# (PRE-FINAL) JOINT BASE CHARLESTON INSTALLATION FACILITIES STANDARDS (IFS)











**Installation Elements** 

Site Development

**Facilities Exteriors** 

**Facilities Interiors** 

## 2019

# **Joint Base Charleston IFS**

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#### A. OVERVIEW

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Overview: http://afcfs.wbdq.org/index.html

This Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) document is part of the Air Force Corporate Facilities Standards (AFCFS) program to assist bases in implementing and maintaining facilities standards as appropriate for efficient operations within the respective climate region. IFS fully replaces, consolidates and simplifies existing facilities standards documents, such as the Architectural Compatibility Plan (ACP) or ACGs, FEPs, etc., and organizes information using the same structure, or Table of Contents, as the AFCFS website.

IFS reflects the AFCFS' concepts of "Facility Hierarchy" (categorizing facilities into group numbers) and "Facility Quality" (assigning an appropriate level of quality to each group number) and applies these principles at the base level. Applicable DoD and Air Force criteria such as UFCs, AFIs, Memoranda, and UFGSs (Guide Specs) are referenced and linked within IFS to ensure the document is always current.

Navigating within this IFS is efficient and straightforward. Please use the interactive Table of Contents to locate subject matter, and click on the title of a section to access it. From any page, click on the "Back to Table of Contents" footer to return. Content is organized into 4 major sections: Installation Elements, Site Development, Facilities Exteriors and Facilities Interiors.

This IFS document begins as a fill-in PDF form, which is fully editable, and becomes a "living document" that can be regularly updated by base-level personnel following a format that is consistent across the Air Force. While the format is standardized, IFS content is customized for base operations and the local climate to ensure mission success while emphasizing reduced maintenance and reduced initial costs, life-cycle costs, energy use, and water use.

- 1. Conformance to Air Force Corporate Facilities Standards (AFCFS) and Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) are required by Air Force Instruction (AFI) 32-1023 and Air Force Memorandum. Please refer to the AFCFS website for links to documentation on current policy.
- 2. Requests to deviate from any installation facilities standards, that are Unified Facilities Criteria (UFC) requirements, will follow the process outlined in the AFCFS for UFC waivers and exemptions.
- 3. The IFS is a component plan of the Installation Development Plan (IDP) per Air Force Instruction (AFI) 32-7062 (replacing the Architectural Compatibility Plan). All military construction projects and Non-Appropriated Funds (NAF) facilities are required to comply with the IDP and its IFS component plan by AFI 32-1023. The Base Civil Engineer (BCE) maintains and implements the IDP and its component plans, to include the IFS.
- 4. Please refer to the AFCFS website as a portal to reference materials and requirements documents for design and construction projects (via links). Specific references to current DoD memoranda and Air Force criteria are updated periodically to provide the most current guidance and requirements. Programming, design and contract documents should list "current edition" for all reference and requirements documents. The documents in force at the date of execution of the design and/or construction contract shall be the governing version.
- 5. Advanced Modeling Requirements:
  - For all Air Force projects requiring advanced modeling, to include 3D visualization, Building Information Modeling (BIM), facility data, quantity take-off, geospatial, etc., follow the Army standards. Refer to USACE Minimum Model Matrix (M3) and Project Execution Plan (PxP) which outline required model uses. Refer to CAD BIM Technology Center (Contract Requirements) for more information on M3 and PxP.
- 6. Joint Bases shall implement IFS under their Joint-Base designation with volume numbers for individual installations following the IFS Development Tool template. For example, for Joint Base Langley-Eustis, provide: Vol. 1 Langley AFB and Vol. 2 Fort Eustis.
- 7. References and Supplementary Documents listed in Appendix G are included in these Installation Facilities Standards by reference and are fully part of this document. Please refer to <u>Appendix G</u> for a listing of documents, which are available via hyperlink for viewing and downloading.

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Native Oak Species Indicative of the South Carolina Lowcountry



Contemporary Vernacular Architecture



**Group 3 Industrial Facility** 



Senior Officer Housing

#### **A01. FACILITY HIERARCHY**

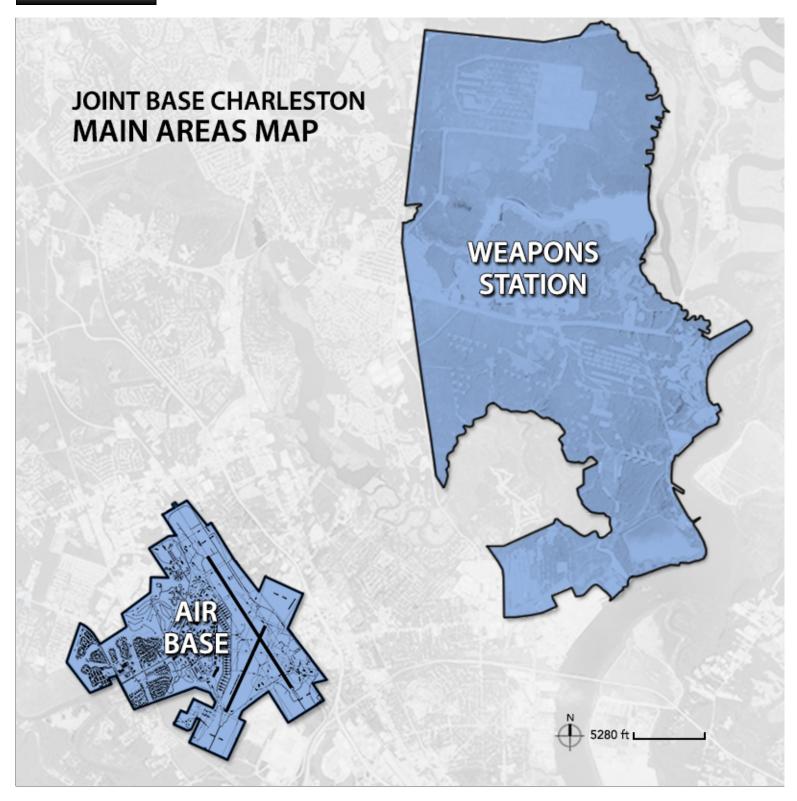
Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facility Hierarchy (and subsections): <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-hierarchy/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-hierarchy/index.html</a>

#### **A02. FACILITY QUALITY**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facility Quality (and subsections): http://afcfs.wbdq.org/facility-quality/index.html

#### **A03. FACILITY DISTRICTS**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facility Districts (and subsections): <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-districts/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-districts/index.html</a>



**Note:** Apply the <u>base-wide standards</u> in this IFS for Installation Elements, Site Development, Facilities Exteriors and Facilities Interiors (products, materials, color, etc.). Following application of the base-wide standards, refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District.

#### **B. INSTALLATION ELEMENTS**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Installation Elements: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/index.html</a>

#### **B01. COMPREHENSIVE PLANNING**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Comprehensive Planning: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/comprehensive-planning/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/comprehensive-planning/index.html</a>

## **B01.1. Installation Development Plan (IDP)**

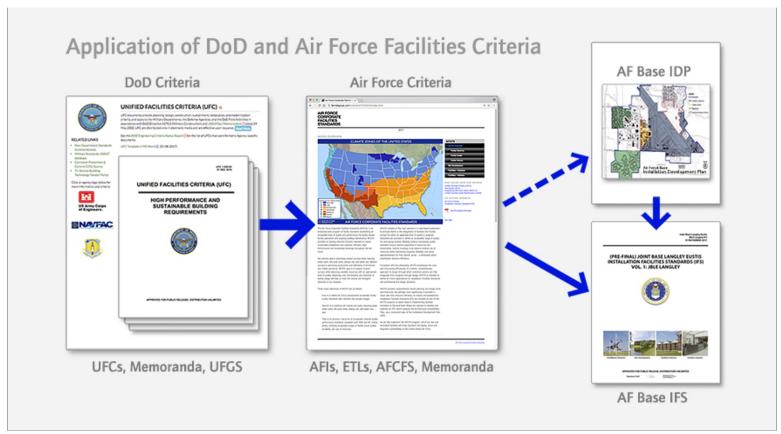
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Department of Defense, Department of the Air Force and Air Force Base Criteria

## References

 IFS replaces the Architectural Compatibility Plan

# **Installation Setting**

 IDP provides demographic, climatic and other data

IFS: Component Plan of the IDP

IDP Describes the Installation Setting

1. The Base Civil Engineer is responsible for maintaining Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) as a Component Plan of the base's Installation Development Plan (IDP).

## **B01.1.1. IFS Component Plan of IDP**

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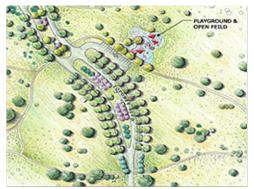
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Preserved Open Space



Site Plan Graphic



Roadway Improvements Site Plan



Housing Development Site Plan

- 1. Maintain this Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) as a Component Plan of the base's Installation Development Plan (IDP).
- 2. All installation elements, site development systems, facilities exteriors, and facilities interiors shall follow the basewide standards in this IFS. Any exceptions to the basewide standards are listed in Appendix F for each Facility District.

#### **B01.1.2. Brief History of Base**

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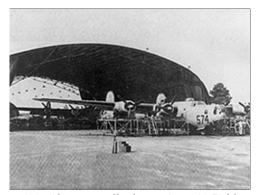
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Joint Base Charleston Historical Photo at Charleston Harbor



German POWs Providing Vehicle Maintenance



B-24 Liberator at Charleston Army Air Field



C-17A Flying over Charleston

The city of Charleston began operating a small airfield in 1928. During the 1930s operations expanded, and the federal government assisted with modernization. Additional improvements were made by the Works Progress Administration. By the end of the 30s, the U. S. Army Air Corps began a buildup of bases in preparation for war. At Charleston, this included buildings and lengthening of runways.

On December 10, 1941, only three days after the attack on Pearl Harbor, The Army Air Force's 56th Pursuit Group based at Charlotte, North Carolina and its 61st Pursuit Squadron arrived at the Charleston Municipal Airport. The squadron's P-39 Airacobra and P-40 Warhawk aircraft provided coastal defense operations for the Southern Defense Command.

The next day, the War Department assumed de facto control of the airport. However, they continued to allow Delta and Eastern airlines to operate from the airfield.

On March 23, 1942, approximately three months after taking control, the War Department signed a lease with the City of Charleston; formally activating and renaming, Charleston Municipal Airport, as Charleston Municipal Airport, First Air Force (a reference to the joint use).

Approximately seven months later, the name was shortened to Charleston Army Air Base, and then to Charleston Army Air Field on June 15, 1943. At the time of occupancy, Charleston Municipal Airport consisted of 732 acres, two runways and several buildings.

Later in 1942, the 16th Antisubmarine Squadron, flying B-34 Lexington bombers, joined the fledgling arsenal of aircraft. Their mission was to provide defense of the eastern seaboard from possible attack by German submarines.

By 1943, the base served primarily as an air depot training station, providing the final phase of training to service groups and air depot groups departing for the war overseas. In September 1943, the base saw a mission change. It now was responsible for the final phase of B-24 Liberator training.

In December 1943, the 454th Bombardment Group was the first group to complete their training before being transferred to European Theater of Operations. The same month, the 400th Bombardment Group arrived but their mission was to serve as a replacement training unit rather than an operational unit. Also, by 1943, the base had grown from 732 acres to over 2,084 acres and had spent over \$12 million to build new facilities and other airfield improvements.

By 1944, with the defeat of Germany, the need for B-24 crews had diminished considerably. However, the need for air transport crews grew. So, on June 1, 1945, the base was transferred to Air Transport Command and began C-54 Skymaster crew training. That mission was short lived, ending in late August 1945 after the surrender of Japan and the end of hostilities.

A little known fact about Charleston Army Air Field was that it served as a prisoner of war camp. German prisoners were used as manual labor on base and as farm labor in several of the surrounding communities.

On April 25, 1946, as part of the massive postwar drawdown, Charleston Army Air Field was officially placed in a surplus status. Soon after, the City of Charleston requested that the field, which originally had been leased to the U.S. Army for \$1 per year, be returned to the municipality. In 1947, the city council approved the construction of a new civilian air terminal and on October 19, 1948, the former Army Air Field was officially returned to the City of Charleston.

After a few years of operating as a civilian airport and the advent of the Cold War, more changes occurred. Congress awarded the Air Force a \$28 million public works package to begin troop carrier operations out of Charleston.

Construction began in 1952 and, in 1953; the facility was named the Charleston Air Force Base. In early 1953, the 456<sup>th</sup> Troop Carrier Wing arrived at Charleston. The base was operational with the subsequent arrival of C-119 Flying Boxcars. In 1954 the 168<sup>th</sup> Air Transport Group arrived and they later received their first C-54 Skymaster transport plane. The base came under command of the Military Air Transport Command (MATS) and became the terminus for all C-54 airlifts to Europe and the Middle East.

During the Cold War, Congress provided additional funds for troop carrier operations out of Charleston's airport. C-141 Starlifters were brought to Charleston, and the 437th Military Airlift Wing took command in 1966. The base came under the 437th Airlift Wing in 1992. The base has remained an alert site for fighter-interceptor aircraft.

The Base Realignment and Closure list in 2005 resulted in Charleston AFB becoming a joint base with the nearby Naval Weapons Station. Joint Base Charleston became fully operational in 2010 with the installation managed by the Air Force. As of 2016, there are more than 23,000 active-duty, reserve and civilian personnel.

## **B01.1.3. Future Development**

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Aerial of Joint Base Charleston and Surroundings

- 1. Follow AFI 32-7062 for Air Force Comprehensive Planning, the Comprehensive Planning Process, Comprehensive Planning Requirements, and Geospatial Mapping.
- 2. Address all future development under the Installation Development Plan (IDP).

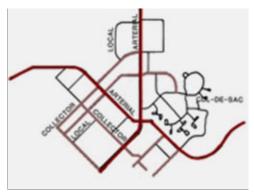
## **B02. STREET ENVELOPE STANDARDS**

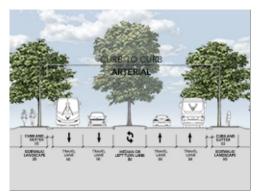
Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Installation Elements: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/index.html</a>

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Street Envelope Standards: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/street-envelope-standards/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/street-envelope-standards/index.html</a>

## **B02.1. Hierarchy of Streets**

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Hierarchy of Streets

Street Envelope Section

Landscaped Median

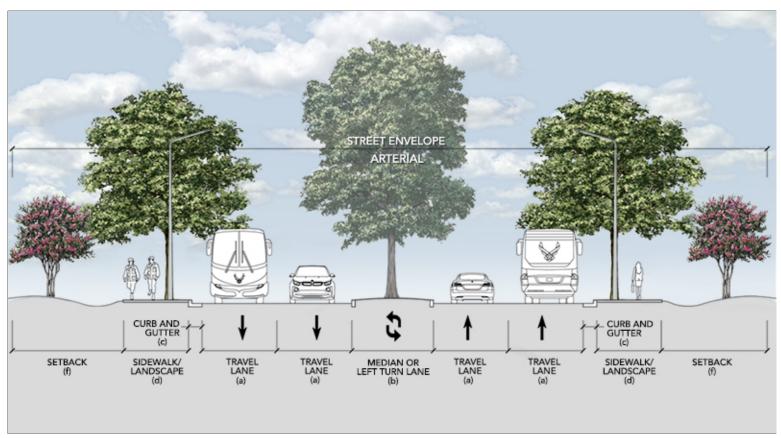
- 1. Develop and evolve a hierarchical transportation network of arterial, collector and local streets following UFC 3-201-01 and its industry references.
- 2. Provide consistent functionality throughout the installation and a level of visual quality relating to the adjacent Facility Group number.
- 3. Routes along facilities in Group 1 may have materials, finishes and features with a higher visual quality than Groups 2, 3 and 4. Reduce maintenance requirements by installing highly durable materials and finishes in routes along Group 3 industrial facilities.
- 4. Special routes may have a visual quality comparable to those along facilities in Group 1.
- 5. Create and maintain arterials with two lanes of traffic in each direction with landscaped or paved medians as applicable to the local climate and adjacent facility group designation / land use.
- 6. Minimize stops and turns along arterials. Eliminate on-street parking along arterials and collector streets.
- 7. Connect arterials to local streets with appropriately scaled collector streets.
- 8. Provide appropriate landscape setbacks and pedestrian buffers along all streets.
- 9. Minimize and consolidate curb cuts along streets.
- 10. Ensure access for emergency and service vehicles.
- 11. Define bicycle traffic routes in the Installation Development Plan or its applicable component plans.
- 12. Define appropriate force protection features, site furnishings, signs, lighting, utilities, and paving in the IFS.

#### **B02.1.1. Arterial Streets**

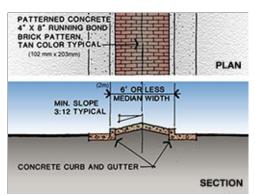
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Travel Lane (a): 12' Median (b): 12' Curb and Gutter (c): 2' Sidewalk / Landscape (d): 12') Setback (f): Min. 35' or per ATFP







Paved Median

Arterial at Gate

Landscaped Median

- 1. These specific requirements shall be incorporated into all arterial projects, including roadway modifications/upgrades and associated building sites adjacent to the street. Increase landscape setbacks along evacuation routes.
- 2. Stops and turns should be minimized and on-street parking shall not be allowed at any point along arterial streets.
- 3. Provide sidewalks on at least one side of arterial streets and both sides of arterial streets in developed areas. Provide a 6 foot buffer between the road and sidewalk where space allows.
- 4. Limit curb cuts on arterial streets to entries into major facilities, building groups and major parking areas.

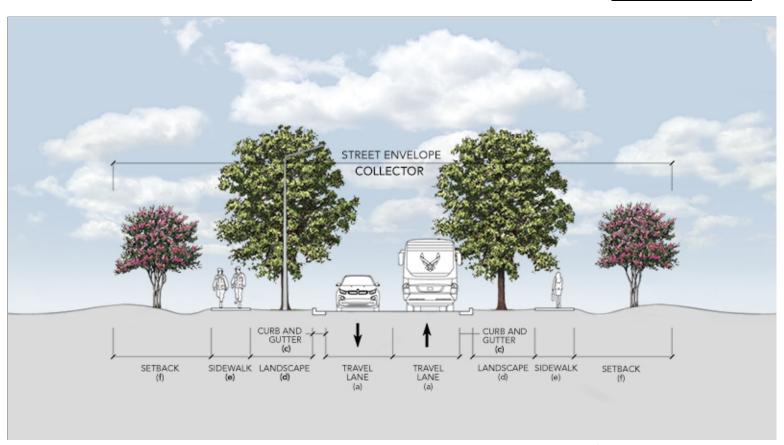
5. Reinforce the importance of arterial streets with appropriate signs, plantings and street lighting.

#### **B02.1.2. Collector Streets**

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Travel Lane (a): 12' Median (b): N/A Curb and Gutter (c): 2' Landscape (d): 10' Sidewalk (e): 6' Setback (f): Min. 35' or per ATFP





Collector Street at Group 1 Facilities

**Center Striping** 

Street Concentrated Near Intersection

- 1. Provide sidewalks on at least one side of collector streets and both sides of collector streets where functionally required.

  Buffers are preferred but not required on collector streets.
- 2. On street parking may be allowed on one side where secondary roads are not less than 34 feet wide. Parking shall not interfere with intersections or traffic flow.

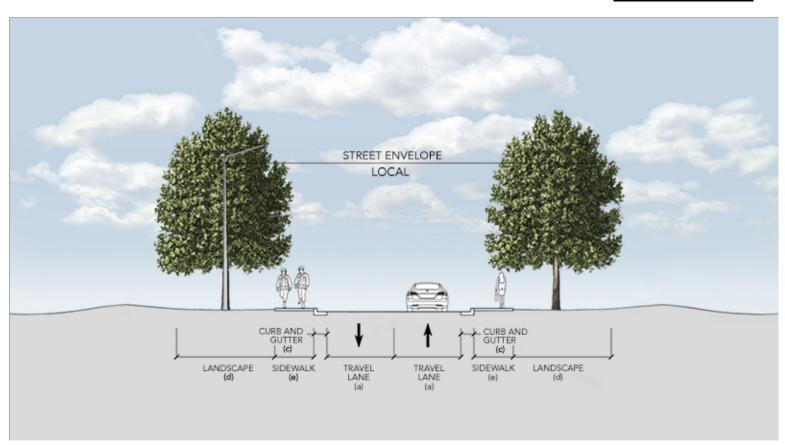
3. Signs, plantings and street lighting should reinforce the designation of "collector" street.

#### **B02.1.3. Local Streets**

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Travel Lane (a): 11' Median (b): N/A Curb and Gutter (c): 1.5' Landscape (d): 15' Sidewalk (e): 6'





Local Street in South Annex

Controlled Access in Group 3

Local Street in Officer Housing

- 1. Provide sidewalks on at least one side of collector streets and both sides of local streets where functionally required. Buffers are preferred but not required on collector streets.
- 2. On street parking may be allowed following UFC industry references.

- 3. Signs, plantings and street lighting should reinforce the designation of "local" street.
- 4. Cul-de-sacs are only permitted in family housing areas.

#### **B02.1.4. Special Routes**

Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

○ Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply



**Divided Street with Security Elements** 

1. Develop all special routes consistently with those adjacent to Group 1 facilities.

## **B02.2. Hierarchy of Intersections**

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable 

N/A Small graphics do not apply

- 1. Provide a hierarchy of intersections to include arterial, arterial-collector, collector, collector-local and local following UFC 3-201-01 and its industry references.
- 2. Passive systems such as traffic circles are preferred to active systems such as signalized intersections. Aggressively pursue passive systems to lower maintenance requirements and reduce energy use.
- 3. Use a level of visual quality for an intersection equal to the quality found in the related streetscape, which corresponds to the adjacent Facility Group number.

## B02.2.1. Arterials

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Signalized Intersection at Arterial



**Integrated Security Elements** 



**Divided Arterial** 

1. Provide an informal grouping of low lying native ground cover and shrubs with trees as a backdrop at all four corners. Monuments and static displays may be integrated into arterial intersection designs.

#### **B02.2.2.** Arterial/Collector

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1 Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 1 Image Tool 250 x 188



West Hill Boulevard at East Jackson Drive



South Annex Intersection Near Group 1

1. Provide an informal grouping of low lying native ground cover and shrubs with trees as a backdrop at all four corners.

#### **B02.2.3. Collectors**

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Intersection Near Group 4

Intersection Near Group 3

Preserved Natural Landscape

1. Provide an informal grouping of low lying native ground cover and shrubs with trees as a backdrop at all four corners.

# **B02.2.4. Special Intersections**

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188



T Intersection at Group 1 Gate Facilities



**Divided Lanes at Intersection** 



Divided Arterial at Group 1

1. Develop all special intersections consistently with those adjacent to Group 1 facilities.

## **B02.2.5. Street Frontage Requirements**

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Landscape Setback at Dorm Area

Frontage at Intersection

Frontage in Group 4

- 1. Consistently maintain open space buffers following B03.2.3. Preserves.
- 2. Refer to C06.1.7. Streetscape Landscaping for planting and screen wall requirements along street frontage.

## **B02.2.6. Sight Lines**

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







**Clear Sight Lines** 



**Preserved Sight Lines** 

1. Provide adequate sight lines for an effective and safe traffic operation per American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) standards and local municipality guidelines.

#### **B02.3. Street Elements**

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable ♠ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







Integrated Plaza and Crossing

Coordinated Street Elements

Landscape and Amenities

- 1. Emulate the streetscape area's pre-development hydrology using passive and active design features to help sustain the adjacent regionally appropriate landscape. Coordinate with the base Stormwater Management Plan.
- 2. Employ systems, materials and techniques to maximize streetscape sustainability. Consider pervious paving and reflectivity of surfaces appropriate for the local climate.
- 3. Install at-grade curbing and/or raised-profile curb and gutter as applicable to direct stormwater to bioswales and rain gardens as source water for vegetation. Do not paint concrete curbing.
- 4. Provide all on-site utility service lines and equipment below grade when adjacent to Facility Group 1. In routes along Group 2, 3 and 4, when mounting elements such as utility cabinets, communications equipment and water valves above grade is unavoidable, paint these consistently and provide visual screening following Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).
- 5. Provide traffic control devices including access control point/entry control facility signs, speed limit signs and street name signs following the current edition of the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) per UFC 3-120-01.
- 6. Crosswalk markings shall follow the MUTCD for Streets and Highways, current edition. Provide white markings that define the edges of the crosswalk or a tone of lines defining the area of the crosswalk consistent with common practices found in the adjacent municipality.
- 7. Follow UFC 3-120-01 for directional and wayfinding signs and address both vehicular and pedestrian traffic.
- 8. Reduce energy consumption and reduce maintenance requirements by providing street lighting only when functionally required to ensure safety and to address antiterrorism following UFC 4-010-01. Ensure the quality and quantities of lighting and fixtures are appropriate for the adjacent Facility Group number.

