# (PRE-FINAL) HILL AIR FORCE BASE INSTALLATION FACILITIES STANDARDS (IFS)











**Installation Elements** 

Site Development

**Facilities Exteriors** 

**Facilities Interiors** 

2022

# **Hill Air Force Base IFS**

# **Table of Contents**

A. OVERVIEW	. 5	B03.2.3. Preserves B03.2.4. Perimeter Fence	
A01. Facility Hierarchy	6	C. SITE DEVELOPMENT	33
A02. Facility Quality	6		
A03. Facility Districts	. 6	C01. Site Design	
B. INSTALLATION ELEMENTS	. 8	C01.1. Site Design Considerations	
B01. Comprehensive Planning	8	C01.2. Building Orientation	
B01.1. Installation Development Plan (IDP)	. 8	CO2. Utilities	
B01.1.1. IFS Component Plan of IDP		C02.1. Utility Components	
B01.1.2. Brief History of Base		C03. Parking Areas	
B01.1.3. Future Development		C03.1. Configurations and Design	37
B02. Street Envelope Standards		C03.1.1. Paving and Striping C03.1.2. Curbing	
B02.1. Hierarchy of Streets	12	C03.1.2. Curbing C03.1.3. Internal Islands and Medians	
B02.1.1. Arterial Streets B02.1.2. Collector Streets		C03.2. Parking Structures	41
B02.1.3. Local Streets		C03.3. Connectivity	41
B02.1.4. Special Routes		C04. Stormwater Management	41
B02.2. Hierarchy of Intersections	17	C04.1. Stormwater Requirements	42
B02.2.1. Arterials B02.2.2. Arterial/Collector		C05. Sidewalks, Bikeways and Trails	
B02.2.3. Collectors		C05.1. Circulation and Paving	
B02.2.4. Special Intersections		C05.1.1. Ramps and Stairs	
B02.2.5. Street Frontage Requirements B02.2.6. Sight Lines		C05.1.2. Lighting	
B02.3. Street Elements	21	C06. Landscape	45
B02.3.1. Paving		C06.1. Climate-based Materials	46
B02.3.2. Curb and Gutter		C06.1.1. Landscape Design Concept	
B02.3.3. Utility Service Elements B02.3.4. Traffic Signs		C06.1.2. Xeriscape Design Principles C06.1.3. Minimizing Water Requirements	
B02.3.4. Traffic Signs B02.3.5. Street Lighting		C06.1.4. Plant Material Selection	
B02.3.6. Other		C06.1.5. Water Budgeting (Hydrozones)	
B03. Open Space / Public Space	24	C06.1.6. Base Entrance Landscaping C06.1.7. Streetscape Landscaping	
B03.1. Plazas, Monuments and Static Displays	24	C06.1.8. Pedestrian Circulation Landscaping	
B03.1.1. Paved Plazas		C06.1.9. Parking Lot Landscaping	
B03.1.2. Sculptures, Markers and Statuary B03.1.3. Static Display of Aircraft		C06.1.10. Screen/Accent Landscaping C06.1.11. Other	
B03.2. Grounds and Perimeters	. 29	C07. Site Furnishings	53
B03.2.1. Parade Grounds		C07.1. Furnishings and Elements	
B03.2.2. Parks		<u></u>	

# Table of contents continued

C07.2. Site Furnishings Products, Materials / Color	55	D03.3.4. Thermal Shading	
C07.2.1. Barbeque Grills		D03.3.5. Renewable Heating/Cooling D03.3.6. Solar Photovoltaic System	
C07.2.2. Benches		D03.3.7. Solar Thermal System	
C07.2.3. Bike Racks		D04. Building Entrances	95
C07.2.4. Bike Lockers C07.2.5. Bollards		_	
C07.2.6. Bus Shelters		D04.1. Primary Entrances	
C07.2.7. Drinking Fountains		D04.2. Secondary Entrances	96
C07.2.8. Dumpster Enclosures / Gates		D05. Wall Systems	97
C07.2.9. Fencing		D05.1. Hierarchy of Materials	98
C07.2.10. Flagpoles C07.2.11. Lighting – Landscape / Accent		D05.2. Layout, Organization and Durability	99
C07.2.11. Lighting – Landscape / Accent		D05.3. Equipment, Vents and Devices	100
C07.2.13. Picnic Tables		D05.4 Wall Systems Materials	
C07.2.14. Planters – Free Standing		D05.4.1. Flat Metal Panels	100
C07.2.15. Play Equipment		D05.4.2. Brick Veneer	
C07.2.16. Screen Walls		D05.4.3. Architectural Precast	
C07.2.17. Tree Grates		D05.4.4. Stucco Over Sheathing	
C07.2.18. Other		5	
C08. Exterior Signs	70	D05.4.5. Curtain Wall	
C08.1. Colors and Types	71	D05.4.6. Cast-in Place Concrete	
	<i>/</i> I	D05.4.7. Tilt-up Concrete	
C08.1.1. Materials and Color Specifications		D05.4.8. Ribbed Metal Sheeting	
C08.1.2. Installation and Gate Identification Signs		D05.4.9. EIFS	
C08.1.3. Building Identification Signs		D05.4.10.GFRC	
C08.1.4. Traffic Control Devices (Street Signs)		D05.4.11.Concrete Block	
C08.1.5. Directional and Wayfinding Signs		D05.4.12. Fiber Cement Siding	
C08.1.6. Informational Signs		D05.4.13. Other	
C08.1.7. Motivational Signs		D06. Doors and Windows	112
C08.1.8. Parking Lot Signs C08.1.9. Regulatory Signs		D06.1. Types	113
C08.1.10. Other		D06.2. Layout and Geometry	
C09. Lighting	79	D06.3. Glazing and Shading	
C09.1. Fixtures and Lamping		D06.4. Hardware	
C09.2. Light Fixture Types			
	01	D06.5. Doors and Windows Materials	114
C09.2.1. Street Lighting		D06.5.1. Anodized Aluminum	
C09.2.2. Parking Lot Lighting		D06.5.2. Hollow Metal	
C09.2.3. Lighted Bollards		D06.5.3. Aluminum-clad Wood	
C09.2.4. Sidewalk Lighting		D06.5.4. Other	
C09.2.5. Walls / Stairs Lighting C09.2.6. Other		D07. Roof Systems	116
	0.4	D07.1. Roof Type and Form	117
D. FACILITIES EXTERIORS		D07.2. Roof Slope	117
D01. Supporting the Mission		D07.3. Parapets and Copings	118
D02. Sustainability		D07.4. Color and Reflectivity	118
D03. Architectural Features	85	D07.5. Gutters, Downspouts, Scuppers, Drains	
D03.1. Orientation, Massing and Scale	86	D07.6. Roof Vents and Elements	
D03.2. Architectural Character	87	D07.7. Clerestories and Skylights	
D03.3. Details and Color	88	D07.8. Vegetated Roof	
D03.3.1. Climate-based Data D03.3.2. Natural Ventilation System		507.0. vegetated hoof	119

D03.3.3. Thermal Mass

# Table of contents continued

D07.9. Roof Systems Materials	119	E04. Ceilings	140
D07.9.1. Standing Seam Metal		E04.1. Ceiling Materials	. 140
D07.9.2. Membrane Single-ply		E04.1.1. Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure	
D07.9.3. Built-up Multi-ply		Above)	
D07.9.4. Concrete Tile D07.9.5. Clay Tile		E04.1.2. Exposed Concrete	
D07.9.6. Slate Shingles		E04.1.3. Grid and Acoustical Tile	
D07.9.7. Vegetated System		E04.1.4. Gypsum Board	
D07.9.8. Ribbed Metal Sheeting		E04.1.5. Metal Panels E04.1.6. Wood	
D07.9.9. Composite Shingles		E04.1.7. Rapidly-Renewable Products	
D07.9.10. Other		E04.1.8. Other	
D08. Structural Systems	123	E05. Doors and Windows	.143
D08.1. Systems and Layouts		E05.1. Doors and Windows and Frames Materials	. 143
D08.2. Structural Systems Materials	124	E05.1.1. Aluminum	
D08.2.1. Concrete		E05.1.2. Hollow Metal	
D08.2.2. Insulated Concrete Forming (ICF)		E05.1.3. Wood	
D08.2.3. Steel		E05.1.4. Other	
D08.2.4. Pre-Engineered Steel D08.2.5. Masonry		E06. Casework Systems	147
D08.2.6. Heavy Timber		E06.1. Casework Materials	147
D08.2.7. Light-gauge Steel		E06.1.1. Plastic Laminate	
D08.2.8. Lumber Framing		E06.1.2. Solid Polymer Surface E06.1.3. Rapidly-Renewable Products	
D08.2.9. Other		E06.1.4. Metal	
D09. Mechanical, Electrical and Plumbing		E06.1.5 Other	
D09.1. Passive and Active Systems	129	E06.2. Countertop Materials	150
D09.2. Functionality and Efficiency	129	E06.2.1. Plastic Laminate	
E. FACILITIES INTERIORS	130	E06.2.2. Solid Polymer Surface E06.2.3. Natural Stone	
E01. Building Configurations	131	E06.2.4. Cast Stone	
E01.1. Layout and Common Areas		E06.2.5. Metal	
E01.1.1. Interior Design Process	-	E06.2.6 Other	
E01.1.2. Codes and Regulations		E07. Furnishings	152
E01.2. Quality and Comfort	133	E07.1. Durability and Serviceability	152
E02. Floors	133	E07.2. Accessories	152
E02.1. Floor Materials	133	E08. Interior Signs	152
E02.1.1. Prepared Slabs		E08.1 Types and Color	152
E02.1.2. Natural Stone and Terrazzo		E08.2. Interior Signs Materials	153
E02.1.3. Quarry Tile E02.1.4. Ceramic Tile		E09. Lighting, Power and Communication	153
E02.1.5. Resilient Floor		E09.1. Functionality and Efficiency	153
E02.1.6. Carpet		E09.2. Types and Color	153
E02.1.7. Rapidly-Renewable Products E02.1.8. Other		F. Appendices	
E03. Walls	138	G. Appendices	
E03.1. Wall Materials	138		
E03.1.1. Concrete			
E03.1.2. Masonry			
E03.1.3. Ceramic Tile			
E03.1.4. Gypsum Board			
E03.1.5. Metal Panels E03.1.6. Wood Paneling			
E03.1.7. Rapidly-Renewable Products			
E03.1.8. Other		Version 0	2 00 20

### A. OVERVIEW

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Overview: http://afcfs.wbdq.org/index.html

This Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) document is part of the Air Force Corporate Facilities Standards (AFCFS) program to assist bases in implementing and maintaining facilities standards as appropriate for efficient operations within the respective climate region. IFS fully replaces, consolidates and simplifies existing facilities standards documents, such as the Architectural Compatibility Plan (ACP) or ACGs, FEPs, etc., and organizes information using the same structure, or Table of Contents, as the AFCFS website.

IFS reflects the AFCFS' concepts of "Facility Hierarchy" (categorizing facilities into group numbers) and "Facility Quality" (assigning an appropriate level of quality to each group number) and applies these principles at the base level. Applicable DoD and Air Force criteria such as UFCs, AFIs, Memoranda, and UFGSs (Guide Specs) are referenced and linked within IFS to ensure the document is always current.

Navigating within this IFS is efficient and straightforward. Please use the interactive Table of Contents to locate subject matter, and click on the title of a section to access it. From any page, click on the "Back to Table of Contents" footer to return. Content is organized into 4 major sections: Installation Elements, Site Development, Facilities Exteriors and Facilities Interiors.

This IFS document begins as a fill-in PDF form, which is fully editable, and becomes a "living document" that can be regularly updated by base-level personnel following a format that is consistent across the Air Force. While the format is standardized, IFS content is customized for base operations and the local climate to ensure mission success while emphasizing reduced maintenance and reduced initial costs, life-cycle costs, energy use, and water use.

- 1. Conformance to Air Force Corporate Facilities Standards (AFCFS) and Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) are required by Air Force Instruction (AFI) 32-1023 and Air Force Memorandum. Please refer to the AFCFS website for links to documentation on current policy.
- 2. Requests to deviate from any installation facilities standards, that are Unified Facilities Criteria (UFC) requirements, will follow the process outlined in the AFCFS for UFC waivers and exemptions.
- 3. All Air Force designs including Non-Appropriated Funds (NAF) facilities are required to conform to AFCFS per Air Force Instruction (AFI) 32-1023; AFCFS will be used to formulate Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) per the AFI. The Base Civil Engineer (BCE) maintains and implements the IFS.
- 4. Please refer to the AFCFS website as a portal to reference materials and requirements documents for design and construction projects (via links). Specific references to current DoD memoranda and Air Force criteria are updated periodically to provide the most current guidance and requirements. Programming, design and contract documents should list "current edition" for all reference and requirements documents. The documents in force at the date of execution of the design and/or construction contract shall be the governing version.
- 5. Advanced Modeling Requirements:
  - For all Air Force projects requiring advanced modeling, to include 3D visualization, Building Information Modeling (BIM), facility data, quantity take-off, geospatial, etc., follow the Army standards. Refer to USACE Minimum Model Matrix (M3) and Project Execution Plan (PxP) which outline required model uses. Refer to CAD BIM Technology Center (Contract Requirements) for more information on M3 and PxP.
- 6. Joint Bases shall implement IFS under their Joint-Base designation with volume numbers for individual installations following the IFS Development Tool template. For example, for Joint Base Langley-Eustis, provide: Vol. 1 Langley AFB and Vol. 2 Fort Eustis.
- 7. References and Supplementary Documents listed in Appendix G are included in these Installation Facilities Standards by reference and are fully part of this document. Please refer to <u>Appendix G</u> for a listing of documents, which are available via hyperlink for viewing and downloading.
- 8. Installations outside the United States: Per UFC 1-200-01 DOD BUILDING CODE, 8 Oct 2019, "All construction outside of the United States is also governed by Status of Forces Agreements (SOFA), Host Nation Funded Construction Agreements (HNFA), and in some instances, Bilateral Infrastructure Agreements (BIA). Therefore, the acquisition team must ensure compliance with the most stringent of the UFC, the SOFA, the HNFA, and the BIA, as applicable." Refer to <a href="https://www.wbcg.org/ffc/dod/unified-facilities-criteria-ufc/ufc-1-202-01">https://www.wbcg.org/ffc/dod/unified-facilities-criteria-ufc/ufc-1-202-01</a>

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

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♠ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

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Main Gate at South Gate Avenue





Group 3 Hangar

### **A01. FACILITY HIERARCHY**

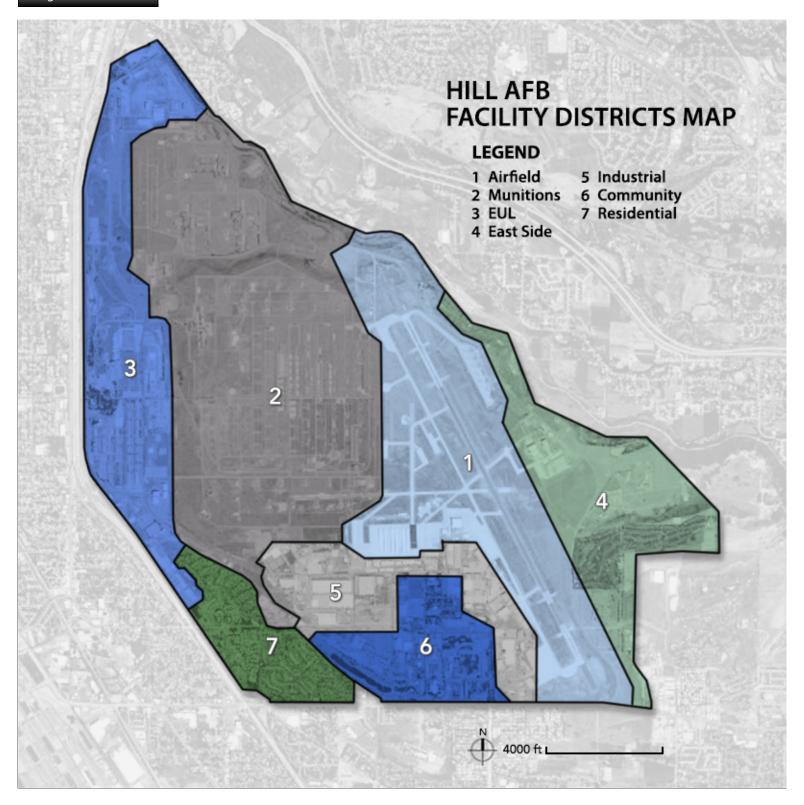
Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facility Hierarchy (and subsections): <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-hierarchy/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-hierarchy/index.html</a>

### **A02. FACILITY QUALITY**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facility Quality (and subsections): http://afcfs.wbdq.org/facility-quality/index.html

### **A03. FACILITY DISTRICTS**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facility Districts (and subsections): <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-districts/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-districts/index.html</a>



**Note:** Apply the <u>base-wide standards</u> in this IFS for Installation Elements, Site Development, Facilities Exteriors and Facilities Interiors (products, materials, color, etc.). Following application of the base-wide standards, refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District.

### **B. INSTALLATION ELEMENTS**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Installation Elements: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/index.html</a>

### **B01. COMPREHENSIVE PLANNING**

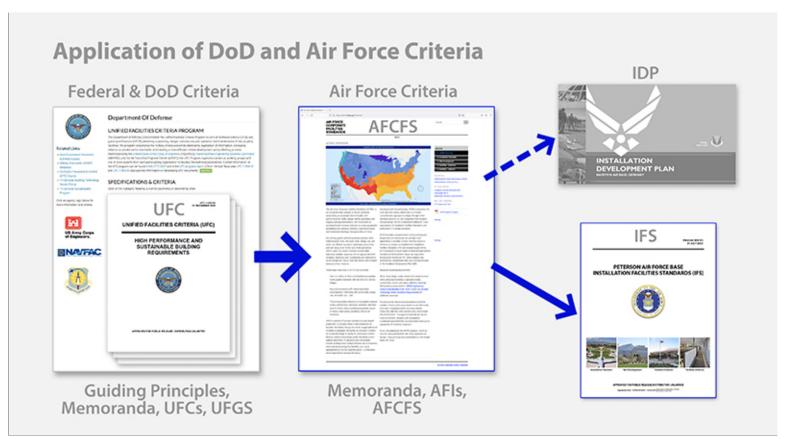
Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Comprehensive Planning: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/comprehensive-planning/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/comprehensive-planning/index.html</a>

# **B01.1. Installation Development Plan (IDP)**

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Department of Defense, Department of the Air Force and Air Force Base Criteria

- 1. The Base Civil Engineer is responsible for developing, maintaining and implementing the Installation Planning documents and to ensure that the Installation Development Plan (IDP) is prepared, maintained, and implemented following AFI 32-1015.
- 2. Refer to the IDP for information on climate and weather and for demographics and related data.

### **B01.1.1. IFS Component Plan of IDP**

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable ● N/A Small graphics do not apply

1. Comply with installation planning criteria, architectural compatibility and facilities standards.

- 2. All Air Force designs must conform to the standards specified in the Air Force Corporate Facilities Standards (AFCFS). AFCFS will also be used to formulate individual Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).
- 3. Maintain this Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) as required under AFI 32-1023. IFS is maintained and implemented by the Base Civil Engineer (BCE).
- 4. Address all infrastructure, site and facilities reuse opportunities in the IDP. Reuse designs will follow IFS.
- 5. Address all infill projects for infrastructure, site and facilities in the IDP. Infill designs will follow IFS.

# **B01.1.2. Brief History of Base**

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

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● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Hill Field c. Mid 1940s as the End of WWII Approached



Keystone B-3A Bomber Used for Mail Service



Workers on Aircraft Assembly



Barracks and Post Exchange, Hill Field, 1941

Hill Air Force Base has enjoyed a long and colorful history. The base traces its origins back to the ill-fated Army Air Mail "experiment" of 1934, during which time the idea originated for a permanent air depot in the Salt Lake City area. In the years that followed, the Army Air Corps searched the region for an ideal location for its permanent western terminus. Several sites in Utah were considered, with the present site near Ogden emerging as the clear favorite.

In July 1939 Congress appropriated \$8 million for the establishment and construction of the Ogden Air Depot. In December of that year the War Department named the site "Hill Field," in honor of Major Ployer Peter Hill, Chief of the Flying Branch of the Air Corps Material Division at Wright Field in Dayton, Ohio. Major Hill had died as a result of injuries received from the crash of the Boeing experimental aircraft Model 299 at Wright Field, the prototype of what would later become the famous B-17 Flying Fortress.

The official groundbreaking ceremonies for Hill Field were held on January 12, 1940, although actual construction of the base had already begun. The first Commander of the Ogden Air Depot, Colonel Morris Berman, arrived at Hill Field on November 7, 1940, marking the beginning of official operations at the field.

During World War II Hill Field was a vital maintenance and supply base, with round-the-clock operations geared to supporting the war effort. Battle weary A-26, B-17, B-24, B-29, P-40, P-47, P-61, and many other types of aircraft depended on the men and women of Hill Field for structural repair, engine overhaul, and spare parts. Peak wartime employment at Hill was reached in 1943 with a total of over 22,000 military and civilian personnel. These dedicated men and women rehabilitated and returned thousands of warbirds to combat.

In 1944 Hill Field became responsible for the long-term storage of surplus aircraft and support equipment. PT-17, B-24, P-40, P-47, B-29, and many other types of aircraft were eventually prepared and stored at the base. By the end of 1947 more than \$200 million worth of aircraft had been preserved in near perfect condition for possible future use. During the massive demobilization that followed World War II, Hill Field also reclaimed scores of surplus aircraft, which were disassembled and some parts put back into the supply system.

On September 26, 1947 the Army Air Corps became the United States Air Force, ending an association with the Army that had lasted 40 years. Following an Air Force-wide pattern of renaming "fields" as "bases," Hill Field became Hill Air Force Base on February 5, 1948.

When North Korea invaded South Korea in 1950, Hill AFB was assigned a major share of Project Holdoff, the Air Materiel Command's logistical effort to support the war. Hill personnel quickly removed needed B-26s and B-29s from storage, renovated, and added them to the active Air Force inventory.

Also in the 1950s, the Ogden Air Materiel Area, the ranking activity at Hill, began support of jet aircraft, such as the F-84F Thunderstreak, F-84G Thunderjet, RF-84J Thunderflash, F-89 Scorpion, F/RF-101 Voodoo, F-102 Delta Dagger, B-47 Stratojet, and B-57 Night Intruder. OOAMA also assumed prime maintenance responsibilities for the SM-62 Snark, IM-99 Bomarc, SM-73 Goose, and SM-64 Navaho missile systems, as well as the MB-1 Genie rocket system. OOAMA entered into ballistic missile support with the SM-65 Atlas ICBM in 1958 and the SM-80 Minuteman ICBM in 1959.

In the 1960s, OOAMA was assigned support and system management duties for the USAF F-4 Phantom II, Titan II/Titan III missiles, and the AGM-65A Maverick missile. Hill AFB also supported the war in Southeast Asia by direct airlifts of hundreds of tons of airmunitions via C-124, C-130, C-133, and C-141 aircraft. The base also picked up maintenance responsibilities for B-58 Hustler and F/RF/FB-111A Aardvark landing gear components.

Hill began managing certain components of the F-15 Eagle in 1971. That same year field testing began at Hill on the UH-1H Iroquois helicopter. The following year saw the production of the first version of the Short Range Attack Missile (SRAM), delivered from Boeing Air Force Plant 77 at Hill AFB.

