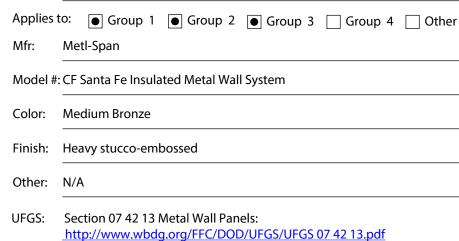
Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 07 42 13 Metal Wall Panels:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 13.pdf Section 07 42 63 Fabricated Wall Panel Assemblies:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 63.pdf





Section 07 42 63 Fabricated Wall Panel Assemblies: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 63.pdf

Flat Seam Panel - Weathering Steel

Section 07 42 13 Metal Wall Panels:

Insulated Metal Panel System - Kynar Finish, Dark

Type:

Type:

UFGS:



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: US Steel

Model #: Flat-seam cladding

Color: Natural weathered steel

Finish: Natural

Other: N/A

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 13.pdf Section 07 42 63 Fabricated Wall Panel Assemblies: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 63.pdf



| Type: | Modular Face Brick |
|---------|---|
| Applies | to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other |
| Mfr: | Local, TBD |
| Model # | t: Modular Face Brick, 2.3x4x8 nominal |
| Color: | Light and Medium Tan |
| Finish: | Straight Edges, smooth texture |
| Other: | Nominal size: 4x8x2.6 |
| UFGS: | Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry: |

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf



| Type: | Modular Face Brick |
|---------|---|
| Applies | to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other |
| Mfr: | Local, TBD |
| Model # | : Face Brick |
| Color: | Match Existing |
| Finish: | Match Existing |
| Other: | N/A |
| HEGS: | Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry |

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf

D05.4.3. Architectural Precast

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



| Type: | Coursed Precast or Precast Panels |
|---------|--|
| Applies | to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other |
| Mfr: | Local, TBD |
| Model # | : Smooth Casting |
| Color: | Light Beige/Earth tone |
| Finish: | Light texture |
| Other: | Accent color may be used |
| UFGS: | Section 03 45 00 Precast Architectural Concrete: |

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 45 00.pdf

D05.4.4. Stucco Over Sheathing

● Applicable ○ N/A

N/A N

Number of base standards 1

Type:

Image Tool 250 x 188

3-Coat Cementitious Stucco



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: La Habra

Model #: Traditional 3-coat system

Color: Beige

Finish: Sand

Other: Accent color may be used

UFGS: Section 09 24 23 Cement Stucco:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 24 23.pdf

D05.4.5. Curtain Wall

D05.4.6. Cast-In-Place Concrete

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

UFGS:

Image Tool 250 x 188



| Type: | Board-Formed or Sheet-Formed Bearing Walls |
|---------|--|
| Applies | to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other |
| Mfr: | Custom |
| Model # | Rough-sawn dimensional lumber or liner forming |
| Color: | Beige/Natural gray |
| Finish: | Board-formed or liner-formed texture exposed |
| Other: | Board-formed texture has no exposed form ties |
| | |

Section 03 33 00 Cast-In-Place Architectural Concrete: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 33 00.pdf

D05.4.7. Tilt-Up Concrete

○ Applicable ● N/A

D05.4.8. Ribbed Metal Sheeting

Applicable N/A Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



| Type: | Lap Seam |
|---------|---|
| Applies | to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other |
| Mfr: | TBD |
| Model # | : Lap Seam Panel, Corrugated |
| Color: | Light to medium beige |
| Finish: | Embossed Texture, factory finished |
| Other: | 24 Gauge Steel |
| UFGS: | Section 07 42 13 Metal Wall Panels: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 13 pdf |

D05.4.9. EIFS

○ Applicable ● N/A

D05.4.11. Concrete Block

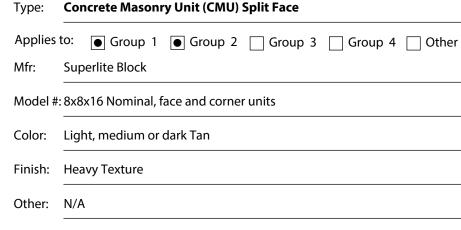
Applicable \(\cap \) N/ANumber of base standards 3

UFGS:

Image Tool 250 x 188

Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry:





http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf



Type: Concrete Masonry Unit (CMU) Ground Face

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Superlite Block

Model #: 8x8x16 nominal, face and corner units

Color: Light or medium beige

Finish: Ground with exposed aggregate

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf



| Type: | Concrete Masonry Unit (CMU) Smooth Face |
|---------|---|
| Applies | to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other |
| Mfr: | Superlite Block |
| Model # | t: 8x8x16 Nominal, face and corner units |
| Color: | Light or medium beige |
| Finish: | Light Texture |
| Other: | N/A |
| UFGS: | Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry: |

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf

D05.4.12. Fiber Cement Siding

Applicable \(\cap \text{N/A} \)Number of base standards 1

Type:

Style 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: James Hardie Building Products, Inc.

Model #: Horizontal Lap Siding, Shingle Siding

Color: Earth Tones

Finish: Wood Texture

Other: Hardie Plank, Hardie Shingle

UFGS: SECTION 074646 Fiber Cement Siding: (Not Available on UFGS)

D05.4.13. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

D06. DOORS AND WINDOWS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Doors and Windows:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/doors-and-windows/index.html

Comply with AFCFS Recommended Materials:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/doors-and-windows/materials/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188

























Group 4

Group 2

Group 3

D06.1. Types

- 1. Clear anodized aluminum doors, windows and frames with thermal breaks are preferred for Facility Groups 1-3 because they show less wear and weathering than dark anodized finishes; match the color of the door and frame. For renovation projects the color of new windows, doors and frames may match the existing ones.
- 2. Aluminum clad wood windows are preferred for Facility Group 4.
- 3. Standard-sized hinged doors are preferred. Use sliding, folding, overhead, sectional and other door configurations only to support mission operations.
- 4. Automatic doors are allowed only where functionally necessary.
- 5. Limit hollow metal doors and frames to security doors, utility rooms and mechanical rooms in Groups 1 and 2 and to any application in Group 3 facilities.
- 6. Utility and emergency egress doors shall match the wall color.
- 7. Passive thermal comfort methods of ventilation are encouraged where life-cycle cost justified.
- 8. Windows must meet force protection requirements.
- 9. Adjacent joint sealants should be slightly darker than the frame color.
- 10. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

D06.2. Layout and Geometry

- 1. Visually and functionally compose openings in walls for the climate-specific exposure.
- 2. Consistently use opening type, size, placement, mullion pattern, and color to reinforce the overall architectural design.
- 3. Openings shall augment interior lighting and space conditioning needs.
- 4. Protect against vandalism and intrusion and coordinate sound ratings.

D06.3. Glazing and Shading

- 1. Tinted, energy-efficient, low-e, double-pane glazing is encouraged; provide triple-pane glazing in extreme environments.
- 2. Glazing color shall follow Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).
- 3. Translucent wall panels may be integrated into wall systems.
- 4. Do not use mirrored glazing.
- 5. Fully integrate applicable shading designs for overhangs, louvers, light shelves and grilles.
- 6. Where appropriate, install window screens to take advantage of natural ventilation.