## **B02.3.1. Paving**

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







**Bitumenous Paving** 

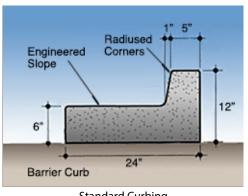
**Functionally Required Concrete Paving** 

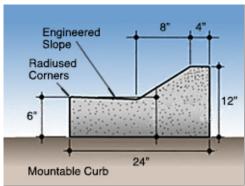
Colored Concrete Paving at Crosswalk

- 1. Pavement design shall comply with UFC 3-250-01. Ensure appropriate analysis and design of subgrade conditions to promote low maintenance, high performance pavements. Apply all applicable best practices from Appendix B of the UFC.
- 2. Materials shall be specified in accordance with UFC 3-250-01 and must conform to requirements set forth in the Unified Facility Guide Specifications (UFGS) for concrete and bituminous pavement.

#### **B02.3.2. Curb and Gutter**

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable \( \cap \) N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 2





Standard Curbing

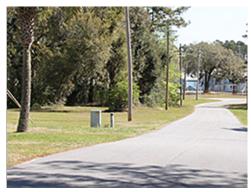
Mountable at Parking Areas and Group 4

- 1. Curb all parking, access roads and streets (except remote/isolated).
- 2. All streets should have integral concrete curbs and gutters. Painted curbs are prohibited because they are very difficult to maintain.
- 3. Use concrete for sidewalks and curbs. Do no use asphalt curbs.

# **B02.3.3. Utility Service Elements**

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Elements Consolidated at One Location

Elements in Group 4

Overhead Electric Service

- 1. Provide all utility service lines below grade when streets are adjacent to Facility Group 1; when mounting elements (such as utility cabinets, communications equipment and water valves) above grade is unavoidable, paint these consistently and provide visual screening following Site Development, Landscaping.
- 2. Overhead service lines along streets adjacent to Facility Groups 2, 3 and 4 are discouraged.

## **B02.3.4. Traffic Signs**

- Applicable 

  N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
- 1. Refer to Exterior Signs, Colors and Types for Traffic Control Devices, which includes signs.

## **B02.3.5. Street Lighting**

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
- 1. Refer to the Lighting section for appropriate applications along streets.

#### B02.3.6. Other

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply

## **B03. OPEN SPACE / PUBLIC SPACE**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Installation Elements: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/index.html</a>

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Open Space / Public Space: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/open-space-public-space/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/open-space-public-space/index.html</a>

# **B03.1. Plazas, Monuments and Static Displays**

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Ceremonial Plaza at Group 1



Brick Plaza at Group 1



Concrete Plaza at Group 2



Rock Paving at Display Park

- 1. Natural features and culturally or historically significant features or events may be recognized and acknowledged with physical elements such as plazas, monuments and static displays. However, limit these elements on the base to ensure judicious use of resources and to reduce ongoing maintenance requirements.
- 2. Design highly durable plazas, monuments and static displays with a level of quality comparable to Facility Group 1.
- 3. Link plazas, monuments and static displays to the pedestrian circulation system. Install landscaping, site furnishings and lighting appropriate for the application and local climate following Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).
- 4. Select systems, products and materials for paving, walls, and structures following IFS.

#### **B03.1.1. Paved Plazas**

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Concrete Entrance Plaza at Group 2







Raised Planter at Group 1

Coordinated Screen Wall and Landscaping

Decorative Brick Paving at Group 1

- 1. Mitigate heat island by providing high-albedo, shaded plazas. Pervious pavers shall be used on all plazas and courtyards in Facility Groups 1 and 2; use pervious concrete in Groups 3 and 4. The designer shall incorporate appropriate expansion and construction joints.
- 2. Pavers shall match the color of pavers used on adjacent sidewalks using base standard range of red. Bricks used on plazas shall typically be 4" x 8" size. Unless otherwise directed, use a basket weave pattern for pavers.

#### **B03.1.2. Sculptures, Markers and Statuary**

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Bronze Plaque on Brick Pier



Cast Stone Marker



**Engraved Stone Marker** 

- 1. Relate new sculpture, markers and statuary to the base's regional vernacular architectural theme. Generally limit these elements to frequently used locations adjacent to Facility Group 1 and highly traveled community pedestrian spaces.
- 2. Consider entry gates as possible sites for new displays.
- 3. All proposed memorials shall follow AFI 36-3108 and be limited to highly deserving individuals or groups as deemed appropriate by the installation leadership. Living memorials (tree plantings / etc.) are discouraged due to added maintenance requirements.
- 4. When sculpture requires a base, match the materials and / or color palette of adjacent buildings.
- 5. Use direct or indirect lighting to accentuate features or enhance an intended effect.
- 6. Ensure that all sculpture, markers and statuary are honorable and inspiring, provide a sense of place, positively contribute to the base's visual quality, and encourage pride for the community and the US Air Force.

## **B03.1.3. Static Display of Aircraft**

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Aircraft Display Park



**Ground Mounted Display** 



**Integrated Uplight Fixtures** 



Coordinated Benches and Brick Marker

- 1. Follow IFS base-wide standards for all elements of the display area with specific attention to traffic sight lines, pedestrian circulation, site furnishings, signs, and lighting. Address requirements for the Facility District as well.
- 2. Generally locate concrete base/foundation structures for static displays below grade.
- 3. At static displays where pedestrian paths are provided, a minimum of one trash receptacle and one bench shall be provided. Receptacle and bench design must conform to IFS requirements.

## **B03.2. Grounds and Perimeters**

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Coordinated Facilities, Site Furnishings, Lighting, and Security Elements



**Preserved Open Space** 



**Security Facilities and Elements** 



Landscape Buffer at Roadway

- 1. Provide formal spaces for parade and review functions, recreational areas and parks following the base's Installation Development Plan (IDP) and Installation Facilities Standards (IFS). Refer to the Site Furnishings topic for additional information.
- 2. Maintain preservation areas following the IDP and IFS.
- 3. Comply with UFC 4-010-01 DoD Minimum Antiterrorism Standards for Buildings and UFC 4-022-03 Security Fences and Gates for all elements associated with the base's gates and perimeter fence.

- 4. Identify and describe base-wide utility corridors in the IDP.
- 5. Base-wide utility infrastructure shall be inconspicuous. Bury utility service lines below grade when adjacent to Facility Group 1 and when economically feasible for Facility Groups 2, 3 and 4. When service lines are located above grade, create an ordered, coordinated appearance.
- 6. Follow the requirements of this IFS regarding all utility structures and service lines located above grade that visually impact the installation.
- 7. Where screening of utility equipment and structures is provided, allow adequate and proper clearance for safety and maintenance.
- 8. Reduce visual clutter and visual impact of the following items through a combination of careful placement, screen walls, landscaping and painting:
- Electrical switch-stations.
- Sewage lift stations.
- Water well pumps, storage tanks and/or related structures.
- Gas piping, meters and similar incidental items.
- Above ground fuel storage tanks.
- Any ground-mounted freestanding utility item exposed to view.
- 9. Larger structures such as electrical switch-stations, sewage lift stations, fuel storage tanks and mechanical/electrical equipment shall be screened from view, using materials, forms, and colors in the screen walls which match those respective design elements present at adjacent buildings.
- 10. Paint above-ground equipment and associated components such as electrical piping or exposed plumbing lines dark bronze.
- 11. Maintain currently buried utility service lines as a visual asset.
- 12. Bury the following exposed above-grade items in future projects when economically feasible:
- Electrical power grid and service lines.
- Telephone lines.
- Cable TV lines.
- Communications lines.
- Exterior lighting service lines.
- Any similar system of above-ground lines serving the base.
- 13. Consolidate and enclose service utility lines in underground utility corridors when feasible. Create routes along the inside edge of parking lot islands.
- 14. All development of open space requires prior coordination and approval from the Base Civil Engineer.

#### **B03.2.1. Parade Grounds**

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

Applicable • N/A Small graphics do not apply



Plaza and Open Space at Group 1 Headquarters

- 1. Follow UFC 3-201-02, Appendix B for the planning and design process and criteria for parade grounds.
- 2. Establish and maintain parade grounds only where there is a confirmed need and provide landscape materials appropriate for the locale following IFS.
- 3. Bleachers may be installed only when there is a documented requirement at parade grounds. Nonferrous metals that do not require painting or ongoing maintenance are preferred. The Base Civil Engineer shall determine quantities, sizes, and products on a case basis.

#### **B03.2.2. Parks**

Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \) Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1 Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Park Grounds and Facilities



Picnic Pavilion



Public Green Near Group 4



Standard Playground Equipment

- 1. Bleachers may be installed only when there is a documented requirement at parks and fields for recreational events. Follow guidance under Parade Grounds.
- 2. Picnic pavilions may be provided in parks where there is a documented need.
- 3. Prohibited picnic pavilion materials include wood, concrete masonry units (CMU) or metal pre-manufactured storage sheds. Use only materials and detailing that are low maintenance and endure with minimal weathering.

4. When picnic pavilions are permitted near facilities, generally match the architecture of the adjacent facility and provide a level of quality of the adjacent facility group number.

#### **B03.2.3. Preserves**

Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Water Feature as an Amenity

Native Grasses and Trees

**Evergreen and Deciduous Species** 

- 1. Preserve areas adjacent to runways, taxiways, aprons, golf course roughs, storage areas, antenna facilities, and ammunition storage areas, as open space.
- 2. Provide minimal maintenance with mowing as needed for controlling bird behavior for airfield safety, or eliminating fire hazards.

#### **B03.2.4. Perimeter Fence**

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







**Brown Chain Link Fencing** 

Brick and Metal Fence at Group 1

Active Barriers at Gate

- 1. Design, install and maintain the base's perimeter fence following UFC 4-022-03.
- 2. Stringently comply with ATFP requirements following UFC 04-010-01 for all spaces adjacent to the base's perimeter fence and all gates.
- 3. Fencing, gates and other elements that are associated with the main gates shall be a level of quality equivalent to Facility Group 1.

## **C. SITE DEVELOPMENT**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Site Development: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html</a>

## **C01. SITE DESIGN**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Site Development: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html</a>

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Design / NEPA: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/site-design-nepa/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/site-design-nepa/index.html</a>

## **C01.1. Site Design Considerations**

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

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♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Coordinated Services, Access and Parking







Connection to Circulation System

Coordinated Location for Utility Elements

Adjacent Plaza

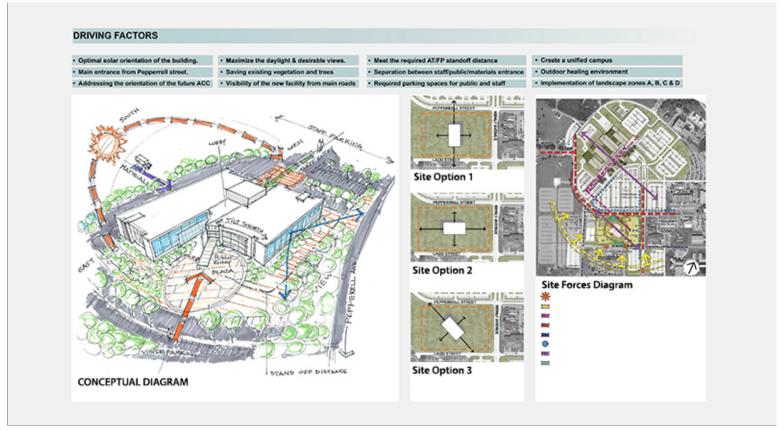
- 1. Collect documentation to validate approvals and completion of the NEPA process.
- 2. Ensure site design compliance with the Installation Development Plan (IDP) and its component plans and Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).
- 3. Promote integrated design with on-site solutions such as engineered small-scale hydrologic controls verses base-wide infrastructure; consider open space, natural features, bioswales, building roofs, streets, and paved surfaces.
- 4. Limit the impact of development on land and water resources. All site elements and infrastructure shall reinforce an image of sustainability, with reduced energy demand, renewable-energy usage, and water conservation.
- 5. Consider energy conservation during site design for the following categories: building and site lighting, auxiliary systems and equipment (refrigerators, elevators, etc.), building envelope, electric power and distribution, HVAC systems and equipment, service hot water, energy management (metering, EMCS).
- 6. Coordinate on-site renewable-energy systems and components to minimize area requirements and maximize efficiencies. Appropriately buffer and screen these and other mechanical systems and equipment.
- 7. New building projects should preserve open space and protect natural habitat.
- 8. Conform to existing topography to the greatest extent possible and use slopes to increase site and building efficiencies. Design sites to minimize irrigation and impacts to stormwater runoff.
- 9. Carefully study new project sites to identify the character of adjacent buildings, streets, landscaping, and site design elements. Reinforce the existing character in new site design.
- 10. Consider relationships to adjacent facilities and district / centralized heating and cooling infrastructure and cost effectively connect building systems to harvest heat, grey water or other beneficial byproducts.
- 11. Minimize existing and planned obstructions from landscaping, structures, topography, and adjacent developments to preserve solar access and natural ventilation.
- 12. Purposefully integrate service access, receiving and storage areas to eliminate the need for visual screening.
- 13. Appropriately connect to the base network of streets, sidewalks and trails using drive aisles, parking areas, walkways, paths, and bicycle routes addressing both vehicles and pedestrians.
- 14. Applicably coordinate heat island mitigation in paving and roof designs when implementing an integrated approach to stormwater management.
- 15. Consider the location of "Designated Tobacco Areas."

# **C01.2. Building Orientation**

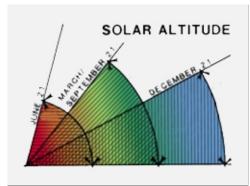
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Image Tool 800 x 440

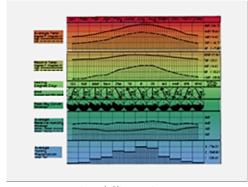
♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 6



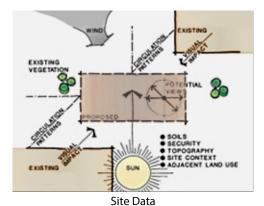
Conceptual Site Analysis and Site Design Diagram



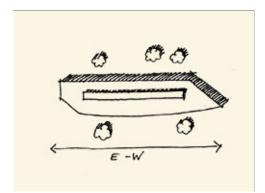
Local Solar Data

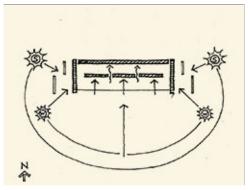


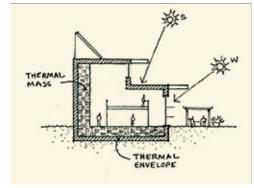
Local Climate Data



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**East-West Axis** 

**Optimum Solar Control** 

Maximized Shading

- 1. Ensure the site will accommodate optimum requirements for building orientation, which is with the long axis parallel to the east/west direction for rectilinear CONUS buildings.
- 2. Meet Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) requirements for the locations of the building's passive and renewable-energy systems --including geothermal and solar systems --and exterior shading systems.
- 3. Locate the building(s) and permitted ancillary structures to promote solar gain, solar shading, natural ventilation, rainwater harvesting, wind buffering and other beneficial passive systems. Consider natural ventilation during the design of HVAC systems.
- 4. Consider relationships to adjacent sites and their facilities and infrastructure, and cost effectively integrate building systems to harvest heat, grey water or other beneficial byproducts.
- 5. Consider the "public side" of the building, its views and the location of the main entrance.

### **C02. UTILITIES**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html</a>

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Utilities: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/utilities/index.html

### **C02.1. Utility Components**

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable ♠ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







**Pad Mounted Cabinet** 

**Coordinated Placement** 

Standard Location and Color

- 1. Provide all on-site utility service lines below grade for Facility Group 1; when mounting elements (such as utility cabinets, communications equipment and water valves) above grade is unavoidable, paint these consistently and provide visual screening following Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).
- 2. Provide installation of utility infrastructure to support near term and future electric vehicle charging stations.
- 3. Define all service entry points into the building and route distribution below grade into an interior space within the facility; exposed conduits, cables and wires on exterior walls are not permitted for Facility Group 1.
- 4. Include consideration of appropriate placement of meters in support of Automated Revenue Management Services (ARMS).
- 5. Limit exterior mechanical distribution systems such as exterior steam, chilled water, and hot water distribution to Group 3 facilities; when required for Group 1 and 2 facilities integrate with the architecture and provide visual screens following IFS.
- 6. Direct roof drainage to underground collection when feasible or provide splash blocks / paved channels to intercept roof drainage at grade.

#### **CO3. PARKING AREAS**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html</a>

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Parking Areas: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/parking-areas/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/parking-areas/index.html</a>

# C03.1. Configurations and Design

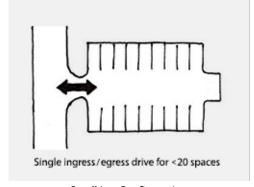
♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

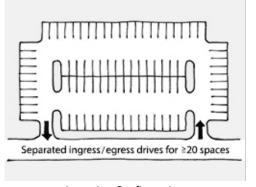
● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 6



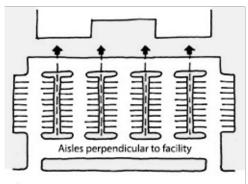
Standard 90 Degree Configuration at Groups 2 - 3



**Small Lot Configuration** 



Large Lot Configuration



Facility Group 1 Configuration







**Double Row Configuration** 

Single Row Layout

Landscape for Shading

- 1. Evaluate adjacent sites and cost-effectively consolidate parking areas to maximize efficient use; ensure that all areas meet accessibility guidelines.
- 2. Generally envision on-site parking as a series of small connected singular areas selectively placed around the facility served, rather than a single large area; buffer parking areas from the facility main entrance with a transition space and provide drop-offs to decrease close-in parking. Comply with IFS standards while meeting ATFP requirements.
- 3. Integrate at-grade and raised-profile curbing, permeable paved areas, and parking islands with the stormwater system and direct stormwater to bioswales and rain gardens as source water for regionally appropriate native vegetation.
- 4. Define pedestrian access with approved hardscape and provide shading along the primary path from the parking area to the main entrance of the building.
- 5. Coordinate suitable landscape or barriers integrated with walls and fences to ensure adequate force protection.
- 6. Accessible parking spaces shall be marked according to UFC 3-120-01 and its references in ABAAS and the MUTCD.
- 7. Consider locations and requirements of near term and future electric vehicle charging stations.
- 8. Designate preferred parking spaces for electric vehicles and carpools near the main entrance.
- 9. Consider cost-effectively integrating solar photovoltaic arrays into covered parking structures.
- 10. Reserved parking is discouraged except for Facility Group 1.
- 11. On-street parking is discouraged except in multi-use areas. When used, provide approved on-street parking configurations following UFC 3-201-01.
- 12. Access and service drives should accommodate the largest vehicle serving the facility.

# C03.1.1. Paving and Striping

○ Applicable ○ N/A Large graphics do not apply

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Standard Asphalt Paving and White Striping

Color Paving at Group 1

Blue Striping at Accessible Parking

Facility Group 1 paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Asphaltic concrete

Secondary: Concrete

Accent: Permeable pavers

**Facility Group 2** paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Asphaltic Concrete

Secondary: N/A

Accent: N/A

Facility Group 3 paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Concrete where operationally required

Secondary: Asphaltic Concrete

Accent: N/A

**Facility Group 4** paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Asphaltic Concrete

Secondary: N/A

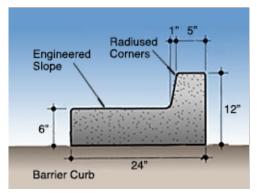
Accent: N/A

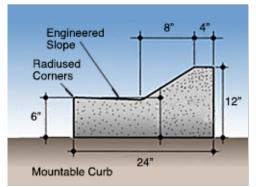
- 1. All new parking lots in Groups 1 and 2 shall be constructed of asphaltic concrete paving.
- 2. Porous paving may be considered on a case basis.
- 3. Cost-effectively provide light-colored concrete to reduce heat island effect; otherwise install asphaltic concrete paving. Dirt, gravel, and grass lots are not allowed.
- 4. Use consistent striping, angles and stall sizes in all parking areas.
- 5. All parking shall be marked with white stripes of paint or applied vinyl coatings. Red or yellow markings shall only be used for safety purposes and must be kept to a minimum. All lines shall be four inches (4") wide.

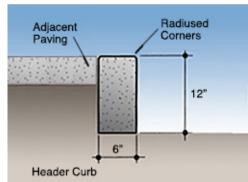
# **C03.1.2. Curbing**

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







"Barrier" Curb

"Mountable" Curb

Header Curb

**Facility Group 1** curbing / edging materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Concrete

Primary: Concrete

Secondary: N/A

Secondary: N/A

Accent: N/A

Accent: N/A

Facility Group 2 curbing / edging materials shall be as follows.

**Facility Group 4** curbing / edging materials shall be as follows.

**Facility Group 3** curbing / edging materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Concrete

Primary: Concrete

Secondary: N/A

Secondary: N/A

Accent: N/A

Accent: N/A

- 1. Define all parking lots with either raised profile or at-grade curbing to promote drainage and protect paving edges. All raised curbs shall be the rolled (mountable) type.
- 2. Integrate curbing to direct stormwater to bioswales and rain gardens as source water for regionally appropriate native vegetation.
- 3. Wheel stops are not permitted except at locations where car bumpers could contact adjacent items such as poles, signs or pedestrians.

#### **C03.1.3. Internal Islands and Medians**

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Typical Internal Island

Island at Group 1 Near Entrance

Median at Group 1

- 1. Install landscape islands and medians as visual breaks, to reduce heat island effects and to accommodate bioswales and rain gardens. Coordinate suitable landscape or barriers integrated with walls and fences to ensure adequate force protection.
- 2. When lighting is necessary, contain fixture bases within medians or internal landscape islands.

# C03.2. Parking Structures

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
  - 1. Parking structures are encouraged in land-constrained locations when economically feasible.
  - 2. Consider near term and future electric vehicle charging stations and renewable energy generation development during the analysis and design.
  - 3. Consider opportunities for integrating parking structures into multi-use developments with pedestrian-oriented uses located on the ground floor and parking on upper levels; ensure ATFP guidelines are fully addressed.
  - 4. Structures may be constructed below grade with roofs serving as vegetated areas or plazas.

# C03.3. Connectivity

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

♠ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Central Parking with Links to Trail and Multiple Facilities



Parking Linked to Entrance



**Trail to Secondary Entrances** 



Connectivity between Buildings

- 1. Refer to the Installation Development Plan (IDP) for locations of transit stops and pedestrian and cycling networks; provide appropriately sized sidewalks and bike paths to connect facilities and users to these networks.
- 2. Provide amenities such as rain and shade shelters, trees, and benches to encourage and facilitate use of public transportation.
- 3. Evaluate the IDP for the current and planned network of roads and optimally develop vehicular access to and from the site.

#### **C04. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html</a>

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Stormwater Management: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/stormwater-management/index.html

# **C04.1. Stormwater Requirements**

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Stormwater Element as an Amenity

Pipe Culvert at Sidewalk

Stormwater Inlet at Curb and Gutter

- 1. Design all stormwater systems including retention ponds, detention areas, channels, etc. as on-site amenities that are consistent with natural systems and drainage patterns, that help sustain the base landscape with beneficial functionality and that provide aesthetic appeal; coordinate with the base Stormwater Management Plan.
- 2. Incorporate bioswales into the design of all roadway, parking and facility roof systems to enhance water quality and support the overall stormwater system.
- 3. Permeable paving may be used in areas that are not subjected to severe freeze-thaw cycles.
- 4. Provide rainwater harvesting and storage that is attached to the building's roof drain systems to support grey water irrigation.
- 5. When underground drainage systems are required establish a maintenance program to include removal of sediments and debris; inspect joints seasonally for alignment to prevent leakage and the development of voids and surface failures.
- 6. Cost-effectively integrate stormwater systems with ATFP measures.