The Ogden Air Logistics Center also became system manager of the F-16 Fighting Falcon, the Advanced Intercontinental Ballistic (M-X) Missile System, and the A-10 Thunderbolt II in the 1970s. OOALC had logistics responsibility for Alaska, western Canada, Idaho, Montana, North and South Dakota, Wyoming, Utah, Colorado, Arizona, and New Mexico.

The 1980s saw the assignment of repair responsibilities for the BGM-109G Ground Launched Cruise Missile (GLCM) to Hill. During Fiscal Year 1980 Hill AFB also had the busiest single runway of any airfield in the free world. Airfield traffic totaled 145,243 takeoffs and landings. The OO-ALC Directorate of Distribution then managed an inventory valued at \$2,039,195,215. The base was also assigned repair projects for the OV-10A Bronco and C-130 Hercules aircraft.

In August 1990 OOALC and Hill began support of Operation Desert Shield by helping to sustain the U.S. deployment to Southwest Asia. All shifts and work hours were extended to support the various aircraft involved in the mission. The 388th Fighter Wing, a Hill tenant, also deployed its 4th and 421st Fighter Squadrons to Southwest Asia.

When Desert Shield became Desert Storm in 1991 Hill AFB personnel at home and abroad continued to support the mission in Southwest Asia. In 1993 Hill was awarded contracts for the modification, corrosion control, and painting of 244 Navy F/A-18 Hornet fighters and the maintenance and repair of landing gear on various USAF, DoD, and allied aircraft.

From modest beginnings, Hill AFB now ranks as Utah's largest employer. The \$960 million payroll and presence of the installation injects tremendous growth into the Utah economy. The current value of the base acreage, buildings, equipment, and inventories exceeds \$4.5 billion.

# **B01.1.3. Future Development**

♠ Applicable ♠ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

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Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply



Aerial Image of Hill AFB Showing Main Cantonment Area and Airfield

- 1. Follow AFI 32-1015 for Air Force Comprehensive Planning, the Comprehensive Planning Process, Comprehensive Planning Requirements, and Geospatial Mapping.
- 2. Address all future development under the Installation Development Plan (IDP).

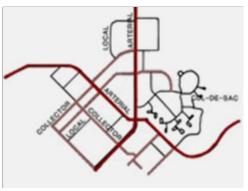
### **B02. STREET ENVELOPE STANDARDS**

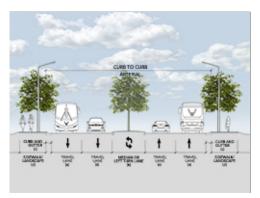
Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Installation Elements: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/index.html</a>

# **B02.1. Hierarchy of Streets**

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Hierarchy of Streets

Street Envelope Section

Divided Median at Arterial Street

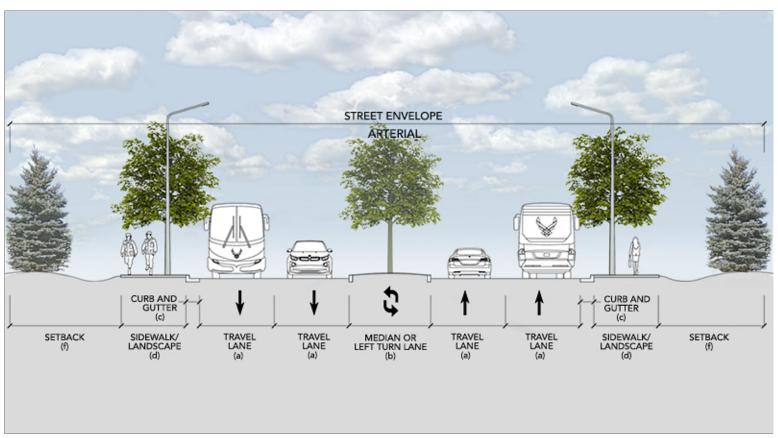
- 1. Develop and evolve a hierarchical transportation network of arterial, collector and local streets following UFC 3-201-01 and its industry references.
- 2. Provide consistent functionality throughout the installation and a level of visual quality relating to the adjacent Facility Group number.
- 3. Routes along facilities in Group 1 may have materials, finishes and features with a higher visual quality than Groups 2, 3 and 4. Reduce maintenance requirements by installing highly durable materials and finishes in routes along Group 3 industrial facilities.
- 4. Special routes may have a visual quality comparable to those along facilities in Group 1.
- 5. Create and maintain arterials with two lanes of traffic in each direction with landscaped or paved medians as applicable to the local climate and adjacent facility group designation / land use.
- 6. Minimize stops and turns along arterials. Eliminate on-street parking along arterials and provide on collector streets only on lower speed roadways such as residential streets.
- 7. Connect arterials to local streets with appropriately scaled collector streets.
- 8. Provide appropriate landscape setbacks and pedestrian buffers along all streets.
- 9. Minimize and consolidate curb cuts along streets.
- 10. Ensure access for emergency and service vehicles.
- 11. Define bicycle traffic routes in the Installation Development Plan or its applicable component plans.
- 12. Define appropriate force protection features, site furnishings, signs, lighting, utilities, and paving in the IFS.

### **B02.1.1. Arterial Streets**

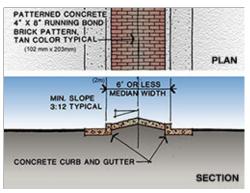
● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Travel Lane (a): 12' Median (b): 12' Curb and Gutter (c): 2' Sidewalk / Landscape (d): 12') Setback (f): Min. 35' or per AT







Paved Median

M Avenue Arterial at Gate

Landscaped Median

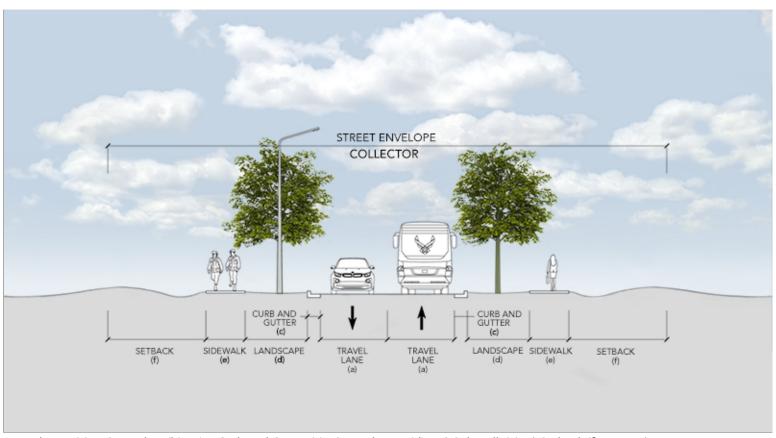
- 1. Stops and turns should be minimized and on-street parking will not be allowed at any point along arterial streets.
- 2. Provide sidewalks on at least one side of arterial streets and both sides of arterial streets in developed areas. Provide a 6' buffer between the road and sidewalk where space allows.
- 3. Limit curb cuts on arterial streets to entries into major facilities, building groups and major parking areas.
- 4. Reinforce the importance of arterial streets with appropriate signs, plantings and street lighting.

### **B02.1.2. Collector Streets**

● Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

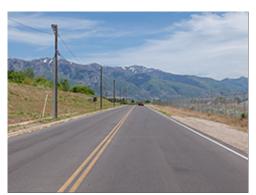
Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Travel Lane (a): 12' Median (b): N/A Curb and Gutter (c): 2' Landscape (d): 10' Sidewalk (e): 6' Setback (f): Min. 35' or per ATFP







Attached Sidewalk

Adjacent Open Space

Landscaped Setback

- 1. Frequent traffic stops and low speeds are permitted on collector streets.
- 2. Provide sidewalks on at least one side of collector streets and both sides of collector streets where functionally required. Buffers are preferred but not required on collector streets.
- 3. On-street parking may be allowed on one side where secondary roads are not less than 34 feet wide. Parking will not interfere with intersections or traffic flow.

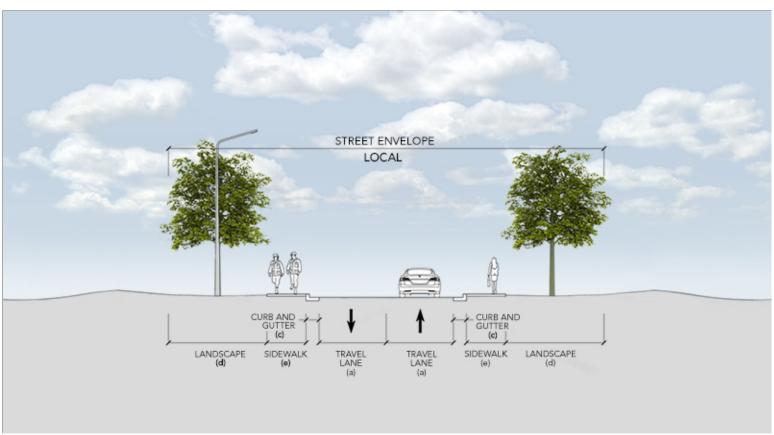
4. Signs, plantings and street lighting should reinforce the designation of "collector" street.

### **B02.1.3. Local Streets**

• Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Travel Lane (a): 11' Median (b): N/A Curb and Gutter (c): 1.5' Landscape (d): 15' Sidewalk (e): 6'



Local Street near Group 1



Streetscape at Historical Facilities



Local Street at Group 4

- 1. Frequent traffic stops and low speeds are permitted on local streets.
- 2. Provide sidewalks on at least one side of local streets and both sides of local streets where functionally required. Buffers are preferred but not required on local streets.

- 3. On-street parking may be allowed following UFC industry references.
- 4. Signs, plantings and street lighting should reinforce the designation of "local" street.
- 5. Cul-de-sacs are only permitted in family housing areas.

# **B02.1.4. Special Routes**

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

○ Applicable ● N/A Small graphics do not apply



Array of Flags along South Gate Avenue

- 1. Develop all special routes consistently with those adjacent to Group 1 facilities.
- 2. Special routes will include the following streets:
  - a. South Gate Avenue from UT-193 to 6th Street.
  - b. E Avenue from Solsbee Street to Canberra Drive.
- 3. Maintain the trees, grasses, landscape beds, and setback areas along these special routes as applicable.

# **B02.2.** Hierarchy of Intersections

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Signalized Intersection at Arterial



T Intersection



Merge Lane



Standard Markings

- 1. Provide a hierarchy of intersections to include arterial, arterial-collector, collector, collector-local and local following UFC 3-201-01 and its industry references.
- 2. Passive systems such as traffic circles are preferred to active systems such as signalized intersections. Aggressively pursue passive systems to lower maintenance requirements and reduce energy use.
- 3. Use a level of visual quality for an intersection equal to the quality found in the related streetscape, which corresponds to the adjacent Facility Group number.

### B02.2.1. Arterials

Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1
 Image Tool 800 x 440

Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply



**Coordinated Street Elements** 

1. At arterial intersections adjacent to Group 1, landscaping of native grasses and shrubs may be provided; trees may be included when maintenance and non-potable irrigation is available. Monuments and static displays may be integrated into arterial intersection designs.

### **B02.2.2.** Arterial/Collector

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply

1. At arterial/collector intersections adjacent to Group 1, landscaping of native grasses and shrubs may be provided; trees may be included when maintenance and non-potable irrigation is available.

### **B02.2.3. Collectors**

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Coordinated Location of Elements

**Preserved Sight Lines** 

Standard Placement of Elements

1. At collector intersections adjacent to Group 1, landscaping of native grasses and shrubs may be provided; trees may be included when maintenance and non-potable irrigation is available. Intersections adjacent to Group 2 may be developed similarly, but with less detailing.

# **B02.2.4. Special Intersections**

○ Applicable 

N/A Large graphics do not apply

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188



**Coordinated Pedestrian Access** 



Alignment of Elements and Features



Static Dipslay near Intersection

1. Develop all special intersections consistently with those adjacent to Group 1 facilities.

# **B02.2.5. Street Frontage Requirements**

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Coordinated Landscape Plantings



Parking where Functionally Required



Street Tree Planting



Landscape Setback in Group 4

- 1. Consistently maintain open space buffers following B03.2.3. Preserves.
- 2. Refer to C06.1.7. Streetscape Landscaping for planting and screen wall requirements along street frontage.

# **B02.2.6. Sight Lines**

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
  - 1. Provide adequate sight lines for an effective and safe traffic operation per American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) standards and local municipality guidelines.

### **B02.3. Street Elements**

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







**Integrated Antiterrorism Elements** 

Coordinated Placement of Elements

Standard Designs and Colors

- 1. Emulate the streetscape area's pre-development hydrology using passive and active design features to help sustain the adjacent regionally appropriate landscape. Coordinate with the base Stormwater Management Plan.
- 2. Employ systems, materials and techniques to maximize streetscape sustainability. Consider pervious paving and high reflectivity of surfaces, which are appropriate for the local climate.
- 3. Install at-grade curbing and/or raised-profile curb and gutter as applicable to direct stormwater to bioswales and rain gardens as source water for vegetation. Do not paint concrete curbing.
- 4. Provide all on-site utility service lines and equipment below grade when adjacent to Facility Group 1. In routes along Group 2, 3 and 4, when mounting elements such as utility cabinets, communications equipment and water valves above grade is unavoidable, paint these consistently and provide visual screening following Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).
- 5. Provide traffic control devices including access control point/entry control facility signs, speed limit signs and street name signs following the current edition of the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) per UFC 3-120-01.
- 6. Crosswalk markings will follow the MUTCD for Streets and Highways, current edition. Provide white markings that define the edges of the crosswalk or a tone of lines defining the area of the crosswalk consistent with common practices found in the adjacent municipality.
- 7. Follow UFC 3-120-01 for directional and wayfinding signs and address both vehicular and pedestrian traffic.
- 8. Reduce energy consumption and reduce maintenance requirements by providing street lighting only when functionally required to ensure safety and to address antiterrorism following UFC 4-010-01. Ensure the quality and quantities of lighting and fixtures are appropriate for the adjacent Facility Group number.

# **B02.3.1. Paving**

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Concrete Paving where Functionally Required

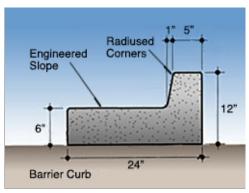
**Asphalt Paving** 

Gravel Paving at Limited Access Area

- 1. Pavement design will comply with UFC 3-250-01. Ensure appropriate analysis and design of subgrade conditions to promote low maintenance, high performance pavements. Apply all applicable best practices from Appendix B of the UFC.
- 2. Materials will be specified in accordance with UFC 3-250-01 and must conform to requirements set forth in the Unified Facility Guide Specifications (UFGS) for concrete and bituminous pavement.

### **B02.3.2. Curb and Gutter**

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Engineered Slope
Radiused Corners

6"

Mountable Curb



Group 1, 2 and 3 Section

**Group 4 Section** 

**Curb Ramp at Intersection** 

- 1. Curb all streets except remote/isolated roads and rock-paved service roads.
- 2. All streets should have integral concrete curbs and gutters. Painted curbs are prohibited because they are very difficult to maintain.
- 3. Use concrete for sidewalks and curbs. Do not use asphalt curbs.

# **B02.3.3. Utility Service Elements**

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Standard Utility Cabinets

Standard Hydrant

Utility Elements in Group 4

- 1. Provide all utility service lines below grade when streets are adjacent to Facility Group 1; when mounting elements (such as utility cabinets, communications equipment and water valves) above grade is unavoidable, paint these consistently and provide visual screening following Site Development, Landscaping.
- 2. Overhead service lines along streets adjacent to Facility Groups 2, 3 and 4 are discouraged.

# **B02.3.4. Traffic Signs**

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
  - 1. Refer to Exterior Signs, Colors and Types for Traffic Control Devices, which includes signs.

# **B02.3.5. Street Lighting**

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
  - 1. Refer to the Lighting section for appropriate applications along streets.

### B02.3.6. Other

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply

# **B03. OPEN SPACE / PUBLIC SPACE**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Installation Elements: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/index.html</a>

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Open Space / Public Space: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/open-space-public-space/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/open-space-public-space/index.html</a>

# **B03.1. Plazas, Monuments and Static Displays**

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

 $\bullet$  Applicable  $\bigcirc$  N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Memorial Plaza with Central Monument and Adjacent Static Display of Aircraft



Static Missile Display



Commemorative Plaque



Static Display of Aircraft

- 1. Natural features and culturally or historically significant features or events may be recognized and acknowledged with physical elements such as plazas, monuments and static displays. However, limit these elements on the base to ensure judicious use of resources and to reduce ongoing maintenance requirements.
- 2. Design highly durable plazas, monuments and static displays with a level of quality comparable to Facility Group 1.
- 3. Link plazas, monuments and static displays to the pedestrian circulation system. Install landscaping, site furnishings and lighting appropriate for the application and local climate following Installation Facilities Standards (IFS). Select systems, products and materials for paving, walls, and structures following IFS.

### **B03.1.1. Paved Plazas**

● Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

• Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



**Natural Concrete with Colored Concrete Accents** 



Concrete Plaza at Group 1



Concrete Entrance Plaza



Group 2 Gathering Area with Concrete Paving

- 1. Mitigate heat island effect by providing high-albedo, shaded plazas. Pervious pavers will be used on all plazas and courtyards in Facility Groups 1 and 2; use pervious concrete in Groups 3 and 4. The designer will incorporate appropriate expansion and construction joints.
- 2. Pavers will match the color of pavers used on adjacent sidewalks using base standard range of red blend. Bricks used on plazas will typically be 4" x 8" size.

# **B03.1.2. Sculptures, Markers and Statuary**

● Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Commemorative Markers Adjacent to Static Display



**Bronze Statuary** 



Bronze Plaque on Precast Plinth



Scaled Aircraft and Engraved Stone Marker

- 1. Relate new sculpture, markers and statuary to the base's architectural design theme. Generally, limit these elements to frequently used locations adjacent to Facility Group 1 and highly traveled community pedestrian spaces.
- 2. Consider entry gates as possible sites for new displays.
- 3. All proposed memorials will follow AFI 36-3108 and be limited to highly deserving individuals or groups as deemed appropriate by the installation leadership. Living memorials (tree plantings / etc.) are discouraged due to added maintenance requirements.
- 4. When sculpture requires a base, match the materials and / or color palette of adjacent buildings.
- 5. Use direct or indirect lighting to accentuate features or enhance an intended effect.
- 6. Ensure that all sculpture, markers and statuary are honorable and inspiring, provide a sense of place, positively contribute to the base's visual quality, and encourage pride for the community and the US Air Force.

### **B03.1.3. Static Display of Aircraft**

Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 2

Image Tool 800 x 440

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Ground Mounted Aircraft Display with Memorial Plaza



Aircraft Display Coordinated with Location of Markers







**Multi-Point Mounting** 

Single Point Mounting

**Dynamic Mounting** 

- 1. Follow IFS base-wide standards for all elements of the display area with specific attention to traffic sight lines, pedestrian circulation, site furnishings, signs, and lighting. Address requirements for the Facility District as well.
- 2. Generally, locate concrete base/foundation structures for static displays below grade.
- 3. At static displays where pedestrian paths are provided, a minimum of one trash receptacle and one bench will be provided. Receptacle and bench design must conform to IFS requirements.

# **B03.2. Grounds and Perimeters**

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



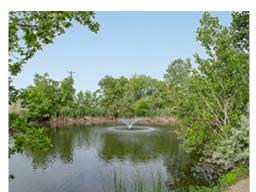
Open Space Buffer along Perimeter Fence



Naturally Occurring Landscape



Maintained Landscape



Water Feature

- 1. Provide formal spaces for parade and review functions, recreational areas and parks following the base's Installation Development Plan (IDP) and Installation Facilities Standards (IFS). Refer to the Site Furnishings topic for additional information.
- 2. Maintain preservation areas following the IDP and IFS.
- 3. Comply with UFC 4-010-01 DoD Minimum Antiterrorism Standards for Buildings and UFC 4-022-03 Security Fences and Gates for all elements associated with the base's gates and perimeter fence.

- 4. Identify and describe base-wide utility corridors in the IDP.
- 5. Base-wide utility infrastructure will be inconspicuous. Bury utility service lines below grade when adjacent to Facility Group 1 and when economically feasible for Facility Groups 2, 3 and 4. When service lines are located above grade, create an ordered, coordinated appearance.
- 6. Follow the requirements of this IFS regarding all utility structures and service lines located above grade that visually impact the installation.
- 7. Where screening of utility equipment and structures is provided, allow adequate and proper clearance for safety and maintenance.
- 8. Reduce visual clutter and visual impact of the following items through a combination of careful placement, screen walls, landscaping and painting:
- Electrical switch-stations
- Sewage lift stations
- Water well pumps, storage tanks and/or related structures
- Gas piping, meters and similar incidental items
- Above ground fuel storage tanks
- Any ground-mounted freestanding utility item exposed to view
- 9. Larger structures such as electrical switch-stations, sewage lift stations, fuel storage tanks and mechanical/electrical equipment will be screened from view, using materials, forms, and colors in the screen walls that match those respective design elements present at adjacent buildings.
- Paint aboveground equipment and associated components such as electrical piping or exposed plumbing lines dark bronze.
- 11. Maintain existing buried utility service lines as a visual asset.
- 12. Bury the following exposed above-grade items in future projects when economically feasible:
- Electrical power grid and service lines
- Telephone lines
- Cable TV lines
- Communications lines
- Exterior lighting service lines
- Any similar system of above-ground lines serving the base
- 13. Consolidate and enclose service utility lines in underground utility corridors when feasible. Create routes along the inside edge of parking lot islands.
- 14. All development of open space requires prior coordination and approval from the Base Civil Engineer.

### **B03.2.1. Parade Grounds**

○ Applicable	● N/A	Large graphics do not apply
	● N/A	Small graphics do not apply

- 1. Follow UFC 3-201-02, Appendix B for the planning and design process and criteria for parade grounds.
- 2. Establish and maintain parade grounds only where there is a confirmed need and provide landscape materials appropriate for the locale following IFS.

3. Bleachers may be installed only when there is a documented requirement at parade grounds. Nonferrous metals that do not require painting or ongoing maintenance are preferred. The Base Civil Engineer will determine quantities, sizes, and products on a case basis.

### B03.2.2. Parks

● Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

• Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Park with Pavilion and Playground



Gardens along Trail



Playground Adjacent to Group 4



Standard Playground Equipment

- 1. Bleachers may be installed only when there is a documented requirement at parks and fields for recreational events. Follow guidance under Parade Grounds.
- 2. Picnic pavilions may be provided in parks where there is a documented need.

- 3. Prohibited picnic pavilion materials include wood, concrete masonry units (CMU) or metal pre-manufactured storage sheds. Use only materials and detailing that are low maintenance and endure with minimal weathering.
- 4. When picnic pavilions are permitted near facilities, generally match the architecture of the adjacent facility and provide a level of quality of the adjacent facility group number.

### **B03.2.3. Preserves**

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
  - 1. Preserve areas adjacent to runways, taxiways, aprons, golf course roughs, storage areas, antenna facilities, and ammunition storage areas as open space.
  - 2. Provide minimal maintenance with mowing as needed for controlling bird behavior for airfield safety or eliminating fire hazards.