D06.4. Hardware

- 1. Provide hardware appropriate for the Facility Group while considering activity and frequency of use and local climate; hardware may be of higher visual quality for Facility Group 1.
- 2. Ensure hardware will perform throughout the facility's life span without showing extreme wear.
- 3. Select finishes that will not degrade by intensity of operation or exposure to the elements.

- 4. Use consistent finishes and color on window and door systems throughout a facility. For renovation projects the color of new hardware may match the existing hardware.
- 5. Design building systems to eliminate the need for security screens whenever possible.

D06.5. Doors and Windows Materials

Note: Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Doors and Windows (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

D06.5.1. Anodized Aluminum

● Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Kawneer (or equivalent)

Color: Natural aluminum

Finish: Clear anodized aluminum

Model #: 2x4, thermally broken framing

Other: Group 1 may use larger openings with larger framing sections

UFGS: Section 08 41 13 Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 41 13.pdf Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



| Type: | Hollow Metal Doors, Windows and Frames | | | | | | |
|-----------|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|-------|--|
| Applies 1 | to: | ● Group 1 | ● Group 2 | ● Group 3 | Group 4 | Other | |

Mfr: Steelcraft

Color: Medium Bronze

Finish: Powder Coated, Satin

Model #: 2x4, thermally broken framing

Other: Group 1 use only for secondary entrances or emergency egress

UFGS: Section 08 11 13 Steel Doors and Frames:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 11 13.pdf

D06.5.3. Aluminum-clad Wood

♠ Applicable N/A Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Aluminum-clad Residential

Applies to: ☐ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Marvin

Color: White or light Earth tones

Finish: Powder coated, satin

Model #: Aluminum-clad wood doors and windows

Other: Double hung windows

UFGS: Section 08 14 00 Wood Doors

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 14 00.pdf

Back to Table of Contents

D06.5.4. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

D07. ROOF SYSTEMS

 $Comply \ with \ AF \ Corporate \ Standards \ for \ Facilities \ Exteriors:$

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Roof Systems:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/roof-systems/index.html

Comply with AFCFS Recommended Materials:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/roof-systems/materials/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188















Group 3

Group 4











D07.1. Roof Type and Form

- 1. Use proven, cost-effective roof systems with high durability, weather resistance, and low maintenance that are compatible with Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) and requirements for the designated Facility Group.
- 2. Generally match the roof type and form of existing adjacent facilities in new construction.
- 3. Group 1 and 2 buildings shall use sloped standing seam metal roofs. Group 3 facilities shall use sloped mechanically-seamed batten metal roofing. Minimal-sloped roofs may be used as approved on a case basis.
- 4. Provide screens for roof-mounted appendages and equipment of the same materials, which are used predominantly in the building's roof systems.
- 5. Group 4 facilities shall have gabled or hipped roofs; composite shingles or concrete tile are permitted.
- 6. Roof eaves shall extend beyond the exterior wall for roof drainage and shading. Provide overhangs for shading in response to local climatic conditions, sized and proportioned to the height of the facility and to the window openings being shaded.
- 7. South-facing eaves shall coordinate with adjacent wall-mounted shading devices.
- 8. The color, shape and slope of the eave and soffit shall be compatible with adjacent facilities.
- 9. Keep roofs uncluttered and minimize penetrations.
- 10. Diminish massive roofs into coordinated smaller components consistent with adjacent facilities; avoid random, arbitrary changes.
- 11. Increase the insulation value of existing roofing systems during renovations if supported by life cycle cost and structural analysis.
- 12. Roofs shall be maintained for the life of the system and replaced in accordance with UFC 3-110-04 and AFI 32-1051. A warranty is required on all new roofs.
- 13. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.
- 14. Do not use ballasted EPDM or single membrane roofs.

D07.2. Roof Slope

- 1. Group 1 and 2 buildings shall use sloped roofs, min. 3:12.
- 2. Low-sloped roofs are allowed for larger structures or to match existing conditions on renovation projects. Minimal-sloped roofs may also be used for Group 3 facilities in high-visibility areas.
- 3. Group 4 facilities shall use 4:12 to 6:12 roof slopes.
- 4. Ensure adequate drainage, and connect to the subsurface rain collection system where available.
- 5. Provide roof slopes to accommodate solar photovoltaic, solar thermal, passive systems and daylighting when applicable following UFC 1-200-02. Group 3 facilities with large expansive roof areas are encouraged to install photovoltaic arrays.
- 6. Provide underlayments as required for the roofing type as directed by the UFC.

D07.3. Parapets and Copings

1. Extend wall materials vertically above the roof line and provide metal copings to contrast the wall. Ensure copings are properly flashed and detailed to avoid roof leaks.

D07.4. Color and Reflectivity

- 1. Sloped roofs in Groups 1 and 2 and smaller facilities in Group 3 shall be Cambridge White to match adjacent facilities and follow requirements of IFS. Provide Kynar-500 finishes for roofing, soffits and fascia.
- 2. All minimal-slope membrane roofs shall use only use high-albedo, high reflectivity color to help decrease the temperature around the buildings and minimize damage to human and wildlife habitat.
- 3. Sloped roofs in Group 4 shall be terracotta blend.
- 4. For building additions match the color of existing roof.
- 5. Comply with UFC 3-110-03 and ASHRAE 90.1 for Solar Reflectance Index (SRI) and thermal requirements.
- 6. All roof flashing shall match the color of the predominant background material.

D07.5. Gutters, Downspouts, Scuppers, Drains

- 1. All sloped roofs shall use gutters and downspouts. Gutters shall be outside the fascia.
- 2. Internal roof drainage systems are not permitted in new construction. Minimal-sloped roofs shall be sloped to drain to the building perimeter through scuppers into downspouts.
- 3. All gutters and fascia shall match the roof color.
- 4. Size the roof drainage system per IBC and SMACNA for the region.
- 5. Use scuppers as required in parapet walls. Arrange scuppers in an orderly manner consistent with other elements of the wall system.
- 6. When open scuppers are connected to downspouts, provide transitions consistent with adjacent facilities.
- 7. Integrate downspouts with the architectural details of the wall system and arrange in an orderly, non-prominent appearance. Generally blend downspouts with the color of the wall (not contrasting it).
- 8. Fabricate downspouts from non-corrosive materials such as aluminum or zinc-coated steel. Provide Kynar-500 finishes in Cambridge White or Barista.
- 9. All downspouts shall be solid.
- 10. Provide angled transitional pieces for downspouts to fit closely against the wall for their entire length.
- 11. Coordinate locations of downspouts to conceal control joints in masonry walls when possible.
- 12. Place downspouts away from building entries. Water discharged should not run across sidewalks.

D07.6. Roof Vents and Elements

- 1. Minimize and consolidate roof penetrations into a single, inconspicuous point whenever possible.
- 2. On sloped roofs clad pipe penetrations to match the roofing material.
- 3. Avoid the use of rooftop mechanical equipment, however for renovations and unavoidable configurations ensure units are screened.
- 4. Provide access points and service routes to equipment that protect the roof.
- 5. Screen all large vents.
- 6. Ensure attic spaces are properly vented at ridges and soffits.
- 7. Match roof color for all exposed equipment and vents.