#### C05. SIDEWALKS, BIKEWAYS AND TRAILS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html</a>

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Sidewalks, Bikeways and Trails: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/sidewalks-bikeways-trails/index.html

### C05.1. Circulation and Paving

Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not applyApplicable ● N/A Small graphics do not apply

**Facility Group 1** sidewalks, plazas, and courtyards paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Pervious Pavers

Secondary: Concrete Edging

Accent: N/A

**Facility Group 2** sidewalks, plazas, and courtyards paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Pervious Pavers

Secondary: Concrete Edging

Accent: N/A

**Facility Group 3** sidewalks, plazas, and courtyards paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Permeable concrete

Secondary: N/A

Accent: N/A

**Facility Group 4** sidewalks, plazas, and courtyards paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Permeable concrete

Secondary: N/A

Accent: N/A

- 1. Maintain efficient geometry and accessibility to connect building entrances to adjacent parking areas and activity areas and to the base transportation system following ATFP. Efficiently use materials to optimize life-cycle costs and to minimize maintenance.
- 2. Generally conform horizontal layouts of sidewalks to the geometric configuration of adjacent buildings, streets, parking lots, and other adjacent related site amenities. Occasional meanders and/or jogs may be included to capture views, to coordinate with landscaping or accommodate site constraints.
- 3. Walks in parking areas shall provide a direct path using "safe islands" and "peninsulas" to encourage safety. Walks parallel to streets shall follow streetscape guidelines. Clearly mark pedestrian crossings at vehicular routes.
- 4. Mitigate heat island by providing high-albedo, shaded sidewalks. Pervious pavers shall be used on all sidewalks, plazas and courtyards in Facility Groups 1 and 2; use pervious concrete in Groups 3 and 4. The designer shall incorporate appropriate expansion and construction joints.
- 5. Only experienced contractors will install pervious pavements.
- 6. Consider an integrated approach that could include stormwater management (permeable surfaces) and complement the design of the storm drainage system when appropriate.
- 7. Pedestrian paths should be at least 5' in width to allow for comfortable side-by-side walking.
- 8. Sidewalks leading to a building main entrance and at the interior of parking lots shall be a minimum width of 6'. Walks greater than 10' wide may be used at high-density pedestrian areas where volumes of traffic justify added material.
- 9. Where cars park adjacent and head-in to the sidewalk and wheel stops are not used, such perimeter walks shall be increased to a minimum width of 8' to accommodate overhangs of the parked vehicles.
- 10. All sidewalks shall have positive drainage to prevent ponding of water with slopes ranging from 2.1% to 4.2%. Walks with a slope greater than 4.2% shall be designed as ramps following accessibility guidelines. All walks shall have a minimum cross slope of 2.1%.

- 11. Pavers shall conform to the following range of color: red blend. Pavers used on walks shall typically be 4x8 nominal in size.
- 12. Connect to the bicycle circulation system and provide bicycle parking with a suitable means for securing bicycles following IFS. Consider changing/shower facilities for use by cyclists.
- 13. Refer to the Installation Development Plan for future trails, bicycle paths, and sidewalks.

### C05.1.1. Ramps and Stairs

Applicable • N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Integrated Ramp at Entrance

Stair Coordinated with Site Design

Site Stair

1. Use ramps instead of stairs for sidewalks, bikeways and trails and at all buildings where possible. Where steps are unavoidable, follow UFC 1-200-01 and its references to the International Building Code.

#### C05.1.2. Lighting

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
  - 1. Provide lighting for all stairs and landings where traffic warrants.
  - 2. Refer to the Lighting section for path lighting along sidewalks, bikeways and trails.

#### **C06. LANDSCAPE**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html</a>

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Landscape: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/landscape/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/landscape/index.html</a>

### **C06.1. Climate-based Materials**

Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1 Image Tool 800 x 440

Applicable \( \cap \) N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Native Trees and Grasses Used as the Principal Materials



**Ornamental Trees** 



Flowering Shrubs at Group 1



Trees for Shading Outdoor Space

- 1. Use only native, naturally occurring, drought tolerant indigenous plant species (including grasses) appropriate for the locale to promote energy efficiency and water conservation, preserve drainage patterns, inhibit erosion, improve air quality, lower maintenance, and add beauty.
- 2. Follow details and specifications of the American Standard for Nursery Stock, current edition.

# C06.1.1. Landscape Design Concept

Applicable \( \cap \) N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1 Image Tool 800 x 440

Applicable \( \cap \) N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



**Preserved Natural Setting** 



**Preserved Forest** 



Landscape Concentrated at Main Entrance



**Shrubs as Foundation Planting** 

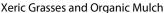
- 1. Develop, maintain and implement a climate-based plant list with landscape features using a regionally appropriate palette of materials to promote energy efficiency, preserve drainage patterns, inhibit erosion, improve air quality, lower maintenance and add beauty. Follow UFC 3-201-02 Landscape Architecture.
- 2. Landscaping is required for all newly developed sites and facilities; preserve existing native landscape where possible and avoid overplanting.
- 3. Concentrate landscaping in Facility Group 1 and along major thoroughfares and integrate these landscaped areas into the base's stormwater management plan. Refer to the Streetscape Envelope Standards in this IFS.

- 4. All Facility Group 1 and 4 sites shall be landscaped at their entire perimeter; limit formal planting arrangements to formal spaces typically associated with Group 1. Landscape public spaces near the main entrances of Group 1 facilities.
- 5. Facility Group 2 and 3 sites may have a native undisturbed landscape except at the main entrances of Group 2, which should be newly landscaped.
- 6. Facility plantings shall follow the Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) plant list, which is based on the specific microclimates created by the adjacent building: shadow areas, protected areas, zones adjacent to thermal mass, and availability of rainwater and/or grey water.
- 7. Provide open spaces as transitions between developed and native areas that promote quality of life and provide visual relief and allow walkable connections to the transportation system.
- 8. Return suitable areas to a natural state to minimize and, whenever possible, eliminate ground maintenance requirements; expand prairie areas where appropriate with native plants to eliminate mowing and maintenance requirements.
- 9. In tree clusters replace grass with naturalized shrub beds and leaf litter mulch to eliminate mowing requirements.
- 10. Use plantings in open spaces to reinforce the space as a visual asset.
- 11. Consider landscape windbreaks when suitable for the local climate.
- 12. Integrate security requirements into the landscape design. Coordinate the heights of trees and shrubs and note restrictions for plantings following UFC 4-010-01.
- 13. Berms may be used as an integral part of the overall landscape strategy for screening, security and/or visual interest.

### **C06.1.2.** Xeriscape Design Principles

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







**Drought Tolerant Planting** 



- Native Grasses and Shrubs
- 1. Apply xeriscape principles following UFC 3-201-02, Appendix B, and Air Force Corporate Facilities Standards.
- 2. Facility plantings are encouraged to use native plant species and to consider specific microclimates created by the adjacent building: shadow areas, protected areas, zones adjacent to thermal mass, and availability of rainwater and/or grey water.

# **C06.1.3. Minimizing Water Requirements**

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Use of Organic Mulch

Xeric Planting

**Drought Tolerant Species** 

1. Reasonably reduce demand on potable water while seeking opportunities to increase alternative water sources for irrigation. Reduce or eliminate the use of potable/domestic water for purposes of landscape architecture maintenance, consistent with existing legal or contractual obligations, and prohibit potable-water irrigation in new construction beyond establishment following current DoD and Air Force policy.

# C06.1.4. Plant Material Selection

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 6







**Trees Providing Shade** 



Color as a Focal Point







**Trees Defining Space** 

**Trees Providing Shade** 

Trees For Pedestrian Scale

- 1. Use only native, naturally occurring plant materials including grasses or turf suited for the local climatic conditions in the landscape design; potable-water irrigation systems are discouraged beyond the establishment period.
- 2. New facilities are encouraged to use native plant species as indicated on the plant lists available from the BCE.
- 3. Trees should be the focus of landscape plantings and, where possible, should be a mix of deciduous and evergreen species for variety; provide tree grates when appropriate and use tree guards on smaller trees.
- 4. Ground covers are only recommended when minimal maintenance is required.
- 5. Turf areas should be limited to those that can be sustained by natural rainfall or grey water (non-potable) irrigation systems; turf may be defined by at-grade concrete mow strips to lessen maintenance.
- 6. Analyze soils and provide organic amendments as needed to improve plant growth and conserve water.
- 7. All plant material shall have one-year warranty and is subject to approval by the Base Landscape Architect.

# C06.1.5. Water Budgeting (Hydrozones)

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Limited Planting Bed Near Entrance



Median with Organic Mulch



Pine Straw Mulch at Foundation Planting

- 1. Comply with DoD and Air Force policy on potable-water irrigation systems.
- 2. Provide irrigation systems in new construction to establish plant materials following "Water for Landscaping" in UFC 1-200-02. Note the climate zone and annual rainfall for the locale.

- 3. New buildings shall cost-effectively integrate a grey-water reclamation system following UFC 1-200-02, which provides source water for an automatic drip irrigation system; connect adaptive plantings adjacent to facilities to a grey-water irrigation system when available and discontinue the use of potable water for irrigation after the establishment period.
- 4. Provide irrigation design following UFC 3-201-02. Install drip irrigation products and components following UFGS Section 32 84 24 Irrigation Sprinkler Systems. Match the color of valve box lids to the adjacent ground treatment (i.e. green at turf & native seed areas, brown at wood mulch & rock areas).
- 5. Life cycle cost-effectively equip irrigation systems to sense soil moisture, rainfall and wind to minimize unnecessary watering; incorporate drip irrigation systems as the primary source.

### C06.1.6. Base Entrance Landscaping

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







**Preserved Sight Lines** 

Trees as Backdrop for Decorative Fence

Ornamental Trees at Gate

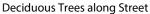
- 1. At the main gate, reinforce a sense of arrival through a well-designed concentration of landscape elements consistent in visual quality with Facility Group 1.
- 2. Ensure landscaping has seasonal features with spring and fall color and a combination of evergreen and deciduous trees and shrubs for winter interest.
- 3. Integrate base signs and street and pedestrian lighting whenever feasible.

# C06.1.7. Streetscape Landscaping

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 6







Trees and Grasses in Median



Seasonal Color as Accent



Ornamental Grasses



**Detached Sidewalk with Grasses** 



Grasses Used Predominantly at Group 4

- 1. Provide landscape designs with plant materials appropriately representing the level of quality of the adjacent Facility Group number. Refer to the Installation Elements section.
- 2. Select a variety of regionally appropriate streetscape plantings and grading to create a visual interest.
- 3. Where possible, divide main entrances with landscaped traffic medians between entry and exit lanes.
- 4. Continue the practice of planting street trees to delineate roadways, reduce pavement temperatures and provide shade on sidewalks. Maintain setbacks along evacuation routes greater than the mature height of the tree species.

# **C06.1.8. Pedestrian Circulation Landscaping**

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







**Trees for Shading** 

**Trees Defining Access Point** 

**Trees Defining Space** 

- 1. Define walkways with landscaping where appropriate.
- 2. Provide rest areas along the pedestrian circulation network with human-scaled deciduous shade trees. Supplement tree plantings with finely textured shrubs when appropriate for the climate.
- 3. Provide wind breaks where required.

# **C06.1.9. Parking Lot Landscaping**

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Tree Defining Space and Providing Shade at Perimeter and in Islands







Grass Area in Group 3



Shade Trees in Group 1

- 1. Integrate appropriate landscaping elements into parking areas to visually soften the appearance at a minimum rate of ten percent of the total area.
- 2. Avoid trees that drop sap, fruit, or seeds, and use long-lived species; keep trees trimmed, removing dead and dying trees or branches.
- 3. Provide planting in islands within parking lots for shade and appeal following IFS and the base stormwater management plan.

4. Rain garden islands shall be landscaped to receive rainwater runoff from adjacent impervious parking areas to be absorbed into the ground/planting bed. Native plants and groundcovers are recommended within the rain garden areas, which can survive without supplemental irrigation once established.

# C06.1.10. Screen/Accent Landscaping

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 6



Ornamental Trees and Shrubs for Screens and as Accents



Vegetative Screening



Trees as an Accent at Main Entrance



Trees Scaled Consistently with Facility







Accent Planting Colorful Berries Blossoms at Foundation Planting

- 1. Provide complimentary accent landscaping at monuments and static displays.
- 2. At Facility Group 1, provide landscaping adjacent to all freestanding signs without distracting from the written communication.
- 3. Provide landscape screening of utility elements adjacent to Facility Group 1.
- 4. Providing landscaping as visual screening is preferred to the construction of walls and fences; berming and mounding may supplement landscape screening.

#### C06.1.11. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply

#### **C07. SITE FURNISHINGS**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html</a>

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Furnishings: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/site-furnishings/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/site-furnishings/index.html</a>

# **C07.1. Furnishings and Elements**

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Coordinated Site Furnishings Types and Placement



Site Furnishing at Main Entrance



Chain Link Fencing



**Utility Screen Walls** 

- 1. Provide a coordinated consistent inventory of site furnishings to positively contribute to the visual environment, image, and identity of the base; ensure durability, low maintenance, reduced visual clutter, and compatibility with the adjacent architecture.
- 2. Remove poorly located or redundant litter / ash receptacles, newspaper and bicycle racks, telephone booths, vending machines, walls and fences to reduce visual clutter and to lessen the requirements for maintenance.
- 3. Site furnishings shall be powder coated steel. Generally match the site furniture and color of adjacent facilities and the facility district. Three colors may be used for site furnishings: Riley Green, dark bronze, and black.

- 4. Install needed outdoor seating (benches and low walls) in public gathering spaces near main and secondary building entrances. Low walls shall match facility architecture.
- 5. Benches in all Groups and parks shall be powder coated steel.
- 6. Integrate functional bicycle racks with the design of the building's main entrance grounds in Facility Groups 1 and 2 while meeting ATFP requirements.
- 7. Limit the use of bollards, but when necessary for force protection use concrete filled, 6-inch or 8-inch diameter steel pipe with a domed top. Paint to blend with adjacent equipment or surfaces. Other bollards in high visibility areas shall be black anodized aluminum. Any painted bollards shall complement the adjacent wall surface. Similarly designed, illuminated bollards may be used as approved on a case basis to enhance pedestrian areas, pathways and building entrances.
- 8. Locate architecturally coordinated containers for recycling, litter, ash, vending, etc., to minimize visual clutter and so they are not visible from the building's main entrance. Minimize the use of freestanding planters.
- 9. Generally limit picnic tables, barbeque grills and drinking fountains to lodging, dormitories, housing areas, parks and recreation areas following IFS.
- 10. The Installation Flagpole location shall comply with the guidance for the display of flags in AFI 34-1201. Each Air Force installation is authorized to fly one United States Flag, normally in front of the installation headquarters. Waivers for non-authorized locations must be submitted in accordance with AFI 33-360 and approved waivers (AF Form 679) must be maintained by the installation protocol office. Flagpoles using approved materials may be installed at locations designated by IFS, and in accordance with AFI 34-1201.
- 11. Refer to the Overview Section "Facility Hierarchy" topic of AFCFS for guidelines regarding ancillary structures such as pavilions and shade shelters.
- 12. Bus shelters shall be provided only where there is a documented need and when approved on a case basis. The design shall be approved by the BCE.
- 13. Monuments and static displays shall be limited. New elements are generally discouraged unless these are fully vetted through the base's approval process and designed following IFS.
- 14. When visual screening is necessary, consider landscaping as the first option; screen walls are normally permitted only in Group 1. These would be brick walls with a precast cap if within 15 feet of a building. In formal settings, these brick walls can have ornamental iron inserts. If the screen wall is away from a building, it should be brick columns with a `shadowbox' treated-wood fence insert.
- 15. For fencing, apply the standards for "Products, Materials and Color" in the following section. Limit those with the highest visual quality to Facility Group 1 where there is sustained maintenance. Define all levels of security and visual quality.
- 16. Decorative metal fencing may be used for high visibility Group 1 facilities. Ornamental railing on walls and fences shall be dark bronze.
- 17. Do not use chain-link fencing at Group 1 or 2 facilities. Vinyl-clad chain-link fencing shall be installed at the base boundary of the housing area and where needed at Group 3 facilities. Limit the use of barbed-wire outriggers on chain-link fencing at industrial sites, unless required for additional security or protection of assets.
- 18. Wood fencing may be used in Facility Group 4 and in recreation areas following IFS for material and finish when there is sustained periodic maintenance.
- 19. Provide trash dumpster enclosures for Group 1, 2 and 4 using brick walls with a precast cap. Block and metal can be used for Group 3. Match adjacent facilities where applicable. All gates shall be metal factory finished dark bronze. Group 3 dumpsters require no screening if out of view.
- 20. Specify screen wall materials and finishes that do not require painting or maintenance beyond periodic cleaning.

- 21. Picnic tables and seating for all Groups shall be prefinished metal. Generally limit picnic tables, barbeque grills and drinking fountains to lodging, dormitories, housing areas, parks and recreation areas.
- 22. Limit the use of freestanding planters to areas with ongoing maintenance.
- 23. Provide kiosks only where there is a documented need for visual communication of posted messages. When used, match adjacent facilities in materials and detailing and consolidate kiosks with other site furnishings within 30 feet of major pedestrian paths. Limit kiosks to facility Groups 1 and 2 and parks.
- 24. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

# C07.2. Site Furnishings Products, Materials and Color

Note: Apply the below base-wide standards for Site Furnishings (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

### C07.2.1. Barbeque Grills

Number of base standards 2 Image Tool 250 x 188 Applicable \( \cap \) N/A



Type:	Charcoal
Applies	to: • Group 1 • Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 • Other
Mfr:	Ultra Play Systems, Inc.
Color:	Black
Finish:	Factory
Model #	:: 629H
Other:	N/A
UFGS:	N/A



Type:	Natural Gas
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	BBQ Coach
Color:	Natural stainless steel
Finish:	Mill
Model #	#: 32" 4-Burner
Other:	Built-in Concrete or masonry, coordinate with Base Architect
UFGS:	N/A

# C07.2.2. Benches

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Victor Stanley, Inc.

Color: Dark bronze

Finish: Powder coat

Model #: Steelsites RB-28

Other: N/A



Type:	Low Brick Wall
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Custom
Color:	Charleston brick, off-white precast
Finish:	Smooth
Model #	#: N/A
Other:	Wall may have pecast concrete cap; 18"+/- high
UFGS:	N/A

# C07.2.3. Bike Racks

● Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 2 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type:



**Ribbon Type** Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ● Other Columbia Cascade Mfr: Color: Black Finish: Factory Model #: Cycloops 2170-E-C Other: N/A UFGS: N/A



Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Columbia Cascade
Color:	Black
Finish:	Factory
Model #	#: Bollard 2173
Other:	N/A
UFGS:	N/A

# C07.2.4. Bike Lockers

○ Applicable ● N/A

# C07.2.5. Bollards

♠ Applicable N/A

Number of base standards 3

Type:

Image Tool 250 x 188

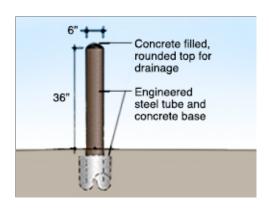
**Lighted Round Flat Top** 



Applies t	o: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other	
Mfr:	Kim Lighting	
Color:	Bronze or Black	
Finish:	Aluminum	
Model #: VRB3 with LED Kit		
Other:	Where approved by BCE for pedestrian areas and building entrances. Round top designs may be used to match existing	
LIFCS.		



Type:	Force Protection, Steel
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Local
Color:	Galvanized, Bronze or Black
Finish:	Powder coated
Model #	#: 6" diameter steel with concrete fill, domed top
Other:	8" diam. where required for extra security; for bollards protecting against vehicle damage to facility equipment, apply reflective tape
UFGS:	N/A
Туре:	Building or Equipment Protection, Steel or Aluminum
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Similar in size and appearance to lighted bollards with domed top
Color:	Bronze or Black
Finish:	Steel, or Aluminum
Model #	t: TBD, 6" diameter
Other:	As approved by BCE. For bollards protecting against vehicle damage to facility equipment, apply reflective tape



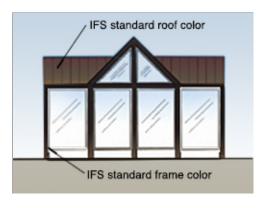
UFGS: N/A

Number of base standards 1

Type:

**Pedestal** 

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Brick and Glass with Metal Roof
Applies	to: • Group 1 • Group 2 • Group 3 Group 4 • Other
Mfr:	TBD
Color:	Charleston brick, Riley Green roof.
Finish:	Smooth
Model #	t: TBD
Other:	Provide concrete slab, Select integrated or secured bench.
UFGS:	N/A

# **C07.2.7. Drinking Fountains**

● Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1



Applies to: ☐ Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ● Other		
Mfr:	Most Dependable Fountains, Inc.	
Color:	Black powder coat	
Finish:	Factory	
Model #: MDF 440 SMSS		
Other:	Accessible	
UFGS:	N/A	

# **C07.2.8. Dumpster Enclosures / Gates**

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Brick and Steel
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Local
Color:	Charleston brick, dark bronze gates
Finish:	Face brick, powder coated gates
Model #	t: Brick with precast cap
Other:	Gates to be dark bronze factory finished metal. Provide bollards to protect enclosure during dumpster servicing activity. Provide concrete pads and concrete access pads in front of enclosure doors.
UFGS:	Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry
Type:	Block and Steel
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Local
Color:	Match adjacent buildings or equipment
Finish:	Split face block, powder coat steel
Model #	t: Metal can be similar to Style E fence

Provide asphalt or concrete pads within and in front of the enclosure. Use gates as above if fairly visible. No gate or enclosure is required if in



UFGS: N/A

remote, out-of-sight area.

Other:

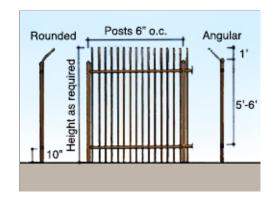
Applicable \( \cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 7

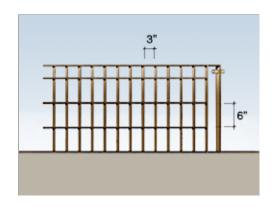
Mfr:

Custom

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Style A Barrier: High Security, High Visibility
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Custom
Color:	Dark bronze or black to match local standard
Finish:	Powder coat
Model #	#: Steel posts, rails and pickets (vertical bent outward at top or spiked)
Other:	Charleston brock piers may be used
UFGS:	Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal
Type:	Style B Barrier: High Security, Medium Visibility
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other



Color: Dark bronze or black to match local standard

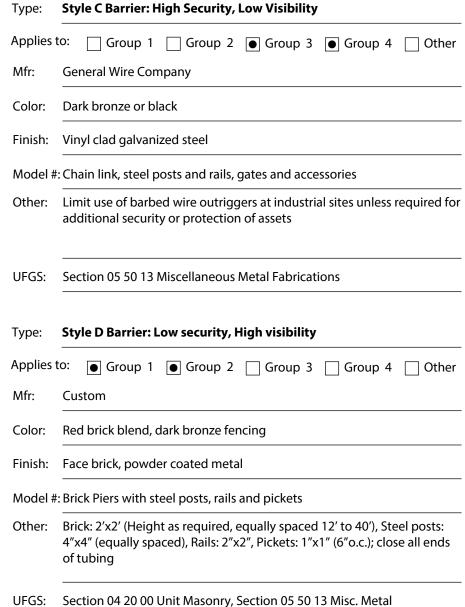
Finish: Powder coat

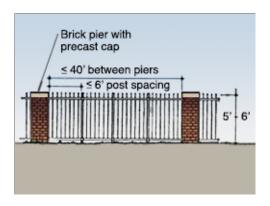
Model #: Steel grid: flat bar stock verticals, round rod horizontals

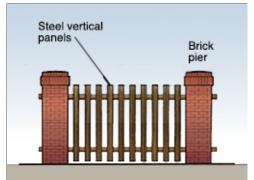
Other: Steel posts, horizontal bars, braces, and accessories, in heights, lengths, and gauges as required; Close all ends of tubing

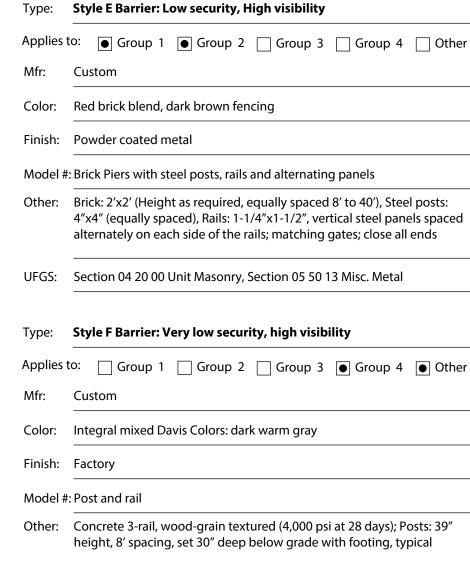
UFGS: Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications







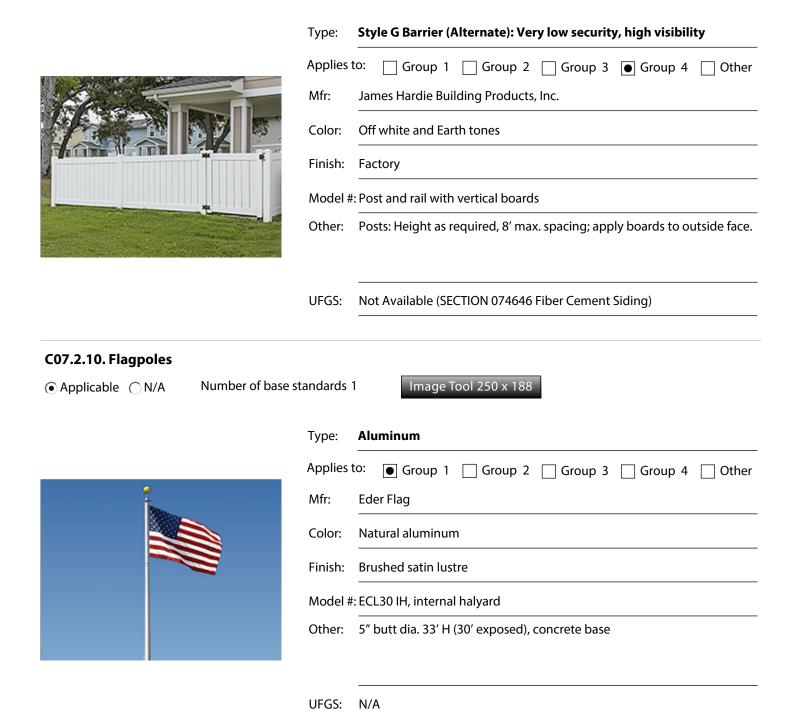




SECTION 03 33 00 Cast-In-Place Architectural Concrete



UFGS:



# C07.2.11. Lighting – Landscape / Accent

Please refer to the Lighting section.