### **B03.2.4. Perimeter Fence**

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Brick Columns and Metal Fence at Group 1



Galvanized Chain Link Fencing



Chain Link with Outriggers at Group 3

- 1. Design, install and maintain the base's perimeter fence following UFC 4-022-03.
- 2. Stringently comply with AT requirements following UFC 04-010-01 for all spaces adjacent to the base's perimeter fence and all gates.
- 3. Fencing, gates and other elements that are associated with the main gates will be a level of quality equivalent to Facility Group 1.
- 4. Maintain a positive visual quality along the traffic corridor on both sides of the main gates. Specifically address pedestrian access, circulation and common areas.

### C. SITE DEVELOPMENT

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Site Development: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdq.org/site-development/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdq.org/site-development/index.html</a>

### **C01. SITE DESIGN**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Site Development: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html</a>

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Design / NEPA: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/site-design-nepa/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/site-design-nepa/index.html</a>

### **C01.1. Site Design Considerations**

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







Consideration of Natural Systems

**Operationally Required Siting** 

**Functional Orientation** 

- 1. Collect documentation to validate approvals and completion of the NEPA process.
- 2. Ensure site design compliance with the Installation Development Plan (IDP) and its component plans and Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).
- 3. Promote integrated design with on-site solutions such as engineered small-scale hydrologic controls versus base-wide infrastructure; consider open space, natural features, bioswales, building roofs, streets, and paved surfaces, and snow storage areas.
- 4. Integrate snow storage areas with adjacent streets and parking areas; coordinate snow storage with the base stormwater plan.
- 5. Limit the impact of development on land and water resources. All site elements and infrastructure will reinforce an image of sustainability, with reduced energy demand, renewable-energy usage, and water conservation.
- 6. Consider energy conservation during site design for the following categories: building and site lighting, auxiliary systems and equipment (refrigerators, elevators, etc.), building envelope, electric power and distribution, HVAC systems and equipment, service hot water, and energy management (metering, EMCS).
- 7. Coordinate on-site renewable-energy systems and components to minimize area requirements and maximize efficiencies. Appropriately buffer and screen these and other mechanical systems and equipment.
- 8. New building projects should preserve open space and protect natural habitat.
- 9. Conform to existing topography to the greatest extent possible and use slopes to increase site and building efficiencies. Design sites to minimize irrigation and impacts to stormwater runoff.

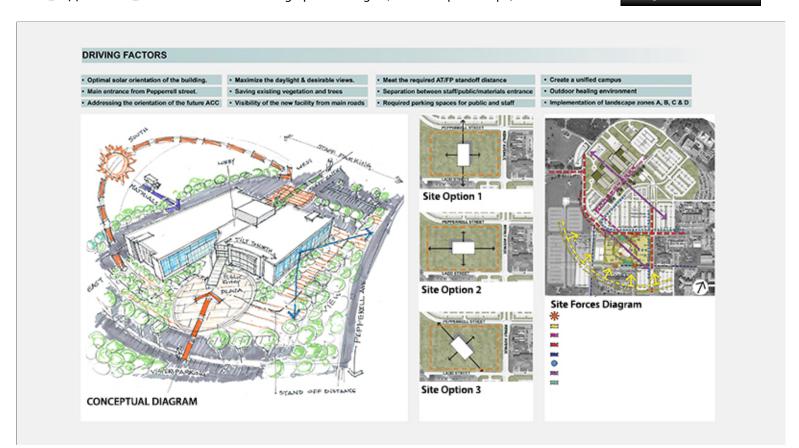
- 10. Carefully study new project sites to identify the character of adjacent buildings, streets, landscaping, and site design elements. Reinforce the existing character in new site design.
- 11. Consider relationships to adjacent facilities and district / centralized heating and cooling infrastructure and cost effectively connect building systems to harvest heat, grey water or other beneficial byproducts.
- 12. Minimize existing and planned obstructions from landscaping, structures, topography, and adjacent developments to preserve solar access and natural ventilation.
- 13. Purposefully integrate service access, receiving and storage areas to eliminate the need for visual screening.
- 14. Appropriately connect to the base network of streets, sidewalks and trails using drive aisles, parking areas, walkways, paths, and bicycle routes addressing both vehicles and pedestrians.
- 15. Applicably coordinate heat island mitigation in paving and roof designs when implementing an integrated approach to stormwater management.
- 16. Consider the location of "Designated Tobacco Areas."

### C01.2. Building Orientation

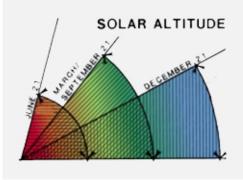
♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

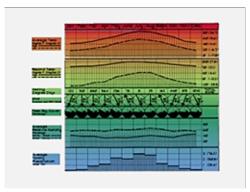
● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 6



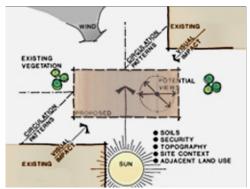
Conceptual Site Analysis and Site Design Diagram



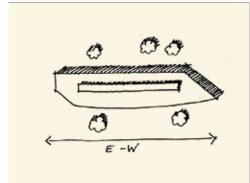




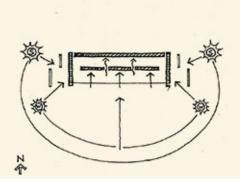
Local Climate Data



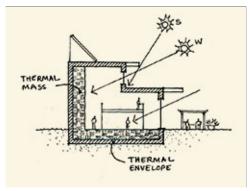
Site Data







Optimum Solar Control



**Optimized Shading** 

- 1. Ensure the site will accommodate optimum requirements for building orientation, which is with the long axis parallel to the east/west direction for rectilinear CONUS buildings.
- 2. Meet Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) requirements for the locations of the building's passive and renewable-energy systems --including geothermal and solar systems --and exterior shading systems.
- 3. Locate the building(s) and permitted ancillary structures to promote solar gain, solar shading, natural ventilation, rainwater harvesting, wind buffering and other beneficial passive systems. Consider natural ventilation during the design of HVAC systems.
- 4. Consider relationships to adjacent sites and their facilities and infrastructure, and cost effectively integrate building systems to harvest heat, grey water or other beneficial byproducts.
- 5. Consider the "public side" of the building, its views and the location of the main entrance.

### **C02. UTILITIES**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html</a>

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Utilities: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/utilities/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/utilities/index.html</a>

### **C02.1. Utility Components**

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply



**Utility Elements** 

- 1. Provide all on-site utility service lines below grade for Facility Group 1; when mounting elements (such as utility cabinets, communications equipment and water valves) above grade is unavoidable, paint these consistently and provide visual screening following Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).
- 2. Provide installation of utility infrastructure to support near term and future electric vehicle charging stations.
- 3. Define all service entry points into the building and route distribution below grade into an interior space within the facility; exposed conduits, cables and wires on exterior walls are not permitted for Facility Group 1.
- 4. Include consideration of appropriate placement of meters in support of Automated Revenue Management Services (ARMS).
- 5. Limit exterior mechanical distribution systems such as exterior steam, chilled water, and hot water distribution to Group 3 facilities; when required for Group 1 and 2 facilities integrate with the architecture and provide visual screens following IFS.
- 6. Direct roof drainage to bioswales or underground collection when feasible or provide splash blocks / paved channels to intercept roof drainage at grade.

#### **C03. PARKING AREAS**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html</a>

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Parking Areas: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/parking-areas/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/parking-areas/index.html</a>

## C03.1. Configurations and Design

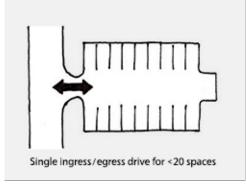
● Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

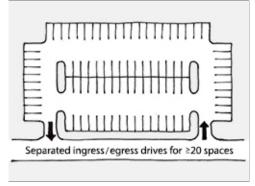
♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



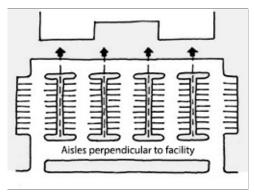
Standard 90-Degree Configuration of Parking Spaces with Landscaping at Perimeter



**Small Lot Configuration** 



Large Lot Configuration



Facility Group 1 Configuration

- 1. Evaluate adjacent sites and cost-effectively consolidate parking areas to maximize efficient use; ensure that all areas meet accessibility guidelines.
- 2. Generally envision on-site parking as a series of small connected singular areas selectively placed around the facility served, rather than a single large area; buffer parking areas from the facility main entrance with a transition space and provide drop-offs to decrease close-in parking. Comply with IFS standards while meeting requirements.
- 3. Integrate at-grade and raised-profile curbing, permeable paved areas, and parking islands with the stormwater system and direct stormwater to bioswales and rain gardens as source water for regionally appropriate native vegetation. Configure curbing to facilitate snow removal. Ensure snow storage areas are coordinated with the stormwater plan.
- 4. Define pedestrian access with approved hardscape and provide shading along the primary path from the parking area to the building's main entrance of the building.
- 5. Coordinate suitable landscape or barriers integrated with walls and fences to ensure adequate force protection.
- 6. Accessible parking spaces will be marked according to UFC 3-120-01 and its references in ABAAS and the MUTCD.
- 7. Consider locations and requirements of near term and future electric vehicle charging stations.
- 8. Designate preferred parking spaces for electric vehicles and carpools near the main entrance.
- 9. Consider cost-effectively integrating solar photovoltaic arrays into covered parking structures.
- 10. Reserved parking is discouraged except for Facility Group 1.
- 11. On-street parking is discouraged except in multi-use areas. When used, provide approved on-street parking configurations following UFC 3-201-01.
- 12. Access and service drives should accommodate the largest vehicle serving the facility.

#### C03.1.1. Paving and Striping

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Standard Bituminous Paving



Standard White Striping



Blue Accessible Parking Symbols

**Facility Group 1** paving materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 3 paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Asphaltic Concrete Primary: Concrete where Operationally Required

Secondary: Concrete Secondary: Asphaltic Concrete

Accent: Permeable Pavers Accent: N/A

**Facility Group 2** paving materials shall be as follows. **Facility Group 4** paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Asphaltic Concrete Primary: Asphaltic Concrete

Secondary: N/A Secondary: N/A

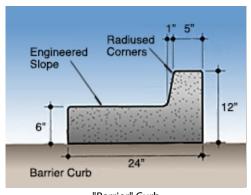
Accent: N/A Accent: N/A

- 1. All new parking lots in Groups 1 and 2 will be constructed of bituminous pavement, or concrete pavement where functionally required, following UFC 3-250-01.
- 2. Porous paving may be considered on a case basis.
- 3. Cost-effectively provide light-colored concrete to reduce heat island effect; otherwise install bituminous pavement. Dirt, gravel, and grass lots are not allowed.
- 4. Use consistent striping, angles and stall sizes in all parking areas.
- 5. All parking will be marked with white stripes of paint or applied vinyl coatings. Red or yellow markings will only be used for safety purposes and must be kept to a minimum. All lines will be four inches (4") wide.

## **C03.1.2.** Curbing

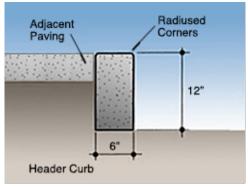
Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable ♠ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Engineered 8" 4"
Slope
Radiused Corners

6" 12"



"Barrier" Curb

"Mountable" Curb

**Header Curb** 

Facility Group 1 curbing / edging materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 3 curbing / edging materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Concrete Primary: Concrete

Secondary: N/A Secondary: N/A

Accent: N/A Accent: N/A

Facility Group 2 curbing / edging materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 4 curbing / edging materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Concrete Primary: Concrete

Secondary: N/A Secondary: N/A

Accent: N/A Accent: N/A

- 1. Define all parking lots with either raised-profile or at-grade curbing to promote drainage and protect paving edges. All raised curbs will be the rolled (mountable) type.
- 2. Integrate curbing to direct stormwater to bioswales and rain gardens as source water for regionally appropriate native vegetation.
- 3. Wheel stops are not permitted except at locations where car bumpers could contact adjacent items such as poles, signs or pedestrians.

#### C03.1.3. Internal Islands and Medians

Applicable • N/A Large graphics do not apply

 $\bullet$  Applicable  $\bigcirc$  N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







Trees and Shrubs with Organic Mulch



Geometry Defined by Parking Configuration

- 1. Install landscape islands and medians as visual breaks, to reduce heat island effects and to accommodate bioswales and rain gardens with consideration for snow storage and removal. Coordinate suitable landscape or barriers integrated with walls and fences to ensure adequate force protection.
- 2. When lighting is necessary, contain fixture bases within medians or internal landscape islands.

## C03.2. Parking Structures

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
  - 1. Parking structures are encouraged in land-constrained locations when economically feasible.
  - 2. Consider near- term and future electric vehicle charging stations and renewable energy generation development during the analysis and design.
  - 3. Consider opportunities for integrating parking structures into multi-use developments with pedestrian-oriented uses located on the ground floor and parking on upper levels; ensure AT guidelines are fully addressed.
  - 4. Structures may be constructed below grade with roofs serving as vegetated areas or plazas.

## C03.3. Connectivity

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Direct Access to Entrance

Adjacent Crosswlk

Connecting Changes of Level

- 1. Refer to the Installation Development Plan (IDP) for locations of transit stops and pedestrian and cycling networks; provide appropriately sized sidewalks and bike paths to connect facilities and users to these networks.
- 2. Provide amenities such as rain and shade shelters, trees, and benches to encourage and facilitate use of public transportation.
- 3. Evaluate the IDP for the current and planned network of roads and optimally develop vehicular access to and from the site.

#### **C04. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html</a>

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Stormwater Management: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/stormwater-management/index.html

## **C04.1. Stormwater Requirements**

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Stormwater Swale Designed as an Amenity



Site Sloped to Drain toward Planting Area



Drainage Pan Integrated along Street



Stone Rip-Rap and River Rock Basin

- 1. Design all stormwater systems including retention ponds, detention areas, channels, etc. as on-site amenities that are consistent with natural systems and drainage patterns, that help sustain the base landscape with beneficial functionality and that provide aesthetic appeal; coordinate with the base Stormwater Management Plan.
- 2. Incorporate bioswales into the design of all roadway, parking and facility roof systems to enhance water quality and support the overall stormwater system.
- 3. Permeable paving may be used in areas that are not subjected to severe freeze-thaw cycles.

- 4. Provide rainwater harvesting and storage that is attached to the building's roof drain systems to support grey water irrigation; consider freeze protection for winter months.
- 5. When underground drainage systems are required establish a maintenance program to include removal of sediments and debris; inspect joints seasonally for alignment to prevent leakage and the development of voids and surface failures.
- 6. Cost-effectively integrate stormwater systems with AT measures.

#### **C05. SIDEWALKS, BIKEWAYS AND TRAILS**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html</a>

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Sidewalks, Bikeways and Trails: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/sidewalks-bikeways-trails/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/sidewalks-bikeways-trails/index.html</a>

#### C05.1. Circulation and Paving

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Standard Concrete Sidewalk and Width







Integrated Rock Mulch and Landscape



Asphalt Paving in Lansdcaped Area

Facility Group 1 sidewalks, plazas, and courtyards paving materials shall be as follows.

Permeable Pavers Primary:

Secondary: Concrete Paving and Edging

Accent: Colored Concrete (Optional)

Facility Group 2 sidewalks, plazas, and courtyards paving materials shall be as follows.

Permeable Pavers Primary:

Concrete Paving and Edging Secondary:

Accent: Colored Concrete (Optional) Facility Group 3 sidewalks, plazas, and courtyards paving materials shall be as follows.

**Concrete Paving** Primary:

Secondary: N/A

Accent: N/A

Facility Group 4 sidewalks, plazas, and courtyards paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: **Concrete Paving** 

Secondary: N/A

Accent: N/A

- 1. Maintain efficient geometry and accessibility to connect building entrances to adjacent parking areas and activity areas and to the base transportation system following AT. Efficiently use materials to optimize life-cycle costs and to minimize maintenance.
- 2. Generally conform horizontal layouts of sidewalks to the geometric configuration of adjacent buildings, streets, parking lots, and other adjacent related site amenities. Occasional meanders and/or jogs may be included to capture views, to coordinate with landscaping or accommodate site constraints.
- 3. Walks in parking areas will provide a direct path using "safe islands" and "peninsulas" to encourage safety. Walks parallel to streets will follow streetscape guidelines. Clearly mark pedestrian crossings at vehicular routes.
- 4. Mitigate heat island effect by providing high-albedo, shaded sidewalks. Pervious pavers will be used on all sidewalks, plazas and courtyards in Facility Groups 1 and 2; use pervious concrete in Groups 3 and 4. The designer will incorporate appropriate expansion and construction joints.
- 5. Only experienced contractors will install pervious pavements.
- 6. Consider an integrated approach that could include stormwater management (permeable surfaces) and complement the design of the storm drainage system when appropriate.
- 7. Pedestrian paths should be at least 5' in width to allow for comfortable side-by-side walking.
- 8. Sidewalks leading to a building main entrance and at the interior of parking lots will be a minimum width of 6'. Walks greater than 10' wide may be used at high-density pedestrian areas where volumes of traffic justify added material.

- 9. Where vehicles park adjacent and head-in to the sidewalk and wheel stops are not used, such perimeter walks will be increased to a minimum width of 8' to accommodate overhangs of the parked vehicles.
- 10. All sidewalks will have positive drainage to prevent ponding of water with slopes ranging from 2.1% to 4.2%. Walks with a slope greater than 4.2% will be designed as ramps following accessibility guidelines. All walks will have a minimum cross slope of 2.1%.
- 11. Pavers will conform to the following range of color: Red. Pavers used on walks will typically be 4"x 8" in size.
- 12. Connect to the bicycle circulation system and provide bicycle parking with a suitable means for securing bicycles following IFS. Consider changing/shower facilities for use by cyclists.
- 13. Refer to the Installation Development Plan for future trails, bicycle paths, and sidewalks.

#### C05.1.1. Ramps and Stairs

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Site Ramp

Stair with Integrated Site Ramp

Stair Stair at Group 1

1. Use ramps instead of stairs for sidewalks, bikeways and trails and at all buildings where possible. Where steps are unavoidable, follow UFC 1-200-01 and its references to the International Building Code.

## C05.1.2. Lighting

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
  - 1. Provide lighting for all stairs and landings where traffic warrants.
  - 2. Refer to the Lighting section for path lighting along sidewalks, bikeways and trails.

#### **C06. LANDSCAPE**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdq.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Landscape: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/landscape/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/landscape/index.html</a>

## **C06.1. Climate-based Materials**

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Use of Native Trees, Shrubs and Grasses



Landscape in Historical Area



**Drought Tolerant Plant Materials** 



Xeric Planting with Organic Mulch

- 1. Use only native, naturally occurring, drought tolerant indigenous plant species (including grasses) appropriate for the locale to promote energy efficiency and water conservation, preserve drainage patterns, inhibit erosion, improve air quality, lower maintenance, and add beauty.
- 2. Follow details and specifications of the American Standard for Nursery Stock, current edition.

## C06.1.1. Landscape Design Concept

♠ Applicable ♠ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

♠ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Trees Shading Facade



Native Species with Boulders as Accents



Xeric Planting with Rock Mulch



Use of Flowering Species

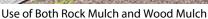
- 1. Develop, maintain and implement a climate-based plant list with landscape features using a regionally appropriate palette of materials to promote energy efficiency, preserve drainage patterns, inhibit erosion, improve air quality, lower maintenance and add beauty. Follow UFC 3-201-02 Landscape Architecture.
- 2. Landscaping is required for all newly developed sites and facilities; preserve existing native landscape where possible and avoid overplanting.
- 3. Concentrate landscaping in Facility Group 1 and along major thoroughfares and integrate these landscaped areas into the base's stormwater management plan. Refer to the Streetscape Envelope Standards in this IFS.

- 4. All Facility Group 1 and 4 sites will be landscaped at their entire perimeter; limit formal planting arrangements to formal spaces typically associated with Group 1. Landscape public spaces near the main entrances of Group 1 facilities.
- 5. Facility Group 2 and 3 sites may have a native undisturbed landscape except at the main entrances of Group 2, which should be newly landscaped.
- 6. Facility plantings will follow the Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) plant list, which is based on the specific microclimates created by the adjacent building: shadow areas, protected areas, zones adjacent to thermal mass, and availability of rainwater and/or grey water.
- 7. Provide open spaces as transitions between developed and native areas that promote quality of life and provide visual relief and allow walkable connections to the transportation system.
- 8. Return suitable areas to a natural state to minimize and, whenever possible, eliminate ground maintenance requirements; expand prairie areas where appropriate with native plants to eliminate mowing and maintenance requirements.
- 9. In tree clusters replace grass with naturalized shrub beds and leaf litter mulch to eliminate mowing requirements.
- 10. Use plantings in open spaces to reinforce the space as a visual asset.
- 11. Consider landscape windbreaks when suitable for the local climate.
- 12. Integrate security requirements into the landscape design. Coordinate the heights of trees and shrubs and note restrictions for plantings following UFC 4-010-01.
- 13. Berms may be used as an integral part of the overall landscape strategy for screening, security and/or visual interest.

## C06.1.2. Xeriscape Design Principles

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- $\bullet$  Applicable  $\bigcirc$  N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







**Use of Xeric Species** 



**Drought Tolerant Planting** 

- 1. Apply xeriscape principles following UFC 3-201-02, Appendix B, and Air Force Corporate Facilities Standards.
- 2. Facility plantings are encouraged to use native plant species and to consider specific microclimates created by the adjacent building: shadow areas, protected areas, zones adjacent to thermal mass, and availability of rainwater and/or grey water.

#### C06.1.3. Minimizing Water Requirements

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
  - 1. Reasonably reduce demand on potable water while seeking opportunities to increase alternative water sources for irrigation. Reduce or eliminate the use of potable/domestic water for purposes of landscape architecture maintenance, consistent with existing legal or contractual obligations, and prohibit potable-water irrigation in new construction beyond establishment following current DoD and Air Force policy.

#### C06.1.4. Plant Material Selection

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 6



**Native Evergreen Species** 



**Ornamental Deciduous Species** 



Trees Defining Space



Flowering Perennials



**Drought Tolerant Shrubs** 



Xeric Species

- 1. Use only native, naturally occurring plant materials including grasses or turf suited for the local climatic conditions in the landscape design; potable-water irrigation systems are discouraged beyond the establishment period.
- 2. New facilities are encouraged to use native plant species as indicated on the following plant lists available from the Base Civil Engineer.
- 3. Trees should be the focus of landscape plantings and, where possible, should be a mix of deciduous and evergreen species for variety; provide tree grates when appropriate and use tree guards on smaller trees.
- 4. Ground covers are only recommended when minimal maintenance is required.

- 5. Turf areas should be limited to those that can be sustained by natural rainfall or grey water (non-potable) irrigation systems; turf may be defined by at-grade concrete mow strips to lessen maintenance.
- 6. Analyze soils and provide organic amendments as needed to improve plant growth and conserve water.
- 7. All plant material will have one-year warranty and is subject to approval by the Base Landscape Architect.

## C06.1.5. Water Budgeting (Hydrozones)

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable 

  N/A Small graphics do not apply
  - 1. Comply with DoD and Air Force policy on potable-water irrigation systems.
  - 2. Provide irrigation systems in new construction to establish plant materials following "Water for Landscaping" in UFC 1-200-02. Note the climate zone and annual rainfall for the locale.
  - 3. New buildings will cost-effectively integrate a grey-water reclamation system following UFC 1-200-02, which provides source water for an automatic drip irrigation system; connect adaptive plantings adjacent to facilities to a grey-water irrigation system when available and discontinue the use of potable water for irrigation after the establishment period.
  - 4. Provide irrigation design following UFC 3-201-02. Install drip irrigation products and components following UFGS Section 32 84 24 Irrigation Sprinkler Systems. Match the color of valve box lids to the adjacent ground treatment (i.e. green at turf & native seed areas, brown at wood mulch & rock areas).
  - 5. Life cycle cost-effectively equip irrigation systems to sense soil moisture, rainfall and wind to minimize unnecessary watering; incorporate drip irrigation systems as the primary source.