- 8. Minimize roof-mounted antenna systems.
- 9. Arrange Lightning Protection Systems (LPS) components in an ordered, uncluttered, inconspicuous appearance and integrated into the organization of the roof and wall systems.
- 10. Ensure that LPS roof mounting systems are approved by the roofing manufacturer.
- 11. Additions to a roof shall not interfere with LPS or other rooftop systems that may be required.
- 12. Permanent fall protection will be considered with any new or addition to a roof with a slope above 3:12 per UFC 3-110-03.

D07.7. Clerestories and Skylights

- 1. Translucent panelized wall system clerestories and tubular daylight-type skylights are permitted in Group 1, 2 and 3 facilities. These are allowed in Group 3 facilities only when serving passive systems and are justifiable by life-cycle cost analysis.
- 2. Clerestories are preferred to skylights to avoid roof penetrations. Skylights, when permitted, must be simple in shape and integrated with the roof system to eliminate leakage.
- 3. Design clerestories and skylights using the same principles for seasonal shading that are required for walls and roof overhangs.
- 4. Translucent panel systems are preferred in clerestory applications due to lack of window cleaning.
- 5. Clerestories and skylights must comply with UFC 4-10-01.

D07.8. Vegetated Roof

1. Not applicable

D07.9. Roof Systems Materials

Note: Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Roof Systems (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

Style 1 - Light

D07.9.1. Standing Seam Metal

Applicable \(\cap \text{N/A}\) Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



| Type. | Style 1 - Light | | | |
|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| Applies t | o: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other | | | |
| Mfr: | Berridge | | | |
| Color: | Light Beige | | | |
| Finish: | Matte | | | |
| Model #: | Tee-Panel | | | |
| Other: | Shed, gabled or hipped standing seam metal | | | |
| | | | | |

UFGS: Section 07 61 14 Steel Standing Seam Roofing

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 61 14.00 20.pdf



| Type: | Style 2 - Dark | | | |
|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Applies | to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other | | | |
| Mfr: | Berridge | | | |
| Color: | Medium Bronze | | | |
| Finish: | Matte | | | |
| Model #: Tee-Panel | | | | |
| Other: | Shed, gabled or hipped standing seam metal | | | |

UFGS: Section 07 61 14 Steel Standing Seam Roofing

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 61 14.00 20.pdf

D07.9.2. Membrane Single-ply

Applicable \(\cap \text{N/A} \) Number of base standards 1

Type:

Style 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



UFGS: Section 07 53 23 Ethylene-Propylene-Diene-Monomer Roofing http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 53 23.pdf

Section 07 54 50 TPO Thermoplastic Single-Ply Roofing (Not Available on UFGS)

D07.9.3. Built-up Multi-ply

○ Applicable ● N/A

D07.9.4. Concrete Tile

D07.9.5. Clay Tile

○ Applicable ● N/A

D07.9.6. Slate Shingles

○ Applicable ● N/A

D07.9.7. Vegetated System

○ Applicable ● N/A

D07.9.8. Ribbed Metal Sheeting

Applicable N/A Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Berridge

Color: Light beige or galvalume

Finish: Factory, matte

Model #: High Seam Tee-Panel

Other: Mechanically seamed system, 24 gauge steel, Width: 16" Batten height:

1-3/4"

UFGS: Section 07 41 13.19 Batten-Seam Metal Roof Panels

(Not Available on UFGS)

D07.9.9. Composite Shingles

| ♠ Applicable | Number of base standards 1 | Image Tool 250 x 188 |
|--------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| | | |

Type: Style 1

| Applies | to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other |
|---------|--|
| Mfr: | Tamko |
| Color: | Earth Tones |
| Finish: | Factory |
| Model ‡ | #: Heritage |
| Other: | Gabled or hipped with transverse gable or hipped features |
| | |
| UFGS: | Section 07 31 13 Glass-fiber-reinforced Asphalt Shingles http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 31 13.pdf |

D07.9.10. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

D08. STRUCTURAL SYSTEMS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Structural Systems:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/structural-systems/index.html

Comply with AFCFS Recommended Materials:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/structural-systems/materials/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188

























Group 4

Group 2

Group 3

D08.1. Systems and Layouts

- 1. Pre-engineered structural steel framing may be used for Groups 1, 2 and 3 facilities; Installation-appropriate thermal envelopes, materials and detailing are required.
- 2. Select economical structural systems that integrate roof and wall systems.
- 3. Narrow buildings 60' or less in width with column-free interiors are preferred for office, administrative and personnel spaces; when interior columns are required optimize the structural grid layout for open-plan arrangements.
- 4. Fully coordinate structural grids with exterior window systems to align columns with window frames or wall systems.
- 5. When structure is exposed provide an organized appearance and coordinate with mechanical, electrical, plumbing, fire protection, information technology, and communications systems.
- 6. Limit the use of specialty systems (such as space frames, vaults or domes) and of structure as a visual feature.
- 7. Cost-effectively design interior bearing walls as thermal mass.
- 8. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

D08.2. Structural Systems Materials

Note: Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Structural Systems (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

D08.2.1. Concrete

Applicable \(\cap \) N/ANumber of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



| Type: | Cast-In-Place | |
|---------|--|--|
| Applies | to: • Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other | |
| Mfr: | Custom | |
| Color: | Natural gray | |
| Finish: | Light texture | |
| Model # | : Post and beam and/or waffle slab | |
| Other: | Coordinate with mechanical for chilled beam technologies | |
| | | |
| | | |

UFGS: Section 03 30 53 Miscellaneous Cast-In-Place Concrete http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 30 53.pdf
Section 03 33 00 Cast-In-Place Architectural Concrete http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 33 00.pdf
Section 03 47 13 Tilt-Up Concrete

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 47 13.pdf

D08.2.2. Insulated Concrete Forming (ICF)

○ Applicable ● N/A

D08.2.3. Steel

Applicable \(\cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Rigid Framing

oplies to:

Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: US Steel

Color: Shop primed

Finish: Matte

Model #: Structural steel shapes

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 05 12 00 Structural Steel

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 05 12 00.pdf

D08.2.4. Pre-Engineered Steel

Applicable \(\cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: **Moment Frame**

Applies to:

Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Behlen Building Systems

Color: Factory primed

Finish: Matte

Model #: Moment Frame

Other: Draped insulation may be used behind wall finish system;

Behlen standing seam roof system may be used for Group 3

UFGS: Section 13 12 00 Steel Building Systems

(Not Available on UFGS)

Section 13 34 19 Metal Building Systems

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 13 34 19.pdf

D08.2.5. Masonry

D08.2.6. Heavy Timber

○ Applicable N/A

D08.2.7. Light-gauge Steel

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



| Type: | Steei | Framing | |
|-------|-------|---------|--|
| | | | |

Applies to:

☐ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Steelrite

Color: Factory

Finish: Galvanized

Model #: Structural framing shapes

Other: N/A

UFGS:

Section 05 45 00 Light Gauge Steel Framing System

(Not Available on UFGS)

D08.2.8. Lumber Framing

○ Applicable ● N/A

D08.2.9. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

D09. MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL AND PLUMBING

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Mechanical, Electrical and Plumbing: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/machanical-electrical-and-plumbing/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188

























Group 4

Group 3

Group 2

D09.1. Passive and Active Systems

- 1. Fully integrate passive heating and cooling systems into facility designs whenever practical for the local climate prior to the design of active mechanical systems.
- 2. Provide optimized passive and active systems; design active mechanical systems to supplement thermal mass walls and floors.
- 3. Develop renewable-energy systems including geo-exchange (ground source heat pumps) when life cycle cost effective.
- 4. Performance display screens, which report energy performance and utility savings, are encouraged; when provided locate these in building lobbies or common areas.
- 5. Solar domestic hot water systems are required when life cycle cost effective for the climate.
- 6. Integrate shading into building exteriors to reduce solar heat gain during hot seasons.