# C07.2.12. Litter and Ash Receptacles

♠ Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Victor Stanley

Color: Dark bronze

Finish: Factory powder coat

Model #: Concourse RS-10 for litter, Concourse FC-6 for ash

Other: High density plastic liner, keveling feet, stainless steel ashtray

#### C07.2.13. Picnic Tables

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 2

UFGS:

Type:

N/A

**Recycled Plastic** 



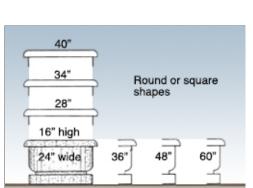
Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4		
Mfr:	Park Warehouse	
Color:	Cedar slats, black frame	
Finish:	Standard Finish (Smooth)	
Model #: ACPT 16-3		
Other:	Hexagonal from recycled plastic	
UFGS:	N/A	



**C07.2.14. Planters** 

● Applicable ○ N/A

Type:	Metal, vinyl coated
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Belson Outdoors
Color:	Green
Finish:	Factory powder coat
Model #	±: 347S-P6
Other:	Perforated pattern, in-ground or surface mount w/ engineered slab
UFGS:	N/A
base standards	1 Image Tool 250 x 188



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Materials, Inc.

Color: Weatherstone Gray

Finish: Smooth

Model #: Santa Fe

Other: N/A

# C07.2.15. Play Equipment

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Steel
Applies	to: ☐ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ● Group 4 ● Other
Mfr:	Little Tikes Commercial
Color:	Varies
Finish:	Powdercoated Steel
Model #	t: N-R-G Freestyle
Other:	Coordinate with Base Architect
UFGS:	N/A

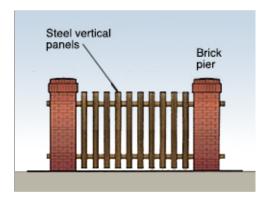
#### C07.2.16. Screen Walls

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Type:

**Brick / Steel** 



Applies t	o: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other	
Mfr:	Custom	
Color:	Red brick blend, dark brown fencing	
Finish:	Powder coated metal	
Model #: Brick Piers with steel posts, rails and alternating panels		
Other:	Brick: 2'x2' (Height as required, equally spaced 8' to 40'), Steel posts: 4"x4" (equally spaced), Rails: 1-1/4"x1-1/2", vertical steel panels spaced alternately on each side of the rails; matching gates; close all ends	
UFGS:	Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry, Section 05 50 13 Misc. Metal	

Number of base standards 2

Type:

UFGS:

N/A

Type 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Type 1

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Neenah Enterprises, Inc.

Color: Natural cast iron

Finish: Cast

Model #: 2-Piece, round or square

Other: N/A



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Urban Accessories

Color: Black

Finish: Matte

Model #: Chinook

Other: N/A

#### C07.2.18. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

# **C08. EXTERIOR SIGNS**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html</a>

# C08.1. Colors and Types

Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







**Building Identification Sign** 

Traffic Device

Monument Sign

- 1. Provide concise functional signs as a visually unifying element with consistent colors and types for all Installation and Gate Identification Signs, Building Identification Signs, Traffic Control Devices, Directional and Wayfinding Signs, and Informational and Motivational Signs.
- 2. Provide signs with the lowest overall life cycle costs considering initial cost, ongoing maintenance and lifespan while meeting quality standards. Follow IFS for specifications appropriate for the local climate to withstand weathering.
- 3. Reduce the number of signs, reduce visual clutter and provide only essential signs required for identification, directions, instructions, and customer service following UFC 3-120-01. Remove non-conforming signs during renovation projects.
- 4. Use clear concise terms for content consistent with UFC 3-120-01.
- 5. Display of emblems on building exterior walls or other permanent structures is prohibited by UFC.
- 6. Raised "standout" letters and numbers may be used for Group 1 with approval on a case basis.
- 7. Group 2 and 3 facilities shall have wall mounted facility signs with sizes and layouts following UFC 3-120-01. Signs are not permitted for Group 4 facilities.
- 8. Only one identification sign is permitted at each building entrance. Include a building address consistent with US Postal Service protocols following UFC 3-120-01.
- 9. Traffic Control Devices, which regulate vehicular traffic on the installation, shall conform to the standards in the Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) published by the Federal Highway Administration. Coordinate street signs with this IFS.
- 10. Provide Directional and Wayfinding Signs and address both pedestrian and vehicular traffic following UFC 3-120-01 for size, layout and content.
- 11. Reserved parking signs should be kept to a minimum. When approved, provide post-mounted sign faces in base standard materials and colors. Consider "bracketing" a designated area with a single sign at each end.
- 12. Parking lot identification signs may be used to identify areas or rows within large lots.
- 13. Follow the guidelines and requirements in ABAAS and the MUTCD for accessible parking signs.

- 14. Follow UFC 3-120-01 for Informational and Motivational Signs for size, layout and content.
- 15. Symbols or pictographs (graphic expressions of actual objects) may be used to indicate service, mandatory / prohibitory, sports, and recreation when rapid communication is necessary.
- 16. Force Protection signage may be applied to glass doors using white vinyl lettering.
- 17. Refer to UFC 3-120-01 for prohibited signs, which include those with animated, blinking, chasing, flashing, or moving effects.
- 18. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

#### C08.1.1. Materials and Color Specifications

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not applyApplicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
  - 1. Fabricate sign panels from aluminum sheeting with vinyl sign faces and lettering. Sign posts shall be dark bronze anodized aluminum with capped ends in a concrete base.
  - 2. Fence mounted sign panels may be attached with exposed fasteners.
  - 3. All signage shall follow Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) using standard colors. Refer to MUTCD color specifications, which provide cross-referenced Pantone Matching System (PMS) numbers.
  - a. Standard Blue
  - b. Standard Dark Bronze (also Federal Standard Color 30040)
  - c. Standard Red
  - d. Standard Black (non-reflective)
  - e. Standard White
  - f. Standard Brown

# **Materials and Color Specifications**

Number of base standards 3

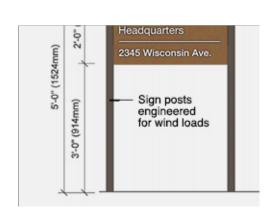
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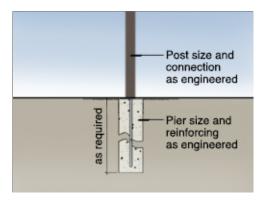
**Typical Sign Post** 

Image Tool 250 x 188









Type:	Typical Sign Base
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Custom
Color:	Natural Gray
Finish:	Sonotube-formed
Model #	t: 24" height x 12" diameter, as engineered.
Other:	At grade with 3/4" chamfer. Provide engineered sizes.
UFGS:	UFGS 03 30 00 Cast-in-place Concrete

# C08.1.2. Installation and Gate Identification Signs

Applicable \( \cap \) N/A
Number of base standards 1

Type:

lmage Tool 250 x 188

Primary, Secondary and Tertiary (Uses per UFC)

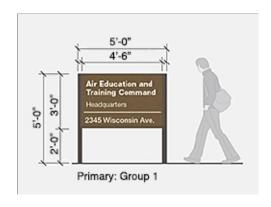


Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	Custom	
Color:	Dark bronze, brushed aluminum, accents per UFC	
Finish:	Powder coat or vinyl sign face	
Model #: Metal frame and panels, buff stone base		
Other:	White vinyl lettering. Provide dimensions per UFC. Secondary signs shall match primary sign's materials, but shall be smaller in size per UFC. Tertiary signs shall follow the UFC.	
UFGS:	Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications	

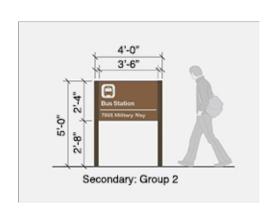
# **C08.1.3. Building Identification Signs**

● Applicable ○ N/A

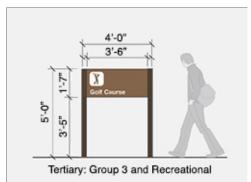
Number of base standards 5



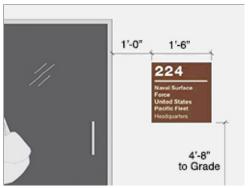
Type:	Freestanding Primary Sign (Sizes and Uses per UFC)
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Custom
Color:	Medium brown face, dark bronze posts, white vinyl lettering
Finish:	Powder coat or vinyl sign face
Model #	t: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts
Other:	Provide layout and sizes per UFC.
UFGS:	Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications



Type:	Freestanding Secondary Sign (Sizes and Uses per UFC)	
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other	
Mfr:	Custom	
Color:	Medium brown face, dark bronze posts, white vinyl lettering	
Finish:	Powder coat or vinyl sign face	
Model #: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts		
Other:	Provide layout and sizes per UFC.	
UFGS:	Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications	



Freestanding Tertiary Sign (Sizes and Uses per UFC)
to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Custom
Medium brown face, dark bronze posts, white vinyl lettering
Powder coat or vinyl sign face
: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts
Provide layout and sizes per UFC.
Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications
Wall Mounted
co: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Custom
Medium brown, white lettering
Satin vinyl applied to aluminum sheet



UFGS: N/A

Other: Provide layout and sizes following UFC.



Type:	Glass Mounted
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Custom
Color:	White vinyl lettering
Finish:	Matte vinyl
Model #	#: Machine-cut sheet vinyl
Other:	Apply vinyl lettering to glass. Provide sizes following UFC.
UFGS:	N/A

# **C08.1.4. Traffic Control Devices (Street Signs)**

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Type:

**Street Signs** 

Image Tool 250 x 188



# C08.1.5. Directional and Wayfinding Signs

Applicable \( \cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Vehicular

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

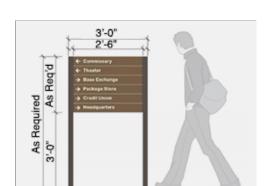
Mfr: Custom

Color: Medium brown face, dark bronze posts, white reflective lettering

Finish: Powder coat or vinyl sign face

Model #: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts

Other: Conform to the requirements of the MUTCD and its DoD Supplement. Provide types and sizes where required by UFC.



Type: **Pedestrian** 

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ● Group 4 ● Other

Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications

Mfr: Custom

**UFGS:** 

Color: Medium brown face, dark bronze posts

Finish: Powder coat or vinyl sign face

Model #: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts

Other: White vinyl lettering. Provide types and sizes where required by UFC.

UFGS: Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications

#### C08.1.6. Informational Signs

Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable ○ N/A Small graphics do not apply

- 1. Minimize informational signs such as static display signs, hours of operation, and project signs to reduce visual clutter.
- 2. Static display signs shall have standard brown background.
- 3. Hours of operation signs shall have a level of quality equivalent to the Facility Group number.

C08.1.7. Motivational Signage ○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply ○ Applicable ● N/A Small graphics do not apply 1. Provide professionally produced motivational signs as important elements of campaigns to boost morale, improve safety, aid in recruiting, and accomplish other motivational objectives. Consolidate this signage to reduce visual clutter. 2. Motivational signs shall be limited to an electronic "marquee" type changeable sign near each gate. Temporary signs are not permitted. Motivational information may also be posted in a small, printed format on kiosks in specified, high pedestrian use areas. Refer to kiosks under Site Furnishings. 3. Follow UFC 3-120-01 for color and layout. Note that animated, blinking, chasing, flashing, or moving effects are prohibited by the UFC. 4. Mount marquee signs on reinforced concrete bases with a natural warm gray color. C08.1.8. Parking Lot Signs ○ Applicable ● N/A C08.1.9. Regulatory Signs ○ Applicable ● N/A 1. Regulatory signage, which restricts, warns and advises, shall be limited to those mandated under Highway/Traffic, Government Warning, and/or Parking Regulation. Follow UFC 3-120-01 and its industry references for color and layout. 2. Provide a comprehensive, systematic approach to regulatory signage to avoid clutter and confusion from "over signage." 3. Maintain base warning signs for safety and security at the base perimeter and at specific secure areas. Use these to notify visitors of restrictions governing conduct on the base, as well as other security procedures. C08.1.10. Other ○ Applicable N/A

4. Temporary / Project Signage shall be judiciously placed to avoid visual clutter. Schedule and arrange for the removal of

these signs prior to installation.

#### **C09. LIGHTING**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdq.org/site-development/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdq.org/site-development/index.html</a>

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Lighting: http://afcfs.wbdq.org/site-development/lighting/index.html

#### C09.1. Fixtures and Lamping

Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







Standard Pedestrian Fixture

**Decorative Fixture** 

**Lighted Bollards** 

- Provide, coordinate and efficiently install street, parking lot, sidewalk and facility lighting with appropriate luminaires, lamping, placement and spacing following UFC 3-530-01 and Installation Facilities Standards (IFS); ensure the level of quality is consistent with the adjacent facility group number. Pole-mounted, wall-mounted and bollard fixtures are permitted.
- 2. Integrate controls to automatically reduce lighting power during periods of non-activity; automatically turn off power when sufficient daylight is available.
- 3. Ensure continuity and consistency of lighting elements. In new construction generally match post types, fixture types, styles, heights, sizes, materials, colors, and lamp types of adjacent facilities and the facility district.
- 4. Economically provide renewable-energy power sources such as solar photovoltaic when feasible.
- 5. Use appropriately designed or shielded luminaires to direct light downward to minimize light pollution and intrusion onto adjacent sites and to facilitate night training.
- 6. Calculate illuminant levels for all lighting applications following UFC 3-530-01 and ensure compliance with pre-curfew maximum brightness level requirements.
- 7. Sufficiently address environmental factors to prevent corrosion and weathering of fixtures, plinths and other components.
- 8. Wall mounted fixtures should respond to the architectural character of the facility.
- 9. Efficient accent lighting of architectural and landscape features may be provided for Group 1, lodging and historical applications. Accent lights in ground-mounted locations may be provided for static displays and signs when these do not conflict or cause hazards with overhead aircraft.
- 10. Comply with UFC 3-530-01 for light source technology and lamp types. High efficiency lamping such as LED is preferred for most applications.

- 11. Provide round tapered, square non-tapered, or round non-tapered aluminum poles and aluminum fixtures with square, rectangular or circular housings in colors and shapes to match adjacent facilities and the facility district.
- 12. Install lighted bollards only at Group 1 and high-traffic Group 2 facilities. Generally match materials, colors and shapes of adjacent facilities and the facility district.
- 13. Install natural warm gray color, smooth finished concrete bases for all poles in heights appropriate for the facility group and application. Generally Groups 1, 2 and 4 shall have at-grade bases. Group 3 shall have taller bases for added durability.
- 14. When parking lot lighting is necessary, provide an illuminated path to the building's main entrance. Pole bases should be contained within an internal landscape median or island.
- 15. Consistently install lighting for sidewalks, bikeways and trails to match adjacent facilities.

Type:

- 16. Landscape accent lighting may be used in public gathering spaces and in Group 1 facilities. Coordinate the design, luminaire selection, and placement with the location of trees, shrubs, and site furnishings.
- 17. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

#### C09.2. Light Fixture Types

**Note:** Apply the below base-wide standards for Light Fixtures (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

Style 1 Rectangular

## C09.2.1. Street Lighting

Applicable \( \cap \) N/A
Number of base standards 2



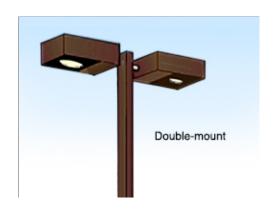
Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	Hubbell Lighting	
Color:	Dark bronze anodized	
Finish:	Factory	
Model #: RAR2 Ratio, LED lamp, single arm or dual arm mount		
Other:	Follow manufacturer's recommendations for fixture base.	
UFGS:	N/A	



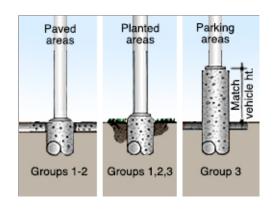
Type:	Style 2 Historic
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	TBD
Color:	Dark bronze anodized
Finish:	Factory
Model #	#: Match existing in historic areas
Other:	Lamp: LED. Follow manufacturer's recommendations for fixture base.
UFGS:	N/A

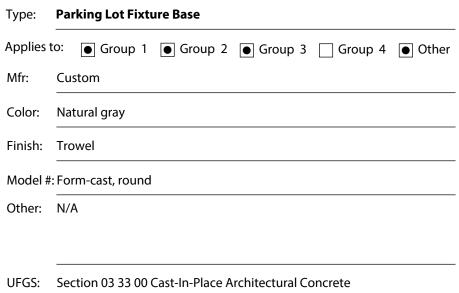
# **C09.2.2. Parking Lot Lighting**

Number of base standards 2 ● Applicable ○ N/A



Type:	Parking Lot Style 1									
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other									
Mfr:	Hubbell, Kim Lighting									
Color:	Dark Bronze Anodized (or Clear Anodized as approved by BCE)									
Finish:	Factory									
Model #	Model #: Rectilinear or Round Cutoff, Single Arm or Dual Arm Mount									
Other:	Lamp: LED. Follow manufacturer's recommendations for fixture base.									
UFGS:	N/A									





# C09.2.3. Lighted Bollards

Applicable \( \cap \) N/ANumber of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188

**Lighted Round Dome Top** 

Type:



Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other							
Mfr:	Kim Lighting							
Color:	Black							
Finish:	Aluminum							
Model #: VRB1								
Other:	Where approved by BCE for pedestrian areas & building entrances							
UFGS:	N/A							



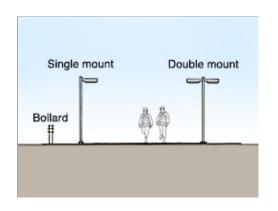
Type:	Lighted Square Sloped Top							
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other							
Mfr:	Kim Lighting							
Color:	Platinum Silver							
Finish:	Aluminum							
Model #	Model #: VSB1 Square							
Other: Where approved by BCE for pedestrian areas & building entrances								
UFGS:	N/A							

# C09.2.4. Sidewalk Lighting

Type:

Image Tool 250 x 188

**Rectilinear Cutoff** 



Applies	to: • Group 1 • Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 • Other							
Mfr:	Hubbell, Kim Lighting							
Color:	Dark bronze anodized							
Finish:	Anodized aluminum							
Model #	: Rectilinear cutoff, single arm or dual arm mount							
Other:	Lamp: LED. Follow manufacturer's recommendations for fixture base.							
UFGS:	N/A							



Type:	Historic							
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other							
Mfr:	TBD							
Color:	Match existing							
Finish:	Powder coated or anodized							
Model #	t: Pole mounted with globe							
Other:	LED lamp. Mount as recommended by the manufacturer.							
UFGS:	N/A							

# C09.2.5. Walls / Stairs Lighting

● Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1

Type:

Style 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Vista Lighting

Color: Dark bronze anodized

Finish: Smooth

Model #: Aluminum Step and Brick Lights, 5230 round louvered

Other: Lamp: LED

# C09.2.6. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

# **D. FACILITIES EXTERIORS**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html</a>

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188



Visitor Center, Main Gate at JB Charleston



**Group 2 Architectural Features** 



Group 3 Materials in High Visibility Area



Group 4 Officer Housing

# **D01. SUPPORTING THE MISSION**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Supporting the Mission: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/supporting-the-mission/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/supporting-the-mission/index.html</a>

#### **D02. SUSTAINABILITY**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Sustainability: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/supporting-the-mission/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/supporting-the-mission/index.html</a>

#### **D03. ARCHITECTURAL FEATURES**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html</a>

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Architectural Features: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/architectural-features/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/architectural-features/index.html</a>

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

































#### D03.1. Orientation, Massing and Scale

- 1. Orient new buildings to maximize energy efficiency, passive solar and daylighting potential of the building; narrow buildings oriented along an east-west axis are preferred to minimize heat gain in the summer months and maximize heat gain in the winter months resulting in less overall energy usage.
- 2. Provide orthogonal geometry for principal building form; angular geometry may be used sparingly for Group 1 and used only for emphasis at specific areas such as building entrances and stairwells.
- 3. Maintain a human scale and reduce the visual scale of large buildings with sub-massing related to interior functional operations; create consistent form and scale in adjacent buildings with compatible profiles or silhouettes.
- 4. Building heights shall not be limited; however, building heights over 2 stories shall be considered on a case basis.
- 5. Combine functions where practical to avoid a proliferation of small, independent structures.
- 6. Use and coordinate shading devices with orientation and for function.

#### **D03.2. Architectural Character**

- 1. Develop architectural features, materials and detailing appropriate for the Facility Group designation. Refer to Building Entrances, Wall Systems and Roof Systems.
- 2. Respond to the local climate and regional influences with environmentally functional architectural features.
- 3. For new facilities design generally maintain consistency and visual unity in the character of the adjacent buildings through compatible architectural features: repeated use of similar forms such as roofs, and through recurring elements such as doors, windows, materials and colors.
- 4. Reinforce the contemporary adaptation of the regional vernacular as the basewide architectural theme.
- 5. All facilities shall express sustainability through their orientation, massing, shape, form, materials, and detailing.

  Provide louvers, fins and other shading devices to control heat gain and glare and to improve energy efficiency.
- 6. Strive for economical construction without compromising a high-quality, professional appearance.

#### D03.3. Details and Color

- 1. Provide a palette of earth-tone colors related to the native landscape in brick, block, stucco and powder-coated metals. Refer to wall systems for detailed material listings.
- 2. Relate the level of architectural detailing to the Facility Group number.
- 3. Use only integrally colored materials as the predominant exterior building material; do not use materials that require field painting and ongoing maintenance.
- 4. Provide consistent and compatible colors for every exterior building feature, including walls, roofs, doors, windows, gutters, downspouts, utility and mechanical elements, and other visible elements.
- 5. Noncorrosive metals with factory applied color finishes are required.
- 6. Combine details and color with orientation, massing, scale and architectural character to maintain base compatibility.
- 7. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

#### D03.3.1. Climate-based Data and Life-Cycle Cost-Effective Passive and Natural Design Strategies:

Climate dominated by mechanical cooling						
Climate dominated by mechanical heating						
Climate with similar mechanical cooling / heating needs						
Climate with minimal mechanical cooling / heating needs						
Climate with high humidity						
Climate with moderate humidity						
Climate with low humidity						
<ul> <li>High Solar Insolation</li> </ul>						
<ul><li>Moderate Solar Insolation</li></ul>						
C Low Solar Insolation						
<ul> <li>Soils with High Thermal Conductivity</li> </ul>						
Soils with Average Thermal Conductivity						
<ul> <li>Soils with Low Thermal Conductivity</li> </ul>						
Other: Consider the potential for flooding and corrosion.						
Other: Moderate to heavy annual rainfall						
Officer, Moderate to fleavy affilial familian						
Facility: Narrow buildings along E-W axis are preferred						
Wall: Integral shading features and devices						
Doors: Recessed are preferred						
Windows: Limit non-shaded windows; maximize windows on south facades with shading						
Roof: High to medium albedo, moderate slope for all buildings except hangars / large industrial facilities						
Structure: Do not expose ferrous metals. Provide factory finished non-ferrous metals or concrete						
MEP: Ground-source and solar photovoltaic following LCCA						
Other: Optimize shading devices to provide summer shade and allow winter solar heat gain						
Other: Internal thermal mass walls may be used following LCCA						

**Note:** Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Architectural Features (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

# D03.3.2. Natural Ventilation System

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 3

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Style 1 Aluminum Windows									
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other									
Mfr:	Kawneer (or equivalent)									
Color:	Clear (or dark bronze as approved by BCE									
Finish:	Anodized									
Model :	#: 2x4, awning type									
Other:	Provide screens and thermally broken frames.									
UFGS:	Section 08 41 13 Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts									
UFGS:										
Type:	Style 2 Steel Windows									
Type:	Style 2 Steel Windows									
Type:	Style 2 Steel Windows									
Type: Applies	Style 2 Steel Windows  to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other									
Type: Applies Mfr:	Style 2 Steel Windows  to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other  Steelcraft (or equivalent)									
Type: Applies Mfr: Color: Finish:	Style 2 Steel Windows  to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other  Steelcraft (or equivalent)  Dark bronze									



UFGS:



Type:	Style 3 Aluminum-ciad wood windows							
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other							
Mfr:	Marvin (or equivalent)							
Color:	White or earth tones							
Finish:	Factory							
Model #	t: 4" depth, double-hung							
Other:	Provide screens							
UFGS:	Section 08 14 00 Wood Doors							

# D03.3.3. Thermal Mass

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1



Type:	Style 1 Interior Wall Material								
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other								
Mfr:	Custom								
Color:	Beige or Charleston brick								
Finish:	Light texture								
Model #	Model #: Modular face brick								
Other:	N/A								
UFGS:	Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry								

# D03.3.4. Thermal Shading

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Style 1 Wall Devices									
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other									
Mfr:	Kawneer (or equivalent) or custom									
Color:	Clear or dark bronze									
Finish:	Factory, to match frames									
Model #	t: Louver									
Other:	Shading devices may be attached to frames or structure									
UFGS:	Section 08 41 13 Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts									
Type:	Style 2 Wall Devices									
Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other										
Mfr:	Steelcraft (or equivalent)									
Color:	Dark bronze									
Finish:	Factory, to match frames									
Model #	Model #: Louver, powder coated									
Other:	Shading device may be attached to frames or structure									

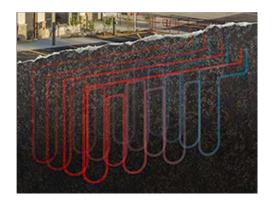


UFGS: Section 08 11 13 Steel Doors and Frmes

# D03.3.5. Renewable Heating/Cooling

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1 Geothermal (Ground Source)

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Climate Master (or equivalent)

Color: N/A

Finish: N/A

Model #: Varies

Other: Vertical ground loop well field

UFGS: Section 23 81 47 Water-Loop and Ground-Loop Heat Pump Systems

## **D03.3.6. Solar Photovoltaic System**

Applicable \( \cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Varies

Color: Factory

Finish: Factory

Model #: Flat panel

Other: Ground mount or roof mount. If roof mounted, coordinate with roofing

manufacturer and utility provider.