#### C06.1.6. Base Entrance Landscaping

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Predominant Use of Trees

**Trees Defining Space** 

Use of Deciduous Trees

1. At the main gate, reinforce a sense of arrival through a well-designed concentration of landscape elements consistent in visual quality with Facility Group 1.

- 2. Ensure landscaping has seasonal features with spring and fall color and a combination of evergreen and deciduous trees and shrubs for winter interest.
- 3. Integrate base signs and street and pedestrian lighting whenever feasible.

## C06.1.7. Streetscape Landscaping

○ Applicable ○ N/A Large graphics do not apply

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Uniform Spacing of Street Trees

**Deciduous Trees** 

Xeric Planting at Group 3

- 1. Provide landscape designs with plant materials appropriately representing the level of quality of the adjacent Facility Group number. Refer to the Installation Elements section.
- 2. Select a variety of regionally appropriate streetscape plantings and grading to create a visual interest.

#### C06.1.8. Pedestrian Circulation Landscaping

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







**Trees Providing Shade** 

**Trees Defining Space** 

Ornamental Trees Providing Visual Interest

- 1. Define walkways with landscaping where appropriate.
- 2. Provide rest areas along the pedestrian circulation network with human-scaled deciduous shade trees. Supplement tree plantings with finely textured shrubs when appropriate for the climate.
- 3. Provide wind breaks where required.

## C06.1.9. Parking Lot Landscaping

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Xeric Planting at Group 3

Landscape Panting with Rock Mulch

Landscape Defining Perimeter

- 1. Integrate appropriate landscaping elements into parking areas to visually soften the appearance at a minimum rate of five percent (5%) of the total area.
- 2. Avoid trees that drop sap, fruit, or seeds, and use long-lived species; keep trees trimmed, removing dead and dying trees or branches.
- 3. Provide planting in islands within parking lots for shade and appeal following IFS and the base stormwater management plan.
- 4. Rain garden islands will be landscaped to receive snowmelt and rainwater runoff from adjacent impervious parking areas to be absorbed into the ground/planting bed. Native plants and groundcovers are recommended within the rain garden areas, which can survive without supplemental irrigation once established.

#### C06.1.10. Screen/Accent Landscaping

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Visual Screening of Mechanical Equipment



Accent Planting at Approved Monument Sign



Accent Planting at Playground

- 1. Provide complimentary accent landscaping at monuments and static displays.
- At Facility Group 1, provide landscaping adjacent to all freestanding signs without distracting from the written communication.

- 3. Provide landscape screening of utility elements adjacent to Facility Group 1.
- 4. Providing landscaping as visual screening is preferred to the construction of walls and fences; berming and mounding may supplement landscape screening.

## C06.1.11. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable ● N/A Small graphics do not apply

#### **C07. SITE FURNISHINGS**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html</a>

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Furnishings: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/site-furnishings/index.html

## **C07.1. Furnishings and Elements**

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 6



Approved Pavilion at Group 2 Dormitory with Coordinated Site Furnishings







Serpentine Bike Rack



Metal Screen Wall



Inverted "U" Bike Rack



Standard Bus Shelter



**CES-Approved Colors at Playground** 

- 1. Provide a coordinated consistent inventory of site furnishings to positively contribute to the visual environment, image, and identity of the base; ensure durability, low maintenance, reduced visual clutter, and compatibility with the adjacent architecture.
- 2. Remove poorly located or redundant litter / ash receptacles, newspaper and bicycle racks, telephone booths, vending machines, walls and fences to reduce visual clutter and to lessen the requirements for maintenance.
- 3. Group 1, 2, 3 and 4 site furnishings will be non-ferrous metals such as aluminum or stainless steel. Group 2, 3 and 4 may be powder coated dark bronze or recycled-content materials. Generally, match the site furniture of adjacent facilities and the facility district.
- 4. Install needed outdoor seating (benches and low walls) in public gathering spaces near main and secondary building entrances. Low walls will match facility architecture.
- 5. Benches in Groups 1, 2 and 3 will be non-ferrous metals such as aluminum or stainless steel. Group 2, 3 and 4 may be powder coated dark bronze. Recreational areas may use wood benches when protected by a roof structure.
- 6. Integrate functional bicycle racks with the design of the building's main entrance grounds in Facility Groups 1 and 2 while meeting AT requirements.
- 7. Limit the use of bollards, but when necessary for force protection use powder coated steel in Groups 1, 2 and 3; bollards in Group 4 and recreational areas may be heavy timber. Illuminated bollards may be used as approved on a case basis.
- 8. Locate architecturally coordinated containers for recycling, litter, ash, vending, etc., to minimize visual clutter and not be visible from the building's main entrance. Minimize the use of freestanding planters.
- 9. Generally limit picnic tables, barbeque grills and drinking fountains to lodging, dormitories, housing areas, parks and recreation areas following IFS.
- 10. The Installation Flagpole location will comply with the guidance for the display of flags in AFI 34-1201. Each Air Force installation is authorized to fly one United States Flag, normally in front of the installation headquarters. Waivers for non-

- authorized locations must be submitted in accordance with AFI 33-360 and approved waivers (AF Form 679) must be maintained by the installation protocol office.
- 11. Flagpoles using approved materials may be installed at locations designated by IFS, and in accordance with AFI 34-1201.
- 12. Refer to the Overview Section "Facility Hierarchy" topic of this AFCFS for guidelines regarding ancillary structures such as pavilions and shade shelters.
- 13. Bus shelters will be provided only where there is a documented need and when approved on a case-by-case basis.

  Provide dark bronze enclosure using an aluminum storefront framing and glazing system and standing seam metal roof.
- 14. Monuments and static displays will be limited. New elements are generally discouraged unless these are fully vetted through the base's approval process and designed following IFS.
- 15. When visual screening is necessary, consider landscaping as the first option; screen walls are permitted only in Group 1 when finished to match the adjacent building.
- 16. For fencing, apply the standards for "Products, Materials and Color" in the following section. Limit those with the highest visual quality to Facility Group 1 where there is sustained maintenance. Define all levels of security and visual quality.
- 17. Do not use chain-link fencing at Group 1, 2 or 4 facilities; Limit the use of barbed-wire outriggers on chain-link fencing at industrial sites, unless required for additional security or protection of assets.
- 18. Wood fencing may be used in Facility Group 4 and in recreation areas following IFS for material and finish when there is sustained periodic maintenance.
- 19. Provide trash dumpster enclosures for Groups 1, 2 and 3 with screen walls to match adjacent facilities; all gates will be metal factory finished dark bronze or black.
- 20. Specify screen wall materials and finishes that do not require painting or maintenance beyond periodic cleaning.
- 21. Group 1, 2, 3 and 4 picnic tables and seating will be non-ferrous metals such as thermoplastic coated aluminum or stainless steel. Group 2, 3 and 4 may be powder coated dark bronze. Generally, match the site furniture of adjacent facilities and the facility district. Generally, limit barbeque grills and drinking fountains to lodging, dormitories, housing areas, parks and recreation areas.
- 22. Limit the use of freestanding planters to areas with ongoing maintenance.
- 23. Provide kiosks only where there is a documented need for visual communication of posted messages. When used, match adjacent facilities in materials and detailing and consolidate kiosks with other site furnishings within 30 feet of major pedestrian paths. Limit kiosks to facility Groups 1 and 2 and parks.
- 24. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

#### C07.2. Site Furnishings Products, Materials and Color

**Note:** Apply the below base-wide standards for Site Furnishings (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

# C07.2.1. Barbeque Grills

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Charcoal
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Most Dependable Fountains, Inc.
Color:	Natural stainless steel
Finish:	Mill
Model #	#: SS BBQ Grill
Other:	Concrete foundation, coordinate with Base Architect
UFGS:	N/A
Type:	Natural Gas
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	BBQ Coach
Color:	Natural stainless steel
Finish:	Mill
Model #	#: 32" 4-Burner
Other:	Built-in Concrete or masonry, coordinate with Base Architect



UFGS: N/A

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Metal Slatted
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Belson Outdoors
Color:	Dark Bronze or Black to match adjacent
Finish:	Factory powder coat
Model #	#: Model CBPB-6SB-BK
Other:	N/A
UFGS:	N/A
Type:	Recycled Plastic
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	The Park Catalog
Color:	Slats: cedar or brown; black or matching base
Finish:	Factory
Model #	#: 289-1106, 6ft Comfort Park Avenue Recycled Plastic Bench
Other:	Limit use to lodging and park settings



UFGS: N/A

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Metal	
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other	
Mfr:	Brandir International Inc.	
Color:	Galvanized	
Finish:	Factory	
Model #: The Ribbon Bike Rack, RB-07		
Other:	N/A	
UFGS:	N/A	

## C07.2.4. Bike Lockers

○ Applicable ● N/A

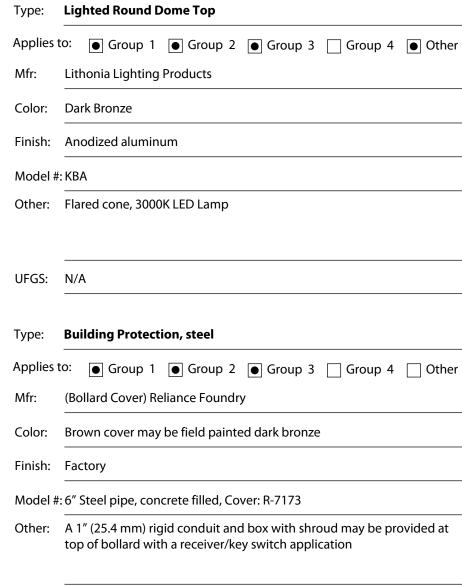
## C07.2.5. Bollards

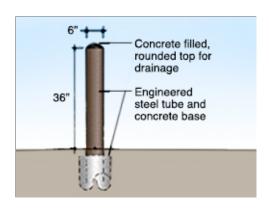
● Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 3



Type:	Lighted Square Sloped Top	
Applies t	o: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other	
Mfr:	Kim Lighting	
Color:	Platinum Silver	
Finish:	Anodized aluminum	
Model #: VSB1 Square		
Other:	3000K LED Lamp, 360° downlighting	
UFGS:	N/A	







UFGS:

N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Metal

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ● Group 4 ● Other

Mfr: Belson Outdoors

Color: Dark bronze

Finish: Powder coated

Model #: Dome top open front or single opening

Other: Provide concrete slab and pre-manufactured aluminum bench(es)

UFGS: N/A

## **C07.2.7. Drinking Fountains**

● Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: **Pedestal** 

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Most Dependable Fountains, Inc.

Color: Natural

Finish: Stainless Steel

Model #: MDF 440 SMSS

Other: Accessible

UFGS: N/A

## C07.2.8. Dumpster Enclosures / Gates

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: 1: CMU and Steel

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Custom

Color: Tan CMU blend, medium brown doors

Finish: Split face CMU, powder coated doors

Model #: Match adjacent building

Other: Steel gates and hardware, dark brown, dumpsters must be painted dark

brown

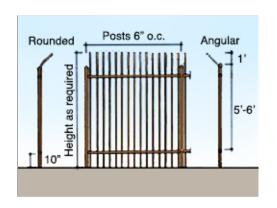
UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry

#### **C07.2.9. Fencing**

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 7

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style A Barrier: High Security, High Visibility

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Custom

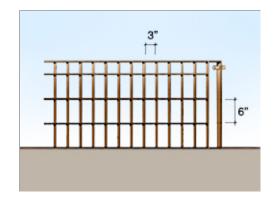
Color: Dark bronze or black

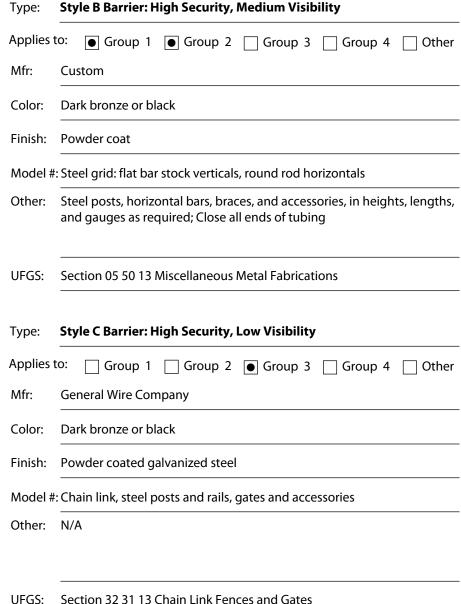
Finish: Powder coated

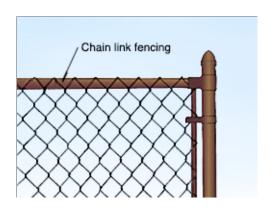
Model #: Steel posts, rails and pickets (vertical, bent outward at top)

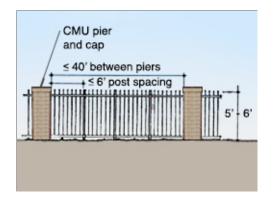
Other: Brick or split face CMU piers may be used

UFGS: Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications

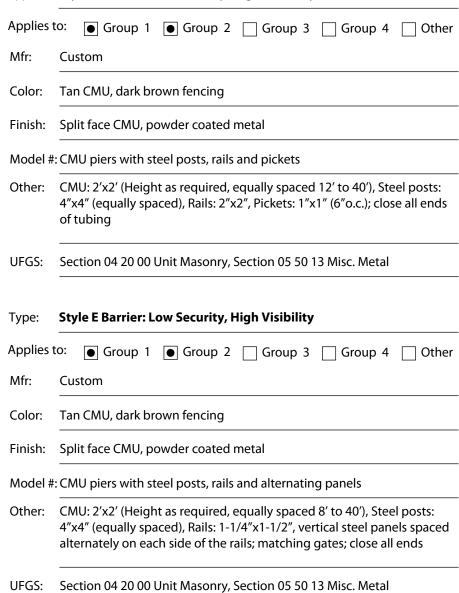




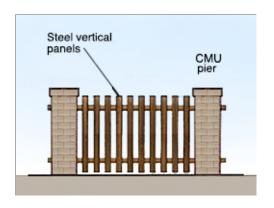




Type:



Style D Barrier: Low Security, High Visibility





Type:	Style F Barrier: Very Low Security, High Visibility
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Custom
Color:	Integral mixed Davis Colors: dark warm gray
Finish:	Factory
Model #	t: Post and rail
Other:	Concrete 3-rail, wood-grain textured (4,000 psi at 28 days); Posts: 39" height, 8' spacing, set 30" deep below grade with footing, typical
UFGS:	SECTION 03 33 00 Cast-In-Place Architectural Concrete
Type:	Style G Barrier (Alternate): Very Low Security, High Visibility
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	James Hardie Building Products, Inc.
Color:	Off white and Earth tones
Finish:	Factory
Model #	t: Post and rail with vertical boards
Other:	Posts: Height as required, 8' max. spacing; apply boards to outside face.

UFGS: Not Available (SECTION 074646 Fiber Cement Siding)



# C07.2.10. Flagpoles

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	metal riagpole
Applies	to: • Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Eder Flag
Color:	Natural aluminum
Finish:	Satin Lustre
Model #: ECL30 IH, Internal Halyard	
Other:	5" Butt Dia. 33' H (30' Exposed)
UFGS:	N/A

# C07.2.11. Lighting – Landscape / Accent

Please refer to the Lighting section.

# C07.2.12. Litter and Ash Receptacles

● Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 2



Type:	Precast Concrete
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Belson Outdoors
Color:	Sand, exposed aggregate; brown lid
Finish:	Smooth
Model #	t: Square Concrete Trash Receptacle
Other:	53 gallon size, 45 gallon plastic liner
UFGS:	N/A



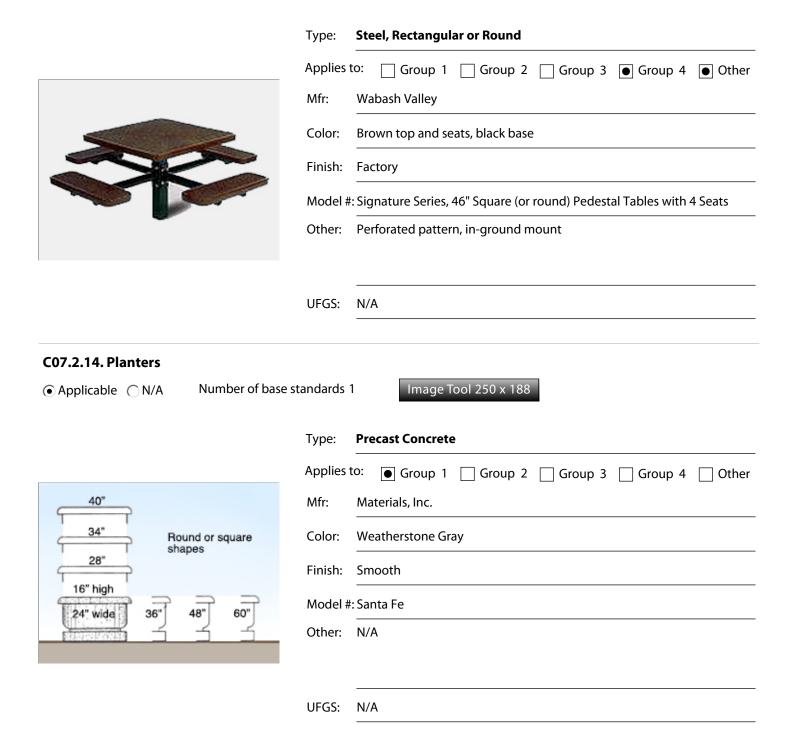
Type:	Metal
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Belson Outdoors (or Fairweather)
Color:	Black or dark brown
Finish:	Factory powder coat
Model #	#: CBTR-FT-BK
Other:	Rigid plastic internal liner
UFGS:	N/A

# C07.2.13. Picnic Tables

● Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 2



Type:	Concrete, Round
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Belson
Color:	White or brown
Finish:	Ground & polished, or acid wash
Model #	t: TF312512, 4 seats
Other:	N/A
UFGS:	N/A



# C07.2.15. Play Equipment

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Steel
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Little Tikes Commercial
Color:	Varies
Finish:	Powdercoated Steel
Model #	t: N-R-G Freestyle
Other:	Coordinate with Base Architect
UFGS:	N/A

## C07.2.16. Screen Walls

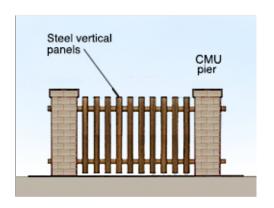
● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 3

Type:

Image Tool 250 x 188

CMU / Steel

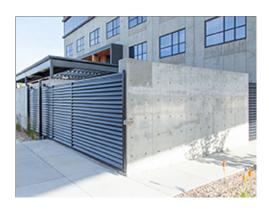


Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	Custom	
Color:	Tan CMU, dark brown fencing	
Finish:	Powder coated metal	
Model #: CMU piers with steel posts, rails and alternating panels		
Other:	CMU: 2'x2' (Height as required, equally spaced 8' to 40'), Steel posts: 4"x4" (equally spaced), Rails: 1-1/4"x1-1/2", vertical steel panels spaced alternately on each side of the rails; matching gates; close all ends	
UFGS:	Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry, Section 05 50 13 Misc. Metal	



Type:	Perforated Steel
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Custom
Color:	Black or dark bronze
Finish:	Powder coat
Model #	e: Perforated Rib Panel
Other:	Exposed zinc or stainless steel fasteners
UFGS:	Section 05 50 13 Misc. Metal
Type:	Formed Concrete
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Custom
Color:	Natural gray of colored to match adjacent facility
Finish:	Smooth or textured
Model #	e: Panel formed, molded or board formed
Other:	Exposed form ties only when matching adjacent

UFGS: Section 03 33 00 Cast-In-Place Architectural Concrete



# C07.2.17. Tree Grates

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Cast Iron
Applies	to: • Group 1 • Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Neenah Enterprises, Inc.
Color:	Natural cast iron
Finish:	Cast
Model #: 2-Piece, round or square	
Other:	N/A
UFGS:	N/A

#### C07.2.18. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

#### **C08. EXTERIOR SIGNS**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html</a>

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Exterior Signs: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/exterior-signs/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/exterior-signs/index.html</a>

## C08.1. Colors and Types

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

♠ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Approved Aluminum Standout Letters at Group 1



**Building Identification Sign** 



Approved Custom Sign at Park



**Building Number Sign** 

- 1. Provide concise functional signs as a visually unifying element with consistent colors and types for all Installation and Gate Identification Signs; Building Identification Signs; Traffic Control Devices; Directional and Wayfinding Signs; and Informational and Motivational Signs.
- 2. Provide signs with the lowest overall life- cycle costs considering initial cost, ongoing maintenance and lifespan while meeting quality standards. Follow IFS for specifications appropriate for the local climate to withstand weathering.
- 3. Reduce the number of signs, reduce visual clutter and provide only essential signs required for identification, directions, instructions, and customer service following UFC 3-120-01. Remove non-conforming signs during renovation projects.

- 4. Use clear concise terms for content consistent with UFC 3-120-01.
- 5. Display of emblems on building exterior walls or other permanent structures is prohibited by UFC.
- 6. Raised "standout" letters and numbers may be used for Group 1 with approval on a case basis.
- 7. Group 2 and 3 facilities will have wall mounted facility signs with sizes and layouts following UFC 3-120-01. Signs are not permitted for Group 4 facilities.
- 8. Only one identification sign is permitted at each building entrance. Include a building address consistent with US Postal Service protocols following UFC 3-120-01. Freestanding monument signs may be provided only when approved by the Base Civil Engineer on a case-by-case basis.
- 9. Traffic Control Devices, which regulate vehicular traffic on the installation, will conform to the standards in the Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) published by the Federal Highway Administration. Coordinate street signs with this IFS.
- 10. Provide Directional and Wayfinding Signs and address both pedestrian and vehicular traffic following UFC 3-120-01 for size, layout and content.
- 11. Reserved parking signs should be kept to a minimum. When approved, provide post-mounted sign faces in base standard materials and colors. Consider "bracketing" a designated area with a single sign at each end.
- 12. Parking lot identification signs may be used to identify areas or rows within large lots.
- 13. Follow the guidelines and requirements in ABAAS and the MUTCD for accessible parking signs.
- 14. Follow UFC 3-120-01 for Informational and Motivational Signs for size, layout and content.
- 15. Symbols or pictographs (graphic expressions of actual objects) may be used to indicate service, mandatory / prohibitory, sports, and recreation when rapid communication is necessary.
- 16. Force Protection signage may be applied to glass doors using white vinyl lettering.
- 17. Refer to UFC 3-120-01 for prohibited signs, which include those with animated, blinking, chasing, flashing, or moving effects.
- 18. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

#### C08.1.1. Materials and Color Specifications

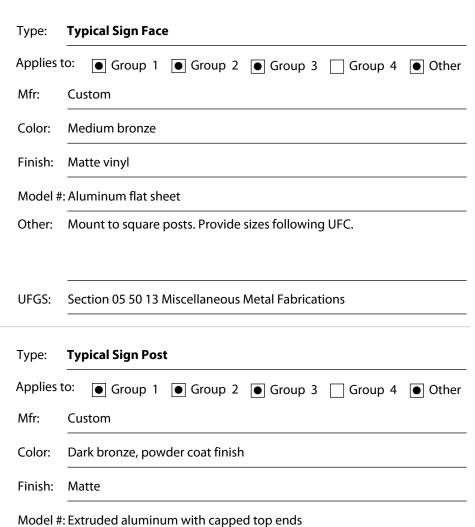
- - 1. Fabricate "Typical Sign Face" panels from, aluminum flat sheet. "Typical Sign Post" components will be extruded aluminum with capped top ends set in a concrete base; do not field paint surfaces, provide factory coatings and materials only.
  - 2. Fence mounted sign panels may be attached with exposed fasteners.
  - 3. All signage will follow Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) using standard colors. Refer to MUTCD color specifications, which provide cross-referenced Pantone Matching System (PMS) numbers. Federal colors must match Aerospace Material Specification Standard 595A (AMS-STD).
    - a. Standard Blue
    - b. Standard Dark Bronze (AMS-STD 30040, RGB: 83.72.66)

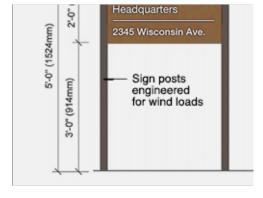
- c. Standard Red
- d. Standard Black (non-reflective)
- e. Standard White
- f. Standard Brown

### **Materials and Color Specifications**

♠ Applicable ♠ N/A Number of base standards 3
Image Tool 250 x 188

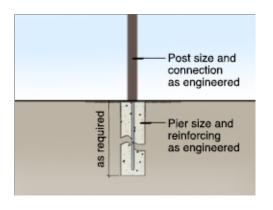






UFGS: Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications

Other: Square posts and squared ends. Provide engineered sizes.