D09.2. Functionality and Efficiency

- 1. Fully coordinate mechanical, electrical, plumbing (MEP) and fire protection systems with each other and with the building structure, enclosure, thermal envelope and interior design.
- 2. Ensure direct exterior access is provided (for CE) to main mechanical and electrical rooms.
- 3. Screen exterior equipment from primary views (landscape, building masses, screen walls) and comply with ATFP requirements.
- 4. Keep equipment away from main building entrances; locate service area/yard on least visible side of a building.
- 5. Coordinate the location of all exterior meters, equipment and devices to provide convenient access and an overall coordinated and orderly appearance.
- 6. Design emergency generator systems integrally with all other building systems and avoid incompatible building additions; locate generators near service areas and ensure they are not visible from primary entrances.
- 7. When structure is exposed as a finished ceiling, fully integrate MEP and fire protection systems to provide an organized, uncluttered appearance.
- 8. Conceal ducts, piping, conduits, devices, etc., when permanent walls, suspended ceilings or raised floors are provided; locate sprinkler heads in orderly configuration.
- 9. Limit interior wall-mounted equipment in occupied personnel spaces; avoid surface-mounted conduit and pipes.
- 10. Provide efficient utility rooms with layouts to facilitate system performance and maintenance; provide convenient access to controls, clearly label systems and include operating and maintenance instructions.
- 11. Separate mechanical and electrical and communications rooms.
- 12. Integrate recessed and wall-mounted fixtures such as fire standpipe cabinets and drinking fountains within permanent walls.

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188

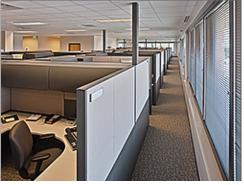
































E01. Building Configurations

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Building Configurations: http://afcfs.wbdq.org/facilities-interiors/buildings-configurations/index.html

- 1. Provide open-plan configurations for office, administrative, operational and related activities and spaces for maximum flexibility. Use a "core and shell" approach in which all building systems, infrastructure and permanent interior partitions anticipate two or more uses (operations) during a facility's lifespan.
- 2. Create flexible interior configurations using Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment (FF&E) and limit private offices and private rooms. Refer to AFMAN 32-1084 for space requirements. To the greatest extent, limit permanent partitions to core areas such as toilet rooms, stairs, mechanical and utility rooms.
- 3. Use more durable long-lasting finishes in core areas for walls, ceilings, floor coverings and built-in casework. Coordinate interior FF&E layouts with structural grids during space planning.
- 4. Provide high-performance building configurations following UFC 1-200-02. Ensure passive design strategies are cost effectively incorporated before active mechanical systems are designed.
- 5. Comply with UFC 1-200-01, general building requirements. UFC 1-200-01 provides applicability of model building codes and government unique criteria for typical design disciplines and building systems, as well as for accessibility, antiterrorism, security, high performance and sustainability requirements, and safety.
- 6. Meet security and force protection requirements in UFC 4-010-01: DoD Minimum Antiterrorism Standards for Buildings.
- 7. Comply with AFCFS for supporting mission requirements, addressing human comfort and well being, and creating highly flexible interiors while satisfying metrics for high performance and sustainable buildings.
- 8. Provide a level of quality for interior features, materials and finishes that is appropriate for the Facility Group number. Group 1 may receive higher quality than Groups 2 thru 4. Refer to Facility Hierarchy.
- 9. Through open-plan configurations, preserve all passive and natural design strategies and fully integrate facility interiors with overall building systems.
- 10. Professional interior designers, or architects with significant interior design experience, must accomplish the design and review of applicable new construction, renovations and maintenance projects.
- 11. Consult with the State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO) and base-level Historic Preservation offices regarding proposed changes to properties listed on or eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places. Follow requirements of The National Historic Preservation Act and Secretary of the Interior Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties.
- 12. Maintain architectural compatibility following AFCFS and this Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) document to create continuity while avoiding monotony.

E01.1. Layout and Common Areas

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Layout and Common Areas: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/buildings-configurations/layout-and-common-areas/index.html

- 1. Create open-plan interior environments to accommodate changes.
- 2. Limit interior partitions, private offices and rooms; use furniture or modular systems to provide privacy and acoustic control.
- 3. When partitions are functionally justified such as for conference rooms, use systems furniture and moveable (demountable) floor-to-ceiling wall systems for acoustical or visual privacy.
- 4. Proportion lobbies and common spaces based on type of function, activity and facility group.

- 5. Allow no direct sight lines into restrooms.
- 6. Situate utility and core areas to minimize impact on daylighting and to maximize use as thermal buffers.
- 7. Ensure electrical, lighting and communications system can be adaptable to configuration changes.
- 8. Avoid power poles to the maximum extent; when poles are necessary minimize the number and coordinate locations with furniture placement and other elements.
- 9. Avoid sloping floors to maintain flexibility and eliminate future structural changes.
- 10. Special consideration may apply to Sensitive Compartmented Information Facilities (SCIFs).

E01.1.1. Interior Design Process

- 1. Comply with UFC 3-120-10 for the Comprehensive Interior Design (CID,) which includes both Structural Interior Design (SID) and Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment (FF&E) design services.
- 2. Use a collaborative, integrated planning and design team, composed of user, government support staff, and appropriate professionals. Integrate architectural features using simple detailing to create a professional appearance; avoid extravagant or excessive detailing.
- 3. Ensure interior designs satisfy the functional requirements within the context of flexibility, sustainability and the building's energy performance.
- 4. Base space planning on square foot allocations from AFM 32-1084. Identify special requirements if any, such as privacy separation, VIP areas, gathering spaces and storage. Note: The occupant's rank and position will influence the square footage and selection of materials.
- 5. Provide clear circulation and pathway finding for both horizontal and vertical directions that accommodate the number of personnel in the facility.
- 6. Maximize efficiencies in the space plan for functional relationships and adjacencies for all facility users. Efficiently create and situate rooms and support rooms such as conference / meeting rooms and break rooms.
- 7. Provide interior design building-related illustrations, drawings, schedules, materials selections, specifications and cost estimates as listed in UFC 3-120-10. Refer to Furnishings in this IFS also.
- 8. SID Format shall follow UFC 3-120-10.
- 9. Base the FF&E package on the furniture footprint developed in the SID. Identify all new or existing equipment needed and its users within each facility or each area of the facility. Provide specific information on: equipment sizes, electrical requirements, ventilation requirements, weight (if heavy), quantity, and security level if required. Presume all administrative spaces have computers and supporting equipment.