UFGS: Section 26 31 00 Solar Photovoltaic (PV) Components

# D03.3.7. Solar Thermal System

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1



Type:	Style 1						
Applies	to: • Group 1 • Group 2 • Group 3 • Group 4 Other						
Mfr:	TBD						
Color:	Factory						
Finish:	Factory						
Model #	t: Flat plate collector						
Other:	Wall mount or roof mount						
UFGS:	Section 48 14 13.00 20 Solar Liquid Flat Plate & Evac. Tube Collectors						

#### **D04. BUILDING ENTRANCES**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html</a>

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Building Entrances: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/building-entrances/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/building-entrances/index.html</a>

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.



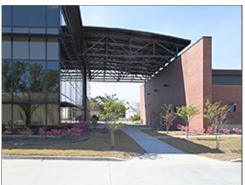






























#### **D04.1. Primary Entrances**

- 1. Emphasize the primary entrance in the overall building design with a projecting or recessed covering for weather protection following Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) for Facility Group designations.
- 2. Provide vestibules at entries in Groups 1, 2 and 3 unless used infrequently or serving unconditioned space following ASHRAE 90.1.
- 3. Fully integrate all elements including the design of handicap ramps in the overall design of the primary entrance in an organized uncluttered appearance.
- 4. Install paved transitional spaces sized for the building function and occupancy.
- 5. Install appropriate lighting and site furniture following ATFP and IFS.
- 6. Protect entrances from direct sun.
- 7. Provide porte cocheres or covered drop-offs when justified for lodging and medical facilities; do not use for prestige or architectural accents. Gabled roof forms are preferred. Cloth awnings may be used only with permission of the BCE.

#### **D04.2. Secondary Entrances**

- 1. Provide vestibules at entries in Groups 1, 2 and 3 unless used infrequently or serving unconditioned space following ASHRAE 90.1; use of stair towers as vestibules for multi-story buildings is encouraged when building and / or energy codes are satisfied.
- 2. Reflect the character of the primary entrance to a lesser extent with a smaller scale.
- 3. Include a recess or projection for weather protection and shading.
- 4. Integrate service and egress doors and loading areas with the building design by matching the materials and detailing and reflect the overall quality of the facility.
- 5. Incorporate egress structures such as stair towers into the facility design.
- 6. Canopies may be used for service and loading areas; weather protection beyond weatherstripping is not required at doors used only for life safety egress.
- 7. Develop building massing and orientation to minimize the appearance of service and loading areas; physically and visually separate these from primary entrances.
- 8. Loading areas must be organized, orderly and have an uncluttered appearance.

#### **D05. WALL SYSTEMS**

 $Comply\ with\ AF\ Corporate\ Standards\ for\ Facilities\ Exteriors:$ 

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Doors and Windows:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/wall-systems/index.html

Comply with AFCFS Recommended Materials:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/wall-systems/materials/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

# Image Tool 250 x 188

























Group 3

#### **D05.1. Hierarchy of Materials**

- 1. Group 1 facilities may have more refined detailing than Group 2 and Group 2 may have more definition than Group 3.
- 2. Group 1 facilities shall be primarily "Charleston" brick. Brick may be used, when appropriate, for lintels, sills, arches or quoins. Architectural precast concrete may be used for lintels, sills, water tables, belt courses and friezes. Insulated metal panels can be used as an accent. Architectural precast walls may be utilized when approved by the BCE. Refer to the Appendix for special requirements of Facility Districts.
- 3. Group 2 facilities shall be a combination of "Charleston" brick and light, off-white architectural precast concrete, the latter used for lintels, sills, water tables, belt courses and friezes. Insulated metal panels and stucco can be used as an accent. Burnished CMU may be used as a secondary wall material. Split-face concrete block and ribbed metal sheeting are acceptable for inconspicuous areas. Refer to the Appendix for special requirements of Facility Districts.
- 4. Group 3 facilities shall be split-face concrete block, ribbed metal sheeting or insulated metal panels. Use brick on all one-and two-story buildings in high-visibility areas. Flightline security walls should be coordinated with the design of adjacent facilities or the immediate context. Refer to the Appendix for special requirements of Facility Districts.
- 5. Group 4 siding shall be either fiber-cement, brick or a combination. At housing, use trim and accent colors that are compatible with the field colors and that highlight significant building features. Vinyl siding is not permitted per AFCFS. Alternate randomly exterior color schemes using the paint and siding. Exterior materials should be low maintenance.
- 6. Multi-story Group 1 facilities may include a transition in material, color or detailing to create a visual base. Generally limit brick, concrete block, fiber-cement siding and stucco to a single color for each on Group 2, 3 and 4 facilities.
- 7. Brick shall have a running bond pattern with tooled concave joints. Conceal expansion joints with downspouts or locate them at transitions in the wall such as at pilasters or reveals. Header, rowlock and soldier coursing or other accents are encouraged.
- 8. Precast work may have castings with designs and patterns to create an individual character for a single facility or complex. Architectural precast shall be light, off-white in color.
- 9. Concrete block shall be standard 8x8x16 split-faced in a running bond with tooled concave joints. Header coursing may be used as accents.
- 10. Use natural colored Portland cement mortar. Efflorescence in masonry work is unacceptable. Measures must be provided to prevent it.
- 11. Where stucco is allowed, use a traditional three-coat stucco system. Scratch and brown coats should be cement-based mixes with the finish coat being a synthetic-based plaster. Sand finish is the standard. The use of large areas of stucco is discouraged. Stucco should have proper detailing to allow moisture out of the wall and it should not be used adjacent to grade. Do not use an Exterior Insulation Finish System (EIFS).
- 12. Limit the use of prefinished metal wall panels to special applications and large industrial facilities. Factory finish all exposed metals with a coating application such as Kynar-500.
- 13. Glass block is an acceptable material for limited use in building facades with ACRB approval. Comply with ATFP requirements.
- 14. A clearly defined articulated building base with a minimum height of 30 inches is preferred for new buildings. Distinguish the base from the façade with detailing and/or a change in material.
- 15. Use high-performance building envelopes following UFC 1-200-02.
- 16. Use detailing not subject to excessive weathering. Provide wall accents consistently throughout the base.
- 17. Use integrally colored materials and factory-finished metals. Do not paint concrete block.

- 18. Translucent wall panels may be used in Facility Group 1 and recreational uses in Group 2 when protected from direct solar gain. Provide insulating panels and shading appropriate for the orientation and exposure.
- 19. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

## D05.2. Layout, Organization and Durability

- 1. Organize wall components including doors, windows, accents, shading devices, control joints, etc., to provide an ordered, professional appearance.
- 2. Integrate shading devices into the overall composition of the wall.
- 3. Integrate fixed shading devices at all exterior glazing exposed to summer UV heat gain as a passive design measure to reduce energy use. Ensure adequate shading at west entrances. Deciduous trees may be used for shading.
- 4. Shading systems may be included as part of a manufacturer's window system or may be custom systems integrated into the wall.
- 5. Provide appropriate transitions between dissimilar materials to mitigate effects of thermal expansion and galvanic action.
- 6. All joint sealants shall be slightly darker than adjacent surfaces.
- 7. Materials requiring regular maintenance are not permitted; do not use exposed structural steel or other materials that require painting.
- 8. Refer to C07.2.16. Screen Walls for materials and colors of freestanding walls.
- 9. Refer to D07. Roofs for downspouts.

#### D05.3. Equipment, Vents and Devices

- 1. Arrange all mechanical, electrical, fire alarm, lightning protection and other system components to create an orderly appearance that integrates with the wall system.
- 2. Do not expose conduits, cables, piping, lightning protection components, etc. on exterior walls; if unavoidable in renovations, finish these elements to match the adjacent wall surface.
- 3. Avoid visual clutter and, where surface-mounted elements are required, they shall match the wall color.

## **D05.4 Wall Systems Materials**

Facility Group 1 wall materials shall be as follows.

**Facility Group 3** wall materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Brick or insulated metal panels

Primary: Ribbed mtl. shtg., insl. mtl. panels, split-face CMU

Secondary: Cast-in-place concrete or (with brick) precast

Ribbed mtl. sheet in alt. color or brick

Accent: Optional: (with brick) insulated metal panels

Accent: Brick

Secondary:

Facility Group 2 wall materials shall be as follows.

**Facility Group 4** wall materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Brick

Primary: Fiber cement siding

Secondary: Arch. precast, insul. mtl. panels, stucco

Secondary: Fiber cement siding, trim boards, brick or stucco

Accent: Split face CMU, ribbed metal, cast-in-place conc.

Accent: Concrete or brick foundation cladding

**Note:** Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Wall Systems (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

#### D05.4.1. Flat Metal Panels

Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \)Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

Color: Anodic Clear Mica PVDF 2

Finish: Anodized

Other: Route and Return Dry Seal

UFGS: Section 07 42 13 Metal Wall Panels:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 13.pdf Section 07 42 63 Fabricated Wall Panel Assemblies: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 63.pdf

## D05.4.2. Brick Veneer

Applicable \( \cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188

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		A 27				770	

Type: Type 1 ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: Richtex Brick Co. Model #: Southern 355, 'Charleston' brick with flash Color: Red blend Finish: Straight edges, smooth texture

Nominal size: 4x8x2.6 UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry:

Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry:

Other:

UFGS:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf



Type: Type 2 ☐ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: Richtex Brick Co. Model #: See Section D05.4.12 Color: See Section D05.4.12 Finish: Straight edges, smooth texture Other: Nominal size 4x8x2.6, brick color varies with siding color

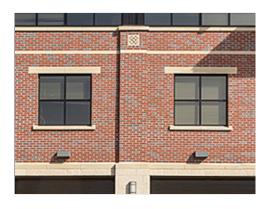
http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf

# **D05.4.3. Architectural Precast**

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 3

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Style 1 Coursed precast
Applies	to: • Group 1 • Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Local, TBD
Model #	: Smooth Casting
Color:	Light Beige
Finish:	Very Light texture
Other:	N/A
UFGS:	Section 03 45 00 Precast Architectural Concrete:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 45 00.pdf



Type:	Style 2 Architectural Precast Panels	
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other	
Mfr:	TBD	
Model #: Smooth casting		
Color:	Warm gray	
Finish:	Very light texture	
Other:	N/A	

Section 03 45 00 Precast Architectural Concrete:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 45 00.pdf

UFGS:



**D05.4.4. Stucco Over Sheathing** 

● Applicable ○ N/A

	Type: Style 3 Architectural Precast Cladding
差上	Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
	Mfr: TBD
	Model #: Smooth Casting
	Color: Off White, Light Gray
	Finish: Very light texture
	Other: N/A
	UFGS: Section 03 45 00 Precast Architectural Concrete: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 45 00.pdf
athing	
Number of b	ase standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188
	Type: Style 1
	Applies to: ☐ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other
	Mfr: Acrocrete
	Model #: AC-518



Type:	Style i
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Acrocrete
Model #	: AC-518
Color:	Per ACRB approval
Finish:	Sand texture
Other:	Use of stucco must be approved by the BCE.
UFGS:	Section 09 24 23 Cement Stucco: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 24 23.pdf

# D05.4.5. Curtain Wall

○ Applicable ● N/A

#### **D05.4.6. Cast-In-Place Concrete**

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Style 1
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	TBD
Model #	: Sheet-formed with exposed tie reveals
Color:	Exposed aggregate
Finish:	N/A

UFGS: Section 03 33 00 Cast-In-Place Architectural Concrete:

Other: Medium texture (or media blasted)

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 33 00.pdf

# D05.4.7. Tilt-Up Concrete

○ Applicable ● N/A

# **D05.4.8. Ribbed Metal Sheeting**

Applicable N/A Number of base standards 1

Type:

Flush Seam

Image Tool 250 x 188



Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Berridge
Model #	: Flush Seam Panel
Color:	Beige
Finish:	Embossed Texture, factory finished
Other:	24 Gauge Steel
UFGS:	Section 07 42 13 Metal Wall Panels

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 13.pdf

D05.4.9. EIFS

○ Applicable ● N/A

#### D05.4.10. GFRC

○ Applicable ● N/A

# **D05.4.11. Concrete Block**

Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \)Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Concrete Masonry Unit (CMU) Split Face
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	TBD
Model #	: Split Face CMU
Color:	Light or medium beige
Finish:	Medium texture
Other:	8x8x16 nominal face and corner units. Group 4 use with ACRB approval.
UFGS:	Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf



Type: Concrete Masonry Unit (CMU) Polished Face

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: TBD

Model #: Polished Face CMU

Color: Light or medium beige

Finish: Polished face with exposed aggregate

Other: 8x8x16 nominal face and corner units

UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf

# D05.4.12. Fiber Cement Siding

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 5

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Style 1
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	James Hardie Building Products, Inc.
Model #	: Horizontal lap siding, shingle siding
Color:	Bluish gray with white trim; use with brown blend brick
Finish:	Wood Texture
Other:	Hardie Plank, Hardie Shingle
UFGS:	SECTION 074646 Fiber Cement Siding: (Not Available on UFGS)



Type:	Style 2	
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other	
Mfr:	James Hardie Building Products, Inc.	
Model #: Horizontal lap siding, shingle siding		
Color:	Reddish tan with white trim; use with #355 & #455 brick	
Finish:	Wood texture	
Other:	Hardie Plank, Hardie Shingle	
UEGS:	SECTION 074646 Fiber Cement Siding:	

(Not Available on UFGS)



Type:	Style 3
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	James Hardie Building Products, Inc.
Model #	: Horizontal lap siding, shingle siding
Color:	Yellowish tan with white trim; use with #142 & #388 brick
Finish:	Wood texture
Other:	Hardie Plank, Hardie Shingle
UFGS:	SECTION 074646 Fiber Cement Siding: (Not Available on UFGS)



Type:	Style 4		
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	James Hardie Building Products, Inc.		
Model #: Horizontal lap siding, shingle siding			
Color:	Ivory with white trim; use with Buffstone (yellow-tan) brick		
Finish:	Wood texture		
Other:	Hardie Plank, Hardie Shingle		
UFGS:	SECTION 074646 Fiber Cement Siding:		

(Not Available on UFGS)



Style 5		
to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
James Hardie Building Products, Inc.		
t: Horizontal lap siding, shingle siding		
Ivory with white trim; use with 93% #370 and 7% #125 brick		
Wood texture		
Hardie Plank, Hardie Shingle		
SECTION 074646 Fiber Cement Siding: (Not Available on UFGS)		



Number of base standards 1

D05.4.13. Other

● Applicable ○ N/A

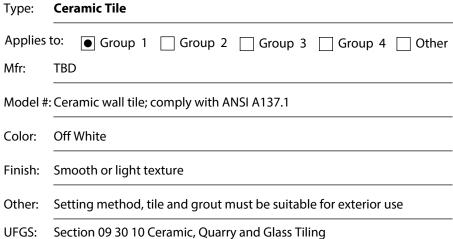


Image Tool 250 x 188

#### **D06. DOORS AND WINDOWS**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Doors and Windows:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/doors-and-windows/index.html

Comply with AFCFS Recommended Materials:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/doors-and-windows/materials/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

# Image Tool 250 x 188

























Group 3

# D06.1. Types

- 1. Clear anodized aluminum doors, windows and frames with thermal breaks are preferred for Facility Groups 1-3 because they show less wear and weathering than dark anodized finishes; match the color of the door and frame. For renovation projects the color of new windows, doors and frames may match the existing ones. Use full glass panels on primary entry doors of Groups 1, 2 and significant Group 3 buildings.
- 2. Punched window openings with frames set back 4" from the façade are preferred. Define openings with sills and lintels in a contrasting material, pattern or detail. Operable windows are preferred and should have screens.
- 3. Aluminum clad wood windows are preferred for Facility Group 4.
- 4. Standard-sized hinged doors are preferred. Use sliding, folding, overhead, sectional and other door configurations only to support mission operations.
- 5. Automatic doors are allowed only where functionally necessary.
- 6. Limit hollow metal doors and frames to security doors, utility rooms and mechanical rooms in Groups 1 and 2 and to any application in Group 3 facilities.
- 7. Utility and emergency egress doors shall match the wall color.
- 8. Passive thermal comfort methods of ventilation are encouraged where life cycle cost justified.
- 9. Windows must meet force protection requirements.
- 10. Adjacent joint sealants should be slightly darker than the frame color.
- 11. Glass block is acceptable for limited use in building facades with BCE approval.
- 12. All windows, doors and storefronts must be designed to meet the current wind-borne debris impact requirements. Where approved on small projects, provide permanent stainless steel hooks in walls at windows to accommodate temporary protective boards when required for hurricanes. Do not anchor temporary protection boards to exterior walls.

Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

#### **D06.2. Layout and Geometry**

- 1. Visually and functionally compose openings in walls for the climate-specific exposure.
- 2. Consistently use opening type, size, placement, mullion pattern, and color to reinforce the overall architectural design.
- 3. Openings shall augment interior lighting and space conditioning needs.
- 4. Protect against vandalism, intrusion and coordinate sound ratings.
- 5. Arched openings may be used in Group 1 buildings with BCE approval.

# D06.3. Glazing and Shading

- 1. Bronze tinted, energy-efficient, low-e, double-pane glazing is required.
- 2. Glazing color shall follow Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).
- 3. Translucent wall panels may be integrated into wall systems.
- 4. Do not use mirrored or plastic glazing.
- 5. Fully integrate applicable shading designs for overhangs, louvers, light shelves and grilles.

6. Where appropriate, install window screens to take advantage of natural ventilation.

#### D06.4. Hardware

- 1. Provide hardware appropriate for the Facility Group while considering activity and frequency of use and local climate; hardware may be of higher visual quality for Facility Group 1. Select U-shaped door pulls, lever handles, and thin-line panic bars.
- 2. Ensure hardware will perform throughout the facility's lifespan without showing extreme wear.
- 3. Select finishes that will not degrade by intensity of operation or exposure to the elements.
- 4. Use consistent finishes and color on window and door systems throughout a facility. For renovation projects the color of new hardware may match the existing hardware.
- 5. Design building systems to eliminate the need for security screens whenever possible. Where required, develop simple rectangular designs that are unobtrusive.

#### **D06.5. Doors and Windows Materials**

**Note:** Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Doors and Windows (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

#### **D06.5.1. Anodized Aluminum**

Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 2

lmage Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Anodized A	luminum W	lindows and	l Frames

Mfr: Kawneer (or equivalent)

Color: Clear Anodized; or Dark Bronze to match existing with BCE approval

Finish: Factory anodized

Model #: 1600 UT with GLASSvent operable windows

Other: Provide thermally broken frames; Dove Gray color option at Weapons

Station

UFGS: Section 08 41 13 Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 41 13.pdf



Type: Anodized Aluminum Doors

Applies to: 
Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Kawneer (or equivalent)

Color: Dark bronze, match existing or clear with BCE approval

Finish: Factory anodized

Model #: Insulclad 260

Other: Provide thermally broken frames. Dove Gray color option @ Weapons

Station

UFGS: Section 08 41 13 Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 41 13.pdf

#### D06.5.2. Hollow Metal

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Hollow Metal

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Hollow Metal Doors, Windows and Frames

Color: Dark brown or match wall

Finish: Powder Coated, Satin

Model #: 2x4 frame

Other: Provide thermally broken frames

UFGS: Section 08 11 13 Steel Doors and Frames:

http://www.wbdq.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 11 13.pdf

# D06.5.3. Aluminum-clad Wood

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Aluminum-clad Residential			
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other			
Mfr:	Marvin			
Color:	White			
Finish:	Powder coated, satin			
Model #: Aluminum-clad wood windows				
Other:	Double hung			
UFGS:	Section 08 14 00 Wood Doors http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 14 00.pdf			

#### D06.5.4. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

#### **D07. ROOF SYSTEMS**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Roof Systems:

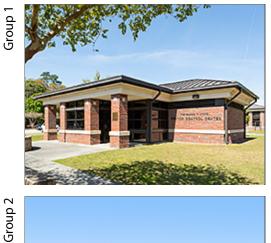
http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/roof-systems/index.html

Comply with AFCFS Recommended Materials:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/roof-systems/materials/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

# Image Tool 250 x 188















Group 3











#### D07.1. Roof Type and Form

- 1. Use proven, cost-effective roof systems with high durability, weather resistance, and low maintenance that are compatible with Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) and requirements for the designated Facility Group.
- 2. Generally match the roof type and form of existing adjacent facilities in new construction. Refer to the Appendix for special requirements of Facility Districts. Hipped roofs are preferred for most buildings.
- 3. Group 1 and 2 buildings shall use sloped, standing seam metal roofs.
- 4. Provide screens for roof-mounted appendages and equipment of the same materials, which are used predominantly in the building's roof systems.
- 5. Roof translucent panels are not permitted.
- 6. Group 2 and 3 facilities under 5,000 sf and narrow in plan geometry, may use gabled or hipped standing seam metal roofs. Larger facilities may use sloped-roof features in conjunction with predominantly minimal-sloped "flat" membrane roofs.
- 7. Group 4 facilities shall have gabled or hipped composite shingle roofs.
- 8. Roof eaves shall extend beyond the exterior wall for roof drainage and shading. Provide overhangs for shading in response to local climatic conditions, sized and proportioned to the height of the facility and to the window openings being shaded.
- 9. Gabled elements are encouraged at entries and to break up large masses.
- 10. Coordinate metal fascia height with the scale of the facility. Avoid the use of turn-down standing seam metal fascias.
- 11. South-facing eaves shall coordinate with adjacent wall-mounted shading devices.
- 12. The color, shape and slope of the eave and soffit shall be compatible with adjacent facilities.
- 13. Keep roofs uncluttered and minimize penetrations.
- 14. Diminish massive roofs into coordinated smaller components consistent with adjacent facilities; avoid random, arbitrary changes.
- 15. Increase the insulation value of existing roofing systems during renovations if supported by life cycle cost and structural analysis.
- 16. Roofs shall be maintained for the life of the system and replaced in accordance with UFC 3-110-04 and AFI 32-1051. A warranty is required on all new roofs.
- 17. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

# D07.2. Roof Slope

- 1. All buildings shall use sloped roofs, min. 3-1/2:12, but low-slope shall not be the predominant roof form. A slope of 5:12 should be used where possible. Curved roofs are permissible on a limited basis with approval of the BCE.
- 2. Low-sloped roofs are allowed for larger structures or to match existing conditions on renovation projects. Minimal-sloped roofs may also be used for Group 3 facilities in high-visibility areas.
- 3. Group 4 facilities shall use 4:12 to 6:12 roof slopes.
- 4. Ensure adequate drainage, and connect to the subsurface rain collection system where available.
- 5. Provide roof slopes to accommodate solar photovoltaic, solar thermal, passive systems and daylighting when applicable following UFC 1-200-02.