Type:	Typical Sign Base	
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other	
Mfr:	Custom	
Color:	Natural Gray	
Finish:	Sonotube-formed	
Model #	#: 24" height x 12" diameter, as engineered.	
Other:	her: At grade with 3/4" chamfer. Provide engineered sizes.	
UFGS:	UFGS 03 30 00 Cast-in-place Concrete	

# C08.1.2. Installation and Gate Identification Signs

Type:

Applicable \( \cap \) N/ANumber of base standards 1

lmage Tool 250 x 188

Primary, Secondary and Tertiary (Uses per UFC)

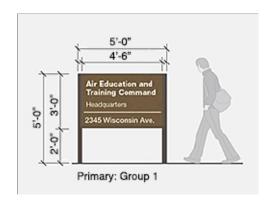


Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	Custom	
Color:	Dark bronze, brushed aluminum, accents per UFC	
Finish:	Powder coat or vinyl sign face	
Model #: Metal frame and panels, buff stone base		
Other:	White vinyl lettering. Provide dimensions per UFC. Secondary signs must match primary sign's materials, but should be smaller in size per UFC. Tertiary signs must follow the UFC.	
UFGS:	Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications	

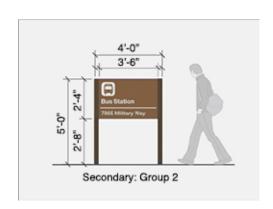
## **C08.1.3. Building Identification Signs**

● Applicable ○ N/A

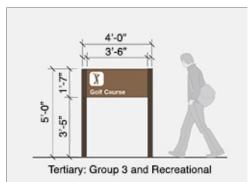
Number of base standards 5



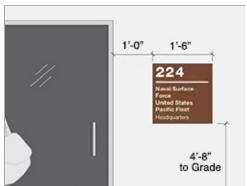
Type:	Freestanding Primary Sign (Sizes and Uses per UFC)		
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	Custom		
Color:	Medium brown face, dark bronze posts, white vinyl lettering		
Finish:	Powder coat or vinyl sign face		
Model #	t: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts		
Other:	Provide layout and sizes per UFC.		
UFGS:	Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications		



Type:	Freestanding Secondary Sign (Sizes and Uses per UFC)	
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other	
Mfr:	Custom	
Color:	Medium brown face, dark bronze posts, white vinyl lettering	
Finish:	Powder coat or vinyl sign face	
Model #: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts		
Other:	Provide layout and sizes per UFC.	
UFGS:	Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications	



Type:	Freestanding Tertiary Sign (Sizes and Uses per UFC)
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Custom
Color:	Medium brown face, dark bronze posts, white vinyl lettering
Finish:	Powder coat or vinyl sign face
Model #	: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts
Other:	Provide layout and sizes per UFC.
UFGS:	Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications
Type:	Wall Mounted
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Custom
Color:	Medium brown, white lettering
Finish:	Satin vinyl applied to aluminum sheet



Finish: Satin vinyl applied to aluminum sheet

Model #: Aluminum sheet with vinyl face and vinyl lettering

Other: Provide layout and sizes following UFC.

UFGS: N/A



Type:	Glass Mounted
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Custom
Color:	White vinyl lettering
Finish:	Matte vinyl
Model #	t: Machine-cut sheet vinyl
Other:	Apply vinyl lettering to glass. Provide sizes following UFC.
UFGS:	N/A

# **C08.1.4. Traffic Control Devices (Street Signs)**

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Type:

Image Tool 250 x 188

**Street Signs** 



Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	Custom		
Color:	White reflective lettering on a Standard Brown background		
Finish:	Powder coat or vinyl sign face		
Model #	t: Aluminum sign face, control arm or pole mounted		
Other:	Mount 7' above grade minimum; note: pictographs and logos are prohibited on street name signs per UFC		
UFGS:	Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications		

#### C08.1.5. Directional and Wayfinding Signs

Applicable \( \cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

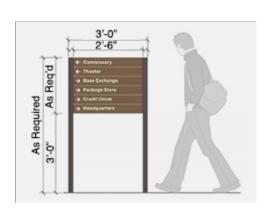
Mfr: Custom

Color: Medium brown face, dark bronze posts, white reflective lettering

Finish: Powder coat or vinyl sign face

Model #: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts

Other: Conform to the requirements of the MUTCD and its DoD Supplement. Provide types and sizes where required by UFC.



Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ● Group 4 ● Other

Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications

Mfr: Custom

**Pedestrian** 

**UFGS:** 

Type:

Color: Medium brown face, dark bronze posts

Finish: Powder coat or vinyl sign face

Model #: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts

Other: White vinyl lettering. Provide types and sizes where required by UFC.

UFGS: Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications

#### **C08.1.6. Informational Signs**

Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable ○ N/A Small graphics do not apply

- 1. Minimize informational signs such as static display signs, hours of operation, and project signs to reduce visual clutter.
- 2. Static display signs will have standard dark brown or dark bronze color.
- 3. Hours of operation signs will have a level of quality equivalent to the Facility Group number.

4. Temporary / Project Signage will be judiciously placed to avoid visual clutter. Schedule and arrange for the removal of these signs prior to installation. C08.1.7. Motivational Signage ○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply Small graphics do not apply 1. Provide professionally produced motivational signs as important elements of campaigns to boost morale, improve safety, aid in recruiting, and accomplish other motivational objectives. Consolidate this signage to reduce visual clutter. 2. Motivational signs will be limited to an electronic "marquee" type changeable sign near each gate. Temporary signs are not permitted. Motivational information may also be posted in a small, printed format on kiosks in specified, high pedestrian use areas. Refer to kiosks under Site Furnishings. 3. Follow UFC 3-120-01 for color and layout. Note that animated, blinking, chasing, flashing, or moving effects are prohibited by the UFC. 4. Mount marquee signs on reinforced concrete bases with a natural warm gray color. C08.1.8. Parking Lot Signs 1. Follow UFC 3-120-01 and AFCFS. C08.1.9. Regulatory Signs 1. Regulatory signage, which restricts, warns and advises, will be limited to those mandated under Highway/Traffic, Government Warning, and/or Parking Regulation. Follow UFC 3-120-01 and its industry references for color and layout. 2. Provide a comprehensive, systematic approach to regulatory signage to avoid clutter and confusion from "over signage." 3. Maintain base warning signs for safety and security at the base perimeter and at specific secure areas. Use these to notify visitors of restrictions governing conduct on the base, as well as other security procedures. C08.1.10. Other C09. LIGHTING

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

#### C09.1. Fixtures and Lamping

○ Applicable	● N/A	Large graphics do not apply
○ Applicable	● N/A	Small graphics do not apply

- 1. Provide, coordinate and efficiently install street, parking lot, sidewalk and facility lighting with appropriate luminaires, lamping, placement and spacing following UFC 3-530-01 and Installation Facilities Standards (IFS); ensure the level of quality is consistent with the adjacent facility group number. Pole-mounted, wall-mounted and bollard fixtures are permitted.
- 2. Integrate controls to automatically reduce lighting power during periods of non-activity; automatically turn off power when sufficient daylight is available.
- 3. Ensure continuity and consistency of lighting elements. In new construction generally match post types, fixture types, styles, heights, sizes, materials, colors, and lamp types of adjacent facilities and the facility district.
- 4. Economically provide renewable-energy power sources such as solar photovoltaic when feasible.
- 5. Use appropriately designed or shielded luminaires to direct light downward to minimize light pollution and intrusion onto adjacent sites and to facilitate night training.
- 6. Calculate illuminant levels for all lighting applications following UFC 3-530-01 and ensure compliance with pre-curfew maximum brightness level requirements.
- 7. Sufficiently address environmental factors to prevent corrosion and weathering of fixtures, plinths and other components.
- 8. Wall mounted fixtures should respond to the architectural character of the facility.
- 9. Efficient accent lighting of architectural and landscape features may be provided for Group 1, lodging and historical applications. Accent lights in ground-mounted locations may be provided for static displays and signs when these do not conflict or cause hazards with overhead aircraft.
- 10. Comply with UFC 3-530-01 for light source technology and lamp types. High efficiency lamping such as LED is preferred for most applications.
- 11. Provide round tapered, square non-tapered, or round non-tapered aluminum poles and aluminum fixtures with square, rectangular or circular housings in colors and shapes to match adjacent facilities and the facility district.
- 12. Install lighted bollards only at Group 1 and high-traffic Group 2 facilities. Generally match materials, colors and shapes of adjacent facilities and the facility district.
- 13. Install natural warm gray color, smooth finished concrete bases for all poles in heights appropriate for the facility group and application. Generally Groups 1, 2 and 4 will have at-grade bases. Group 3 will have taller bases for added durability.
- 14. When parking lot lighting is necessary, provide an illuminated path to the building's main entrance. Pole bases should be contained within an internal landscape median or island.
- 15. Consistently install lighting for sidewalks, bikeways and trails to match adjacent facilities.
- 16. Landscape accent lighting may be used in public gathering spaces and in Group 1 facilities. Coordinate the design, luminaire selection, and placement with the location of trees, shrubs, and site furnishings.
- 17. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

### C09.2. Light Fixture Types

**Note:** Apply the below base-wide standards for Light Fixtures (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

**LED Street** 

### C09.2.1. Street Lighting

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Type:

UFGS:

Type:

N/A

**LED Parking Lot** 

Image Tool 250 x 188



# 

### C09.2.2. Parking Lot Lighting

/A

Number of base standards 1



Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	Hubbell, Beacon Viper luminaire		
Color:	Dark bronze or clear anodized as approved by BCE		
Finish:	Factory		
Model #	#: VPL/ 80NB-180/4K/T3/UNV/GYS, single arm or dual arm		
Other:	Lamp LED, Parking – Poles will be 16' round or square seamless aluminum; up to 1.5' up swept mounting arm; pole will be rated for 100 MPH wind with a 1.3 factor		
UFGS:	N/A		

# C09.2.3. Lighted Bollards

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 2



Type:	Lighted Round Dome Top
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Lithonia Lighting Products
Color:	Dark bronze
Finish:	Anodized aluminum
Model #	#: KBA
Other:	Flared cone, 3000K LED Lamp. Follow manufacturer's recommendations for fixture base.
UFGS:	N/A
Type:	Lighted Square Sloped Top
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Kim Lighting
Color:	Platinum silver
Finish:	Anodized aluminum
Model #	t: VSB1 Square
Other:	3000K LED Lamp, 360° downlighting
UFGS:	N/A



#### C09.2.4. Sidewalk Lighting

Image Tool 250 x 188 Number of base standards 1 Type: **Rectilinear Cutoff** Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ● Other Mfr: Hubbell, Kim Lighting Color: Dark bronze anodized (or clear anodized as approved by BCE) Finish: Anodized aluminum Model #: Rectilinear Cutoff, Single Arm Other: Lamp: LED. Follow manufacturer's recommendations for fixture base UFGS: N/A C09.2.5. Walls / Stairs Lighting Image Tool 250 x 188 ● Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Type: Style 1 Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: Vista Lighting Color: Dark bronze anodized Finish: Smooth Model #: Aluminum Step and Brick Lights, 5230 round louvered Other: Lamp: LED UFGS: N/A C09.2.6. Other ○ Applicable ● N/A

#### **D. FACILITIES EXTERIORS**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html</a>

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188



Group 3 Materials Palette, Predominant Use of Insulated Metal Panels



Group 1 Materials and Color



Group 2 Use of Concrete Masonry Units (CMU)



Group 4 Housing

#### **D01. SUPPORTING THE MISSION**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Supporting the Mission: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/supporting-the-mission/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/supporting-the-mission/index.html</a>

#### **D02. SUSTAINABILITY**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Sustainability: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/supporting-the-mission/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/supporting-the-mission/index.html</a>

#### **D03. ARCHITECTURAL FEATURES**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html</a>

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Architectural Features: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/architectural-features/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/architectural-features/index.html</a>

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

































#### D03.1. Orientation, Massing and Scale

1. Orient new buildings to maximize energy efficiency, passive solar and daylighting potential of the building; narrow buildings oriented along an east-west axis are preferred to minimize heat gain in the summer months and maximize heat gain in the winter months resulting in less overall energy usage.

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Massing Based on Efficient Operational Layout of Interior Functional Requirements



Scale Representing Function



**Orientation Responding to Operations** 



Massing Used to Define Main Entrance

- 2. Provide orthogonal geometry for principal building form; angular geometry may be used sparingly for Group 1 and used only for emphasis at specific areas such as building entrances and stairwells.
- 3. Maintain a human scale and reduce the visual scale of large buildings with sub-massing related to interior functional operations; create consistent form and scale in adjacent buildings with compatible profiles or silhouettes.

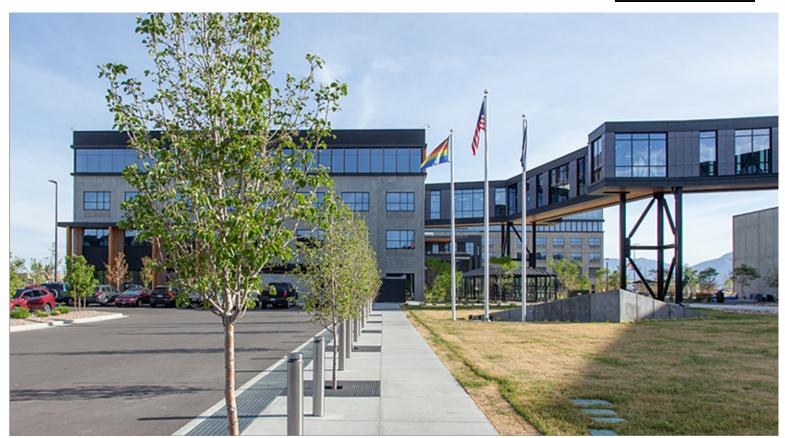
- 4. Building heights will not be limited; however, building heights over 2 stories will be considered on a case basis.
- 5. Combine functions where practical to avoid a proliferation of small, independent structures.
- 6. Use and coordinate shading devices with orientation and for function.

#### **D03.2. Architectural Character**

- 1. Develop architectural features, materials and detailing appropriate for the Facility Group designation. Refer to Building Entrances, Wall Systems and Roof Systems.
- 2. Respond to the local climate and regional influences with environmentally functional architectural features.
- 3. For new facilities design generally maintain consistency and visual unity in the character of the adjacent buildings through compatible architectural features: repeated use of similar forms such as roofs, and through recurring elements such as doors, windows, materials and colors.
- 4. The ARB (Architectural Review Board) must review designs for all Group 1, 2, and 4 facilities and all moderate to large scale Group 3 facilities; a review meeting is required prior to the 35% design stage. Submittal requirements must include the following:
  - Site plan showing parking, sidewalks and landscape design intent
  - Rendered (colored) exterior elevations: minimum of two sides (front major entry and secondary)
  - Bird's eye perspective showing the best overall view of the building typically looking at the main entry area
  - Color board having actual material samples of all proposed exterior facing materials
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 2

Image Tool 800 x 440

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Contemporary Palette of Functional Materials and Shapes



Example of Contemporary Architectural Theme with Functional Shading







Compatible Materials and Colors

Group 2 Entrance Feature

Group 3 Industrial Character

- 5. Reinforce the regional vernacular theme with architectural features expressive of innovation and technology that represents the current mission.
- 6. All facilities will express sustainability through their orientation, massing, shape, form, materials, and detailing. Provide roof overhangs, louvers, fins and other shading devices to control heat gain and glare and to and improve energy efficiency.
- 7. Strive for economical construction without compromising a high-quality, professional appearance.

#### D03.3. Details and Color

- 1. Provide a palette of earth-tone colors related to the native landscape in brick, block, stucco and powder-coated metals. Refer to D05. Wall Systems for detailed material listings.
- 2. Relate the level of architectural detailing to the Facility Group number.
- 3. Use only integrally colored materials as the predominant exterior building material; do not use materials that require field painting and ongoing maintenance.

- 4. Provide consistent and compatible colors for every exterior building feature, including walls, roofs, doors, windows, gutters, downspouts, utility and mechanical elements, and other visible elements.
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



**Projections at Windows Providing Shading** 







Textured Concrete at Group 1



Contrasting Complementary Colors at Group 3

- 5. Noncorrosive metals with factory applied color finishes are required.
- 6. Combine details and color with orientation, massing, scale and architectural character to maintain base compatibility.
- 7. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

D03.3.1. Climate-based Data and Life-Cycle Cost-Effective Passive and Natural Design Strategies:
Climate dominated by mechanical cooling
Climate dominated by mechanical heating
Climate with similar mechanical cooling / heating needs
Climate with minimal mechanical cooling / heating needs
Climate with high humidity
Climate with moderate humidity
Climate with low humidity
High Solar Insolation
<ul> <li>Moderate Solar Insolation</li> </ul>
C Low Solar Insolation
<ul> <li>Soils with High Thermal Conductivity</li> </ul>
Soils with Average Thermal Conductivity
Soils with Low Thermal Conductivity
Other:
Other:
Facility: Narrow buildings along E-W axis are preferred
Wall: Integral shading features and devices / interior masonry thermal mass walls (for heating)
Doors: Recessed are preferred
Windows: Limit north-facing windows / maximize windows on south facades with shading
Roof: High to medium albedo, minimal to moderate slope
Structure: Do not expose ferrous metals; provide factory finished non-ferrous metals or concrete
MEP: Ground-source and solar photovoltaic following LCCA
Other: Optimize shading devices to provide summer shade and allow winter solar heat gain

Internal thermal mass walls may be used for heating following LCCA

Other:

**Note:** Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Architectural Features (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

#### **D03.3.2. Natural Ventilation System**

● Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Kawneer (or equivalent)

Color: Dark bronze (or clear anodized as approved by BCE)

Finish: Anodized

Model #: 2x4, slider or awning type

Other: Provide thermally broken frames.

Section 08 41 13 Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts

**Style 1 Interior Wall Material** 

#### D03.3.3. Thermal Mass

♠ Applicable ♠ N/A
Number of base standards 1
Image Tool 250 x 188

UFGS:

Type:



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Custom, TBD

Color: Tan brick blend

Finish: Light texture

Model #: Coursed unit masonry

Other: Brick is preferred. Concrete block may only be used in Group 3 when approved by the BCE

UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry

#### D03.3.4. Thermal Shading

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: **Style 1 Wall Devices** 

Mfr: Kawneer (or equivalent) or custom

Color: Dark bronze or black

Finish: Factory, to match frames

Model #: Louver

Applies to:

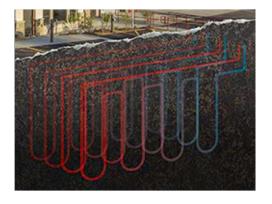
Other: Shading devices may be attached to frames or structure

UFGS: Section 08 41 13 Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

#### D03.3.5. Renewable Heating/Cooling

Applicable \( \cap \) N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188



**Style 1 Geothermal (Ground Source)** Type:

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Climate Master

Color: N/A

Finish: N/A

Model #: N/A

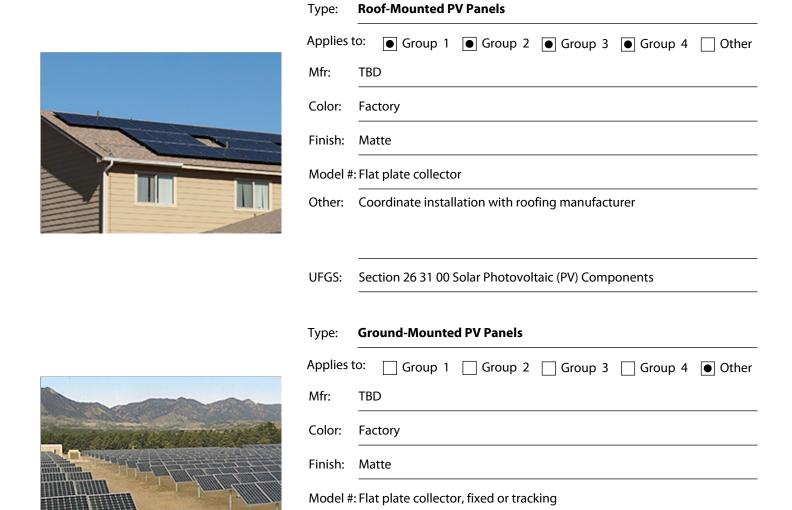
Other: Vertical ground loop well field

Section 23 81 47 Water-Loop and Ground-Loop Heat Pump Systems UFGS:

#### D03.3.6. Solar Photovoltaic System

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Other: Coordinate with local utility provider

UFGS: Section 48 14 00 Solar Photovoltaic Systems

# D03.3.7. Solar Thermal System

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1



Type:	Wall-Mounted or Roof-Mounted Panels		
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	TBD		
Color:	Factory		
Finish:	Matte		
Model #: Flat plate collector			
Other:	N/A		
UFGS:	Section 48 14 13 Solar Liquid Flat Plate And Evacuated Tube Collectors		

#### **D04. BUILDING ENTRANCES**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html</a>

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Building Entrances: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/building-entrances/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/building-entrances/index.html</a>

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

































#### **D04.1. Primary Entrances**

- 1. Emphasize the primary entrance in the overall building design with a projecting or recessed covering for weather protection following Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) for Facility Group designations.
- 2. Provide vestibules at entries in Groups 1, 2 and 3 unless used infrequently or serving unconditioned space following ASHRAE 90.1.
- 3. Fully integrate all elements including the design of handicap ramps in the overall design of the primary entrance in an organized, uncluttered appearance.
- 4. Install paved transitional spaces sized for the building function and occupancy.
- 5. Install appropriate lighting and site furniture following AT and IFS.
- 6. Protect entrances from direct sun. North-facing entrances are preferred.
- 7. Provide porte cocheres or covered drop-offs when justified for lodging and medical facilities; do not use for prestige or architectural accents.