E01.1.2. Codes and Regulations

- 1. Refer to UFC 1-200-01 for modifications to the International Building Code (IBC) to determine applicable sections of the IBC. Both the IBC Chapter 3 and UFC 3-600-01 govern "Use and Occupancy Classification" for example.
- 2. Fire code requirements shall be as defined in the International Building Code (IBC) and must be used where dictated by UFC 1-200-01 DoD Building Code (General Building Requirements) except where noted in UFC 3-600-01 (Fire Protection Engineering For Facilities).
- 3. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 101 must be utilized to determine the occupancy classification as it relates to fire/smoke resistance rating of interior non-load bearing partitions (other than occupancy separation), means of egress, interior finish, features of fire protection (including vertical openings) and associated requirements.

E01.2. Quality and Comfort

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Quality and Comfort: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/buildings-configurations/quality-and-comfort/index.html

- 1. Include durability in the life cycle cost analysis for best-value material selections with long life expectancies that do not show excessive wearing.
- 2. Select long-lasting materials and finishes for permanent core areas such as lobbies, restrooms and stairs.
- 3. Select low-maintenance materials and products that reduce ongoing servicing and repair and that are easy to clean.
- 4. Relate the visual quality of finishes to the Facility Group number.
- 5. Building and interior configurations should address both operations and climatic responses.
- 6. Convey a professional image; avoid trendy patterns and textures.
- 7. Use materials and finishes that provide a healthy indoor environment.
- 8. Orient interior spaces toward views while maintaining cost-effective building performance and efficiency.
- 9. Promote air movement and daylighting for human health and wellbeing.

E02. Floors

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Floors: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/floors/index.html

E02.1. Floor Materials

Facility Group 1 floor materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 3 floor materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Prepared Slabs (Ground, Polished) Primary: Prepared Slabs (Ground)

Secondary: Porcelain tile Secondary: Prepared Slabs (Sealer)

Tertiary: Carpet, Rubber Stair Treads Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 2 floor materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 4 floor materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Prepared Slabs (Ground, Polished) Primary: Carpet

Secondary: Ceramic tile Secondary: Ceramic tile

Tertiary: Carpet, Rubber Stair Treads Tertiary: N/A

- 1. Natural stone and terrazzo flooring may be used in high traffic areas of Group 1 as approved on a case basis.
- 2. Resilient and rapidly renewable flooring may be used in low traffic areas in Group 1, 2 and 4.
- 3. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

Note: Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Floors (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

E02.1.1. Prepared Slabs

● Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 2 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type:



Type: Style 1, Ground and Polished

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Local (TBD)

Color: Natural gray cement, light to dark beige aggregates

Finish: Fine polished texture

Model #: Medium to small aggregate

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 03 35 45 Polished Concrete Finishing (Not Available on UFGS)

Style 2, Polished



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Local (TBD)

Color: Natural gray cement, light to dark beige aggregates

Finish: Medium polished texture, slip resistant

Model #: Medium to small aggregate

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 03 35 45 Polished Concrete Finishing (Not Available on UFGS)

E02.1.2. Natural Stone and Terrazzo

○ Applicable N/A

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Daltile

Color: Earth tones

Finish: Matte, slip resistant

Model #: N/A

Other: Use in commercial kitchen flooring.

UFGS: Section 09 30 10 Ceramic, Quarry, and Glass Tiling

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 30 10.pdf

E02.1.4. Ceramic Tile

Applicable \(\cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Style 1 Porcelain Type:

Applies to: ● Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Daltile

Color: Earth tones

Mfr:

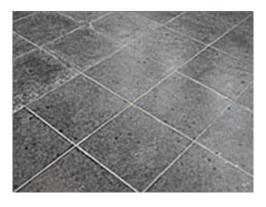
Finish: Matte, slip resistant

Model #: Porcelain tile

Other: Use in high traffic areas. Epoxy grout is recommended.

UFGS: Section 09 30 10 Ceramic, Quarry, and Glass Tiling

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 30 10.pdf



| Type: | Style 2 Ceramic | |
|-----------------------|---|--|
| Applies t | to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other | |
| Mfr: | Daltile | |
| Color: | Earth tones | |
| Finish: | Matte, slip resistant | |
| Model #: Ceramic tile | | |
| Other: | Use in low traffic area toilet rooms. | |
| | | |
| LIECC. | Section 00 20 10 Security Occurs and Class Tiling | |

UFGS: Section 09 30 10 Ceramic, Quarry, and Glass Tiling

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 30 10.pdf

E02.1.5. Resilient Floor

● Applicable ○ N/A Nu

Number of base standards 1

Type:

Image Tool 250 x 188

Style 1 Stair Treads



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Roppe

Color: Neutral tones

Finish: Factory

Model #: Raised design rubber tread

Other: Stair treads material

UFGS: Section 09 65 00 Resilient Flooring

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 65 00.pdf

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

Applies to: • Group 1 • Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Mohawk Group

Color: Neutral multi-colored tones/patterned/solid

Finish: Yarn: Nylon 6 or 6.6/cut pile or loop pile

Model #: Broadloom, 6' wide rolled, carpet tiles, entry walk-off carpet

Other: N/A

UFGS: UFGS 09 68 00 Carpeting

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 68 00.pdf



Type: Style 2

Applies to: ☐ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Mohawk Group

Color: Earth tones

Finish: Factory

Model #: Broadloom, residential loop, "Smartstrand"

Other: N/A

UFGS: UFGS 09 68 00 Carpeting

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 68 00.pdf

E02.1.7. Rapidly-Renewable Products

○ Applicable ● N/A

E02.1.8. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

E03. Walls

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Walls: http://afcfs.wbdq.org/facilities-interiors/walls/index.html

E03.1. Wall Materials

Facility Group 1 wall materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 3 wall materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Brick (or other as approved by the BCE) Primary: Ground face block, sealed (do not paint)

Secondary: Gypsum board (painted) Secondary: N/A

Tertiary: Ceramic tile (restrooms) Tertiary: Ceramic tile (restrooms)

Facility Group 2 wall materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 4 wall materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Brick Primary: Gypsum board (painted)

Secondary: Gypsum board (painted) Secondary: N/A

Tertiary: Ceramic tile (restrooms) Tertiary: Ceramic tile (restrooms)

- 1. Follow UFC 3-450-01 (Vibration and Noise Control) for acoustic design issues including speech privacy, sound isolation or sound masking.
- 2. Select and apply paint with sheens (gloss levels) appropriate for the application following UFGS Section 09 90 00 Paints and Coatings.
- 3. Provide ceramic tile on wet walls of kitchens, toilet rooms, locker rooms, etc., in all facility groups.
- 4. Neutral split-face or ground-face integrally colored block with a clear sealer may be used in Group 3. Do not paint block.
- 5. Provide rubber base on drywall partitions in Groups 1 and 2.
- 6. Hardwood base may only be used in Group 1 as approved on a case basis.
- 7. Hardwood chair rails / bumper rails may be used in high-use areas of Groups 1 and 2; aqueous clear finishes are preferred to reduce maintenance; plastic chair rails are permitted only in medical applications.
- 8. Decorative moldings may be used only in Group 1 when approved on a case basis.
- 9. Corner guards are permitted only in high traffic spaces with wheeled or cart use such as private service areas in Groups 1 and 2; stainless steel corners guards with a brushed finish may be judiciously used in Group 3.
- 10. Group 4 may use painted composite wood base.
- 11. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

Note: Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Walls (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

E03.1.1. Concrete

○ Applicable N/A

E03.1.2. Masonry

Applicable \(\cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Modular Face Brick Type:

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Local (TBD)

Color: Tan blend

Finish: Light texture

Model #: Coursed unit masonry

Other: Brick is preferred. Concrete block may only be used in Group 3 when

approved by the BCE.