6. Provide underlayments as required for the roofing type as directed by the UFC.

#### **D07.3. Parapets and Copings**

- 1. Generally provide hip or gable roof forms. Where there are parapets, extend wall materials vertically above the roof line and provide metal copings or properly flashed precast concrete copings. Continuous parapet walls are discouraged and should be limited to special use facilities.
- 2. Ensure copings are properly flashed and detailed to avoid roof leaks. Precast copings should have raked joints filled with elastomeric sealant. Painted metal copings are to be prefinished (Kynar 500 or equal) and match the roof color.
- 3. Sloped parapets with horizontal flanks on the gabled end should be the same slope as the roof.

#### **D07.4. Color and Reflectivity**

- 1. Metal roofs in Groups 1 and 2 and smaller facilities in Group 3 may be dark bronze only for additions to or renovations of an existing building or where immediately adjacent to an existing building with that color. Otherwise follow SRI requirements below.
- 2. All minimal-slope membrane roofs shall use only use high-albedo, high reflectivity color to help decrease the temperature around the buildings and minimize damage to human and wildlife habitat.
- 3. Sloped roofs in Group 4 shall be earth tones.
- 4. Comply with UFC 3-110-03 and ASHRAE 90.1 for Solar Reflectance Index (SRI) and thermal requirements.
- 5. All roof flashing shall match the color of the predominant background material.

#### D07.5. Gutters, Downspouts, Scuppers, Drains

- 1. All sloped roofs shall use gutters and downspouts. Gutters shall be outside the fascia.
- 2. Internal roof drainage systems are not permitted in new construction. Minimal-sloped roofs shall be sloped to drain to the building perimeter through scuppers into downspouts.
- 3. All gutters and fascias shall match the roof color.
- 4. Size the roof drainage system per IBC and SMACNA for the region.
- 5. Use scuppers as required in parapet walls. Arrange scuppers in an orderly manner consistent with other elements of the wall system.
- 6. When open scuppers are connected to downspouts, provide transitions consistent with adjacent facilities.
- 7. Integrate downspouts with the architectural details of the wall system and arrange in an orderly, non-prominent appearance. Generally blend downspouts with the color of the wall (not contrasting it).
- 8. Fabricate downspouts from non-corrosive materials such as aluminum or zinc-coated steel. Provide powder-coated finishes.
- 9. All downspouts shall be solid.
- 10. Provide angled transitional pieces for downspouts to fit closely against the wall for their entire length.
- 11. Coordinate locations of downspouts to conceal control joints in masonry walls when possible.

12. Place downspouts away from building entries. Water discharged should not run across sidewalks. Provide concrete splash blocks or cast iron receivers at grade, connected to the storm drainage system where available.

#### **D07.6. Roof Vents and Elements**

- 1. Minimize and consolidate roof penetrations into a single, inconspicuous point whenever possible.
- 2. On sloped roofs clad pipe penetrations to match the roofing material.
- 3. Avoid the use of rooftop mechanical equipment, however for renovations and unavoidable configurations ensure units are screened.
- 4. Provide access points and service routes to equipment that protect the roof.
- 5. Screen all large vents.
- 6. Ensure attic spaces are properly vented at ridges and soffits.
- 7. Match roof color for all exposed equipment and vents.
- 8. Avoid roof-mounted antenna systems.
- 9. Arrange Lightning Protection Systems (LPS) components in an ordered, uncluttered, inconspicuous appearance and integrated into the organization of the roof and wall systems.
- 10. Ensure that LPS roof mounting systems are approved by the roofing manufacturer.
- 11. Additions to a roof shall not interfere with LPS or other rooftop systems that may be required.
- 12. Permanent fall protection shall be included with any addition to a roof with a slope above 3:12 per UFC 3-110-03.

# D07.7. Clerestories and Skylights

- 1. Clerestories and are permitted in Group 1 facilities. These are allowed in Group 3 facilities only when serving passive systems and are justifiable by life-cycle analysis.
- 2. Clerestories are preferred to skylights to avoid roof penetrations. Skylights are not permitted.
- 3. Design clerestories using the same principles for seasonal shading that are required for walls and roof overhangs.
- 4. Translucent panel systems are preferred in clerestory applications due to lack of window cleaning.
- 5. Clerestories and must comply with UFC 4-10-01.

#### **D07.8. Vegetated Roof**

1. Not applicable.

# **D07.9. Roof Systems Materials**

**Note:** Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Roof Systems (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

# **D07.9.1. Standing Seam Metal**

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Berridge

Color: Medium bronze, per BCE meeting SRI requirements

Finish: Factory finished Kynar 500 or Hylar 5000

Model #: Zee-Panel, 24 ga.

Other: Shed, gabled or hipped standing seam metal, UL 90 rated. Tundra color

at Weapons Station

**UFGS:** Section 07 61 14 Steel Standing Seam Roofing

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 61 14.00 20.pdf

#### D07.9.2. Membrane Single-ply

Applicable \( \cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Style 1 Type:

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Carlisle Systems

Color: Off-white

Finish: Smooth

Model #: TPO single-ply, "flat" minimal slope

Other: N/A

UFGS:

Section 07 53 23 Ethylene-Propylene-Diene-Monomer Roofing http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 53 23.pdf

Section 07 54 50 TPO Thermoplastic Single-Ply Roofing

(Not Available on UFGS)

#### D07.9.3. Built-up Multi-ply

D07.9.4. Concrete Tile	
○ Applicable	
D07.9.5. Clay Tile	
○ Applicable	
D07.9.6. Slate Shingles	
○ Applicable ● N/A	
D07.9.7. Vegetated System	
○ Applicable	
D07.9.8. Ribbed Metal Sheeting	
Applicable	Image Tool 250 x 188
	Type: Style 1
	Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
	Mfr: Berridge
	Color: Galvalume
	Finish: Factory
	Model #: High Seam Tee-Panel
	Other: 24 gauge steel, Width: 16" Batten height: 1-3/4"

UFGS: Section 07 41 13.19 Batten-Seam Metal Roof Panels

(Not Available on UFGS)

# **D07.9.9. Composite Shingles**

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Style 1
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	GAF Materials Corporation
Color:	Weatherwood Gray, Misty Gray, or Golden Cedar
Finish:	Factory
Model #	t: Timberline asphalt shingles
Other:	Gabled or hipped with transverse gable or hipped features
UFGS:	Section 07 31 13 Glass-fiber-reinforced Asphalt Shingles http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 31 13.pdf

# D07.9.10. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

#### **D08. STRUCTURAL SYSTEMS**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Structural Systems:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/structural-systems/index.html

Comply with AFCFS Recommended Materials:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/structural-systems/materials/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

# Image Tool 250 x 188















Group 3

Group 4











#### **D08.1. Systems and Layouts**

- 1. Pre-engineered structural steel framing may be used for Groups 1, 2 and 3 facilities; Installation-appropriate thermal envelopes, materials and detailing are required.
- 2. Select economical structural systems that integrate roof and wall systems.
- 3. Narrow buildings 60' or less in width with column-free interiors are preferred for office, administrative and personnel spaces; when interior columns are required optimize the structural grid layout for open-plan arrangements.
- 4. Fully coordinate structural grids with exterior window systems to align columns with window frames or wall systems.
- 5. When structure is exposed provide an organized appearance and coordinate with mechanical, electrical, plumbing, fire protection, information technology, and communications systems.
- 6. Limit the use of specialty systems (such as space frames, vaults or domes) and of structure as a visual feature.
- 7. Cost-effectively design interior bearing walls as thermal mass.
- 8. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

#### **D08.2. Structural Systems Materials**

**Note:** Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Structural Systems (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

#### D08.2.1. Concrete

♠ Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Cast-In-Place
Applies t	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Custom
Color:	Natural gray
Finish:	Light texture
Model #	: Post and beam and/or waffle slab
Other:	Coordinate with mechanical for chilled beam technologies

UFGS: Section 03 30 53 Miscellaneous Cast-In-Place Concrete <a href="http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS">http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS</a> 03 30 53.pdf Section 03 33 00 Cast-In-Place Architectural Concrete <a href="http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS">http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS</a> 03 33 00.pdf

Section 03 47 13 Tilt-Up Concrete

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 47 13.pdf

# **D08.2.2. Insulated Concrete Forming (ICF)**

○ Applicable ● N/A

#### D08.2.3. Steel

Applicable \( \cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



**Rigid Framing** Type:

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: **US Steel** 

Color: Hot-dipped galvanized metal

Finish: Matte

Model #: Structural steel shapes

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 05 12 00 Structural Steel

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 05 12 00.pdf

#### D08.2.4. Pre-Engineered Steel

Applicable \( \cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188

Hot-dipped galvanized metal, factory primed



**Moment Frame** Type:

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Applies to:

Mfr:

Color:

Local, TBD

Finish: Matte

Model #: Moment Frame

Other: Draped insul. may be used behind wall finish system; deflection criteria

must follow IBC; Behlen standing seam roof may be used for Group 3

UFGS: Section 13 12 00 Steel Building Systems

(Not Available on UFGS)

Section 13 34 19 Metal Building Systems

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 13 34 19.pdf

• Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Interior Load-Bearing Masonry

-

Mfr: Custom

Applies to:

Color: Red or Beige

Finish: Smooth texture

Model #: Brick or ground face CMU

Other: Internal thermal mass walls following LCCA

UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

# D08.2.6. Heavy Timber

○ Applicable ● N/A

# D08.2.7. Light-gauge Steel

Applicable \( \cap \) N/ANumber of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: **Steel Framing** 

Applies to: ☐ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Local, TBD

Color: Factory

Finish: Galvanized

Model #: Standard structural shapes

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 05 45 00 Light Gauge Steel Framing System

(Not Available on UFGS)

# D08.2.8. Lumber Framing Applicable N/A D08.2.9. Other Applicable N/A

# **D09. MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL AND PLUMBING**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html</a>

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Mechanical, Electrical and Plumbing: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/machanical-electrical-and-plumbing/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/machanical-electrical-and-plumbing/index.html</a>

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

# Image Tool 250 x 188















Group 3

Group 4











#### **D09.1. Passive and Active Systems**

- 1. Fully integrate passive heating and cooling systems into facility designs whenever practical for the local climate prior to the design of active mechanical systems.
- 2. Provide optimized passive and active systems; design active mechanical systems to supplement thermal mass walls and floors.
- 3. Develop renewable energy systems including geo-exchange (ground source heat pumps) when life cycle cost effective.
- 4. Performance display screens, which report energy performance and utility savings, are encouraged; when provided locate these in building lobbies or common areas.
- 5. Solar domestic hot water systems are required when life cycle cost effective for the climate.
- 6. Integrate shading into building exteriors to reduce solar heat gain during hot seasons.

#### **D09.2. Functionality and Efficiency**

- 1. Fully coordinate mechanical, electrical, plumbing (MEP) and fire protection systems with each other and with the building structure, enclosure, thermal envelope and interior design.
- 2. Ensure direct exterior access is provided (for CE) to main mechanical and electrical rooms.
- 3. Screen exterior equipment from primary views (landscape, building masses, screen walls) and comply with AT/FP requirements.
- 4. Keep equipment away from main building entrances; locate service area/yard on least visible side of a building.
- 5. Coordinate the location of all exterior meters, equipment and devices to provide convenient access and an overall coordinated and orderly appearance.
- 6. Design emergency generator systems integrally with all other building systems and avoid incompatible building additions; locate generators near service areas and ensure they are not visible from primary entrances.
- 7. When structure is exposed as a finished ceiling, fully integrate MEP and fire protection systems to provide an organized uncluttered appearance.
- 8. Conceal ducts, piping, conduits, devices, etc., when permanent walls, suspended ceilings or raised floors are provided; locate sprinkler heads in orderly configuration.
- 9. Limit interior wall-mounted equipment in occupied personnel spaces; avoid surface-mounted conduit and pipes.
- 10. Provide efficient utility rooms with layouts to facilitate system performance and maintenance; provide convenient access to controls, clearly label systems and include operating and maintenance instructions.
- 11. Separate mechanical and electrical and communications rooms.
- 12. Integrate recessed and wall-mounted fixtures such as fire standpipe cabinets and drinking fountains within permanent walls.

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188



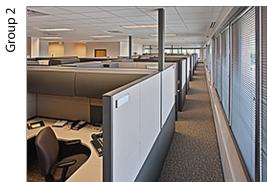
Group 3

Group 4

























# **E01. Building Configurations**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Building Configurations: http://afcfs.wbdq.org/facilities-interiors/buildings-configurations/index.html

- 1. Provide open-plan configurations for office, administrative, operational and related activities and spaces for maximum flexibility. Use a "core and shell" approach in which all building systems, infrastructure and permanent interior partitions anticipate two or more uses (operations) during a facility's lifespan.
- 2. Create flexible interior configurations using Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment (FF&E) and limit private offices and private rooms. Refer to AFMAN 32-1084 for space requirements. To the greatest extent, limit permanent partitions to core areas such as toilet rooms, stairs, mechanical and utility rooms.
- 3. Use more durable long-lasting finishes in core areas for walls, ceilings, floor coverings and built-in casework. Coordinate interior FF&E layouts with structural grids during space planning.
- 4. Provide high-performance building configurations following UFC 1-200-02. Ensure passive design strategies are cost effectively incorporated before active mechanical systems are designed.
- 5. Comply with UFC 1-200-01, general building requirements. UFC 1-200-01 provides applicability of model building codes and government unique criteria for typical design disciplines and building systems, as well as for accessibility, antiterrorism, security, high performance and sustainability requirements, and safety.
- 6. Meet security and force protection requirements in UFC 4-010-01: DoD Minimum Antiterrorism Standards for Buildings.
- 7. Comply with AFCFS for supporting mission requirements, addressing human comfort and well being, and creating highly flexible interiors while satisfying metrics for high performance and sustainable buildings.
- 8. Provide a level of quality for interior features, materials and finishes that is appropriate for the Facility Group number. Group 1 may receive higher quality than Groups 2 thru 4. Refer to Facility Hierarchy.
- 9. Through open-plan configurations, preserve all passive and natural design strategies and fully integrate facility interiors with overall building systems.
- 10. Professional interior designers, or architects with significant interior design experience, must accomplish the design and review of applicable new construction, renovations and maintenance projects.
- 11. Consult with the State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO) and base-level Historic Preservation offices regarding proposed changes to properties listed on or eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places. Follow requirements of The National Historic Preservation Act and Secretary of the Interior Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties.
- 12. Maintain architectural compatibility following AFCFS and this Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) document to create continuity while avoiding monotony.

#### **E01.1. Layout and Common Areas**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Layout and Common Areas: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/buildings-configurations/layout-and-common-areas/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/buildings-configurations/layout-and-common-areas/index.html</a>

- 1. Create open-plan interior environments to accommodate changes.
- 2. Limit interior partitions, private offices and rooms; use furniture or modular systems to provide privacy and acoustic control.
- 3. When partitions are functionally justified such as for conference rooms, use systems furniture and moveable (demountable) floor-to-ceiling wall systems for acoustical or visual privacy.
- 4. Proportion lobbies and common spaces based on type of function, activity and facility group.

- 5. Allow no direct sight lines into restrooms.
- 6. Situate utility and core areas to minimize impact on daylighting and to maximize use as thermal buffers.
- 7. Ensure electrical, lighting and communications system can be adaptable to configuration changes.
- 8. Avoid power poles to the maximum extent; when poles are necessary minimize the number and coordinate locations with furniture placement and other elements.
- 9. Avoid sloping floors to maintain flexibility and eliminate future structural changes.
- 10. Special consideration may apply to Sensitive Compartmented Information Facilities (SCIFs).

#### **E01.1.1. Interior Design Process**

- 1. Comply with UFC 3-120-10 for the Comprehensive Interior Design (CID,) which includes both Structural Interior Design (SID) and Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment (FF&E) design services.
- 2. Use a collaborative, integrated planning and design team, composed of user, government support staff, and appropriate professionals. Integrate architectural features using simple detailing to create a professional appearance; avoid extravagant or excessive detailing.
- 3. Ensure interior designs satisfy the functional requirements within the context of flexibility, sustainability and the building's energy performance.
- 4. Base space planning on square foot allocations from AFM 32-1084. Identify special requirements if any, such as privacy separation, VIP areas, gathering spaces and storage. Note: The occupant's rank and position will influence the square footage and selection of materials.
- 5. Provide clear circulation and pathway finding for both horizontal and vertical directions that accommodate the number of personnel in the facility.
- 6. Maximize efficiencies in the space plan for functional relationships and adjacencies for all facility users. Efficiently create and situate rooms and support rooms such as conference / meeting rooms and break rooms.
- 7. Provide interior design building-related illustrations, drawings, schedules, materials selections, specifications and cost estimates as listed in UFC 3-120-10. Refer to Furnishings in this IFS also.
- 8. SID Format shall follow HQ AFCEC standards.
- 9. Base the FF&E package on the furniture footprint developed in the SID. Identify all new or existing equipment needed and its users within each facility or each area of the facility. Provide specific information on: equipment sizes, electrical requirements, ventilation requirements, weight (if heavy), quantity, and security level if required. Presume all administrative spaces have computers and supporting equipment.

#### **E01.1.2. Codes and Regulations**

- 1. Refer to UFC 1-200-01 for modifications to the International Building Code (IBC) to determine applicable sections of the IBC. Both the IBC Chapter 3 and UFC 3-600-01 govern "Use and Occupancy Classification" for example.
- 2. Fire code requirements shall be as defined in the International Building Code (IBC) and must be used where dictated by UFC 1-200-01 DoD Building Code (General Building Requirements) except where noted in UFC 3-600-01 (Fire Protection Engineering For Facilities).
- 3. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 101 must be utilized to determine the occupancy classification as it relates to fire/smoke resistance rating of interior non-load bearing partitions (other than occupancy separation), means of egress, interior finish, features of fire protection (including vertical openings) and associated requirements.

#### **E01.2. Quality and Comfort**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Quality and Comfort: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/buildings-configurations/quality-and-comfort/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/buildings-configurations/quality-and-comfort/index.html</a>

- 1. Include durability in the life cycle cost analysis for best-value material selections with long life expectancies that do not show excessive wearing.
- 2. Select long-lasting materials and finishes for permanent core areas such as lobbies, restrooms and stairs.
- 3. Select low-maintenance materials and products that reduce ongoing servicing and repair and that are easy to clean.
- 4. Relate the visual quality of finishes to the Facility Group number.
- 5. Building and interior configurations should address both operations and climatic responses.
- 6. Convey a professional image; avoid trendy patterns and textures.
- 7. Use materials and finishes that provide a healthy indoor environment.
- 8. Orient interior spaces toward views while maintaining cost-effective building performance and efficiency.
- 9. Promote air movement and daylighting for human health and wellbeing.

#### **E02. Floors**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Floors: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/floors/index.html

#### **E02.1. Floor Materials**

Facility Group 1 floor materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 3 floor materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Prepared Slabs (Ground, Polished) Primary: Prepared Slabs (Ground)

Secondary: Porcelain tile Secondary: Prepared Slabs (Sealer)

Tertiary: Carpet, Rubber Stair Treads Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 2 floor materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 4 floor materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Prepared Slabs (Ground, Polished) Primary: Carpet

Secondary: Ceramic tile Secondary: Ceramic tile

Tertiary: Carpet, Rubber Stair Treads Tertiary: N/A

- 1. Natural stone and terrazzo flooring may be used in high traffic areas of Group 1 as approved on a case basis.
- 2. Resilient and rapidly renewable flooring may be used in low traffic areas in Group 1, 2 and 4.
- 3. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

**Note:** Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Floors (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

#### **E02.1.1. Prepared Slabs**

● Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 2 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type:



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Local (TBD)

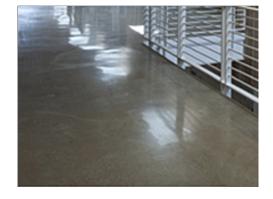
Color: Natural gray cement, light to dark beige aggregates

Finish: Fine polished texture

Model #: Medium to small aggregate

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 03 35 45 Polished Concrete Finishing (Not Available on UFGS)



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Local (TBD)

Color: Natural gray cement, light to dark beige aggregates

Finish: Medium polished texture, slip resistant

Model #: Medium to small aggregate

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 03 35 45 Polished Concrete Finishing (Not Available on UFGS)

#### **E02.1.2. Natural Stone and Terrazzo**

○ Applicable ● N/A

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

applies to: ☐ Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Daltile

Color: Earth tones

Finish: Matte, slip resistant

Model #: N/A

Other: Use in commercial kitchen flooring.

UFGS: Section 09 30 10 Ceramic, Quarry, and Glass Tiling

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 30 10.pdf

#### E02.1.4. Ceramic Tile

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1 Porcelain

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Daltile

Color: Earth tones

Finish: Matte, slip resistant

Model #: Porcelain tile

Other: Use in high traffic areas. Epoxy grout is recommended.

UFGS: Section 09 30 10 Ceramic, Quarry, and Glass Tiling

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 30 10.pdf



Type:	Style 2 Ceramic
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Daltile
Color:	Earth tones
Finish:	Matte, slip resistant
Model #	#: Ceramic tile
Other:	Use in low traffic area toilet rooms.
LIECC	Continue 20 20 10 Comparis On the continue of Class Tilling

UFGS: Section 09 30 10 Ceramic, Quarry, and Glass Tiling

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 30 10.pdf

# **E02.1.5. Resilient Floor**

♠ Applicable ○ N/A Number

Number of base standards 1

Type:

Image Tool 250 x 188

**Style 1 Stair Treads** 



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Roppe

Color: Neutral tones

Finish: Factory

Model #: Raised design rubber tread

Other: Stair treads material

UFGS: Section 09 65 00 Resilient Flooring

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 65 00.pdf

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Mohawk Group

Color: Neutral multi-colored tones/patterned/solid

Finish: Yarn: Nylon 6 or 6.6/cut pile or loop pile

Model #: Broadloom, 6' wide rolled, carpet tiles, entry walk-off carpet

Other: N/A

UFGS: UFGS 09 68 00 Carpeting

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 68 00.pdf



Type: **Style 2** 

Applies to: ☐ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Mohawk Group

Color: Earth tones

Finish: Factory

Model #: Broadloom, residential loop, "Smartstrand"

Other: N/A

UFGS: UFGS 09 68 00 Carpeting

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 68 00.pdf

# **E02.1.7. Rapidly-Renewable Products**

○ Applicable ● N/A

# E02.1.8. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

#### E03. Walls

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Walls: http://afcfs.wbdq.org/facilities-interiors/walls/index.html

#### E03.1. Wall Materials

Facility Group 1 wall materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 3 wall materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Brick or concrete (or as approved by the BCE) Primary: Ground face block, sealed (do not paint)

Secondary: Gypsum board (painted) Secondary: N/A

Tertiary: Ceramic tile (restrooms) Tertiary: Ceramic tile (restrooms)

Facility Group 2 wall materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 4 wall materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Brick Primary: Gypsum board (painted)

Secondary: Gypsum board (painted) Secondary: N/A

Tertiary: Ceramic tile (restrooms) Tertiary: Ceramic tile (restrooms)

- 1. Follow UFC 3-450-01 (Vibration and Noise Control) for acoustic design issues including speech privacy, sound isolation or sound masking.
- 2. Select and apply paint with sheens (gloss levels) appropriate for the application following UFGS Section 09 90 00 Paints and Coatings.
- 3. Provide ceramic tile on wet walls of kitchens, toilet rooms, locker rooms, etc., in all facility groups.
- 4. Neutral split-face or ground-face integrally colored block with a clear sealer may be used in Group 3. Do not paint block.
- 5. Provide rubber base on drywall partitions in Groups 1 and 2.
- 6. Hardwood base may only be used in Group 1 as approved on a case basis.
- 7. Hardwood chair rails / bumper rails may be used in high-use areas of Groups 1 and 2; aqueous clear finishes are preferred to reduce maintenance; plastic chair rails are permitted only in medical applications.
- 8. Decorative moldings may be used only in Group 1 when approved on a case basis.
- 9. Corner guards are permitted only in high traffic spaces with wheeled or cart use such as private service areas in Groups 1 and 2; stainless steel corners guards with a brushed finish may be judiciously used in Group 3.
- 10. Group 4 may use painted composite wood base.
- 11. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

**Note:** Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Walls (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Cast-in-Place

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Local (TBD)

Color: Natural gray cement, neutral aggregates

Finish: Board formed, panel formed, hand rubbed

Model #: Medium to small aggregate

Other: See Section 03 35 00 Concrete Finishing

UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf

#### E03.1.2. Masonry

Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \)Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: **Modular Face Brick** 

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Local (TBD)

Color: Red blend, Charleston brick

Finish: Light texture

Model #: Coursed unit masonry

Other: Brick is preferred. Concrete block may only be used in Group 3 when

approved by the BCE.