#### **D04.2. Secondary Entrances**

- 1. Provide vestibules at entries in Groups 1, 2 and 3 unless used infrequently or serving unconditioned space following ASHRAE 90.1; use of stair towers as vestibules for multi-story buildings is encouraged when building and / or energy codes are satisfied.
- 2. Reflect the character of the primary entrance to a lesser extent with a smaller scale.
- 3. Include a recess or projection for weather protection and shading.
- 4. Integrate service and egress doors and loading areas with the building design by matching the materials and detailing and reflect the overall quality of the facility.
- 5. Incorporate egress structures such as stair towers into the facility design.
- 6. Canopies may be used for service and loading areas; weather protection beyond weatherstripping is not required at doors used only for life safety egress.
- 7. Develop building massing and orientation to minimize the appearance of service and loading areas; physically and visually separate these from primary entrances.
- 8. Loading areas must be organized, orderly and have an uncluttered appearance.

#### **D05. WALL SYSTEMS**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Wall Systems:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/wall-systems/index.html

Comply with AFCFS Recommended Materials:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/wall-systems/materials/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

# Image Tool 250 x 188











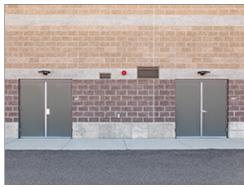




Group 3

Group 4











#### **D05.1. Hierarchy of Materials**

- 1. Group 1 facilities may have more refined detailing than Group 2 and Group 2 may have more definition than Group 3.
- 2. Ensure architectural compatibility with a materials palette that is generally consistent with adjacent buildings.
- 3. Provide only standard colors for materials, equipment and elements to ensure harmony and consistency throughout the installation. Refer to the wall systems materials section following D05.4. for standard materials and associated standard colors.
- 4. For all design projects, submit to the Architectural Review Board (ARB) a "color board" depicting the proposed materials and colors for all exterior finishes. Submittals must be made no later than at the 35% design stage. Consult the ARB during preliminary considerations of color selection.
- 5. Group 1 and 2 facilities will be predominantly light tan, medium tan or dark brown brick with accents of light beige coursed precast or an alternative brick color. Alternately, facilities may be predominantly neutral or light beige precast panels. Precast panels may be used as a secondary material when accompanying brick; cementitious stucco may be used with ARB approval. Refer to Appendix F for special requirements, if any, of Facility Districts.
- 6. Group 1 facilities, when complementing adjacent buildings, may be predominantly neutral or light beige metal panels; dark bronze metal panels and curtain wall may be used as secondary materials; curtain wall may be used with a glazing color of neutral, bronze, green or blue.
- 7. Group 2 facilities, when complementing adjacent buildings, may be predominantly medium tan split face concrete masonry units (CMU) with accents of light beige or gray ground face CMU. Secondary materials of neutral or light beige metal panels or stucco may be used.
- 8. Group 3 primary materials will be neutral or light beige insulated metal panels or ribbed metal sheeting; refer to Item 12 below. Where functionally required for durability, provide wainscots of light, medium or dark tan split-face concrete masonry units (CMU); light beige or natural gray ground face CMU may be used as an accent and ground face CMU is required adjacent to grade. Precast panels or cast-in-place concrete may be used with BCE approval following a life-cycle cost analysis.
- 9. Group 4 will be a combination of tan or red brick and cementitious siding in Earth tone colors. Brick is preferred as the predominant material in senior officer housing.
- 10. Multi-story Group 1 facilities may include a transition in material, color or detailing to create a visual base. Generally, limit brick to a single color on Group 4 facilities.

#### 11. Brick and CMU Standards:

- a. Use Brick Institute of America (BIA) standard nomenclature for brick sizes. Use BIA "Modular" size (2-1/4 x 3-5/8 x 7-5/8) or BIA "Utility" (3-5/8 x 3-5/8 -11-5/8) face brick in a running bond pattern with tooled concave joints.
- b. Header, rowlock and soldier coursing or other accents is encouraged for Group 1.
- c. Medium tan "Tumbleweed" brick blend is generally preferred as the predominant standard color unless matching adjacent facilities.
- d. Red brick may be used only when matching adjacent facilities.
- e. Detailing should emulate bearing wall construction.
- f. Joint sealants in brick will match mortar color; when adjacent surfaces are the same color use a darker joint sealant in the same hue.
- g. The use of thin brick is discouraged by AFCFS.
- h. Medium tan "Tumbleweed" integrally colored CMU is the preferred predominant standard color.
- i. Provide features such as slight reveals in CMU wall plane surfaces, or by the use of a band of accent color or texture, for human scale and to emphasize horizontal or vertical proportion.
- j. Conceal expansion joints with downspouts or locate these at transitions in the wall such as at pilasters or reveals.
- k. Use natural gray Portland cement mortar.
- I. Efflorescence in masonry work is unacceptable. Provide measures to prevent it including:
  - Reduce all soluble alkali sulfates.
  - Use proven details to prevent water from entering the masonry.

- Use proven construction practices to eliminate migratory paths for moisture.
- 12. Metal Panel and Metal Sheeting Standards:
  - a. Insulated metal panels are required for all actively crewed industrial buildings, such as hangars and repair facilities.
  - b. Metal sheeting with batt insulation backup and interior liner sheeting is acceptable on group 3 buildings that are small in scale and with limited occupancy.
  - c. Uninsulated metal panel and sheeting systems are only acceptable where
  - d. interior heating or cooling are absent, such as in unoccupied storage
  - e. buildings.
  - f. Proportions, scale, and orientation of metal panels must be approved by the Architectural Review Board.
  - g. Exposed fasteners (screws) are not acceptable for either roof or wall panels except with ARB approval only.
  - h. All exposed metals will be factory finished with a fluoropolymer coating such as Kynar 500 or equal. Silicone applications are not acceptable.
  - i. Provide a secondary color of metal or a secondary complementary material for all wall systems on all facilities.
- 13. Architectural Precast Concrete / Glass Fiber Reinforced Concrete (GFRC) Standards:
  - a. Architectural precast, in coursed units, is appropriate for lintels, sills, belt courses and friezes. Precast panel systems may be used for earth berm structures.
  - b. Use precast elements sparingly to ensure that it is secondary in appearance to the predominant material such as brick, precast panels, metal panels, or CMU.
  - c. Natural or light beige is the standard color for precast concrete.
  - d. Detailed designs and patterns may be cast into the pieces for Group 1 facilities to create an individual character for a single facility or complex.
  - e. Site-cast systems and components require ARB approval.
  - f. GFRC requires ARB approval for its use, location, color selection, finish, and detailing.
- 14. Use high-performance building envelopes following UFC 1-200-02.
- 15. Use detailing not subject to excessive weathering. Provide wall accents consistently throughout the base.
- 16. Use integrally colored materials and factory-finished metals. Do not paint concrete block.
- 17. EIFS is generally discouraged by AFCFS. If its use is approved by CES, EIFS must meet the requirements outlined in UFGS.
- 18. Translucent wall panels may be used in Facility Group 1 and recreational uses in Group 2 when protected from direct solar gain. Provide insulating panels and shading appropriate for the orientation and exposure.
- 19. Refer to Appendix G for painting standards and colors.
- 20. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

#### D05.2. Layout, Organization and Durability

- 1. Organize wall components including doors, windows, accents, shading devices, control joints, etc., to provide an ordered, professional appearance.
- 2. Integrate shading devices into the overall composition of the wall.
- 3. Integrate fixed shading devices at all exterior glazing exposed to summer UV heat gain as a passive design measure to reduce energy use. Ensure adequate shading at west entrances. Deciduous trees may be used for shading.
- 4. Shading systems may be included as part of a manufacturer's window system or may be custom systems integrated into the wall.
- 5. Provide appropriate transitions between dissimilar materials to mitigate effects of thermal expansion and galvanic action per UFGS 07 60 00 Flashing and Sheet Metal.
- 6. All joint sealants will be slightly darker than adjacent surfaces.

- 7. Materials requiring regular maintenance are not permitted; do not use exposed structural steel or other materials that require painting.
- 8. Refer to C07.2.16. Screen Walls for materials and colors of freestanding walls.
- 9. Refer to D07. Roofs for downspouts.

#### D05.3. Equipment, Vents and Devices

- 1. Arrange all mechanical, electrical, fire alarm, lightning protection and other system components to create an orderly appearance that integrates with the wall system.
- 2. Do not expose conduits, cables, piping, lightning protection components, etc. on exterior walls; if unavoidable in renovations, finish these elements to match the adjacent wall surface.
- 3. Avoid visual clutter and where surface-mounted elements are required they will match the wall color.

#### **D05.4 Wall Systems Materials**

Facility Group 1 wall materials shall be as follows.		Facility Group 3 wall materials shall be as follows.	
Primary:	Brick, Precast Panels or Metal Panels	Primary:	Insulated Metal Panels or Metal Sheeting
Secondary:	Coursed Precast, Metal Panels, Curtain Wall	Secondary:	Metal Sheeting in Alternate Color or CMU
Accent:	Complementary Color	Accent:	Alternate Color of CMU
Facility Group 2 wall materials shall be as follows.		Facility Group 4 wall materials shall be as follows.	
Facility Grou	<b>IP 2</b> wall materials shall be as follows.	Facility Grou	<b>IP 4</b> wall materials shall be as follows.
Facility Grou	<b>Ip 2</b> wall materials shall be as follows.  Brick or Precast Panels	Facility Grou	<b>IP 4</b> wall materials shall be as follows.  Fiber Cement Siding
•		·	

**Note:** Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Wall Systems (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

#### **D05.4.1. Flat Metal Panels**

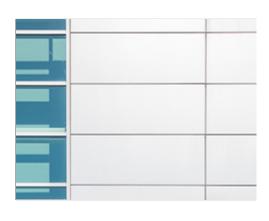
● Applicable ○ N/A	Number of base standards 3	Image Tool 250 x 188
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Color:

Finish:

Other:

N/A



Type:	Aluminum Composite Material Panel System
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	3A Composites
Model #	t: Alucobond Plus Anodized Collection
Color:	Neutral colors, silver and warm gray
Finish:	Anodized
Other:	"V" route and return, vertical or horizontal expansion joints
UFGS:	Section 07 42 13 Metal Wall Panels: <a href="http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS">http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS</a> 07 42 13.pdf Section 07 42 63 Fabricated Wall Panel Assemblies: <a href="http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS">http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS</a> 07 42 63.pdf
Type:	Metal Panel System
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Centria
Model #	t: Rainscreen Systems, IW Series, Concealed Fastener



UFGS: Section 07 42 13 Metal Wall Panels:

<a href="http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS">http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 13.pdf</a>
Section 07 42 63 Fabricated Wall Panel Assemblies:

<a href="http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS">http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 63.pdf</a>

Anodized aluminum or fluropon over galvanized steel, or zinc

Neutral colors as approved by CES



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Metl-Span

Model #: CF Architectural Vertical Wall Panel

Color: Off-white, silver, medium gray, or beige

Finish: Heavy stucco-embossed

Other: Horizontal wall panels may be used; brick wainscot when required

UFGS: Section 07 42 13 Metal Wall Panels:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 13.pdf Section 07 42 63 Fabricated Wall Panel Assemblies: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 63.pdf

#### D05.4.2. Brick Veneer

Number of base standards 3

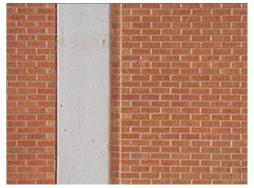
UFGS:

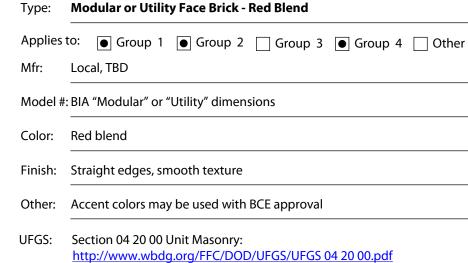
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# Type: Modular or Utility Face Brick – Medium Tan

> Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry: http://www.wbdq.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf







Type: **Modular or Utility Face Brick - Rowlock Sill** Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: Local, TBD Model #: BIA "Modular" or "Utility" dimensions Tan or red blend Color: Finish: Straight edges, smooth texture Match adjacent facilities as approved by the BCE Other: UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf

**D05.4.3. Architectural Precast** Image Tool 250 x 188 Number of base standards 4 Type: **Architectural Precast Panels** ● Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: Local, TBD Model #: Smooth casting Color: Light beige Finish: Very light texture Other: N/A UFGS: Section 03 45 00 Precast Architectural Concrete: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 45 00.pdf Type: **Natural Concrete Precast – Scored Panels** 



Mfr: Local, TBD Model #: Smooth casting Color: Light gray Finish: Smooth texture Other: N/A

Section 03 45 00 Precast Architectural Concrete:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 45 00.pdf

UFGS:



Type:	Natural Concrete Precast – Fluted Panels	
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other	
Mfr:	Local, TBD	
Model #	t: Smooth casting	
Color:	Light gray	
Finish:	Smooth texture	
Other:	Horizontal flutes	
UFGS:	Section 03 45 00 Precast Architectural Concrete: http://www.wbdq.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 45 00.pdf	



Type: Coursed Precast Water Table, Belt Course, Header, and Sill

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Local, TBD

Model #: Smooth cast sill, provide drip edge to prevent staining below surfaces

Color: Light beige, natural gray, or off-white

Finish: Very light texture

Other: Provide drip edge to prevent staining below surfaces

UFGS: Section 03 45 00 Precast Architectural Concrete: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 45 00.pdf

#### **D05.4.4. Stucco Over Sheathing**

Applicable \( \cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: **3-Coat Cementitious Stucco** 

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ● Group 4 ● Other

Mfr: La Habra

Model #: Traditional 3-coat system

Color: Beige

Finish: Sand

Other: Accent color may be used

UFGS: Section 09 24 23 Cement Stucco:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 24 23.pdf

#### D05.4.5. Curtain Wall

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



**Pressure Equalized Rainscreen Design** Type:

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Kawneer

Model #: 7500 Wall, double glazing

Color: Dark solar gray or blue glazing with silver, dark bronze or black frames

Finish: Anodized or fluoropolymer frames

Other: High thermal performance only; Group 2 only with BCE approval

UFGS: Section 08 44 00 Curtain Wall and Glazed Assemblies:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 44 00.pdf

#### **D05.4.6. Cast-In-Place Concrete**

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Formed Bearing Walls
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Custom
Model #	: Board-formed without ties or sheet-formed with exposed-tie reveals
Color:	Natural gray
Finish:	Light texture
Other:	N/A
IIEGS:	Section 03 33 00 Cast In Place Architectural Concrete:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 33 00.pdf

### D05.4.7. Tilt-Up Concrete

○ Applicable ● N/A

#### **D05.4.8. Ribbed Metal Sheeting**

Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \)Number of base standards 4

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Lap Seam Horizontal or Vertical Panels - Concealed Fasteners
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Centria
Model #	: Rainscreen System, IW-10A to 15A
Color:	Off-white, light or medium beige or dark bronze as approved by CES
Finish:	Light beige or dark bronze, match wall or soffit
Other:	24 gauge steel; concealed fastening system
UFGS:	Section 07 42 13 Metal Wall Panels:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 13.pdf



Type:	Lap Seam Vertical Rib – Concealed Fasteners
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	МСВІ
Model #:	Designer Series - Fluted
Color:	Light to medium beige
Finish:	Fluoropolymer factory coating
Other:	24 ga. steel, embossed texture
UFGS:	Section 07 42 13 Metal Wall Panels: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 13.pdf



Type:	Lap Seam Vertical Rib – Exposed Fasteners
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	TBD
Model #	: Alternating Deep Rib Panel
Color:	Light to medium beige or off-white
Finish:	Fluoropolymer factory coating
Other:	24 ga. steel, embossed texture

UFGS: Section 07 42 13 Metal Wall Panels:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 13.pdf



D05.4.9. EIFS

○ Applicable ● N/A

○ Applicable ● N/A

**D05.4.11. Concrete Block** 

D05.4.10. GFRC

	Type:	Lap Seam Purlin Bearing Rib (PBR) Panel System		
	Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
	Mfr:	Allied or equivalent		
Ĭ	Model #	: Standard PBR panel system with all closures		
	Color:	Off-white, almond or tan as approved by CES		
	Finish:	Factory standard, smooth		
	Other:	24 gauge steel; 36" wide, 12" o.c. rib spacing; exposed fastening system		
	UFGS:	Section 07 42 13 Metal Wall Panels: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 13.pdf		
umber of base	standards :	3 Image Tool 250 x 188		
umber of base	standards Type:	3 Image Tool 250 x 188  Concrete Masonry Unit (CMU) Ground Face		
umber of base		Concrete Masonry Unit (CMU) Ground Face		
umber of base	Type:	Concrete Masonry Unit (CMU) Ground Face		
umber of base	Type: Applies Mfr:	Concrete Masonry Unit (CMU) Ground Face  to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		



Finish: Ground with exposed aggregate Other: May be used as accents with BCE approval

UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf



Type:	Concrete Masonry Unit (CMU) Split Face, Medium Tan		
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	Local TBD		
Model #	#: 8x8x16 nominal, face and corner units		
Color:	Medium tan		
Finish:	Heavy texture		
Other:	Light tan or dark brown may be used as accents with BCE approval		
UFGS:	Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf		



Type:	Concrete Masonry Unit (CMU) Split Face, Dark Brown		
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	Local TBD		
Model #	8x8x16 nominal, face and corner units		
Color:	Dark brown		
Finish:	Heavy texture		
Other:	Light tan or gray may be used as accents with BCE approval		
UFGS:	Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf		

# **D05.4.12. Fiber Cement Siding**

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Fiber Cement Lap Siding / Shingles		
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	James Hardie Building Products, Inc.		
Model #: Hardie Plank, Hardie Shingle			
Color:	Earth tones		
Finish:	Factory wood texture		
Other:	Horizontal lap siding, shingle siding		
HEGS:	SECTION 074646 Fiber Cement Siding		

# D05.4.13. Other

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188

(Not Available on UFGS)



Type:	Natural Stone		
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	Local, TBD		
Model #	: Polished stone veneer slabs		
Color:	Natural Earth tones		
Finish:	Saw-cut edge		
Other:	May be used with BCE approval		
UFGS:	Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry		

### **D06. DOORS AND WINDOWS**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Doors and Windows:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/doors-and-windows/index.html

Comply with AFCFS Recommended Materials:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/doors-and-windows/materials/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

# Image Tool 250 x 188















Group 3

Group 4











### D06.1. Types

- 1. Clear anodized aluminum doors, windows and frames with thermal breaks are preferred for Facility Groups 1-3 because they show less wear and weathering than dark anodized finishes; match the color of the door and frame. For renovation projects the color of new windows, doors and frames may match existing.
- 2. Aluminum clad wood windows are preferred for Facility Group 4.
- 3. Standard-sized hinged doors are preferred. Use sliding, folding, overhead, sectional and other door configurations only to support mission operations.
- 4. Automatic doors are allowed only where functionally necessary.
- 5. Limit hollow metal doors and frames to security doors, utility rooms and mechanical rooms in Groups 1 and 2 and to any application in Group 3 facilities.
- 6. Utility and emergency egress doors will match or be harmonious with the wall color.
- 7. Passive thermal comfort methods of ventilation are encouraged where life cycle cost justified.
- 8. Windows must meet force protection requirements.
- 9. Adjacent joint sealants should be slightly darker than the frame color.
- 10. Make efforts to contain noise at its source with properly gasketed doors per UFC 3-450-01 Noise and Vibration Control.
- 11. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

# **D06.2. Layout and Geometry**

- 1. Visually and functionally compose openings in walls for the climate-specific exposure.
- 2. Consistently use opening type, size, placement, mullion pattern, and color to reinforce the overall architectural design.
- 3. Openings will augment interior lighting and space conditioning needs.
- 4. Protect against vandalism and intrusion.

### D06.3. Glazing and Shading

- 1. Translucent wall panels may be integrated into wall systems.
- 2. Do not use mirrored glazing.
- 3. Tinted, energy-efficient, low-e, double-pane glazing is encouraged; provide triple-pane glazing in extreme environments.
- 4. Glazing Standards:
  - a. All glazing must have an excellent solar heat gain coefficient (SHGC) rating. Provide 1" insulated glazing with thermal breaks.
  - b. Comply with AT requirements per UFC.
  - c. Consult ARB for guidance. The following glass colors are acceptable in the context listed:
    - Clear and bronze tint is acceptable for the Industrial, Munitions, and Community districts
    - Blue tint is required in EUL district
    - Green tint is required in the East Side district (matching F-22 System Support Facility, Building 688)
- Fully integrate applicable shading designs for overhangs, louvers, light shelves and grilles.

6. Where appropriate, install window screens to take advantage of natural ventilation.

### D06.4. Hardware

- 1. Provide hardware appropriate for the Facility Group while considering activity and frequency of use and local climate; hardware may be of higher visual quality for Facility Group 1.
- 2. Ensure hardware will perform throughout the facility's lifespan without showing extreme wear.
- 3. Select finishes that will not degrade by intensity of operation or exposure to the elements.
- 4. Use consistent finishes and color on window and door systems throughout a facility. For renovation projects the color of new hardware may match the existing hardware.
- 5. Design building systems to eliminate the need for security screens whenever possible.

### **D06.5. Doors and Windows Materials**

**Note:** Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Doors and Windows (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

### **D06.5.1. Anodized Aluminum**

♠ Applicable ♠ N/A Num

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188

Anadized Aluminum Deers Windows and Everyon



Type.	Allouized Aldillilla Doors, Willdows and Frames		
Applies t	o: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	Kawneer (or equivalent)		
Color:	Dark Brown Anodized		
Finish:	Matte		
Model #:	2x4		
Other:	Provide thermally broken frames		

UFGS: Section 08 41 13 Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts: http://www.wbdq.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 41 13.pdf

Hill Air Force Base IFS Page 114 of 157 Back to Table of Contents

### D06.5.2. Hollow Metal

• Applicable N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Hollow Metal Doors, Windows and Frames

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Steelcraft

Color: Dark Brown

Finish: Powder Coated, Satin

Model #: 2x4 frame

Other: Provide thermally broken frames

UFGS: Section 08 11 13 Steel Doors and Frames:

**Aluminum-Clad Residential** 

Type:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 11 13.pdf

### D06.5.3. Aluminum-clad Wood

Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \)Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Marvin

Color: White or Earth tones

Finish: Powder coated, satin

Model #: Aluminum-clad wood windows

Other: Double hung

UFGS: Section 08 14 00 Wood Doors

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 14 00.pdf

### D06.5.4. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

### **D07. ROOF SYSTEMS**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Roof Systems:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/roof-systems/index.html

Comply with AFCFS Recommended Materials:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/roof-systems/materials/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

# Image Tool 250 x 188















Group 3

Group 4











### D07.1. Roof Type and Form

- 1. Use proven, cost-effective roof systems with high durability, weather resistance, and low maintenance that are compatible with Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) and requirements for the designated Facility Group.
- 2. Generally match the roof type and form of existing adjacent facilities in new construction.
- 3. Group 1 and 2 buildings will use sloped standing seam metal roofs. Minimal-slope single ply membrane roofs may be used on buildings larger than 5,000 sf as approved on a case-by-case basis.
- 4. Provide screens for roof-mounted appendages and equipment of the same materials, which are used predominantly in the building's roof systems.
- 5. Roof translucent panels are permitted only for Group 1.
- 6. Group 3 facilities under 5,000 sf and narrow in plan geometry, may use low-sloped shed, gabled or hipped standing seam metal roofs. Larger facilities may use sloped-roof features in conjunction with predominantly minimal-sloped "flat" membrane roofs.
- 7. Group 4 facilities will have gabled or hipped composite shingle roofs.
- 8. Roof eaves will extend beyond the exterior wall for roof drainage and shading. Provide overhangs for shading in response to local climatic conditions; these should be sized and proportioned to the height of the facility and to the window openings being shaded.
- 9. South-facing eaves will coordinate with adjacent wall-mounted shading devices.
- 10. The color, shape and slope of the eave and soffit will be compatible with adjacent facilities.
- 11. Keep roofs uncluttered and minimize penetrations.
- 12. Diminish massive roofs into coordinated smaller components consistent with adjacent facilities; avoid random, arbitrary changes.
- 13. Increase the insulation value of existing roofing systems during renovations if supported by life-cycle cost and structural analysis.
- 14. Roofs will be maintained for the life of the system and replaced in accordance with UFC 3-110-04 and AFI 32-1051. A warranty is required on all new roofs.
- 15. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

### D07.2. Roof Slope

- 1. Group 1 and 2 buildings will use sloped roofs, min. 3:12.
- 2. Low-sloped roofs are allowed for larger structures or to match existing conditions on renovation projects. Minimal-sloped roofs may also be used for Group 3 facilities in high-visibility areas.
- 3. Group 4 facilities will use 4:12 to 6:12 roof slopes.
- 4. Ensure adequate drainage and connect to the subsurface rain collection system where available.
- 5. Provide roof slopes to accommodate solar photovoltaic, solar thermal, passive systems and daylighting when applicable following UFC 1-200-02.
- 6. Provide underlayments as required for the roofing type as directed by the UFC.