UFGS: Section 03 33 00 Cast-In-Place Architectural Concrete

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 33 00.pdf

E03.1.3. Ceramic Tile

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Style 1 Type:

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Daltile

Color: Earth tones

Finish: Gloss, Semi-gloss

Model #: Ceramic wall tile

Other: Located on wet walls in restrooms

UFGS: Section 09 30 10 Ceramic, Quarry, and Glass Tiling

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 30 10.pdf

E03.1.4. Gypsum Board Image Tool 250 x 188 ● Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Type: Style 1 Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: **US Gypsum** Color: Solid Earth tone colors Finish: Paint (Sheen per UFGS) Model #: Tapered edge Other: N/A **UFGS:** Section 09 29 00 Gypsum Board http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 29 00.pdf Section 09 90 00 Paints and Coatings http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 90 00.pdf E03.1.5. Metal Panels ○ Applicable ● N/A E03.1.6. Wood Paneling ○ Applicable ● N/A

E03.1.8. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

○ Applicable ● N/A

E03.1.7. Rapidly-Renewable Products

E04. Ceilings

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Ceilings: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/ceilings/index.html

E04.1. Ceiling Materials

Facility Group 1 ceiling materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 3 ceiling materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure Above)

Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure Above)

Secondary: Grid and Acoustical Tile

Secondary: Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure Above)

Tertiary: Gypsum Board (painted)

Tertiary: Gypsum board (painted)

Facility Group 2 ceiling materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 4 ceiling materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure Above)

Primary: Gypsum board (painted)

Secondary: Grid and Acoustical Tile

Secondary: N/A

Primary:

Tertiary: Gypsum board (painted)

Tertiary: N/A

- 1. Accent ceiling materials such as metal, wood, and rapidly renewable may be used in Group 1 as approved on a case basis.
- 2. Follow UFC 3-450-01 (Vibration and Noise Control) for acoustic design issues including speech privacy, sound isolation or sound masking.
- 3. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

Note: Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Ceilings (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

E04.1.1. Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure Above)

Applicable \(\cap \text{N/A} \)Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Vulcraft

Style 1

Type:

Color: Neutral colors reviewed on a case basis

Finish: Field painted (Sheen per UFGS)

Model #: Formlok floor and roof decking

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 05 30 00 Steel Decks

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 05 30 00.pdf

E04.1.2. Exposed Concrete

○ Applicable ● N/A

E04.1.3. Grid and Acoustical Tile

Applicable \(\cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



| Type: | Style 1 All Purpose | |
|---|---|--|
| Applies | to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other | |
| Mfr: | Armstrong | |
| Color: | White | |
| Finish: | Factory | |
| Model #: 2'x2' Tegular with reveal edge and fine texture, grid 15/16" | | |
| Other: | Performance characteristics are Class A; NRC-0.70; CAC-40; LR-0.86; minimum recycled content 82%. | |
| | | |

UFGS: Section 09 51 00 Acoustical Ceilings

Style 2 Kitchen

Type:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 51 00.pdf



| Applies | to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other | |
|--|---|--|
| Mfr: | Armstrong | |
| Color: | White | |
| Finish: | Factory | |
| Model #: Kitchen – 2' x 2' Ceramaguard | | |

Other: Grid 15/16" Prelude (Ceiling and grid: Fire rated when applicable)

UFGS: Section 09 51 00 Acoustical Ceilings

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 51 00.pdf

E04.1.4. Gypsum Board Image Tool 250 x 188 Number of base standards 1 Type: Style 1 Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: **US Gypsum** Color: Solid neutral colors Finish: Paint (sheen per UFGS) Model #: Tapered edge Other: N/A **UFGS:** Section 09 29 00 Gypsum Board http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 29 00.pdf Section 09 90 00 Paints and Coatings http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 90 00.pdf E04.1.5. Metal Panels ○ Applicable ● N/A

E04.1.8. Other

E04.1.6. Wood

○ Applicable ● N/A

○ Applicable ● N/A

E04.1.7. Rapidly-Renewable Products

○ Applicable ● N/A

E05. Doors and Windows

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Doors and Windows: http://afcfs.wbdq.org/facilities-interiors/doors-and-windows/index.html

E05.1. Doors and Windows and Frames Materials

Facility Group 1

door (frame) and window frame materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Aluminum, clear anodized

Secondary: Hollow metal (painted)

Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 1

door (leaf) materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Hardwood veneer

Secondary: Hollow metal (painted)

Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 2

door (frame) and window frame materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Aluminum, clear anodized

Secondary: Hollow metal (painted)

Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 2

door (leaf) materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Hardwood veneer

Secondary: Hollow metal (painted)

Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 3

door (frame) and window frame materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Hollow metal (galvanized, painted)

Secondary: Hollow metal (galvanized, painted)

Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 3

door (leaf) materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Hollow metal (galvanized, painted)

Secondary: Hollow metal (galvanized, painted)

Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 4

door (frame) and window frame materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Wood

Secondary: N/A

Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 4

door (leaf) materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Wood solid core

Secondary: Composite solid core

Tertiary: N/A

- 1. Hardwood casings may be provided over metal frames in Group 1 as approved on a case basis.
- 2. Paneled textured doors are preferred in Group 4.
- 3. Do not use hollow-core wood doors.
- 4. Generally match original hardware in renovations.
- 5. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

Note: Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Doors and Windows (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Kawneer

Color: Clear anodized

Finish: Factory

Model #: InFrame Interior Framing, (2x4 nominal framing)

Other: Satin stainless steel hardware

UFGS: Section 08 41 13 Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 41 13.pdf

Section 08 71 00 Door Hardware

https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf

E05.1.2. Hollow Metal

● Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Steel Doors

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Steelcraft

Color: Neutral colors

Finish: Paint (Sheen per UFGS)

Model #: Hollow metal, 2" w. frames, 16 gauge (welded corners) grouted solid

Other: Provide in Group 3 and in utility areas of Group 1 and 2. Provide A25

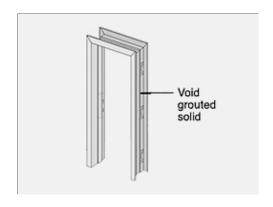
"galvannealed" coating. All interior steel doors shall have a factory applied primer finish. Provide satin stainless steel hardware.