UFGS: Section 03 33 00 Cast-In-Place Architectural Concrete

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 33 00.pdf

• Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

Applies to: ■ Group 1 ■ Group 2 ■ Group 3 ■ Group 4 □ Other

Mfr:

Daltile

Color: Earth tones

Finish: Gloss, Semi-gloss

Model #: Ceramic wall tile

Other: Located on wet walls in restrooms

UFGS: Section 09 30 10 Ceramic, Quarry, and Glass Tiling

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 30 10.pdf

# E03.1.4. Gypsum Board

Applicable \( \cap \) N/ANumber of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: US Gypsum

Color: Solid Earth tone colors

Finish: Paint (Sheen per UFGS)

Model #: Tapered edge

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 09 29 00 Gypsum Board

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 29 00.pdf

Section 09 90 00 Paints and Coatings

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 90 00.pdf

# E03.1.5. Metal Panels

# E03.1.6. Wood Paneling Applicable N/A E03.1.7. Rapidly-Renewable Products Applicable N/A E03.1.8. Other Applicable N/A

# **E04.** Ceilings

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Ceilings: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/ceilings/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/ceilings/index.html</a>

# **E04.1. Ceiling Materials**

Facility Group 1 ceiling materials shall be as follows.		Facility Group 3 ceiling materials shall be as follows.	
Primary:	Exposed framing (roof / floor structure above)	Primary:	Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure Above)
Secondary:	Grid and acoustical tile	Secondary:	Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure Above)
Tertiary:	Gypsum board (painted)	Tertiary:	Gypsum board (painted) (restrooms)
Facility Group 2 ceiling materials shall be as follows.		Facility Group 4 ceiling materials shall be as follows.	
Facility Grou	<b>IP 2</b> ceiling materials shall be as follows.	Facility Grou	<b>up 4</b> ceiling materials shall be as follows.
Facility Grou	<b>IP 2</b> ceiling materials shall be as follows.  Exposed framing (roof / floor structure above)	Facility Grou	<b>up 4</b> ceiling materials shall be as follows.  Gypsum board (painted)
•		·	

- 1. Accent ceiling materials such as metal, wood, and rapidly renewable may be used in Group 1 as approved on a case basis.
- 2. Follow UFC 3-450-01 (Vibration and Noise Control) for acoustic design issues including speech privacy, sound isolation or sound masking.
- 3. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

**Note:** Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Ceilings (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

# **E04.1.1. Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure Above)**

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Vulcraft

Color: Neutral colors reviewed on a case basis

Finish: Field painted (Sheen per UFGS)

Model #: Formlok floor and roof decking

Other: N/A

**UFGS:** Section 05 30 00 Steel Decks

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 05 30 00.pdf

# **E04.1.2. Exposed Concrete**

○ Applicable ● N/A

## **E04.1.3. Grid and Acoustical Tile**

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

Applies to:

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Armstrong

Color: White

Finish: Factory

Model #: 2'x2' Tegular with reveal edge and fine texture, grid 15/16"

Performance characteristics are Class A; NRC-0.70; CAC-40; LR-0.86;

minimum recycled content 82%.

UFGS: Section 09 51 00 Acoustical Ceilings

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 51 00.pdf

# E04.1.4. Gypsum Board Image Tool 250 x 188 Number of base standards 1 Type: Style 1 Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: **US Gypsum** Color: Solid neutral colors Finish: Paint (sheen per UFGS) Model #: Tapered edge Other: N/A **UFGS:** Section 09 29 00 Gypsum Board http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 29 00.pdf Section 09 90 00 Paints and Coatings http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 90 00.pdf E04.1.5. Metal Panels ○ Applicable ● N/A E04.1.6. Wood ○ Applicable ● N/A

# E04.1.8. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

○ Applicable ● N/A

# **E05. Doors and Windows**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Doors and Windows: http://afcfs.wbdq.org/facilities-interiors/doors-and-windows/index.html

# **E05.1. Doors and Windows and Frames Materials**

**E04.1.7. Rapidly-Renewable Products** 

**Facility Group 1** 

door (frame) and window frame materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Aluminum, clear anodized

Secondary: Hollow metal (painted)

Tertiary: N/A

**Facility Group 1** 

door (leaf) materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Hardwood veneer

Secondary: Hollow metal (painted)

Tertiary: N/A

**Facility Group 2** 

door (frame) and window frame materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Aluminum, clear anodized

Secondary: Hollow metal (painted)

Tertiary: N/A

**Facility Group 2** 

door (leaf) materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Hardwood veneer

Secondary: Hollow metal (painted)

Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 3

door (frame) and window frame materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Hollow metal (galvanized, painted)

Secondary: N/A

Tertiary: N/A

**Facility Group 3** 

door (leaf) materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Hollow metal (galvanized, painted)

Secondary: N/A

Tertiary: N/A

**Facility Group 4** 

door (frame) and window frame materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Wood

Secondary: N/A

Tertiary: N/A

**Facility Group 4** 

door (leaf) materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Wood solid core

Secondary: Composite solid core

Tertiary: N/A

- 1. Hardwood casings may be provided over metal frames in Group 1 as approved on a case basis.
- 2. Paneled textured doors are preferred in Group 4.
- 3. Do not use hollow-core wood doors.
- 4. Generally match original hardware in renovations.
- 5. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

**Note:** Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Doors and Windows (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Kawneer

Color: Clear anodized

Finish: Factory

Model #: InFrame Interior Framing, (2x4 nominal framing)

Other: Satin stainless steel hardware

UFGS: Section 08 41 13 Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 41 13.pdf

Section 08 71 00 Door Hardware

https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf

### E05.1.2. Hollow Metal

Applicable \( \cap \) N/ANumber of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Steel Doors

Applies to: • Group 1 • Group 2 • Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Steelcraft

Color: Neutral colors

Finish: Paint (Sheen per UFGS)

Model #: Hollow metal, 2" w. frames, 16 gauge (welded corners) grouted solid

Other: Provide in Group 3 and in utility areas of Group 1 and 2. Provide A25

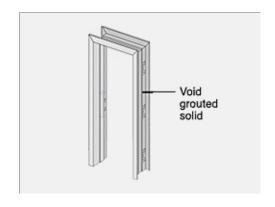
"galvannealed" coating. All interior steel doors shall have a factory applied primer finish. Provide satin stainless steel hardware.

UFGS: Section 08 11 13 Steel Doors and Frames

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 11 13.pdf

Section 08 71 00 Door Hardware

https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Steelcraft

Color: Neutral colors

Finish: Paint (Sheen per UFGS)

Model #: Hollow metal, frame grouted solid

Other: Satin stainless steel hardware

UFGS: Section 08 11 13 Steel Doors and Frames

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 11 13.pdf

Section 08 71 00 Door Hardware

https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf

# E05.1.3. Wood

♠ Applicable N/A

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1, Administrative

Applies to: • Group 1 • Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Simpson

Color: Natural hardwood veneer

Finish: Clear Sealer, satin (aqueous)

Model #: 3'x7'x 1 34", solid core

Other: Satin stainless steel hardware, Glass lites may be used. Stained birch

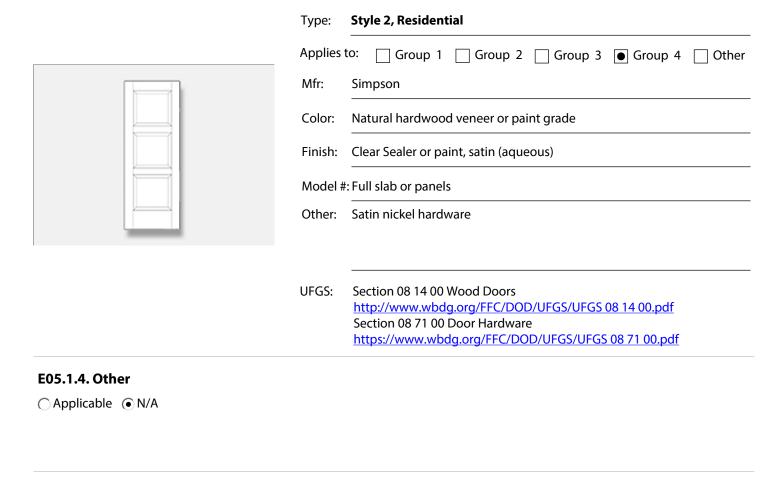
veneer face, 5 ply construction, rotary cut finish.

UFGS: Section 08 14 00 Wood Doors

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 14 00.pdf

Section 08 71 00 Door Hardware

https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf



# **E06. Casework Systems**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Casework Systems: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/casework-systems/index.html

# **E06.1. Casework Materials**

- 1. Select casework systems and materials considering durability, maintenance requirements and LCCA.
- 2. Natural stone and cast stone countertops may only be used in Group 1 with approval on a case basis.
- 3. Metal cabinets and countertops shall be provided in heavy-use operations and in Group 3.
- 4. Refer to AFCFS for approved materials.
- 5. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

**E06.1.1. Plastic Laminate** Image Tool 250 x 188 Number of base standards 1 Applicable \( \cap \) N/A Style 1, Low Use Areas Type: Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: **Formica** Color: Medium Earth tones and neutral tones Finish: Light textured Model #: High pressure laminate Other: Combine with matching solid-surface banding on casework edges. **UFGS:** Section 06 41 16.00 10 Plastic-Laminate-Clad Architectural Cabinets http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 06 41 16.00 10.pdf **E06.1.2. Solid Polymer Surface** Image Tool 250 x 188 Number of base standards 1 ApplicableN/A



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Corian

Color: Medium Earth tones and neutral tones

Finish: Light textured

Model #: Solid Surface

Other: Faces and edge banding

UFGS: Section 12 36 00 Countertops

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 36 00.pdf

# **E06.1.3. Rapidly-Renewable Products**

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



**Style 1 Moderate Use Areas** Type:

Applies to:

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Plyboo

Color: Natural or amber

Finish: Satin

Model #: Flat grain bamboo plywood

Other: FSC® Certified 100%.

**UFGS:** Section 12 32 00 Manufactured Wood Casework

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 32 00.pdf

### E06.1.4. Metal

Applicable \( \cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

Applies to: ☐ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Steel Sentry

Color: Natural stainless steel or neural colors (steel)

Finish: Mill (stainless) or Powder coated (steel)

Model #: Lab, workbench, computer workstation

Other: Provide highly durable fabrications and finishes in Group 3 which are

subjected to heavy use.

UFGS: Section 12 31 00 Manufactured Metal Casework

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 31 00.pdf

E06.1.5. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

### **E06.2. Countertop Materials**

### **E06.2.1. Plastic Laminate**

Applicable \( \cap \) N/A
Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1, Low Use Areas

Mfr: Formica

Color: Medium Earth tones and neutral tones

Finish: Light textured

Model #: High pressure laminate

Other: Only use rounded half or full bullnose and integral backsplash. Do not

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

use plastic laminate edge banding on front edges.

UFGS: Section 06 41 16.00 10 Plastic-Laminate-Clad Architectural Cabinets

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 06 41 16.00 10.pdf

# **E06.2.2. Solid Polymer Surface**

Applicable \( \cap \) N/ANumber of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1, High Use Areas

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Corian

Color: Medium Earth tones and neutral tones

Finish: Light textured

Model #: Solid Surface

Other: Faces and edges

UFGS: Section 12 36 00 Countertops

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 36 00.pdf

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Style 1, Group 1 High Visibility, Heavy Use
Applies t	to: • Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Local (TBD)
Color:	Neutral tones
Finish:	High polish, sealer
Model #	: Custom cut slabs
Other:	N/A

UFGS: Section 12 36 00 Countertops

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 36 00.pdf

### E06.2.4. Cast Stone

Applicable \( \cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



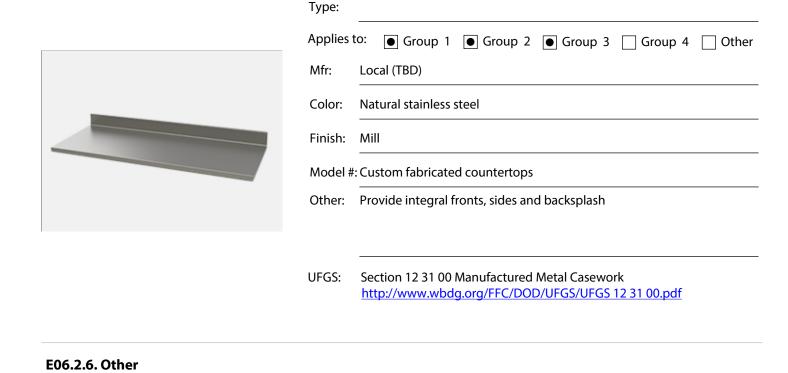
Type:	Style 1, Group 1 High Visibility, Heavy Use
Applies 1	to: • Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Local (TBD)
Color:	Neutral tones
Finish:	High polish, sealer
Model #	: Custom cast or cut slabs
Other:	N/A

UFGS: Section 12 36 00 Countertops

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 36 00.pdf

### E06.2.5. Metal

• Applicable N/A	Number of base standards 1	Image Tool 250 x 188



### **E07. Furnishings**

○ Applicable ● N/A

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Furnishings: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/furnishings/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/furnishings/index.html</a>

# E07.1. Durability and Serviceability

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Durability and Serviceability: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/furnishings/durability-and-serviceability/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/furnishings/durability-and-serviceability/index.html</a>

# **E07.2.** Accessories

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Accessories: http://afcfs.wbdq.org/facilities-interiors/furnishings/accessories/index.html

### **E08. Interior Signs**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Interior Signs: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/interior-signs/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/interior-signs/index.html</a>

# **E08.1 Types and Color**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Types and Color: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/interior-signs/types-and-color/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/interior-signs/types-and-color/index.html</a>

# **E08.2. Interior Signs Materials**

1. Natural stone, masonry and cast stone signs may only be used in Group 1 with approval on a case basis.

# **E09. Lighting, Power and Communication**

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/lighting-power-and-communication/index.html

# **E09.1. Functionality and Efficiency**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Functionality and Efficiency: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/lighting-power-and-communication/functionality-and-efficiency/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/lighting-power-and-communication/functionality-and-efficiency/index.html</a>

# E09.2. Types and Color

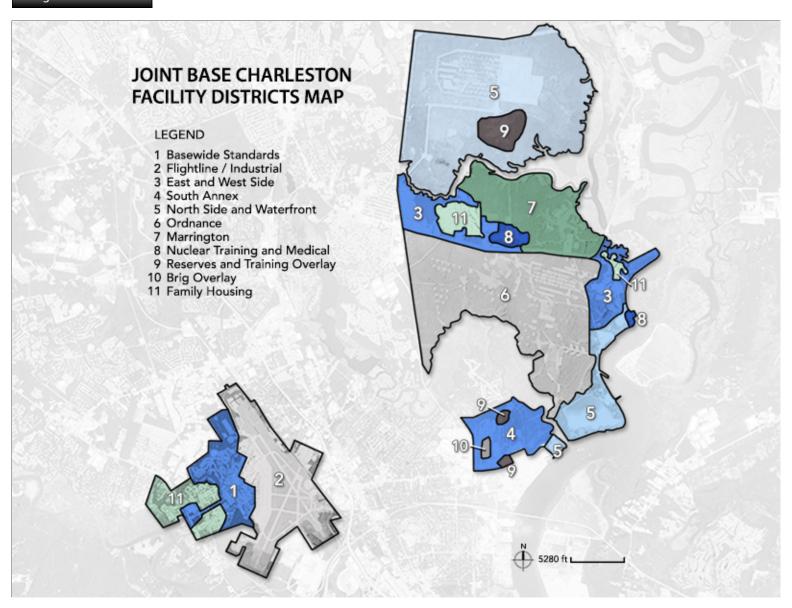
# F. APPENDIX - Facility Districts

- Applicable
- O N/A

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Facility Districts: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-districts/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-districts/index.html</a>

Facilities Districts Overview Map:

# Image Tool 800 x 600

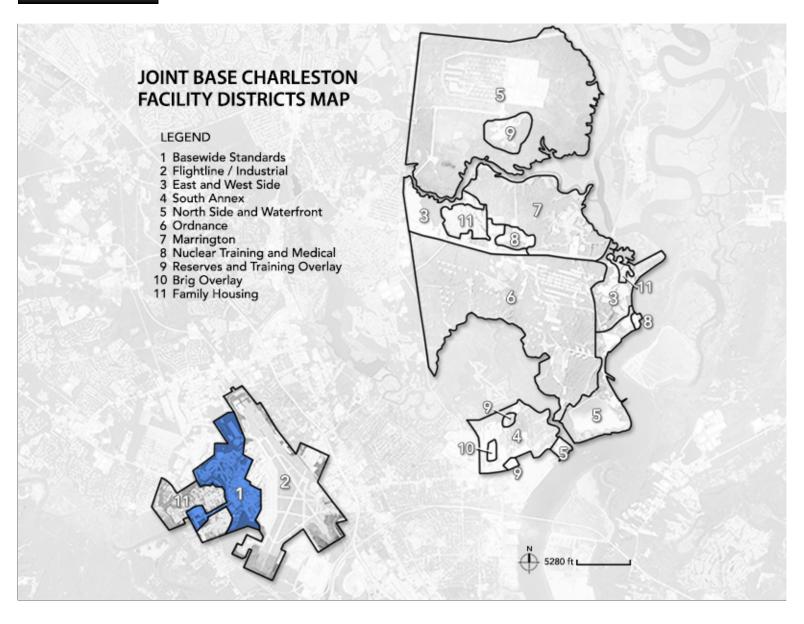


**Note:** Apply the <u>base-wide standards</u> in this IFS for Installation Elements, Site Development, Facilities Exteriors and Facilities Interiors (products, materials, color, etc.). Following application of the base-wide standards, refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District.

Enter No. of Facility Districts 11

The following Facility Districts list exceptions to the base standards that are unique to each district. Please refer to the Site Development, Facilities Exteriors, and Facilities Interiors sections of this IFS for base standards.

# **Map of District**



Photos for each facility group within the Facility District as applicable.

Group 1	○ Applicable    N/A
Group 2	○ Applicable    N/A
Group 3	○ Applicable    N/A
Group 4	○ Applicable    N/A
Other	○ Applicable    N/A

### **FACILITY DISTRICTS**

JB Charleston Air Force Base is divided into districts that align with land use zones as defined in the Installation Development Plan. Each district has designated uses that support the base's operations. Generally match adjacent facilities in new construction to promote architectural compatibility throughout the installation. Please refer to Section D03.2. and contact the Base Civil Engineer for additional information. A brief description of each district follows.

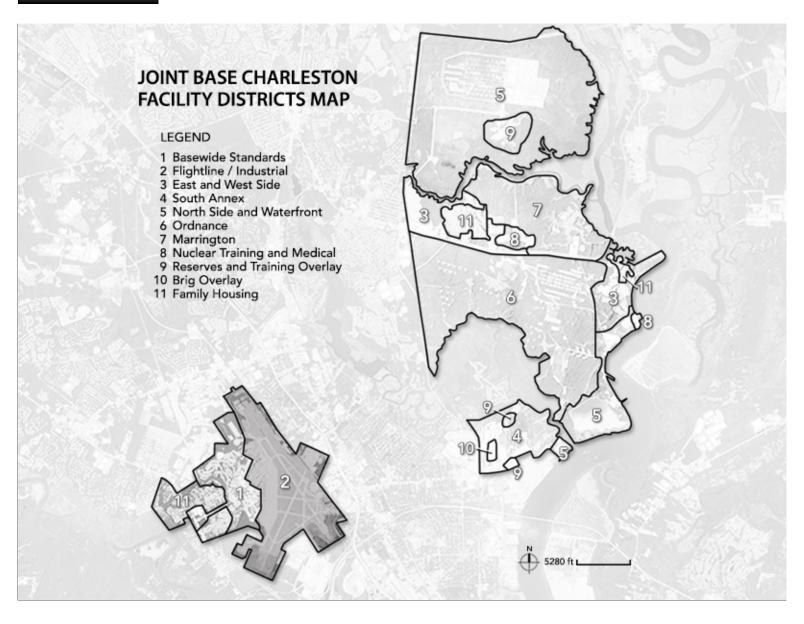
All installation elements, site development features and systems, facilities exteriors, and facilities interiors shall follow the basewide standards in this IFS. Any exceptions to the basewide standards are listed below for each Facility District.

- F01. Basewide Standards
- F02. Flightline / Industrial District
- F03. East and West Side Districts
- F04. South Annex District
- F05. North Side and Waterfront Districts
- F06. Ordnance District
- F07. Marrington District
- F08. Nuclear Training and Medical Overlay
- F09. Reserves and Training Overlay
- F10. Brig Overlay
- F11. Family Housing

### F01. Basewide Standards

Facilities in the Basewide district should continue to be pedestrian in scale. The district forms a band across the middle of the Air Base. Application of the installation prevailing architectural theme, contemporary regional vernacular, should be implemented during major renovations or new construction as appropriate. This district follows basewide standards in the IFS; refer to sample images in the body of this document.

# **Map of District**



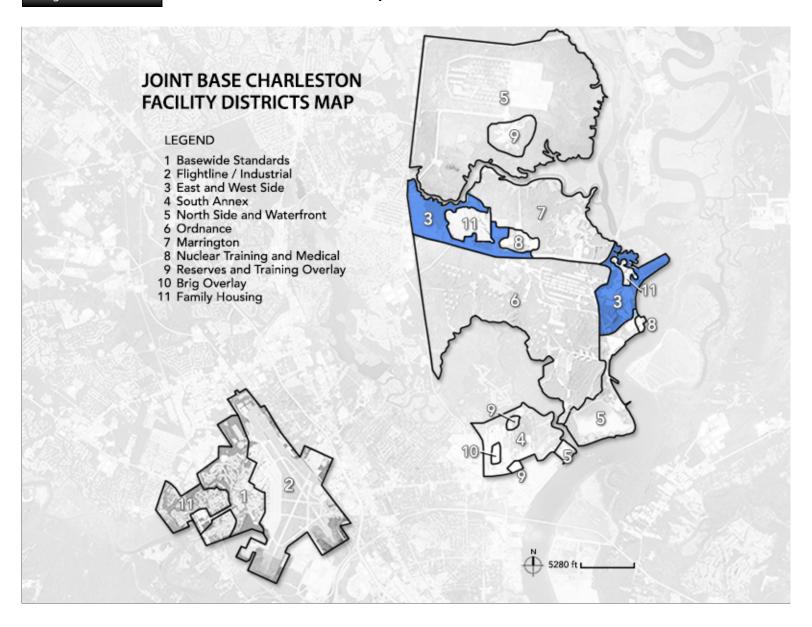
Photos for each facility group within the Facility District as applicable.

Group 1	○ Applicable    N/A
Group 2	○ Applicable    N/A
Group 3	○ Applicable    N/A
Group 4	○ Applicable    N/A
Other	○ Applicable    N/A

### F02. Flightline / Industrial

The Flightline / Industrial District includes facilities that are industrial in nature and may support flightline operations. Large buildings may be monumental in scale. Other uses include warehouses for various base activities including maintenance, storage, utility functions, industrial services, transportation storage, communications, civil engineering, supply and equipment, fuel storage, vehicle maintenance/motor pool complex, open storage, emergency/disaster response facilities, ordnance and weapons storage areas, and other industrial uses. This district covers the north and most of the east side of the airbase. Facilities in this district should generally match adjacent buildings to ensure architectural compatibility and shall follow standards for Facility Group 3 as defined in this IFS. This district follows basewide standards in the IFS; refer to it for sample images.

# **Map of District**



Photos for each facility group within the Facility District as applicable.

Image Tool 250 x 188

Group 1 Applicable • N/A







Other	○ Applicable    N/A
Group 4	○ Applicable    N/A
Group 3	○ Applicable ● N/A

### F03. East and West Side

The East and West Side districts should be pedestrian in scale. Application of the installation prevailing architectural theme, contemporary regional vernacular, should be implemented during major renovations or new construction as appropriate. This and the following districts are northeast of the airfield and closer to the Cooper River. Facilities in this area shall follow standards for Facility Group 2 in this IFS. Exceptions to the basewide standard are listed below by section number:

### D05. Wall Systems

- 1. Trellis or porch elements are encouraged on south and west facades.
- 2. Limit the use of stucco to accents.