# **D07.3. Parapets and Copings**

1. Extend wall materials vertically above the roofline and provide metal copings to match the wall. Ensure copings are properly flashed and detailed to avoid roof leaks.

### **D07.4. Color and Reflectivity**

- 1. Sloped roofs in Groups 1 and 2 and smaller facilities in Group 3 will be dark bronze to match adjacent facilities and follow requirements of IFS.
- 2. All minimal-slope membrane roofs will use only use high-albedo, high-reflectivity color to help decrease the temperature around the buildings and minimize damage to human and wildlife habitat.
- 3. Sloped roofs in Group 4 will neutral or muted Earth tones.
- 4. Comply with UFC 3-110-03 and ASHRAE 90.1 for Solar Reflectance Index (SRI) and thermal requirements.
- 5. All roof flashing will match the color of the predominant background material.

### D07.5. Gutters, Downspouts, Scuppers, Drains

- 1. All sloped roofs will use gutters and downspouts. Locate gutters outside the fascia.
- 2. Internal roof drainage systems are not permitted in new construction. Minimal-sloped roofs will be sloped to drain to the building perimeter through scuppers into downspouts.
- 3. All gutters and fascia will match the roof color.
- 4. Size the roof drainage system per IBC and SMACNA for the region.
- 5. Use scuppers as required in parapet walls. Arrange scuppers in an orderly manner consistent with other elements of the wall system.
- 6. When open scuppers are connected to downspouts, provide transitions consistent with adjacent facilities.
- 7. Integrate downspouts with the architectural details of the wall system and arrange in an orderly, non-prominent appearance. Generally blend downspouts with the color of the wall (not contrasting it).
- 8. Fabricate downspouts from non-corrosive materials such as aluminum or zinc-coated steel. Provide powder-coated finishes in medium bronze.
- 9. All downspouts will be solid.
- 10. Provide angled transitional pieces for downspouts to fit closely against the wall for their entire length.
- 11. Coordinate locations of downspouts to conceal control joints in masonry walls when possible.
- 12. Place downspouts away from building entries. Water discharged should not run across sidewalks.

### **D07.6. Roof Vents and Elements**

- 1. Minimize and consolidate roof penetrations into a single, inconspicuous point whenever possible.
- 2. On sloped roofs clad pipe penetrations to match the roofing material.

- 3. Avoid the use of rooftop mechanical equipment; however, for renovations and unavoidable configurations, ensure units are screened.
- 4. Provide access points and service routes to equipment that protect the roof.
- 5. Screen all large vents.
- 6. Ensure attic spaces are properly vented at ridges and soffits.
- 7. Match roof color for all exposed equipment and vents.
- 8. Avoid roof-mounted antenna systems.
- 9. Arrange Lightning Protection Systems (LPS) components in an ordered, uncluttered and inconspicuous appearance; integrate components into the organization of the roof and wall systems.
- 10. Ensure that LPS roof mounting systems are approved by the roofing manufacturer.
- 11. Additions to a roof will not interfere with LPS or other rooftop systems that may be required.
- 12. Include permanent fall protection with any addition to a roof with a slope above 3:12 per UFC 3-110-03.

# **D07.7. Clerestories and Skylights**

- 1. Clerestories are permitted in Group 1 facilities. These are allowed in Group 3 facilities only when serving passive systems and are justifiable by life-cycle analysis.
- 2. Clerestories are preferred to skylights to avoid roof penetrations. Skylights are not permitted.
- 3. Design clerestories using the same principles for seasonal shading that are required for walls and roof overhangs.
- 4. Translucent panel systems are preferred in clerestory applications due to lack of window cleaning.
- 5. Clerestories must comply with UFC 4-10-01.

### **D07.8. Vegetated Roof**

1. Not applicable.

### **D07.9. Roof Systems Materials**

**Note:** Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Roof Systems (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

D07.9.1. Standing Seam Metal Image Tool 250 x 188 Number of base standards 1 Type: Style 1 ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: Berridge Color: Dark bronze Finish: Matte Model #: Tee-Panel Other: Shed, gabled or hipped standing seam metal UFGS: Section 07 61 14 Steel Standing Seam Roofing http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 61 14.00 20.pdf D07.9.2. Membrane Single-ply Image Tool 250 x 188 Number of base standards 1 Applicable \( \cap \) N/A Style 1 Type: Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: Carlisle Systems Off-white Color: Finish: Smooth Model #: TPO single-ply, "flat" minimal slope Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 07 53 23 Ethylene-Propylene-Diene-Monomer Roofing

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 53 23.pdf Section 07 54 50 TPO Thermoplastic Single-Ply Roofing

(Not Available on UFGS)

# D07.9.3. Built-up Multi-ply

D07.9.4. Concrete Tile	
○ Applicable	
D07.9.5. Clay Tile	
○ Applicable	
D07.9.6. Slate Shingles	
○ Applicable ● N/A	
D07.9.7. Vegetated System	
○ Applicable ● N/A	
D07.9.8. Ribbed Metal Sheeting	
Applicable	Image Tool 250 x 188
	Type: Style 1
	Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
	Mfr: Berridge
	Color: Galvalume
	Finish: Factory
	Model #: High Seam Tee-Panel
	Other: 24 gauge steel, Width: 16" Batten height: 1-3/4"

UFGS: Section 07 41 13.19 Batten-Seam Metal Roof Panels

(Not Available on UFGS)

# **D07.9.9. Composite Shingles**

_				_	
•	laaA	licab	le	$\bigcirc$	N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Style 1
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Tamko
Color:	Earth Tones
Finish:	Factory
Model #	#: Heritage
Other:	Gabled or hipped with transverse gable or hipped features
UFGS:	Section 07 31 13 Glass-fiber-reinforced Asphalt Shingles http://www.wbdq.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 31 13.pdf

# D07.9.10. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

### **D08. STRUCTURAL SYSTEMS**

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Structural Systems:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/structural-systems/index.html

Comply with AFCFS Recommended Materials:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/structural-systems/materials/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

# Image Tool 250 x 188















Group 3

Group 4











### **D08.1. Systems and Layouts**

- 1. Pre-engineered structural steel framing may be used for Groups 1, 2 and 3 facilities; Installation-appropriate thermal envelopes, materials and detailing are required.
- 2. Select economical structural systems that integrate roof and wall systems.
- 3. Narrow buildings 60' or less in width with column-free interiors are preferred for office, administrative and personnel spaces; when interior columns are required optimize the structural grid layout for open-plan arrangements.
- 4. Fully coordinate structural grids with exterior window systems to align columns with window frames or wall systems.
- 5. When structure is exposed provide an organized appearance and coordinate with mechanical, electrical, plumbing, fire protection, information technology, and communications systems.
- 6. Limit the use of specialty systems (such as space frames, vaults or domes) and of structure as a visual feature.
- 7. Cost-effectively design interior bearing walls as thermal mass.
- 8. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

## **D08.2. Structural Systems Materials**

**Note:** Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Structural Systems (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

Cast-In-Place

#### D08.2.1. Concrete

● Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188

Type.



. ) [5 0.	
Applies t	to: • Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Custom
Color:	Natural Gray
Finish:	Light texture
Model #	: Post and beam and/or waffle slab
Other:	N/A

UFGS: Section 03 30 53 Miscellaneous Cast-In-Place Concrete http://www.wbdq.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 30 53.pdf

Section 03 33 00 Cast-In-Place Architectural Concrete http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 33 00.pdf

Section 03 47 13 Tilt-Up Concrete

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 47 13.pdf

# **D08.2.2. Insulated Concrete Forming (ICF)**

○ Applicable N/A

### D08.2.3. Steel

Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



**Rigid Framing** Type:

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: **US Steel** 

Color: Shop primed

Finish: Matte

Model #: Structural steel shapes

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 05 12 00 Structural Steel

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 05 12 00.pdf

### D08.2.4. Pre-Engineered Steel

Applicable \( \cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



**Moment Frame** Type:

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

**Behlen Building Systems** 

Color: Factory primed

Finish: Matte

Mfr:

Model #: Moment Frame

Other: Draped insulation may be used behind wall system;

Behlen standing seam roof system may be used for Group 3

UFGS: Section 13 12 00 Steel Building Systems

(Not Available on UFGS)

Section 13 34 19 Metal Building Systems

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 13 34 19.pdf

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	<b>Load-Bearing</b>	Masonry
-------	---------------------	---------

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Custom

Color: Beige

Finish: Smooth texture

Model #: Brick or CMU

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf

# D08.2.6. Heavy Timber

○ Applicable ● N/A

# D08.2.7. Light-gauge Steel

Applicable \( \cap \) N/ANumber of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: **Steel Framing** 

Applies to: ☐ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Steelrite

Color: Factory

Finish: Galvanized

Model #: Structural framing shapes

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 05 45 00 Light Gauge Steel Framing System

(Not Available on UFGS)

# D08.2.8. Lumber Framing

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188

(Not Available on UFGS)



Type:	Lumber Framing
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Boise Cascade Wood Products
Color:	N/A
Finish:	S4S
Model #	: Structural dimensional lumber
Other:	N/A
UFGS:	Section 06 10 00 Rough Carpentry <a href="http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS">http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 06 10 00.pdf</a> Section 06 11 00 Wood Framing and Sheathing

D08.2.9. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

# D09. MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL AND PLUMBING

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html</a>

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Mechanical, Electrical and Plumbing: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/mechanical-electrical-and-plumbing/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/mechanical-electrical-and-plumbing/index.html</a>

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

# Image Tool 250 x 188

Group 1

Group 3

Group 4

























### **D09.1. Passive and Active Systems**

- 1. Fully integrate passive heating and cooling systems into facility designs whenever practical for the local climate prior to the design of active mechanical systems.
- 2. Provide optimized passive and active systems; design active mechanical systems to supplement thermal mass walls and floors.
- 3. Develop renewable-energy systems including geo-exchange (ground source heat pumps) when life cycle cost effective.
- 4. Performance display screens, which report energy performance and utility savings, are encouraged; when provided locate these in building lobbies or common areas.
- 5. Solar domestic hot water systems are required when life-cycle cost effective for the climate.
- 6. Integrate shading into building exteriors to reduce solar heat gain during hot seasons.

# **D09.2. Functionality and Efficiency**

- 1. Fully coordinate mechanical, electrical, plumbing (MEP) and fire protection systems with each other and with the building structure, enclosure, thermal envelope and interior design.
- 2. Ensure direct exterior access is provided (for CE) to main mechanical and electrical rooms.
- 3. Screen exterior equipment from primary views (landscape, building masses, screen walls) and comply with AT requirements.
- 4. Keep equipment away from main building entrances; locate service area/yard on least visible side of a building.
- 5. Coordinate the location of all exterior meters, equipment and devices to provide convenient access and an overall coordinated and orderly appearance.
- 6. Design emergency generator systems integrally with all other building systems and avoid incompatible building additions; locate generators near service areas and ensure they are not visible from primary entrances.
- 7. When structure is exposed as a finished ceiling, fully integrate MEP and fire protection systems to provide an organized, uncluttered appearance.
- 8. Conceal ducts, piping, conduits, devices, etc., when permanent walls, suspended ceilings or raised floors are provided; locate sprinkler heads in orderly configuration.
- 9. Limit interior wall-mounted equipment in occupied personnel spaces; avoid surface-mounted conduit and pipes.
- 10. Provide efficient utility rooms with layouts to facilitate system performance and maintenance; provide convenient access to controls, clearly label systems and include operating and maintenance instructions.
- 11. Separate mechanical and electrical and communications rooms.
- 12. Integrate recessed and wall-mounted fixtures such as fire standpipe cabinets and drinking fountains within permanent walls.

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188



Group 3

Group 4

























# **E01. Building Configurations**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Building Configurations: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/buildings-configurations/index.html

- 1. Provide open-plan configurations for office, administrative, operational and related activities and spaces for maximum flexibility. Use a "core and shell" approach in which all building systems, infrastructure and permanent interior partitions anticipate two or more uses (operations) during a facility's life span.
- 2. Create flexible interior configurations using Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment (FF&E) and limit private offices and private rooms. Refer to AFMAN 32-1084 for space requirements. To the greatest extent, limit permanent partitions to core areas such as toilet rooms, stairs, mechanical and utility rooms.
- 3. Use more durable long-lasting finishes in core areas for walls, ceilings, floor coverings and built-in casework. Coordinate interior FF&E layouts with structural grids during space planning.
- 4. Provide high-performance building configurations following UFC 1-200-02. Ensure passive design strategies are cost effectively incorporated before active mechanical systems are designed.
- 5. Comply with UFC 1-200-01, general building requirements. UFC 1-200-01 provides applicability of model building codes and government unique criteria for typical design disciplines and building systems, as well as for accessibility, antiterrorism, security, high performance and sustainability requirements, and safety.
- 6. Meet security and force protection requirements in UFC 4-010-01: DoD Minimum Antiterrorism Standards for Buildings.
- 7. Comply with AFCFS for supporting mission requirements, addressing human comfort and well being, and creating highly flexible interiors while satisfying metrics for high performance and sustainable buildings.
- 8. Provide a level of quality for interior features, materials and finishes that is appropriate for the Facility Group number. Group 1 may receive higher quality than Groups 2 thru 4. Refer to Facility Hierarchy.
- 9. Through open-plan configurations, preserve all passive and natural design strategies and fully integrate facility interiors with overall building systems.
- 10. Professional interior designers, or architects with significant interior design experience, must accomplish the design and review of applicable new construction, renovations and maintenance projects.
- 11. Consult with the State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO) and base-level Historic Preservation offices regarding proposed changes to properties listed on or eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places. Follow requirements of The National Historic Preservation Act and Secretary of the Interior Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties.
- 12. Maintain architectural compatibility following AFCFS and this Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) document to create continuity while avoiding monotony.

### **E01.1. Layout and Common Areas**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Layout and Common Areas: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/buildings-configurations/layout-and-common-areas/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/buildings-configurations/layout-and-common-areas/index.html</a>

- 1. Create open-plan interior environments to accommodate changes.
- 2. Limit interior partitions, private offices and rooms; use furniture or modular systems to provide privacy and acoustic control.
- 3. When partitions are functionally justified such as for conference rooms, use systems furniture and moveable (demountable) floor-to-ceiling wall systems for acoustical or visual privacy.
- 4. Proportion lobbies and common spaces based on type of function, activity and facility group.

- 5. Allow no direct sight lines into restrooms.
- 6. Situate utility and core areas to minimize impact on daylighting and to maximize use as thermal buffers.
- 7. Ensure electrical, lighting and communications system can be adaptable to configuration changes.
- 8. Avoid power poles to the maximum extent; when poles are necessary minimize the number and coordinate locations with furniture placement and other elements.
- 9. Avoid sloping floors to maintain flexibility and eliminate future structural changes.
- 10. Special consideration may apply to Sensitive Compartmented Information Facilities (SCIFs).

### **E01.1.1. Interior Design Process**

- 1. Comply with UFC 3-120-10 for the Comprehensive Interior Design (CID,) which includes both Structural Interior Design (SID) and Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment (FF&E) design services.
- 2. Use a collaborative, integrated planning and design team, composed of user, government support staff, and appropriate professionals. Integrate architectural features using simple detailing to create a professional appearance; avoid extravagant or excessive detailing.
- 3. Ensure interior designs satisfy the functional requirements within the context of flexibility, sustainability and the building's energy performance.
- 4. Base space planning on square foot allocations from AFM 32-1084. Identify special requirements if any, such as privacy separation, VIP areas, gathering spaces and storage. Note: The occupant's rank and position will influence the square footage and selection of materials.
- 5. Provide clear circulation and pathway finding for both horizontal and vertical directions that accommodate the number of personnel in the facility.
- 6. Maximize efficiencies in the space plan for functional relationships and adjacencies for all facility users. Efficiently create and situate rooms and support rooms such as conference / meeting rooms and break rooms.
- 7. Provide interior design building-related illustrations, drawings, schedules, materials selections, specifications and cost estimates as listed in UFC 3-120-10. Refer to Furnishings in this IFS also.
- 8. SID Format must follow UFC 3-120-10.
- 9. Base the FF&E package on the furniture footprint developed in the SID. Identify all new or existing equipment needed and its users within each facility or each area of the facility. Provide specific information on: equipment sizes, electrical requirements, ventilation requirements, weight (if heavy), quantity, and security level if required. Presume all administrative spaces have computers and supporting equipment.

# **E01.1.2. Codes and Regulations**

- 1. Refer to UFC 1-200-01 for modifications to the International Building Code (IBC) to determine applicable sections of the IBC. Both the IBC Chapter 3 and UFC 3-600-01 govern "Use and Occupancy Classification" for example.
- Fire code requirements will be as defined in the International Building Code (IBC) and must be used where dictated by UFC 1-200-01 DoD Building Code (General Building Requirements) except where noted in UFC 3-600-01 (Fire Protection Engineering For Facilities).

3. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 101 must be utilized to determine the occupancy classification as it relates to fire/smoke resistance rating of interior non-load bearing partitions (other than occupancy separation), means of egress, interior finish, features of fire protection (including vertical openings) and associated requirements.

### **E01.2. Quality and Comfort**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Quality and Comfort: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/buildings-configurations/quality-and-comfort/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/buildings-configurations/quality-and-comfort/index.html</a>

- 1. Include durability in the life-cycle cost analysis for best-value material selections with long life expectancies that do not show excessive wearing.
- 2. Select long-lasting materials and finishes for permanent core areas such as lobbies, restrooms and stairs.
- 3. Select low-maintenance materials and products that reduce ongoing servicing and repair and that are easy to clean.
- 4. Relate the visual quality of finishes to the Facility Group number.
- 5. Building and interior configurations should address both operations and climatic responses.
- 6. Convey a professional image; avoid trendy patterns and textures.
- 7. Use materials and finishes that provide a healthy indoor environment.
- 8. Orient interior spaces toward views while maintaining cost-effective building performance and efficiency.
- 9. Promote air movement and daylighting for human health and wellbeing.

### **E02. Floors**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Floors: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdq.org/facilities-interiors/floors/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdq.org/facilities-interiors/floors/index.html</a>

### **E02.1. Floor Materials**

Facility Group 1 floor materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 3 floor materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Prepared Slabs (Ground, Polished) Primary: Prepared Slabs (Ground)

Secondary: Porcelain Tile Secondary: Prepared Slabs (Sealer)

Tertiary: Carpet, Rubber Stair Treads Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 2 floor materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 4 floor materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Prepared Slabs (Ground, Polished) Primary: Carpet

Secondary: Ceramic Tile Secondary: Ceramic Tile

Tertiary: Carpet, Rubber Stair Treads Tertiary: N/A

1. Natural stone and terrazzo flooring may be used in high traffic areas of Group 1 as approved on a case basis.

Hill Air Force Base IFS Page 133 of 157 Back to Table of Contents

- 2. Resilient and rapidly renewable flooring may be used in low traffic areas in Group 1, 2 and 4.
- 3. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

**Note:** Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Floors (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

### **E02.1.1. Prepared Slabs**

♠ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 2
Image Tool 250 x 188

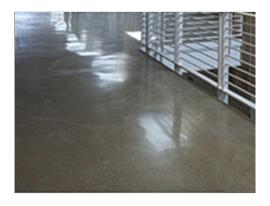
UFGS:



Type:	Style 1, Ground and Polisned			
Applies	to: • Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other			
Mfr:	Local (TBD)			
Color:	Natural gray cement, light to dark beige aggregates			
Finish:	Fine polished texture			
Model #: Medium to small aggregate				
Other:	N/A			

Section 03 35 45 Polished Concrete Finishing

(Not Available on UFGS)



UFGS: Section 03 35 45 Polished Concrete Finishing (Not Available on UFGS)

Hill Air Force Base IFS Page 134 of 157 Back to Table of Contents

**E02.1.2. Natural Stone and Terrazzo** ○ Applicable N/A E02.1.3. Quarry Tile Image Tool 250 x 188 Number of base standards 1 Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \) Type: Style 1 Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other Mfr: Daltile Color: Earth tones Finish: Matte, slip resistant Model #: N/A Other: Use in commercial kitchen flooring. UFGS: Section 09 30 10 Ceramic, Quarry, and Glass Tiling http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 30 10.pdf E02.1.4. Ceramic Tile Number of base standards 2 Image Tool 250 x 188 ● Applicable ○ N/A **Style 1 Porcelain** Type: Applies to: ● Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: Daltile



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Daltile

Color: Earth tones

Finish: Matte, slip resistant

Model #: Porcelain tile

Other: Use in high traffic areas. Epoxy grout is recommended.

UFGS: Section 09 30 10 Ceramic, Quarry, and Glass Tiling

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 30 10.pdf



Type: Style 2 Ceramic

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Daltile

Color: Earth tones

Finish: Matte, slip resistant

Model #: Ceramic tile

Other: Use in low traffic area toilet rooms.