UFGS: Section 08 11 13 Steel Doors and Frames

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 11 13.pdf

Section 08 71 00 Door Hardware

https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf



Type: Steel Frames

Applies to: • Group 1 • Group 2 • Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Steelcraft

Color: Neutral colors

Finish: Paint (Sheen per UFGS)

Model #: Hollow metal, frame grouted solid

Other: Satin stainless steel hardware

UFGS: Section 08 11 13 Steel Doors and Frames

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 11 13.pdf

Section 08 71 00 Door Hardware

https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf

E05.1.3. Wood

Applicable \(\cap \) N/ANumber of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1, Administrative

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Simpson

Color: Natural hardwood veneer

Finish: Clear Sealer, satin (aqueous)

Model #: 3'x7'x 1 34", solid core

Other: Satin stainless steel hardware, Glass lites may be used. Stained birch

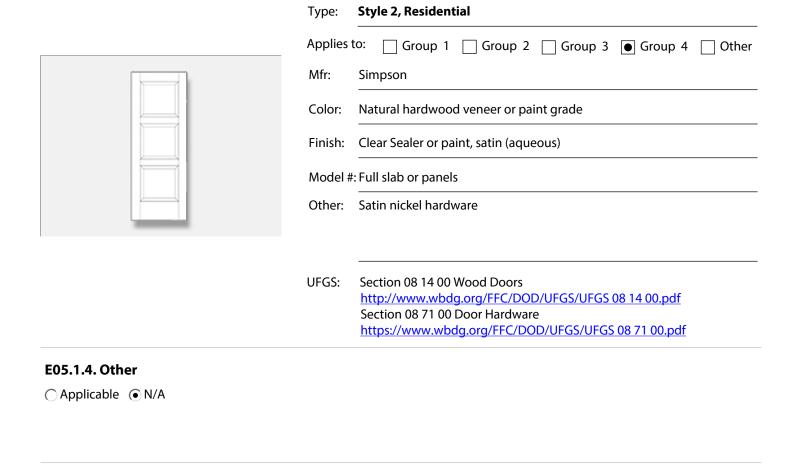
veneer face, 5 ply construction, rotary cut finish.

UFGS: Section 08 14 00 Wood Doors

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 14 00.pdf

Section 08 71 00 Door Hardware

https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf



E06. Casework Systems

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Casework Systems: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/casework-systems/index.html

E06.1. Casework Materials

- 1. Select casework systems and materials considering durability, maintenance requirements and LCCA.
- 2. Natural stone and cast stone countertops may only be used in Group 1 with approval on a case basis.
- 3. Metal cabinets and countertops shall be provided in heavy-use operations and in Group 3.
- 4. Refer to AFCFS for approved materials.
- 5. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

E06.1.1. Plastic Laminate

♠ Applicable ♠ N/A Nun

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1, Low Use Areas

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Formica

Color: Medium Earth tones and neutral tones

Finish: Light textured

Model #: High pressure laminate

Other: Combine with matching solid-surface banding on casework edges.

UFGS: Section 06 41 16.00 10 Plastic-Laminate-Clad Architectural Cabinets

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 06 41 16.00 10.pdf

E06.1.2. Solid Polymer Surface

Applicable ON/A Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1, High Use Areas

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Corian

Color: Medium Earth tones and neutral tones

Finish: Light textured

Model #: Solid Surface

Other: Faces and edge banding

UFGS: Section 12 36 00 Countertops

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 36 00.pdf

E06.1.3. Rapidly-Renewable Products Image Tool 250 x 188 Number of base standards 1 **Style 1 Moderate Use Areas** Type: Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: Plyboo Color: Natural or amber Finish: Satin Model #: Flat grain bamboo plywood Other: FSC® Certified 100%. **UFGS:** Section 12 32 00 Manufactured Wood Casework http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 32 00.pdf E06.1.4. Metal Image Tool 250 x 188 Number of base standards 1 Applicable \(\cap \) N/A Type: Style 1 Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other Mfr: Steel Sentry Color: Natural stainless steel or neural colors (steel) Finish: Mill (stainless) or Powder coated (steel) Model #: Lab, workbench, computer workstation

E06.1.5. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

subjected to heavy use.

Provide highly durable fabrications and finishes in Group 3 which are

Section 12 31 00 Manufactured Metal Casework

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 31 00.pdf

Other:

UFGS:

E06.2. Countertop Materials

E06.2.1. Plastic Laminate

Applicable \(\cap \) N/A
Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1, Low Use Areas

Mfr: Formica

Color: Medium Earth tones and neutral tones

Finish: Light textured

Model #: High pressure laminate

Other: Only use rounded half or full bullnose and integral backsplash. Do not

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

use plastic laminate edge banding on front edges.

UFGS: Section 06 41 16.00 10 Plastic-Laminate-Clad Architectural Cabinets

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 06 41 16.00 10.pdf

E06.2.2. Solid Polymer Surface

Applicable \(\cap \) N/ANumber of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1, High Use Areas

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Corian

Color: Medium Earth tones and neutral tones

Finish: Light textured

Model #: Solid Surface

Other: Faces and edges

UFGS: Section 12 36 00 Countertops

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 36 00.pdf

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1, Group 1 High Visibility, Heavy Use

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Local (TBD)

Color: Neutral tones

Finish: High polish, sealer

Model #: Custom cut slabs

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 12 36 00 Countertops

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 36 00.pdf

E06.2.4. Cast Stone

Applicable \(\cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 1

Type:

Image Tool 250 x 188

Style 1, Group 1 High Visibility, Heavy Use

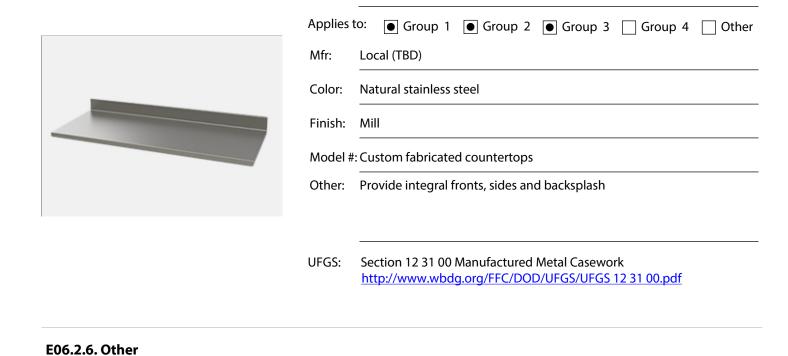


UFGS: Section 12 36 00 Countertops

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 36 00.pdf

E06.2.5. Metal

Type:



E07. Furnishings

○ Applicable ● N/A

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Furnishings: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/furnishings/index.html

E07.1. Durability and Serviceability

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Durability and Serviceability: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/furnishings/durability-and-serviceability/index.html

E07.2. Accessories

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Accessories: http://afcfs.wbdq.org/facilities-interiors/furnishings/accessories/index.html

E08. Interior Signs

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Interior Signs: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/interior-signs/index.html

E08.1 Types and Color

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Types and Color: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/interior-signs/types-and-color/index.html

E08.2. Interior Signs Materials

1. Natural stone, masonry and cast stone signs may only be used in Group 1 with approval on a case basis.

E09. Lighting, Power and Communication

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/lighting-power-and-communication/index.html

E09.1. Functionality and Efficiency

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Functionality and Efficiency: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/lighting-power-and-communication/functionality-and-efficiency/index.html