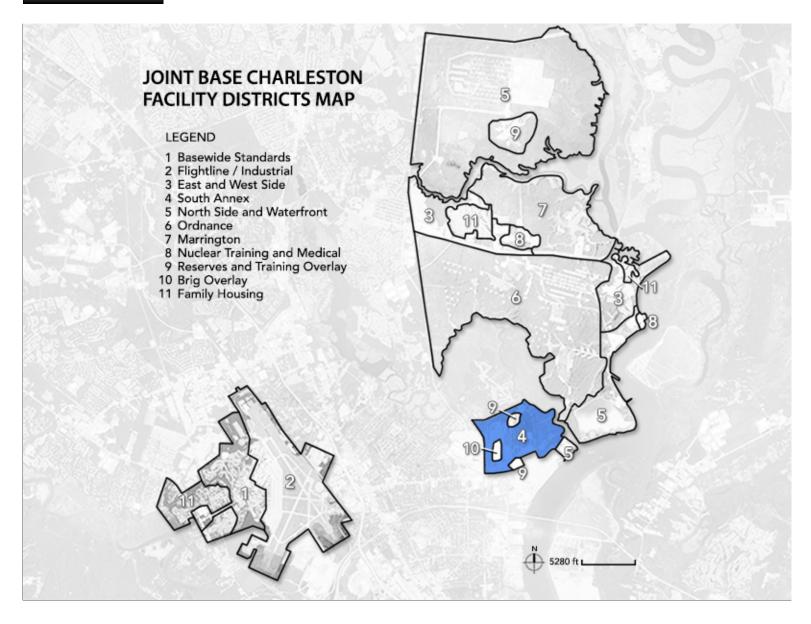
### D06. Doors and Windows

- 1. Use of a different material or color for entry doors is allowable.
- 2. Window glazing for an individual building should be consistent, but variations in color may be provided on a case basis when approved by the BCE.

### D07. Roof Systems

- 1. Low sloped roof structures should have additive hipped or gabled elements along the front façade.
- 2. Metal roofing should be Kynar Tundra (gray).
- 3. Downspouts may match the roof instead of the wall, but they should be compatible with the wall color(s).

# **Map of District**



Photos for each facility group within the Facility District as applicable.

Group 1 • Applicable • N/A













Group 3	○ Applicable ● N/A
Group 4	○ Applicable    N/A
Other	○ Applicable ● N/A

### F04. South Annex

The South Annex district should be pedestrian in scale. Application of the installation prevailing architectural theme, contemporary regional vernacular, should be implemented during major renovations or new construction as appropriate. Facilities in this area shall follow standards for Facility Group 2 in this IFS. Exceptions to the basewide standard are listed below by section number:

### D05. Wall systems

- 1. The standard brick color is Hanson 350 Red.
- 2. Yellow brick can be used as an accent, belt course or other decorative element; bands of color should be limited to 2-3 courses.
- 3. The use of stucco for large areas is discouraged.
- 4. Use belt courses to break up large blank walls.
- 5. Use offsets from rectangular floor plan to add interest.
- 6. Entry overhangs should generally be projections into the main mass of the structure.

### D05.4.2 Brick Veneer

Type: Style 1

Applies to: Group 1, Group 2, Group 3, Group 4

Mfr: Richtex Brick Co.

Model: 350 Red Iron wire cut

Color: Red/yellow

Model: Straight edges, smooth texture

Other: Nominal size, 4x8x.6

UFGS: SECTION 04 20 00 Unit Masonry

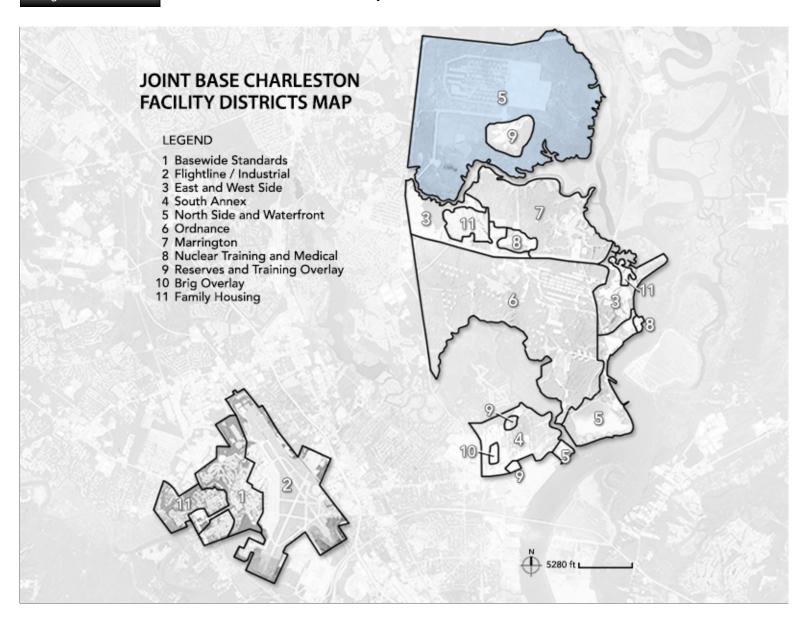
### D06. Doors and Windows

- 1. Lintels should be the same material as the surrounding wall with a change in coursing, color or texture.
- 2. Vertical punched openings and ribbon windows can be intermixed.

### D07. Roof Systems

- 1. Roofs should be predominantly hip-formed.
- 2. Metal roofing should be Kynar Tundra (gray).
- 3. Downspouts may match the roof instead of the wall, but they should be compatible with the wall color(s).

# **Map of District**



Photos for each facility group within the Facility District as applicable.

Group 1	○ Applicable ● N/A
Group 2	○ Applicable ● N/A

Group 3 • Applicable N/A







Group 4 Applicable N/A

Other Applicable • N/A

### **F05. North Side and Waterfront**

The North Side and Waterfront districts should be pedestrian or monumental in scale. Application of the installation prevailing architectural theme, contemporary regional vernacular, should be implemented during major renovations or new construction as appropriate. Facilities in this area shall follow standards for Facility Groups 2 or 3 in this IFS. Exceptions to the basewide standard are listed below by section number:

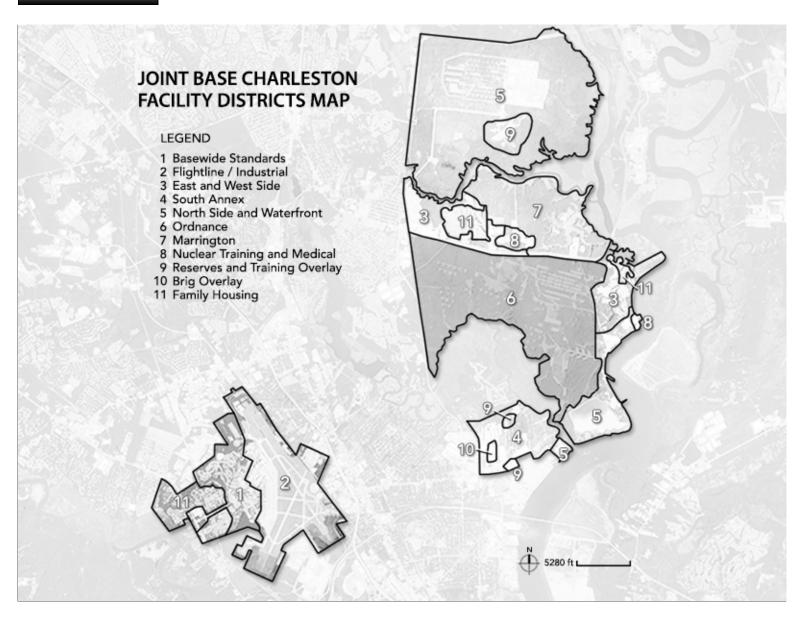
## C06. Landscaping

1. Minimal landscaping is acceptable along the waterfront and areas away from the main road.

### D05. Wall Systems

- 1. Large buildings in these areas should have simplified detailing.
- 2. The stock of existing non-conforming structures should be modified to match the material and color scheme of the IFS when they are renovated.
- 3. Provide a minimum 30" high brick water table at building walls.

# **Map of District**



Photos for each facility group within the Facility District as applicable.

Group 1	○ Applicable    N/A
Group 2	○ Applicable    N/A
Group 3	○ Applicable    N/A
Group 4	○ Applicable    N/A
Other	○ Applicable    N/A

### F06. Ordnance

Application of the installation prevailing architectural theme, contemporary regional vernacular, should be implemented during major renovations or new construction as appropriate. Exceptions to the basewide standard are listed below by section number:

### B03. Open Space / Public Space

- 1. No screening is required. Place mechanical equipment, dumpsters, etc. away from view outside the district.
- 2. Use screen walls, raised planters, and defined roadways in selected locations to direct and limit facility access and increase force protection.
- 3. No landscaping is required. Provide grass in disturbed areas.

## D03. Architectural Features

1. Set industrial buildings back so that they are not seen from outside the district.

### D05. Wall Systems

- 1. Any structures constructed within 100 feet of the district boundary should follow guidelines for the adjoining district.
- 2. Metal, masonry or concrete building materials are allowable.

### D05.4.2 Brick Veneer

Type: Style 1

Applies to: Group 1, Group 2, Group 3, Group 4

Mfr: Richtex Brick Co.

Model: 224 Red Iron Spot / Oxford ENM

Color: Red

Model: Straight edges, smooth texture

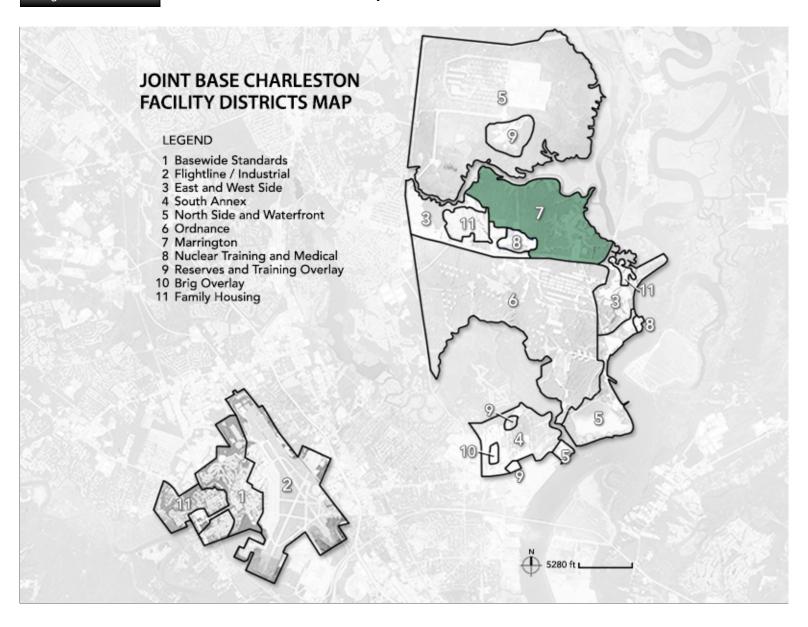
Other: Nominal size, 4x8x.6

UFGS: SECTION 04 20 00 Unit Masonry

### D07. Roof Systems

1. Any roof system is allowable.

# **Map of District**



Photos for each facility group within the Facility District as applicable.

Group 1	○ Applicable ● N/A
Group 2	○ Applicable    N/A
Group 3	○ Applicable
Group 4	○ Applicable ● N/A







# F07. Marrington

The Marrington district should be pedestrian in scale. Application of the installation prevailing architectural theme, contemporary regional vernacular, should be implemented during major renovations or new construction as appropriate. Exceptions to the basewide standard are listed below by section number:

### B03. Open Space / Public Space

- 1. This area will be left mostly natural. Any new buildings should be small in scale and designed as ancillary structures.
- 2. Mechanical and service areas can be screened with a simple wood fence.

### D03. Architectural Features

1. Site buildings so they do not block views of the landscape, and they should be no taller than necessary.

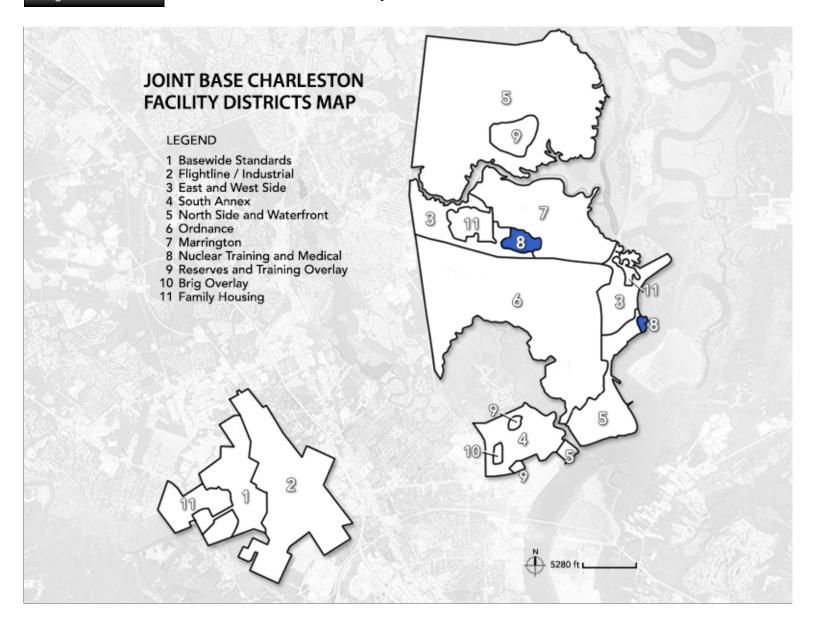
## D05. Wall Systems

- 1. Buildings should blend into the background to the extent possible.
- 2. Simple rural detailing is preferred.
- 3. Use metal, wood or fiber cement panels and siding. Brick and CMU should be used only as a base or accent element.

### D07. Roof Systems

- 1. Avoid use of parapet walls.
- 2. All roofs must have hipped or gable roof forms.
- 3. Use dark bronze or green anodized aluminum metal roofing; surface attached systems are allowable for open structures.

# **Map of District**



Photos for each facility group within the Facility District as applicable.

Group 1 • Applicable • N/A







Group 2	○ Applicable ● N/A
Group 3	○ Applicable ● N/A
Group 4	○ Applicable ● N/A
Other	○ Applicable ● N/A

### F08. Nuclear Training and Medical Overlay

The Nuclear Training and Medical Overlay district should be pedestrian in scale. Application of the installation prevailing architectural theme, contemporary regional vernacular, should be implemented during major renovations or new construction as appropriate. Facilities shall follow standards for Facility Group 2 in this IFS. Exceptions to the basewide standard are listed below by section number:

## D05. Wall Systems

- 1. Generally match facilities in this district as opposed to the overall Weapons Station.
- 2. The Clinic, any additions to it, and significant medical facilities should continue to have a distinct look of importance.
- 3. All buildings should have a precast or cast stone base with reveals; the base should touch the ground.
- 4. Trellis and porch elements are encouraged, particularly on the south and west facades.
- 5. The standard brick is Hanson 225 Red Iron Spot, but the Clinic shall have Hanson Oxford ENM.
- 6. Provide horizontal relief to large brick walls by recessing or protruding courses, using different coursing methods, or the introduction of different material.
- 7. CMU is only allowed as a minor decorative element.
- 8. Except for the Clinic, stucco should be used sparingly as a decorative element or background material.
- 9. The use of trellises and porches as sun shading devices is encouraged where appropriate.

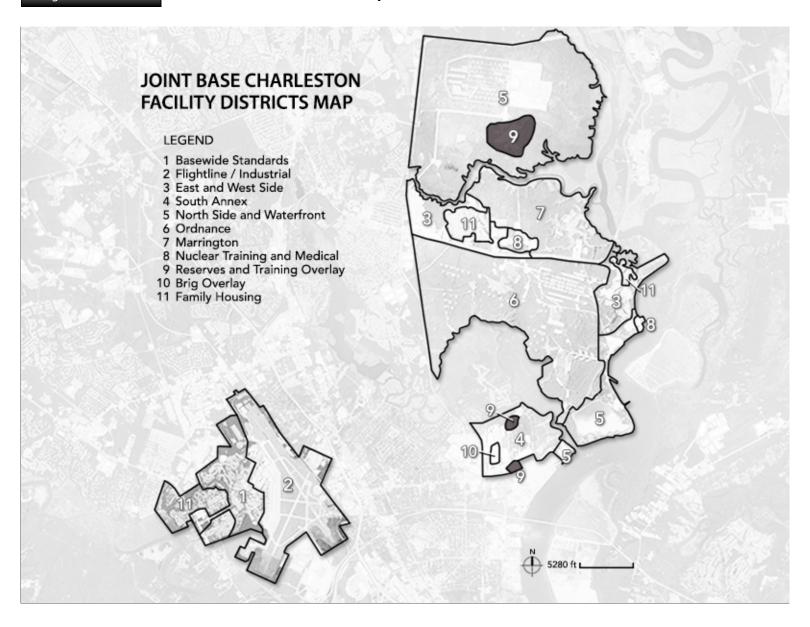
### D06. Doors and Windows

1. Windows should be vertically proportioned punched openings; square or horizontal punched windows can be used on a limited basis to form a window pattern.

### D07. Roof Systems

- 1. Predominantly gable roof forms should be used; provide interest by introducing different materials, adding major louver elements and changing the predominant window size or pattern.
- 2. Parapets are allowed only on gable ends; low sloped roofed elements should be expressed as porch elements and not hidden behind parapets.
- 3. The use of dormers as mechanical louvers is encouraged.
- 4. Downspouts may match the roof instead of the wall, but they should be compatible with the wall color(s).
- 5. Metal roofing shall be Kynar Tundra (gray).

# **Map of District**



Photos for each facility group within the Facility District as applicable.

Image Tool 250 x 188

Group 1 Applicable • N/A







Group 3







Group 4

Other

# F09. Reserves and Training Overlay

The Reserves and Training Overlay District should be pedestrian in scale. Application of the installation prevailing architectural theme, contemporary regional vernacular, should be implemented during major renovations or new construction as appropriate. Facilities shall follow standards for Facility Group 2 in this IFS. The Border Training facilities will follow guidelines for the East Side and West Side Districts above. Exceptions to the basewide standard for the remaining Army and Marine Reserves are listed below by section number:

### Marine Reserves Area

### D03. Architectural Features

1. Through the use of building siting, screen walls and landscaping, maximize the visual screening of the overlay campus from the surrounding district.

### D05. Wall Systems

- 1. Buildings will have a masonry base with stucco or metal panels above; there will be a rowlock course above the masonry made of brick, precast or shaped concrete masonry units.
- 2. Brick color should match concrete block in the vicinity.
- 3. Concrete block should match the existing reddish-pink color. Extend the concrete block up a minimum of 8' in industrial spaces.
- 4. Use stucco for the wall finish above the base. New stucco should match the existing yellow color.
- 5. Use vertical metal wall panels as an option for the wall finish above the base. Metal panels shall match the standard stucco or metal roofing color.

D05.4.4. Stucco Over Sheathing

Type: Style 1

Applies to: Group 1, Group 2, Group 3

Mfr: Acrocrete Model: AC-518 Color: New Day Finish: Sand texture Other: N/A

UFGS: SECTION 09 24 23 Cement Stucco

### D06. Doors and Windows

- 1. High bay garage and warehouse buildings shall have ribbon clerestory windows.
- 2. Provide minimal window surrounds and trim.

### D07. Roof Systems for Marine Reserve Area

- 1. Use gable roof form to delineate non-industrial entrances only.
- 2. Metal roofing should be Kynar Tundra (gray) to meet the SRI requirements.
- 3. Downspouts may match the roof instead of the wall, but they should be compatible with the wall color(s).

### **Army Reserves Area**

D05. Wall Systems for Army Reserves Area

- 1. Army Reserve buildings should be brick with precast banding and decorative elements. Follow the example of the existing main building.
- 2. Brick should match the existing grayish brown color.
- 3. Use wide precast bands, columns and parapet caps to break up the wall mass.

# D05.4.4. Stucco Over Sheathing

Type: Style 1

Applies to: Group 1, Group 2, Group 3

Mfr: Acrocrete Model: AC-518 Color: New Day Finish: Sand texture

Other: N/A

UFGS: SECTION 09 24 23 Cement Stucco

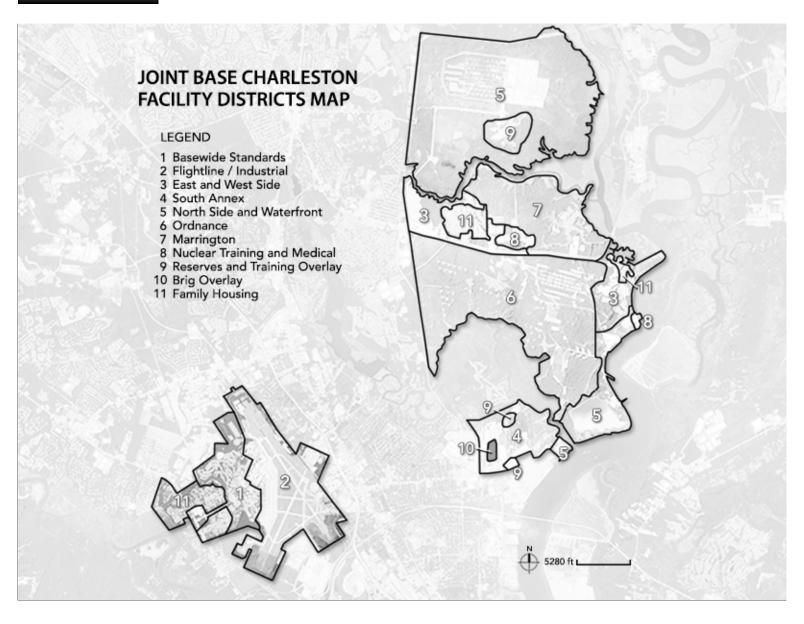
### D06. Doors and Windows

1. Except for small punched openings, glazing should consist of large expanses of storefront recessed into the main form a minimum of 2 feet.

### D07. Roof Systems for Army Reserves Area

- 1. Use gable roof form to delineate non-industrial entrances only.
- 2. Low sloped roofing, with parapets, is allowed.

# **Map of District**



Photos for each facility group within the Facility District as applicable.

Group 1	○ Applicable ● N/A
Group 2	○ Applicable ● N/A







Group 4 Applicable • N/A

Other Applicable • N/A

### F10. Brig Overlay

The Brig Overlay district should be pedestrian in scale. Application of the installation prevailing architectural theme, contemporary regional vernacular, should be implemented during major renovations or new construction as appropriate. Exceptions to the basewide standard are listed below by section number:

### C06. Landscaping

- 1. Due to security concerns, no landscaping is required.
- 2. Provide grass in disturbed areas.

### C07. Site Furnishings

1. Screen mechanical equipment and dumpsters from the outlying areas.

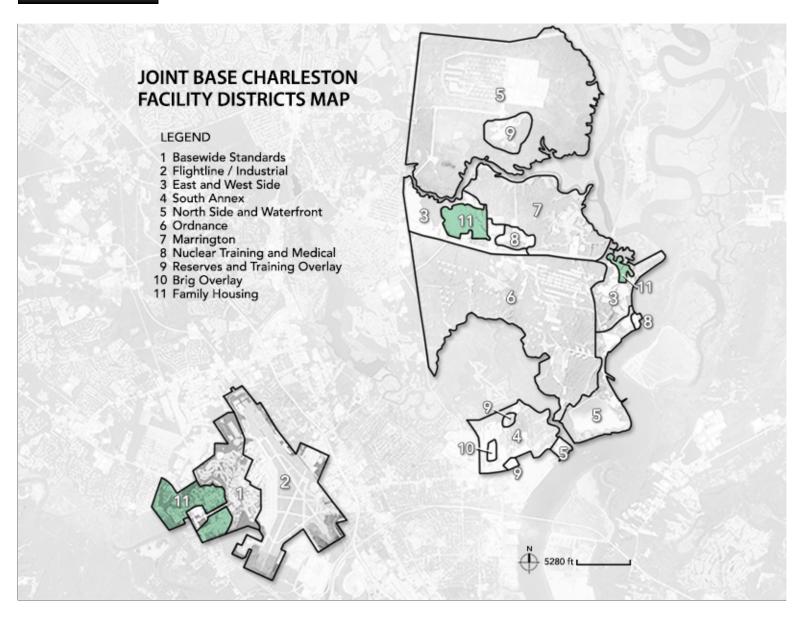
### D05. Wall Systems

- 1. New buildings should match existing design and materials.
- 2. Minimize projections that would create potential hiding places.
- 3. Walls shall be concrete or CMU with a stucco finish.
- 4. Match existing banding to break up blank facades.
- 5. Integrate physical security measures into the design to the extent possible.

# D07. Roof Systems

- 1. Match existing low-slope roofing.
- 2. Screening of rooftop mechanical units is not required.

# **Map of District**



Photos for each facility group within the Facility District as applicable.

Group 1	○ Applicable    N/A
Group 2	○ Applicable    N/A
Group 3	○ Applicable    N/A
Group 4	○ Applicable    N/A
Other	○ Applicable    N/A

# F11. Family Housing

Family housing is provided at the south end of the airbase and at two locations in the Weapons Station area. Family housing is privatized at Joint Base Charleston. It should generally match adjacent buildings to ensure architectural compatibility, and it shall follow standards for Facility Group 4 as defined in this IFS. Refer to the body of this IFS document for sample images.

# **G. APPENDIX - References**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/index.html</a>