UFGS: Section 09 30 10 Ceramic, Quarry, and Glass Tiling

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 30 10.pdf

### **E02.1.5. Resilient Floor**

Applicable \( \cap \) N/ANumber of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188

**Style 1 Stair Treads** 

Type:



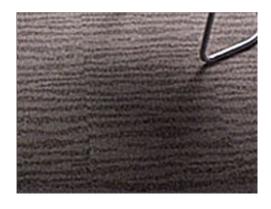
UFGS: Section 09 65 00 Resilient Flooring

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 65 00.pdf

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Mohawk Group

Color: Neutral multi-colored tones/patterned/solid

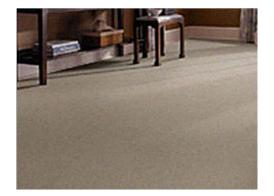
Finish: Yarn: Nylon 6 or 6.6/cut pile or loop pile

Model #: Broadloom, 6' wide rolled, carpet tiles, entry walk-off carpet

Other: N/A

UFGS: UFGS 09 68 00 Carpeting

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 68 00.pdf



Type: **Style 2** 

Applies to: ☐ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Mohawk Group

Color: Earth tones

Finish: Factory

Model #: Broadloom, residential loop, "Smartstrand"

Other: N/A

UFGS: UFGS 09 68 00 Carpeting

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 68 00.pdf

# **E02.1.7. Rapidly-Renewable Products**

○ Applicable ● N/A

# E02.1.8. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

#### E03. Walls

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Walls: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/walls/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/walls/index.html</a>

### E03.1. Wall Materials

Facility Group 1 wall materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 3 wall materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Brick (or otheras approved by the BCE) Primary: Ground face block, sealed (do not paint)

Secondary: Gypsum board (painted) Secondary: N/A

Tertiary: Ceramic tile (restrooms) Tertiary: Ceramic tile (restrooms)

Facility Group 2 wall materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 4 wall materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Brick Primary: Gypsum board (painted)

Secondary: Gypsum board (painted) Secondary: N/A

Tertiary: Ceramic tile (restrooms) Tertiary: Ceramic tile (restrooms)

- 1. Follow UFC 3-450-01 (Vibration and Noise Control) for acoustic design issues including speech privacy, sound isolation or sound masking.
- 2. Select and apply paint with sheens (gloss levels) appropriate for the application following UFGS Section 09 90 00 Paints and Coatings.
- 3. Provide ceramic tile on wet walls of kitchens, toilet rooms, locker rooms, etc., in all facility groups.
- 4. Neutral split-face or ground-face integrally colored block with a clear sealer may be used in Group 3. Do not paint block.
- 5. Provide rubber base on drywall partitions in Groups 1 and 2.
- 6. Hardwood base may only be used in Group 1 as approved on a case basis.
- 7. Hardwood chair rails / bumper rails may be used in high-use areas of Groups 1 and 2; aqueous clear finishes are preferred to reduce maintenance; plastic chair rails are permitted only in medical applications.
- 8. Decorative moldings may be used only in Group 1 when approved on a case basis.
- 9. Corner guards are permitted only in high traffic spaces with wheeled or cart use such as private service areas in Groups 1 and 2; stainless steel corners guards with a brushed finish may be judiciously used in Group 3.
- 10. Group 4 may use painted composite wood base.
- 11. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

**Note:** Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Walls (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

### E03.1.1. Concrete

○ Applicable N/A

### **E03.1.2.** Masonry

Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



**Modular Face Brick** Type:

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Local (TBD)

Color:

Beige blend

Finish: Light texture

Model #: Coursed unit masonry

Other: Brick is preferred. Concrete block may only be used in Group 3 when

approved by the BCE.

UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf

### E03.1.3. Ceramic Tile

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Style 1 Type:

Applies to:

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr:

Daltile

Color:

Earth tones

Finish: Gloss, Semi-gloss

Model #: Ceramic wall tile

Other: Located on wet walls in restrooms

UFGS:

Section 09 30 10 Ceramic, Quarry, and Glass Tiling

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 30 10.pdf

# E03.1.4. Gypsum Board Image Tool 250 x 188 ● Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Type: Style 1 Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: **US Gypsum** Color: Solid Earth tone colors Finish: Paint (Sheen per UFGS) Model #: Tapered edge Other: N/A **UFGS:** Section 09 29 00 Gypsum Board http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 29 00.pdf Section 09 90 00 Paints and Coatings http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 90 00.pdf E03.1.5. Metal Panels ○ Applicable ● N/A E03.1.6. Wood Paneling ○ Applicable ● N/A **E03.1.7. Rapidly-Renewable Products**

○ Applicable ● N/A

# E03.1.8. Other

○ Applicable N/A

# **E04.** Ceilings

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Ceilings: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/ceilings/index.html

# **E04.1. Ceiling Materials**

Facility Group 1 ceiling materials shall be as follows.

**Facility Group 3** ceiling materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure Above) Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure Above)

Secondary: Grid and Acoustical Tile Secondary: Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure Above)

Tertiary: N/A Tertiary: Gypsum Board (painted)

**Facility Group 2** ceiling materials shall be as follows.

**Facility Group 4** ceiling materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure Above) Primary: Gypsum Board (painted)

Grid and Acoustical Tile Secondary:

Secondary: N/A

Primary:

Tertiary: Gypsum Board (painted) Tertiary: N/A

- 1. Accent ceiling materials such as metal, wood, and rapidly renewable may be used in Group 1 as approved on a case basis.
- 2. Follow UFC 3-450-01 (Vibration and Noise Control) for acoustic design issues including speech privacy, sound isolation or sound masking.
- 3. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

**Note:** Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Ceilings (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

### E04.1.1. Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure Above)

Applicable \( \cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

Applies to:

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Neutral colors reviewed on a case basis

Mfr:

Vulcraft

Color:

Finish: Field painted (Sheen per UFGS)

Model #: Formlok floor and roof decking

Other: N/A

**UFGS:** Section 05 30 00 Steel Decks

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 05 30 00.pdf

### **E04.1.2. Exposed Concrete**

○ Applicable N/A

### E04.1.3. Grid and Acoustical Tile

Applicable \( \cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Style 1 Type: Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: Armstrong Color: White Finish: Factory Model #: 2'x2' Tegular with reveal edge and fine texture, grid 15/16" Other: Performance characteristics are Class A; NRC-0.70; CAC-40; LR-0.86; minimum recycled content 82%.

UFGS: Section 09 51 00 Acoustical Ceilings

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 51 00.pdf

### E04.1.4. Gypsum Board

Number of base standards 1

Type:

Style 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: **US Gypsum** Color: Solid neutral colors Finish: Paint (sheen per UFGS) Model #: Tapered edge Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 09 29 00 Gypsum Board

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 29 00.pdf

Section 09 90 00 Paints and Coatings

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 90 00.pdf

E04.1.5. Metal Panels		
○ Applicable		
E04.1.6. Wood		
○ Applicable ● N/A		
E04.1.7. Rapidly-Renewable Products		
○ Applicable ● N/A		
E04.1.8. Other		
○ Applicable ● N/A		

# **E05. Doors and Windows**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Doors and Windows: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/doors-and-windows/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/doors-and-windows/index.html</a>

# **E05.1. Doors and Windows and Frames Materials**

**Facility Group 1** 

door (frame) and window frame materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Aluminum, Clear Anodized

Secondary: Hollow Metal (Painted)

Tertiary: N/A

**Facility Group 1** 

door (leaf) materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Hardwood Veneer

Secondary: Hollow Metal (Painted)

Tertiary: N/A

**Facility Group 2** 

door (frame) and window frame materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Aluminum, Clear Anodized

Secondary: Hollow Metal (Painted)

Tertiary: N/A

**Facility Group 2** 

door (leaf) materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Hardwood Veneer

Secondary: Hollow Metal (Painted)

Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 3

door (frame) and window frame materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Hollow Metal (Galvanized, Painted)

Secondary: Hollow Metal (Galvanized, Painted)

Tertiary: N/A

**Facility Group 3** 

door (leaf) materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Hollow Metal (Galvanized, Painted)

Secondary: Hollow Metal (Galvanized, Painted)

Tertiary: N/A

**Facility Group 4** 

door (frame) and window frame materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Wood

Secondary: N/A

Tertiary: N/A

**Facility Group 4** 

door (leaf) materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Wood Solid Core

Secondary: Composite Solid Core

Tertiary: N/A

- 1. Hardwood casings may be provided over metal frames in Group 1 as approved on a case basis.
- 2. Paneled textured doors are preferred in Group 4.
- 3. Do not use hollow-core wood doors.
- 4. Generally match original hardware in renovations.
- 5. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

**Note:** Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Doors and Windows (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

• Applicable N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Kawneer

Color: Clear anodized

Finish: Factory

Model #: InFrame Interior Framing, (2x4 nominal framing)

Other: Satin stainless steel hardware

UFGS: Section 08 41 13 Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 41 13.pdf

Section 08 71 00 Door Hardware

https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf

### E05.1.2. Hollow Metal

Applicable \( \cap \) N/ANumber of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Steel Doors

Applies to: 

Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Steelcraft

Color: Neutral colors

Finish: Paint (Sheen per UFGS)

Model #: Hollow metal, 2" w. frames, 16 gauge (welded corners) grouted solid

Other: Provide in Group 3 and in utility areas of Group 1 and 2. Provide A25

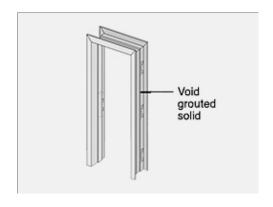
"galvannealed" coating. All interior steel doors must have a factory applied primer finish. Provide satin stainless steel hardware.

UFGS: Section 08 11 13 Steel Doors and Frames

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 11 13.pdf

Section 08 71 00 Door Hardware

https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf



Type: **Steel Frames** 

Mfr: Steelcraft

Applies to:

Color:

**Neutral colors** 

Finish: Paint (Sheen per UFGS)

Model #: Hollow metal, frame grouted solid

Other: Satin stainless steel hardware

UFGS: Section 08 11 13 Steel Doors and Frames

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 11 13.pdf

Section 08 71 00 Door Hardware

https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf

#### E05.1.3. Wood

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Style 1, Administrative Type:

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Simpson

Applies to:

Color: Natural hardwood veneer

Finish: Clear Sealer, satin (aqueous)

Model #: 3'x7'x 1 34", solid core

Other: Satin stainless steel hardware, Glass lites may be used. Stained birch

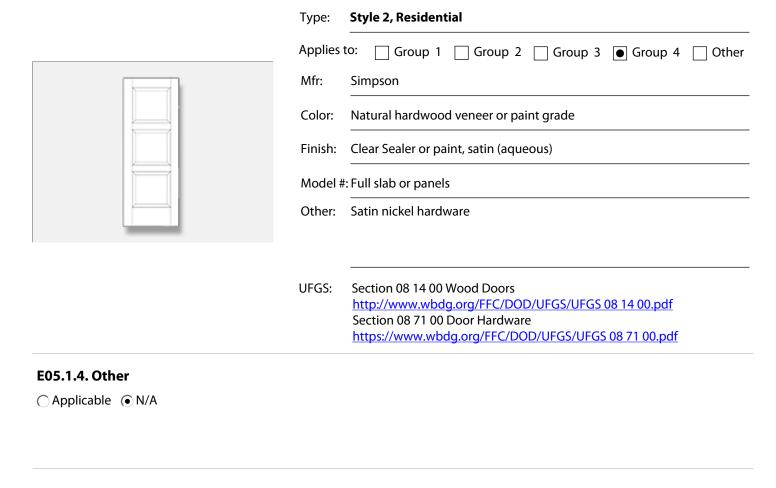
veneer face, 5 ply construction, rotary cut finish.

UFGS: Section 08 14 00 Wood Doors

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 14 00.pdf

Section 08 71 00 Door Hardware

https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf



# **E06. Casework Systems**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Casework Systems: http://afcfs.wbdq.org/facilities-interiors/casework-systems/index.html

### **E06.1. Casework Materials**

- 1. Select casework systems and materials considering durability, maintenance requirements and LCCA.
- 2. Natural stone and cast stone countertops may only be used in Group 1 with approval on a case basis.
- 3. Metal cabinets and countertops should be provided in heavy-use operations and in Group 3.
- 4. Refer to AFCFS for approved materials.
- 5. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

**E06.1.1. Plastic Laminate** Image Tool 250 x 188 Number of base standards 1 Applicable \( \cap \) N/A Style 1, Low Use Areas Type: Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: Formica Color: Medium Earth tones and neutral tones Finish: Light textured Model #: High pressure laminate Other: Combine with matching solid-surface banding on casework edges. UFGS: Section 06 41 16.00 10 Plastic-Laminate-Clad Architectural Cabinets http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 06 41 16.00 10.pdf **E06.1.2. Solid Polymer Surface** Image Tool 250 x 188 Number of base standards 1

ApplicableN/A



Style 1, High Use Areas Type: Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: Corian Color: Medium Earth tones and neutral tones Finish: Light textured Model #: Solid Surface Other: Faces and edge banding

UFGS: Section 12 36 00 Countertops

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 36 00.pdf

**E06.1.3. Rapidly-Renewable Products** Image Tool 250 x 188 Number of base standards 1 **Style 1 Moderate Use Areas** Type: Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: Plyboo Color: Natural or amber Finish: Satin Model #: Flat grain bamboo plywood Other: FSC® Certified 100%. UFGS: Section 12 32 00 Manufactured Wood Casework http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 32 00.pdf E06.1.4. Metal Image Tool 250 x 188 Number of base standards 1 Applicable \( \cap \) N/A Type: Style 1 Applies to: ☐ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: Steel Sentry Color: Natural stainless steel or neural colors (steel) Finish: Mill (stainless) or Powder coated (steel) Model #: Lab, workbench, computer workstation

E06.1.5. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

subjected to heavy use.

Provide highly durable fabrications and finishes in Group 3 which are

Section 12 31 00 Manufactured Metal Casework

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 31 00.pdf

Other:

UFGS:

### **E06.2. Countertop Materials**

#### **E06.2.1. Plastic Laminate**

Applicable \( \cap \) N/A
Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1, Low Use Areas

Mfr: Formica

Color: Medium Earth tones and neutral tones

Finish: Light textured

Model #: High pressure laminate

Other: Only use rounded half or full bullnose and integral backsplash. Do not

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

use plastic laminate edge banding on front edges.

UFGS: Section 06 41 16.00 10 Plastic-Laminate-Clad Architectural Cabinets

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 06 41 16.00 10.pdf

# **E06.2.2. Solid Polymer Surface**

Applicable \( \cap \) N/ANumber of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1, High Use Areas

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Corian

Color: Medium Earth tones and neutral tones

Finish: Light textured

Model #: Solid Surface

Other: Faces and edges

UFGS: Section 12 36 00 Countertops

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 36 00.pdf

# E06.2.3. Natural Stone

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Style 1, Group 1 High Visibility, Heavy Use
Applies t	o: • Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Local (TBD)
Color:	Neutral tones
Finish:	High polish, sealer
Model #	: Custom cut slabs
Other:	N/A

UFGS: Section 12 36 00 Countertops

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 36 00.pdf

#### E06.2.4. Cast Stone

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Style 1, Group 1 High Visibility, Heavy Use
to: • Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Local (TBD)
Neutral tones
High polish, sealer
: Custom cast or cut slabs
N/A

UFGS: Section 12 36 00 Countertops

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 36 00.pdf

#### E06.2.5. Metal

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Local (TBD)

Color: Natural stainless steel

Finish: Mill

Model #: Custom fabricated countertops

Other: Provide integral fronts, sides and backsplash

UFGS: Section 12 31 00 Manufactured Metal Casework

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 31 00.pdf

#### E06.2.6. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

### **E07. Furnishings**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Furnishings: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/furnishings/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/furnishings/index.html</a>

# E07.1. Durability and Serviceability

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Durability and Serviceability: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/furnishings/durability-and-serviceability/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/furnishings/durability-and-serviceability/index.html</a>

# **E07.2.** Accessories

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Accessories: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/furnishings/accessories/index.html

1. Comply with AFCFS.

### **E08. Interior Signs**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Interior Signs: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/interior-signs/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/interior-signs/index.html</a>

# **E08.1 Types and Color**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Types and Color: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/interior-signs/types-and-color/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/interior-signs/types-and-color/index.html</a>

### **E08.2. Interior Signs Materials**

- 1. Natural stone, masonry and cast stone signs may only be used in Group 1 with approval on a case-by-case basis.
- 2. Comply with AFCFS.

# **E09. Lighting, Power and Communication**

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/lighting-power-and-communication/index.html

# **E09.1. Functionality and Efficiency**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Functionality and Efficiency: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/lighting-power-and-communication/functionality-and-efficiency/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/lighting-power-and-communication/functionality-and-efficiency/index.html</a>

# **E09.2. Types and Color**

1. Comply with AFCFS.

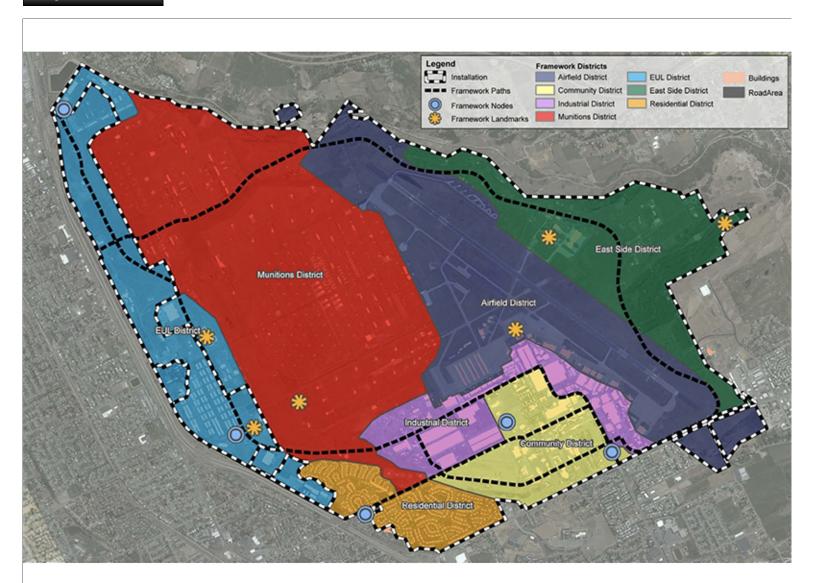
# **F. APPENDIX - Facility Districts**

- Applicable
- O N/A

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Facility Districts: <a href="http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-districts/index.html">http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-districts/index.html</a>

### Facilities Districts Overview Map:

Image Tool 800 x 600



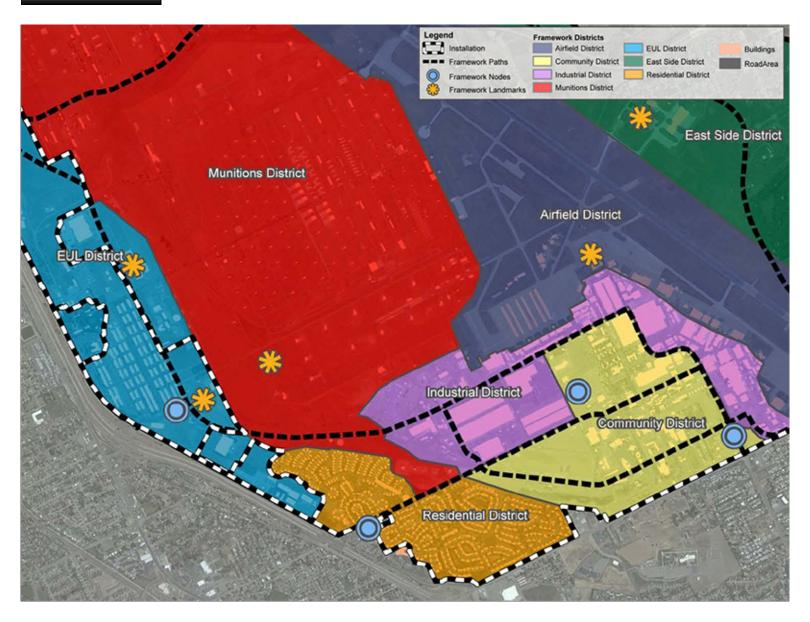
**Note:** Apply the <u>base-wide standards</u> in this IFS for Installation Elements, Site Development, Facilities Exteriors and Facilities Interiors (products, materials, color, etc.). Following application of the base-wide standards, refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District.

# Enter No. of Facility Districts 1

The following Facility Districts list exceptions to the base standards that are unique to each district. Please refer to the Site Development, Facilities Exteriors, and Facilities Interiors sections of this IFS for base standards.

Image Tool 800 x 600

# **Map of District**



Photos for each facility group within the Facility District as applicable.

# Image Tool 250 x 188

Group 1	○ Applicable ● N/A
Group 2	○ Applicable ● N/A
Group 3	○ Applicable ● N/A
Group 4	○ Applicable ● N/A
Other	○ Applicable    N/A

#### **FACILITY DISTRICTS**

Hill Air Force Base is divided into districts that align with land use zones as defined in the Installation Development Plan. Each district has designated uses that support the base's operations. Generally match adjacent facilities in new construction to promote architectural compatibility throughout the installation. Please refer to Section D03.2. and contact the Base Civil Engineer for additional information. A brief description of each district follows.

#### 1. Airfield

The Airfield district includes facilities that are industrial in nature and may support flightline operations. Alternative uses include warehouses for various base activities including maintenance, storage, utility functions, industrial services, transportation storage, communications, civil engineering, supply and equipment, fuel storage, vehicle maintenance/motor pool complex, open storage, emergency/disaster response facilities, ordnance and weapons storage areas, and other industrial uses. Facilities in this district are industrial in nature, should generally match adjacent buildings to ensure architectural compatibility and will follow standards for Facility Group 3 as defined in this IFS.

#### 2. Munitions

The Munitions district includes facilities that are industrial in nature and generally used for ordnance and weapons storage areas, and other approved industrial uses. Facilities in this district should generally match adjacent buildings to ensure architectural compatibility and will follow standards for Facility Group 3 as defined in this IFS.

#### 3. EUL

Facilities in the EUL district should continue to be pedestrian in scale. Application of the installation prevailing architectural theme, regional vernacular, should be implemented during major renovations or new construction as appropriate. Generally, complement adjacent buildings to ensure architectural compatibility and follow standards for Facility Group 1 and 2 as defined in this IFS.

#### 4. East Side

The East Side district may be monumental or pedestrian in scale following operational functionality. Application of the installation prevailing architectural theme, regional vernacular, should be implemented during major renovations or new construction as appropriate. Generally, complement adjacent buildings to ensure architectural compatibility and follow standards for Facility Group 2 and 3 as defined in this IFS.

#### 5. Industrial

The Industrial district includes facilities that are industrial in nature and may support flightline operations. Facilities in this district should be expressive of an industrial aesthetic, should generally complement adjacent buildings to ensure architectural compatibility and will follow standards for Facility Group 3 as defined in this IFS.

#### 6. Community

Facilities in the Community district should continue to be pedestrian in scale. Application of the installation prevailing architectural theme, regional vernacular, should be implemented during major renovations or new construction. Generally, complement adjacent buildings to ensure architectural compatibility and follow standards for Facility Group 1 and 2 as defined in this IFS.

#### 7. Residential

The Residential district consists of detached single family residential units occupied by enlisted and officer families. This area is currently under a housing privatization contract but will follow standards for Facility Group 4 as defined in this IFS.

#### **Open Space and Preserves**

Open space includes undeveloped land both inside and outside of the immediate cantonment area. It both separates and defines the various sections of the base and creates a natural setting for the installation. Areas classified as open space may be undeveloped to act as a buffer space between incompatible uses or for safety or security clearances, or there may be other constraints that are not readily visible. All development in this district requires prior coordination and approval from the Base Civil Engineer.

# **G. APPENDIX - References**

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/index.html

Note: The below listed Supplementary Documents are provided as supplements to this IFS. If there are any discrepancies between the requirements of this IFS and the Supplementary Documents, the IFS will govern.

775th CIVIL ENGINEER SQUADRON (CES)

G01 Hill AFB IFS Landscape Materials and Plant List

https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/AF/AFIFS/G01\_Hill\_AFB\_IFS\_Landscape\_Materials\_Plant\_List.pdf

G02 Hill AFB IFS Painting Standards

https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/AF/AFIFS/G02\_Hill\_AFB\_IFS\_Painting\_Standards.pdf