E09.2. Types and Color

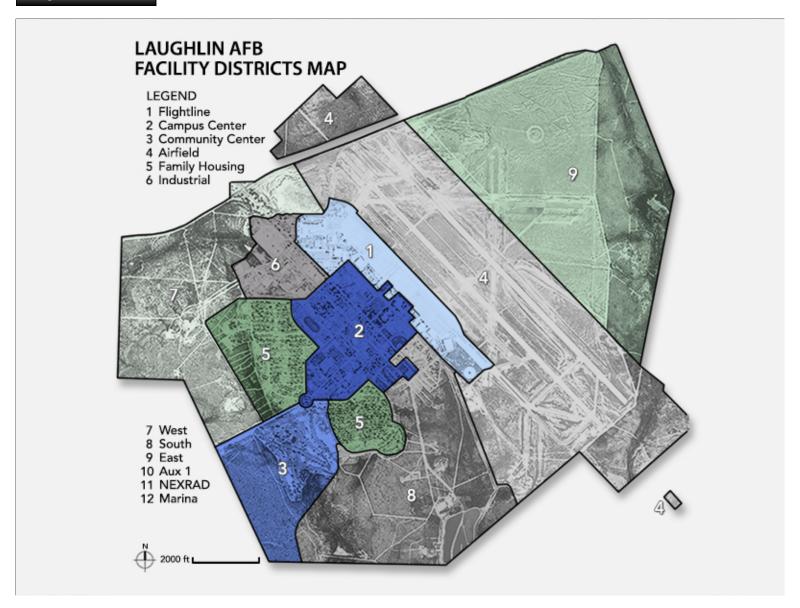
F. APPENDIX - Facility Districts

- Applicable
- N/A

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Facility Districts: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-districts/index.html

Facilities Districts Overview Map:

Image Tool 800 x 600



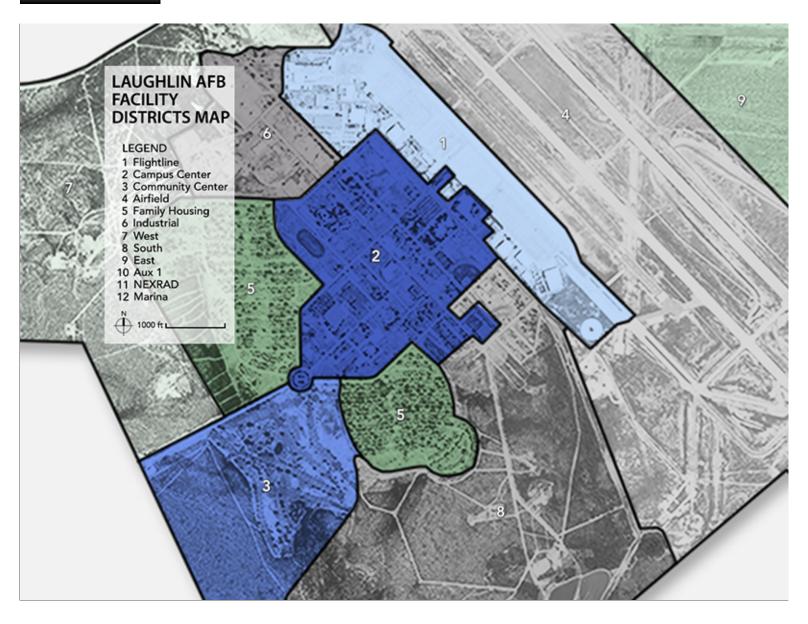
Note: Apply the <u>base-wide standards</u> in this IFS for Installation Elements, Site Development, Facilities Exteriors and Facilities Interiors (products, materials, color, etc.). Following application of the base-wide standards, refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District.

Enter No. of Facility Districts 1

The following Facility Districts list exceptions to the base standards that are unique to each district. Please refer to the Site Development, Facilities Exteriors, and Facilities Interiors sections of this IFS for base standards.

Image Tool 800 x 600

Map of District



Photos for each facility group within the Facility District as applicable.

Image Tool 250 x 188

| Group 1 | ○ Applicable ● N/A |
|---------|--------------------|
| Group 2 | ○ Applicable ● N/A |
| Group 3 | ○ Applicable ● N/A |
| Group 4 | ○ Applicable ● N/A |
| Other | ○ Applicable ● N/A |

FACILITY DISTRICTS

Laughlin Air Force Base is divided into districts that align with land use zones as defined in the Installation Development Plan. Each district has designated uses that support the base's operations. Generally match adjacent facilities in new construction to promote architectural compatibility throughout the installation. Please refer to Section D03.2 and contact the Base Civil Engineer for additional information. A brief description of each district follows.

1. Flightline

The Flightline district is located along the southwest side of the airfield. Administrative facilities and most industrial facilities in this area will be pedestrian in scale, whereas hangars will be monumental in scale. Administrative facilities should have 'formal' massing to indicate their significance. Facilities will follow guidelines for Facility Groups 2 and 3 as defined in this IFS. They should generally match adjacent buildings to ensure architectural compatibility with a regional vernacular theme.

2. Campus Center

The Campus Center district is at the center of the base, and it primarily consists of community buildings that are part of Facility Group 2, but the chapel would be considered Facility Group 1. This district is pedestrian in scale, and new facilities should generally match adjacent buildings to ensure architectural compatibility with a regional vernacular theme.

3. Community Center

The Community Center district is at the southwest corner of the Base, and it contains a golf course. The clubhouse would be considered a Group 2 facility, and any facilities would be pedestrian in scale.

4. Airfield

The Airfield district consists of taxiways and runways, and it runs diagonally through the northern portion of the base. Any buildings would be small, industrial and fall under Group 3.

5. Family Housing

The Family Housing district is west and southeast of the Campus Center. All facilities would be Group 4 and pedestrian in scale.

6. Industrial

The Industrial district is located in the north central portion of the base. Large facilities will be monumental in scale. The buildings would fall under Facility Group 3.

7. West

The West district is at the west edge of the base. This area is mostly undeveloped, and it includes a dog park and stormwater drainage. Open space both separates and defines the various sections of the base and creates a natural setting for the cantonment area. Areas classified as open space may be undeveloped to act as a buffer space between incompatible uses or for safety or security clearances or there may be other constraints that are not readily visible. All development in this district requires prior coordination and approval from the Base Civil Engineer.

8. South

The South district is located at the southeast corner of the base. This area is mostly undeveloped. It contains drainage facilities and several bodies of water. Open space both separates and defines the various sections of the base and creates a natural setting for the cantonment area. Areas classified as open space may be undeveloped to act as a buffer space between incompatible uses or for safety or security clearances or there may be other constraints that are not readily visible. All development in this district requires prior coordination and approval from the Base Civil Engineer.

9. East

The East district is a large area at the northeast of the base, beyond the airfield. There have been previous runways in this area. It is mostly undeveloped. Open space both separates and defines the various sections of the base and creates a natural setting for the cantonment area. Areas classified as open space may be undeveloped to act as a buffer space between incompatible uses or for safety or security clearances or there may be other constraints that are not readily visible. All development in this district requires prior coordination and approval from the Base Civil Engineer.

10. Laughlin AFB Aux 1 (Spofford Auxiliary Field)

The Laughlin AFB Aux 1 airfield is located southeast of Laughlin AFB. It is used for firefighter training. Most facilities would fall under Facility Group 3.

11. Bracketville NEXRAD

The Brackettville Next Generation Radar (NEXRAD) site is east of Laughlin AFB and north of the Spofford airfield. Any industrial buildings would fall under Facility Group 3, and any administrative buildings would be under Facility Group 2.

12. Laughlin AFB Recreation Annex

The Laughlin AFB Recreation Annex is located northwest of the base on Armistad Reservoir. Any buildings would fall under Facility Groups 2 or 3, and they would be pedestrian in nature.

G. APPENDIX - References

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/index.html